

藥物濫用資料中央檔案室

第六十五號報告書

Central Registry of Drug Abuse

Sixty-fifth Report

2006-2015



中華人民共和國 香港特別行政區
保安局禁毒處
Narcotics Division, Security Bureau
Hong Kong Special Administrative Region
People's Republic of China

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6498726330456579
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藥物濫用資料中央檔案室

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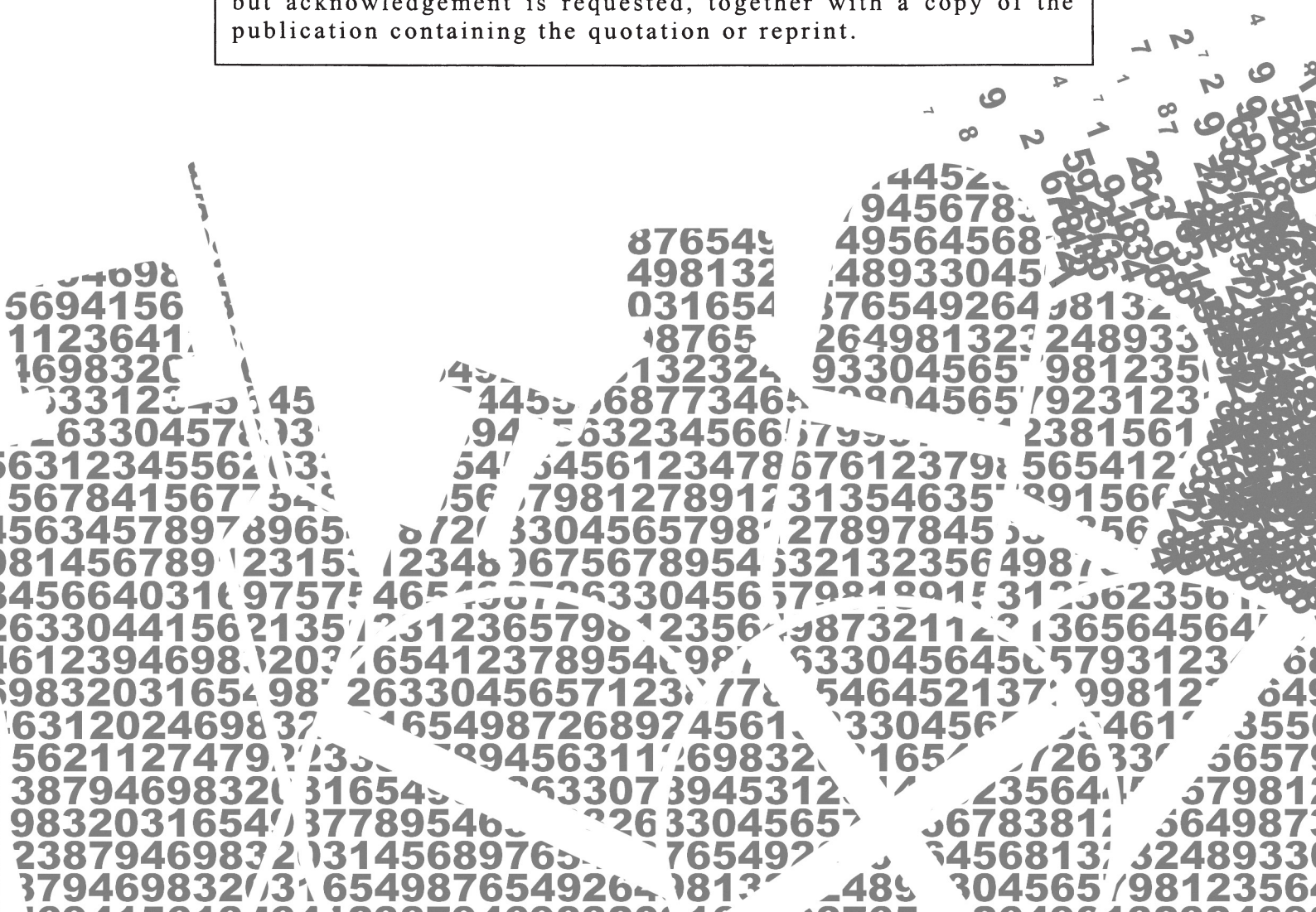
Central Registry of Drug Abuse

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背景

Background

藥物濫用資料中央檔案室的範圍

1. 這是藥物濫用資料中央檔案室(檔案室)報告書系列中的第六十五號，載列 2006 年至 2015 年間香港被呈報吸食毒品統計數字。

2. 檔案室的成立，是為了提供有關吸毒情況的統計數字，以監察吸毒趨勢和吸毒者特性的轉變。檔案室屬自願呈報系統，記錄曾與呈報機構接觸而又被這些機構呈報的吸毒者資料。呈報機構包括執法部門、戒毒治療及福利機構、專上院校、醫院和診所。基於其性質，檔案室不能量度本港在某一時間內確實吸毒人數，其統計數字旨在顯示一段時間內的吸毒趨勢，展現香港最新毒品形勢，為制定禁毒政策及措施提供實證基礎。

3. 在計算確實的吸毒人數方面，其實沒有一個公認準確的方法，亦沒有任何一個方法本身足以全面地評估吸毒的各種問題。檔案室的被呈報吸毒數字應與其他呈報系統所提供的定量和定性數據的資料一併應用。除檔案室外，當局亦會參考其他數據和資

Scope of the Central Registry of Drug Abuse

1. This is the sixty-fifth issue in a series of Central Registry of Drug Abuse (CRDA) Reports. It presents reported drug abuse statistics in Hong Kong for the period 2006 – 2015.

