藥物濫用資料中央檔案室的範圍

- 1. 這是藥物濫用資料中央檔案室 (檔案室)報告書系列中的第五年間 號,載列一九九八至二零零七年間悉 港被呈報吸食毒品統計數字。這 對字是由不同界別的呈報機構 對字是報的吸食毒品人士個資 料所編製,有關機構包括執法部門、 報毒治療及福利機構、專上學院、 院和診所。

Scope of the Central Registry of Drug Abuse

- 1. This is the fifty-seventh issue in a series of Central Registry of Drug Abuse (CRDA) Reports to present reported drug abuse statistics in Hong Kong for the period 1998 2007. These statistics were based on information on drug abuse records collated by the CRDA from reports sent to it by a wide network of reporting agencies including law enforcement departments, treatment and welfare agencies, tertiary institutions, hospitals and clinics.
- 2. Although the reporting network of the CRDA is comprehensive, it is a voluntary reporting system which can only record those abusers who have come into contact with and been reported by the reporting agencies. It is therefore not possible for the CRDA to ascertain the exact size of the drug abusing population in Hong Kong. The statistics should be taken as indicators of the trends in drug abuse over time rather than a finite definition of the situation.
- 3. There is no universally accepted method to accurately measure the size of the drug abusing population. No single method by itself is sufficient to study all aspects of the drug abuse problem. CRDA statistics should be viewed as complementary to the quantitative and qualitative data obtained from other sources. Apart from surveys on drug use among students and ad hoc drug research studies, reference is also made to other data

字(如戒毒治療及復康服務機構提供的入院數字的季報,載有緝毒和與毒品犯罪有關而被捕數字的報告),以 判斷香港的吸食毒品情況。

吸食毒品的趨勢情況可從每年 4. 向檔案室呈報的吸食毒品總人數顯 示出來。這些統計資料每季都會更新 及在禁毒處的網頁(www.nd.gov.hk/ c_drugstatistics.htm)公布。在檔案室的範 籌內,吸食毒品人士是指一名曾與某 一機構接觸且被得悉或懷疑曾在洽 見日期前四星期內服用危害或可能 危害其身體、精神健康、或其家庭和 社會關係的人士, 而劑量或服用期超 過正常的治療劑量或服用期。被吸食 的物質可分為麻醉鎮痛劑及危害精 神毒品兩大類物質。麻醉鎮痛劑指海 洛英、鴉片、嗎啡和菲仕通/美沙 酮。而危害精神毒品包括迷幻劑、鎮 抑劑、興奮劑、鎮靜劑和其他物質, 例如氯胺酮、咳藥和有機溶劑等。飲 用酒精及吸食煙草則不被列作吸食 毒品。

and figures (such as quarterly reports on admission statistics from treatment and rehabilitation service agencies, reports on drug seizures and drug-offence related arrests) to gauge the drug abuse situation in Hong Kong.

The total number of reported drug 4. abusers reported to the CRDA within a year is compiled each year to indicate the overall trend. Statistics on reported drug abuse are updated and released on a quarterly basis on the Narcotics Division web page (www.nd.gov.hk/ drugstatistics.htm). In the ambit of the CRDA, a drug abuser is defined to be a person who has come into contact with a particular agency and is known or suspected to have taken substances during the four weeks before the date of contact, and the substances taken harms or threatens to harm the physical, mental or social well-being of an individual, in doses above or for periods beyond those normally regarded as therapeutic. Substance of abuse can be broadly divided into two categories - narcotics analgesics and psychotropic substances. Narcotics analgesics refer to heroin, opium, morphine and physeptone/ methadone, while psychotropic substances include hallucinogens, depressants, stimulants, tranquillizers and other substances such as ketamine, cough medicine and organic solvents. Taking alcohol and tobacco are however not regarded as drug abuse.

報告書的範圍

報告書分別在五個不同章節展列多年來被呈報吸食毒品趨勢和被呈報吸食毒品人士特徵的分析。第二章旨在分析一九九八至二零零七年

Scope of Report

5. The Report presents the analysis of reported drug abuse trends and characteristics of reported drug abusers over the years in five separate chapters. Chapter 2 focuses on the

過去十年間被呈報吸食毒品的重要 趨勢。第三章載述二零零七年所有被 呈報吸食毒品人士的主要特徵,並 一零零六年情況作相應比較。第一 就二零零七年首次被呈報及等 報子的特徵作比較。 第五章則羅列及對比二零零 主要被呈報吸食毒品人士類別的 計數字。

important reported drug abuse trends for the past decade from 1998 to 2007. Chapter 3 presents the major characteristics of all reported drug abusers in 2007, together with their comparison against 2006. Chapter 4 compares the characteristics of newly and previously reported drug abusers in 2007. Chapter 5 shows comparative statistics of major categories of drug abusers in 2007.

數字的進位

6. 由於進位原因,統計表及統計圖內個別項目數字的總和可能與總數略有出入。

代號

- 7. 統計表所採用的符號如下:
 - @ 為使個別人士所提供的資料得以保密,數據及其相關百分比不予公布
 - * 百分比少於 0.05
 - 無
 - n.a. 數字不詳

Rounding of Figures

6. There may be slight discrepancies between the sums of individual items and the totals as shown in the tables and charts due to rounding.

Symbols

- 7. The following symbols are adopted in the tables:
 - walue and its corresponding percentage are suppressed for data confidentiality
 - * percentage less than 0.05
 - nil
- n.a. not available