## 藥物濫用資料中央檔案室的範圍

- 1. 這是藥物濫用資料中央檔案室 (檔案室)報告書系列中的第六十號 載列二零零一至二零一零年間香 被呈報吸食毒品統計數字。這些概 數字是由不同界別的呈報機構之 實室呈報的吸食毒品人士個案 所編製,有關機構包括執法部門、醫院 新治療及福利機構、專上學院、 翻於所。

# **Scope of the Central Registry of Drug Abuse**

- 1. This is the sixtieth issue in a series of Central Registry of Drug Abuse (CRDA) Reports to present reported drug abuse statistics in Hong Kong for the period 2001 2010. These statistics were based on information on drug abuse records collated by the CRDA from reports sent to it by a wide network of reporting agencies including law enforcement departments, treatment and welfare agencies, tertiary institutions, hospitals and clinics.
- 2. Although the reporting network of the CRDA is comprehensive, it is a voluntary reporting system which can only record those abusers who have come into contact with and been reported by the reporting agencies. It is therefore not possible for the CRDA to ascertain the exact size of the drug abusing population in Hong Kong. The statistics should be taken as indicators of the trends in drug abuse over time rather than a finite definition of the situation.
- 3. There is no universally accepted method to accurately measure the size of the drug abusing population. No single method by itself is sufficient to study all aspects of the drug abuse problem. CRDA statistics should be viewed as complementary to the quantitative and qualitative data obtained from other sources. Apart from surveys on drug use among students and ad hoc drug research studies, reference is also made to other data

及復康服務機構提供的入院數字的 季報,載有緝毒和與毒品犯罪有關而 被捕數字的報告),以判斷香港的吸 食毒品情況。

吸食毒品的趨勢情況可從每年 4. 向檔案室呈報的吸食毒品總人數顯 示出來。這些統計資料每季都會更新 及 在 禁 毒 處 的 頁 (www.nd.gov.hk/tc/drugstatistics.htm) 公 布。在檔案室的範籌內,吸食毒品人 士是指一名曾與某一機構接觸且被 得悉或懷疑曾在洽見日期前四星期 內服用危害或可能危害其身體、精神 健康、或其家庭和社會關係的人士, 而劑量或服用期超過正常的治療劑 量或服用期。被吸食的物質可分為麻 醉鎮痛劑及危害精神毒品兩大類物 質。麻醉鎮痛劑指海洛英、鴉片、嗎 啡和菲仕通/美沙酮。而危害精神毒 品包括迷幻劑、鎮抑劑、興奮劑、鎮 静劑和其他物質,例如氯胺酮、咳藥 和有機溶劑等。飲用酒精及吸食煙草 則不被列作吸食毒品。

報告書的範圍

5. 報告書分別在五個不同章節展 列多年來被呈報吸食毒品趨勢和被 呈報吸食毒品人士特徵的分析。第二 章旨在分析二零零一至二零一零年 and figures (such as quarterly reports on admission statistics from treatment and rehabilitation service agencies, reports on drug seizures and drug-offence related arrests) to gauge the drug abuse situation in Hong Kong.

The total number of reported drug 4. abusers reported to the CRDA within a year is compiled each year to indicate the overall trend. Statistics on reported drug abuse are updated and released on a quarterly basis on Division the **Narcotics** web page (www.nd.gov.hk/en/drugstatistics.htm). In the ambit of the CRDA, a drug abuser is defined to be a person who has come into contact with a particular agency and is known or suspected to have taken substances during the four weeks before the date of contact, and the substances taken harms or threatens to harm the physical, mental or social well-being of an individual, in doses above or for periods beyond those normally regarded as therapeutic. Substance of abuse can be broadly divided into two categories - narcotics analgesics and psychotropic substances. Narcotics analgesics refer to heroin, opium, morphine and physeptone/ methadone, while psychotropic substances include hallucinogens, depressants, stimulants, tranquillizers and other substances such as ketamine, cough medicine and organic solvents. Taking alcohol and tobacco are however not regarded as drug abuse.

#### **Scope of Report**

5. The Report presents the analysis of reported drug abuse trends and characteristics of reported drug abusers over the years in five separate chapters. Chapter 2 focuses on the

important reported drug abuse trends for the past decade from 2001 to 2010. Chapter 3 presents the major characteristics of all reported drug abusers in 2010, together with their comparison against 2009. Chapter 4 compares the characteristics of newly and previously reported drug abusers in 2010. Chapter 5 shows comparative statistics of major categories of drug abusers in 2010.

## 數字的進位

6. 由於進位原因,統計表及統計圖內個別項目數字的總和可能與總數略有出入。

### 代號

- 7. 統計表所採用的符號如下:
  - @ 為使個別人士所提供的資料得以保密,數據及其相關百分比不予公布
  - \* 百分比少於 0.05
  - 無
  - n.a. 數字不詳

# **Rounding of Figures**

6. There may be slight discrepancies between the sums of individual items and the totals as shown in the tables and charts due to rounding.

### **Symbols**

- 7. The following symbols are adopted in the tables:
  - walue and its corresponding percentage are suppressed for data confidentiality
  - \* percentage less than 0.05
  - nil
- n.a. not available