2. The CRDA is set up to provide relevant drug abuse statistics for monitoring changes in the drug abuse trends and characteristics of drug abusers. It is a voluntary reporting system recording the details of drug abusers who have come into contact with and have been reported by the reporting agencies including law enforcement agencies, treatment and welfare agencies, tertiary institutions, hospitals and clinics. By its nature, while the CRDA does not measure the exact size of the drug abusing population in Hong Kong at any particular time, statistics derived therefrom are indicators of the trends of drug abuse over time, providing useful information on the latest drug situation in Hong Kong, and supporting an evidence-based approach to the formulation of anti-drug policy and measures.

3. There is no universally accepted method to accurately measure the size of the drug abusing population. No single method by itself is sufficient to gauge all aspects of the drug abuse problem. CRDA statistics should be viewed as complementary to the quantitative and qualitative data obtained

料，以評估香港的吸毒情況，當中包括每三年進行一次的大規模學生服用藥物情況調查，非定期進行的毒品研究項目，與毒品有關的數據如戒毒治療及復康服務機構提供的入院數字，以及與毒品有關的執法數字（如被捕人數、檢控、定罪和判刑的數字）。

4. 檔案室每年編製年內曾與呈報機構接觸的被呈報吸毒者的統計數字，以顯示吸毒的趨勢（吸毒者的定義請參閱附錄 2）。這些統計資料每季都會更新及在禁毒處的網頁 (www.nd.gov.hk/tc/drugstatistics.htm) 公布。

報告書的範圍

5. 報告書分別在五個不同章節展列多年來有關被呈報吸毒趨勢和被呈報吸毒人士特徵的分析。第 2 章旨在分析 2006 年至 2015 年十年間被呈報吸毒的主要趨勢。第 3 章載述 2015 年所有被呈報吸毒人士的主要特徵，並與 2014 年情況作比較。第 4 章就 2015 年首次被呈報及曾被呈報的吸毒人士的特徵作比較。而第 5 章則臚列及對比 2015 年各主要被呈報吸毒人士類別的統計數字。

from other sources. In addition to the CRDA, reference is also made to other sources of data and information to gauge the drug abuse situation in Hong Kong. They include the triennial large-scale surveys of drug use among students, ad hoc drug-related research studies, and relevant drug-related data such as the admission statistics of drug treatment and rehabilitation service agencies, as well as drug-related enforcement figures (e.g. on arrests, prosecutions, convictions and sentencing outcomes of drug offences).

4. Statistics on reported drug abusers who have come into contact with reporting agencies within a year are compiled annually to indicate the overall trend (for definition of drug abuser, please refer to Appendix 2). These statistics are updated and released on a quarterly basis on the Narcotics Division web page (www.nd.gov.hk/en/drugstatistics.htm).

Scope of Report

5. The Report presents the analysis of reported drug abuse trends and characteristics of reported drug abusers over the years in five separate chapters. Chapter 2 focuses on the major reported drug abuse trends for the decade from 2006 to 2015. Chapter 3 presents the major characteristics of all reported drug abusers in 2015, together with their comparison against 2014. Chapter 4 compares the characteristics of newly and previously reported drug abusers in 2015. Chapter 5 shows comparative statistics of major categories of drug abusers in 2015.

數字的進位

6. 由於進位原因，統計表及統計圖內個別項目數字的總和可能與總數略有出入。

代號

7. 統計表所採用的符號如下：

@ 為使個別人士所提供的資料得以保密，數據及其相關百分比不予公布。

* 百分比少於 0.05

- 無

n.a. 數字不詳

Rounding of Figures

6. There may be slight discrepancies between the sums of individual items and the totals as shown in the tables and charts due to rounding.

Symbols

7. The following symbols are adopted in the tables:

@ Value and its corresponding percentage not released in order to safeguard confidentiality of information provided by individuals.

* Percentage less than 0.05

- Nil

n.a. not available

目錄

CONTENTS

章節	CHAPTERS	頁數 Page
1. 摘要	1. Executive Summary	1
2. 2006 至 2015 年吸毒趨勢	2. Drug Abuse Trends for 2006 – 2015	7
3. 2015 年被呈報吸毒者的特徵	3. Characteristics of Reported Drug Abusers in 2015	20
4. 2015 年首次被呈報及曾被呈報吸毒者的特徵	4. Characteristics of Newly and Previously Reported Drug Abusers in 2015	32
5. 2015 年各主要類別被呈報吸毒者的特徵	5. Characteristics of Major Categories of Reported Drug Abusers in 2015	38
統計表	TABLES	47
附錄	APPENDICES	
1. 藥物濫用資料中央檔案室的運作機制	1. Operation Mechanism of the Central Registry of Drug Abuse	93
2. 用語定義	2. Definition of Terms	100
3. 《危險藥物條例》附表四的呈報機構	3. Reporting agencies in the Fourth Schedule to the Dangerous Drugs Ordinance	104
4. 檔案室紀錄表樣本	4. Specimen of CRDA Record Sheet	106

1 摘要 Executive Summary

摘要結果

1.1 整體被呈報的吸毒者總人數在 2008 年達 14 241 人的高位後穩步下降。在 2015 年，被呈報吸毒者總人數有 8 598 人，較 2014 年(9 059 人)減少 5%，並較 2008 年減少了 40%。(表 1a)

1.2 青少年吸毒人數近年的跌幅更為顯著。21 歲以下被呈報的青少年吸毒者在 2015 年有 665 人，較 2014 年(825 人)減少了 19%，並較 2008 年(3 474 人)減少了 81%。(表 1a)

1.3 首次被呈報吸毒人數在 2015 年錄得輕微上升(1%)；然而首次被呈報吸毒人數在 2008 年後整體繼續呈下降趨勢。2015 年首次被呈報吸毒人數為 2 103 人，較 2008 年(4 625 人)下跌 55%。(表 1b)

1.4 首次被呈報吸毒者的毒齡(即由初次吸毒至被檔案室呈報機構發現相隔的時間)的中位數持續增加，由 2008 年的 1.9 年，上升至 2015 年的 5.8 年，顯示隱蔽吸毒的情況仍然值得關注。(圖 2.7)

1.5 在 2015 年，所有被呈報吸毒者及 21 歲以下吸毒者的平均首次吸毒年齡分別維持於 18 及 15 歲。(表 1i)

Summary Findings

1.1 The total number of reported drug abusers has been decreasing steadily after a peak of 14 241 in 2008. In 2015, the total number of reported drug abusers was 8 598, 5% lower than 2014 (at 9 059) and 40% lower than 2008. (Table 1a)

1.2 The recent trend of decline was more pronounced among young drug abusers. There were 665 reported abusers aged under 21 in 2015, representing a decrease of 19% over 2014 (at 825) and 81% over 2008 (at 3 474). (Table 1a)

1.3 A slight increase of 1% was recorded in the number of newly reported drug abusers in 2015. Nevertheless, the number of newly reported drug abusers continued to register a declining trend since 2008. In 2015, there were 2 103 newly reported drug abusers, represented a drop of 55% from 2008 (at 4 625). (Table 1b)

1.4 The median drug history of newly reported abusers (i.e. the time lapse for abusers to be discovered by the CRDA reporting agencies from his first drug abuse) increased from 1.9 years in 2008 to 5.8 years in 2015. This reflected that hidden drug abuse is still a concern. (Chart 2.7)

1.5 In 2015, the average age of first abuse of all reported drug abusers and young drug abusers aged under 21 remained at 18 and 15 years respectively. (Table 1i)

1.6 承接過去數年的下降趨勢，2015 年被呈報吸毒者中，4 398 人（佔 52%）被呈報吸食海洛英，而 5 360 人（佔 63%）被呈報吸食危害精神毒品。自 2007 年起，檔案室錄得被呈報吸食危害精神毒品的人數較吸食傳統或麻醉鎮痛劑（主要為海洛英）的人數為多。（表 1d）

1.7 在 2006 年至 2014 年間，氯胺酮為最常被吸食的危險精神毒品。於 2015 年，甲基安非他明（俗稱“冰毒”）（佔被呈報吸毒者的 26%）超越氯胺酮，成為最常被吸食的危險精神毒品。在 2015 年，被呈報吸食咳藥、氯胺酮、可卡因、硝甲西洋、三唑倫／咪達唑倫／佐匹克隆及大麻的人數均見下降，而吸食亞甲二氧基甲基安非他明及甲基安非他明的人數則上升。（表 1d）

1.8 被呈報的 21 歲以下青少年吸毒者中，甲基安非他明是最常被吸食的毒品（佔被呈報吸毒青少年的 41%），其次是氯胺酮（39%）、可卡因（27%）、大麻（11%）和海洛英（6%）。（表 1d）

1.9 在 2015 年，389 名被呈報吸毒者曾在中國內地（主要在深圳）吸毒，較 2014 年減少 21%。他們當中，19 人為 21 歲以下，與 2014 年的人數一樣。（表 1f）

1.6 Continuing with the past declining trend, among the reported drug abusers in 2015, 4 398, or 52%, were reported heroin abusers; and 5 360, or 63%, were reported psychotropic substance abusers. Starting from 2007, the number of reported abusers taking psychotropic substances had overtaken the number of those taking traditional drugs or narcotics analgesics (mainly heroin). (Table 1d)

1.7 Ketamine was the most commonly abused psychotropic substance during the period between 2006 and 2014. In 2015, methamphetamine (commonly known as “Ice”) (26% of reported drug abusers) surpassed ketamine to become the most popular psychotropic substance abused. The number of reported abusers taking cough medicine, ketamine, cocaine, nimetazepam, triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone and cannabis observed a decline in 2015. Meanwhile, the number of those taking MDMA and methamphetamine went up. (Table 1d)

1.8 Among reported young drug abusers aged under 21, methamphetamine was the most popular type of drug abused (41% of reported young drug abusers), followed by ketamine (39%), cocaine (27%), cannabis (11%) and heroin (6%). (Table 1d)

1.9 389 reported drug abusers had taken drugs in Mainland China (mainly Shenzhen) in 2015, being 21% lower than that in 2014. Among them, 19 were aged under 21, being the same as in 2014. (Table 1f)

1.10 在吸毒地點方面，2015 年的數字顯示 56% 的吸毒者只在家／朋友的家吸毒，較 2006 年的 38% 大幅上升。而 21 歲以下吸毒者中，58% 只在家／朋友的家吸毒，同樣較 2006 年的 13% 大幅上升。情況與吸毒問題漸趨隱蔽的整體趨勢吻合。（表 1g）

1.11 在 2006 年至 2015 年間，約四分之三的被呈報吸毒人士曾有犯罪紀錄（2015 年為 73%）。曾有犯罪紀錄的 21 歲及以上的成年吸毒者的比重於 2015 年為 75%，而 21 歲以下的青少年吸毒者的相應比重則為 45%。（表 1p）

1.12 在 2015 年，被呈報吸毒者最普遍的吸毒原因為「避免因沒有吸食毒品而感到不適」。以此作為現時吸毒原因的比重，在 2006 年至 2014 年間一直維持在 40% 左右，但在 2015 年則上升至 46%。另一方面，被呈報的 21 歲以下青少年吸毒者在 2015 年最普遍的吸毒原因為「解悶／情緒低落／壓力」。以此作為現時吸毒原因的比重，由 2006 年的 41% 逐步上升至 2009 年的 51%，然後維持於 44% 至 49% 之間；在 2015 年的數字為 48%。（表 1h）

1.13 被呈報吸食海洛英及三唑倫／咪達唑倫／佐匹克隆人士的吸食毒品

1.10 Regarding the locality of drug abuse, the 2015 figures revealed that 56% of the abusers took drugs at home/friend's home only, which had increased substantially from 38% in 2006. As for drug abusers aged under 21, 58% were reported to have taken drugs at home/friend's home only, which had also increased substantially from 13% in 2006. This corroborated with the overall trend of increasingly hidden nature of drug abuse. (Table 1g)

1.11 From 2006 to 2015, about three quarters of the reported drug abusers had previous records of conviction (73% in 2015). Among adult drug abusers aged 21 and over, the proportion with previous conviction records was 75% in 2015, while the corresponding proportion for young drug abusers aged under 21 was 45%. (Table 1p)

1.12 In 2015, the most common reason for all drug abusers reported for taking drugs was "to avoid discomfort of its absence". The proportion of reported drug abusers citing it as a reason for current drug use was around 40% during 2006 to 2014, but increased to 46% in 2015. On the other hand, the most common reason for drug abuse for reported young drug abusers aged under 21 was "relief of boredom/depression/stress" in 2015. This proportion increased gradually from 41% in 2006 to 51% in 2009, then stayed at 44% to 49% thereafter. The figure was 48% in 2015. (Table 1h)

1.13 Reported abusers of heroin and triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone had a

次數普遍較多；在 2015 年，兩者每月吸食次數中位數分別達 60 次及 50 次。吸食其他較普遍的危險精神毒品的人士的吸毒次數則低很多，例如吸食咳藥的人士的每月吸食次數中位數為 30 次，而吸食甲基安非他明及氯胺酮的人士均為 13 次。（表 5.2）

relatively higher frequency of abusing drugs in general, with a median monthly frequency of abusing drugs at 60 and 50 times respectively in 2015. The corresponding figures for abusers of other common psychotropic substances were much lower, as for example, 30 times for cough medicine abusers, and 13 times for methamphetamine and ketamine abusers. (Table 5.2)

概要一覽

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
所有被呈報吸毒者										
人數	13 252	13 593	14 241	13 990	12 538	11 572	11 106	10 260	9 059	8 598
平均年齡	34	34	33	33	34	35	36	37	38	38
男性	10 706	11 127	11 334	11 221	10 008	9 426	9 034	8 302	7 379	6 827
佔所有的百分比	80.8	81.9	79.6	80.2	79.8	81.5	81.3	80.9	81.5	79.4
平均年齡	36	35	35	35	35	36	37	38	39	40
女性	2 546	2 466	2 907	2 769	2 530	2 146	2 072	1 958	1 680	1 771
佔所有的百分比	19.2	18.1	20.4	19.8	20.2	18.5	18.7	19.1	18.5	20.6
平均年齡	27	28	27	26	27	29	30	30	32	33
21歲以下青少年	2 578	2 999	3 474	3 388	2 811	2 025	1 624	1 225	825	665
佔所有的百分比	19.5	22.1	24.4	24.2	22.4	17.5	14.6	11.9	9.1	7.7
平均年齡	17	17	17	17	17	18	18	18	18	18
首次被呈報人士	3 517	4 180	4 625	4 460	3 811	3 268	2 952	2 637	2 078	2 103
佔所有的百分比	26.5	30.8	32.5	31.9	30.4	28.2	26.6	25.7	22.9	24.5
平均年齡	23	23	23	23	24	25	26	27	28	29

常被吸食毒品

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
(1) 被呈報並備有吸食毒品種類資料者										
人數	13 174	13 506	14 213	13 931	12 488	11 502	11 061	10 180	8 954	8 530
(2) 被呈報吸食海洛英者										
人數	8 118	7 420	7 248	6 903	6 200	5 951	5 847	5 127	4 604	4 398
佔 (1) 的百分比	61.6	54.9	51.0	49.6	49.6	51.7	52.9	50.4	51.4	51.6
(3) 被呈報吸食危害精神毒品者										
人數	7 402	7 909	8 383	8 505	7 670	6 904	6 643	6 321	5 537	5 360
佔 (1) 的百分比	56.2	58.6	59.0	61.1	61.4	60.0	60.1	62.1	61.8	62.8
被呈報吸食甲基安非他明者										
佔 (1) 的百分比	6.5	8.2	9.7	10.1	12.8	13.5	15.2	18.3	23.0	25.7
被呈報吸食氯胺酮者										
佔 (1) 的百分比	23.4	30.1	35.9	37.9	36.5	31.7	29.9	28.8	24.7	23.1
被呈報吸食三唑侖/咪達唑侖/佐匹克隆者										
佔 (1) 的百分比	16.9	13.6	9.6	10.0	10.0	10.6	11.4	11.1	11.4	11.4
被呈報吸食可卡因者										
佔 (1) 的百分比	2.7	5.3	4.9	3.7	6.2	7.5	7.7	8.7	7.3	7.1
被呈報吸食大麻者										
佔 (1) 的百分比	7.4	5.8	5.4	4.5	4.2	3.5	3.2	3.0	3.9	4.0
被呈報吸食咳藥者										
佔 (1) 的百分比	5.7	4.4	4.0	4.8	4.2	4.6	4.4	4.1	4.3	3.9
被呈報吸食亞甲二氧基甲基安非他明者										
佔 (1) 的百分比	11.6	6.8	5.6	3.7	2.0	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.6

Highlights at a Glance

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
All reported drug abusers										
No.	13 252	13 593	14 241	13 990	12 538	11 572	11 106	10 260	9 059	8 598
Mean age	34	34	33	33	34	35	36	37	38	38
Male	10 706	11 127	11 334	11 221	10 008	9 426	9 034	8 302	7 379	6 827
% of all	80.8	81.9	79.6	80.2	79.8	81.5	81.3	80.9	81.5	79.4
Mean age	36	35	35	35	35	36	37	38	39	40
Female	2 546	2 466	2 907	2 769	2 530	2 146	2 072	1 958	1 680	1 771
% of all	19.2	18.1	20.4	19.8	20.2	18.5	18.7	19.1	18.5	20.6
Mean age	27	28	27	26	27	29	30	30	32	33
Young persons aged under 21	2 578	2 999	3 474	3 388	2 811	2 025	1 624	1 225	825	665
% of all	19.5	22.1	24.4	24.2	22.4	17.5	14.6	11.9	9.1	7.7
Mean age	17	17	17	17	17	18	18	18	18	18
Newly reported persons	3 517	4 180	4 625	4 460	3 811	3 268	2 952	2 637	2 078	2 103
% of all	26.5	30.8	32.5	31.9	30.4	28.2	26.6	25.7	22.9	24.5
Mean age	23	23	23	23	24	25	26	27	28	29

Common drugs abused

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
(1) Reported drug abusers with type of drugs reported										
No.	13 174	13 506	14 213	13 931	12 488	11 502	11 061	10 180	8 954	8 530
(2) Reported heroin abusers										
No.	8 118	7 420	7 248	6 903	6 200	5 951	5 847	5 127	4 604	4 398
% of (1)	61.6	54.9	51.0	49.6	49.6	51.7	52.9	50.4	51.4	51.6
(3) Reported psychotropic substance abusers										
No.	7 402	7 909	8 383	8 505	7 670	6 904	6 643	6 321	5 537	5 360
% of (1)	56.2	58.6	59.0	61.1	61.4	60.0	60.1	62.1	61.8	62.8
Reported methamphetamine abusers										
% of (1)	6.5	8.2	9.7	10.1	12.8	13.5	15.2	18.3	23.0	25.7
Reported ketamine abusers										
% of (1)	23.4	30.1	35.9	37.9	36.5	31.7	29.9	28.8	24.7	23.1
Reported triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone abusers										
% of (1)	16.9	13.6	9.6	10.0	10.0	10.6	11.4	11.1	11.4	11.4
Reported cocaine abusers										
% of (1)	2.7	5.3	4.9	3.7	6.2	7.5	7.7	8.7	7.3	7.1
Reported cannabis abusers										
% of (1)	7.4	5.8	5.4	4.5	4.2	3.5	3.2	3.0	3.9	4.0
Reported cough medicine abusers										
% of (1)	5.7	4.4	4.0	4.8	4.2	4.6	4.4	4.1	4.3	3.9
Reported MDMA abusers										
% of (1)	11.6	6.8	5.6	3.7	2.0	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.6

2 2006 至 2015 年吸毒趨勢 Drug Abuse Trends for 2006 - 2015

整體吸毒趨勢

(表 1a 及圖 2.1)

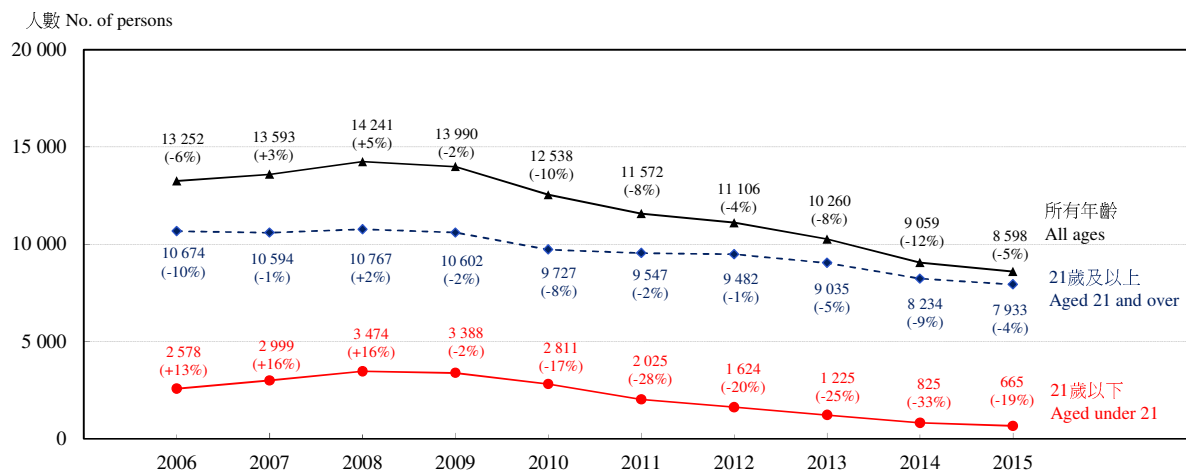
2.1 檔案室錄得被呈報吸毒者的總人數由 2006 年的 13 252 人，上升至 2008 年的 14 241 人。之後，數字回落至 2015 年的 8 598 人，較 2014 年的 9 059 人下跌 5%。

Overall Drug Abuse Trend

(Table 1a and Chart 2.1)

2.1 The total number of drug abusers reported to the CRDA increased from 13 252 in 2006 to 14 241 in 2008. Thereafter, the number went down to 8 598 in 2015, or 5% lower than 9 059 in 2014.

圖 2.1 按年齡組別劃分的被呈報吸毒者
Chart 2.1 Reported drug abusers by age group



註釋：括號內的數字是指與前一年比較的變動百分比。

Note: Figures in brackets are the percentage changes over the preceding year.

吸食麻醉鎮痛劑／危害精神毒品趨勢 (表 1d 及圖 2.2)

2.2 以往，麻醉鎮痛劑（主要是海洛英）是香港最多人吸食的毒品。不過，近年來吸食傳統毒品人數呈現持續下降趨勢，由 2006 年的 8 143 人降至 2015 年的 4 401 人，減幅為 46%。被呈報吸食危害精神毒品的人數則由 2006 年的 7 402 人持續上升至 2009 年的 8 505 人（升幅為 15%），其後轉

Narcotics Analgesics / Psychotropic Substances Abuse Trends (Table 1d and Chart 2.2)

2.2 In the past, narcotics analgesics (mainly heroin) were the most common drug abused in Hong Kong. However, there was a continuous trend of decline in abuse of traditional drugs in recent years, with the number of abusers dropping by 46% from 8 143 in 2006 to 4 401 in 2015. The number of reported abusers taking psychotropic substances increased

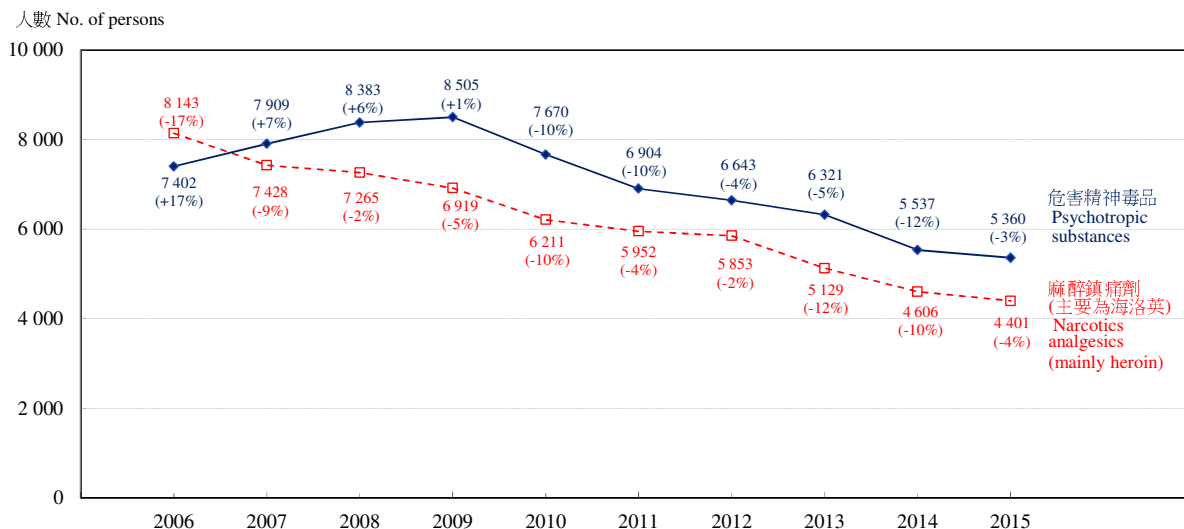
勢下降至 2015 年的 5 360 人(較 2006 年整體減幅為 28%)。

continuously from 7 402 in 2006 to 8 505 in 2009 (by 15%). The trend reversed afterwards and the number dropped to 5 360 in 2015 (dropped by 28% compared with that in 2006).

2.3 被呈報吸食危害精神毒品的人數自 2007 年起開始超越吸食傳統毒品的人數。在 2015 年，吸食危害精神毒品的人數比吸食麻醉鎮痛劑的人數多 959 人(或 22%)。在 2006 年至 2015 年期間，吸食危害精神毒品者佔所有被呈報吸毒者的百分比由 56% 上升至 63%。

2.3 The number of reported psychotropic substance abusers has since 2007 overtaken the number of abusers of traditional drugs. Reported abusers taking psychotropic substances were 959 (or 22%) more than those taking narcotics analgesics in 2015. Among all reported drug abusers, the proportion of abusers taking psychotropic substances increased from 56% in 2006 to 63% in 2015.

圖 2.2 被呈報吸食危害精神毒品及麻醉鎮痛劑者
Chart 2.2 Reported abusers of psychotropic substances and narcotics analgesics



註釋： 個別吸毒者在某年內可同時吸食麻醉鎮痛劑及危害精神毒品。
括號內的數字是指與前一年比較的變動百分比。

Notes : An individual abuser may take both narcotics analgesics and psychotropic substances during a given year.
Figures in brackets are the percentage changes over the preceding year.

青少年吸毒趨勢

(表 1a、表 1h 及圖 2.3-圖 2.4)

2.4 至於 21 歲以下青少年吸毒者，數字由 2006 年的 2 578 人上升 35% 至 2008 年的 3 474 人。隨後人數回落，在 2015 年，數字下跌至 665 人，跟 2008 年比較，跌幅為 81%。

2.5 整體吸毒人口曾一度趨向年輕。21 歲以下吸毒者佔總吸毒人數的比重，由 2006 年的 19%，上升至 2008 及 2009 年的約 24%。其後數字開始回落，至 2015 年，比重為 8%。尤其是年齡在 12 至 15 歲間的青少年吸毒者，其人數及比重由 2006 年的 462 人及 3%，顯著上升至 2009 年的 764 人及 5%，隨後便逐漸回落至 2015 年的 52 人，比重亦降至 1%。

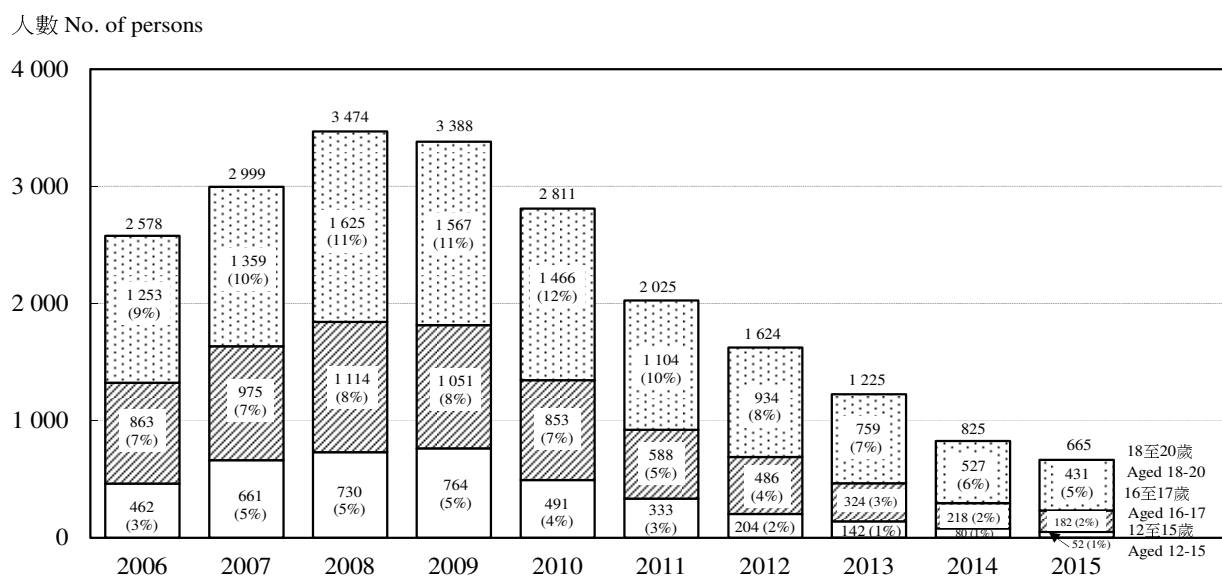
Youth Drug Abuse Trend

(Table 1a, Table 1h and Chart 2.3-Chart 2.4)

2.4 For young drug abusers aged under 21, the number increased by 35% from 2 578 in 2006 to 3 474 in 2008. The number then went down to 665 in 2015, representing a decrease of 81% from 2008.

2.5 The overall drug abusing population had once become younger, with the proportion of those aged under 21 as against the total rising from 19% in 2006, to about 24% in both 2008 and 2009. This had subsequently decreased to 8% in 2015. In particular, both the number and proportion of those aged 12-15 had increased significantly from 462 and 3% in 2006 to 764 and 5% in 2009. The number then decreased to 52 in 2015, while the proportion decreased to 1%.

圖 2.3 21 歲以下被呈報吸毒青少年按指定年齡組別分布
Chart 2.3 Reported young drug abusers aged under 21 by specific age group



註釋：括號內的數字是指佔所有被呈報吸毒者的百分比。

12 歲以下的吸毒者所佔的百分比少於 0.5%。

Notes: Figures in brackets refer to the percentage shares among all reported drug abusers.

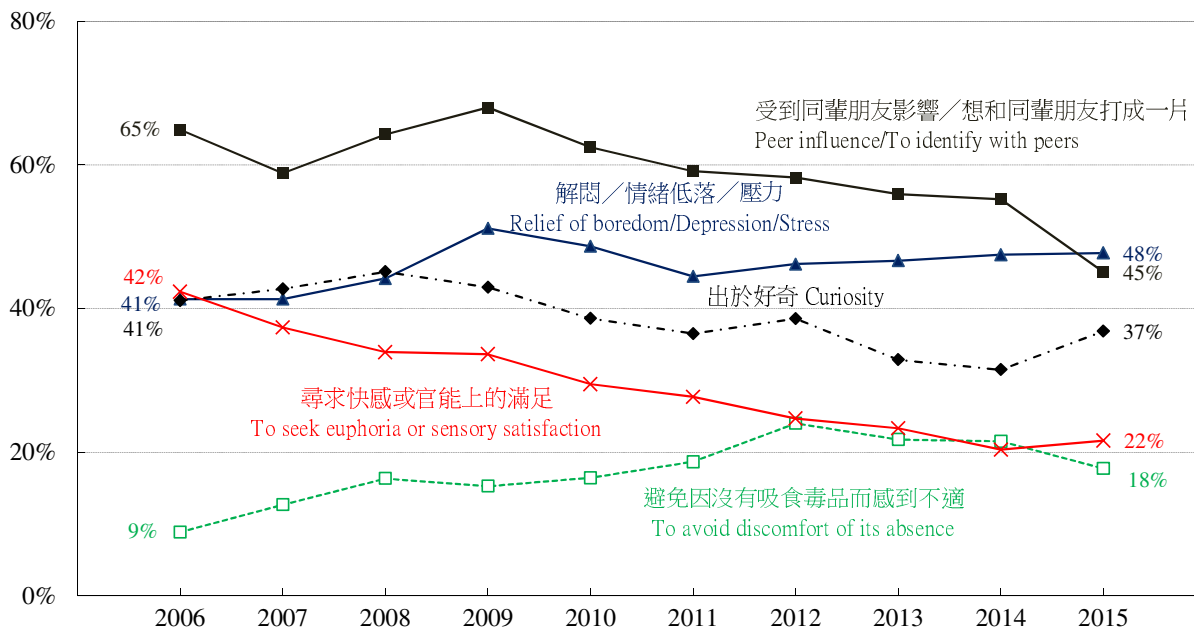
Percentages for those drug abusers aged under 12 are less than 0.5%.

2.6 在被呈報的 21 歲以下青少年吸毒者當中，2006 年至 2014 年間最常見的吸食毒品原因是「受到同輩朋友影響／想和同輩朋友打成一片」，其間比重都維持在五至七成。但在 2015 年，「解悶／情緒低落／壓力」成為最常見的原因，其比重為 48%，超越「受到同輩朋友影響／想和同輩朋友打成一片」的比重(45%)。而以「避免因沒有吸食毒品而感到不適」作為他們現時吸毒原因的比重則由 2006 年的 9% 逐步上升至 2015 年的 18%。

2.6 Among the young drug abusers aged under 21, the most common reason for drug abuse during 2006 to 2014 was “peer influence/to identify with peers”, cited by around 50% to 70%. However, “relief of boredom/depression/stress” had overtaken to become the most common reason in 2015. Its proportion was 48%, surpassing that of “peer influence/to identify with peers”(45%). For those citing “to avoid discomfort of its absence” as a reason for their current drug use, the proportion increased gradually from 9% in 2006 to 18% in 2015.

圖 2.4 21 歲以下被呈報吸毒青少年現時吸食毒品原因

Chart 2.4 Reason for current drug use of reported young drug abusers aged under 21



註釋： 數字不包括現時吸毒原因不詳的人士。
個別吸毒者在某年內報稱的原因可超過一個。

Notes : Figures exclude persons with unknown reason for current drug abuse.
More than one reason may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

吸食危害精神毒品

(圖 2.5)

2.7 甲基安非他明、氯胺酮、三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆、可卡因及咳藥是近年較常被吸食的危險精神毒品。在 2006 年至 2014 年間，氯胺酮為最常被吸食的危險精神毒品。於 2015 年，甲基安非他明超越氯胺酮，成為最常被吸食的危險精神毒品。氯胺酮及三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆分別排行第二位及第三位。吸食可卡因的人數近年亦有上升趨勢，自 2010 年起，可卡因緊隨三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆之後，排行第四位。

Psychotropic Substances Abused

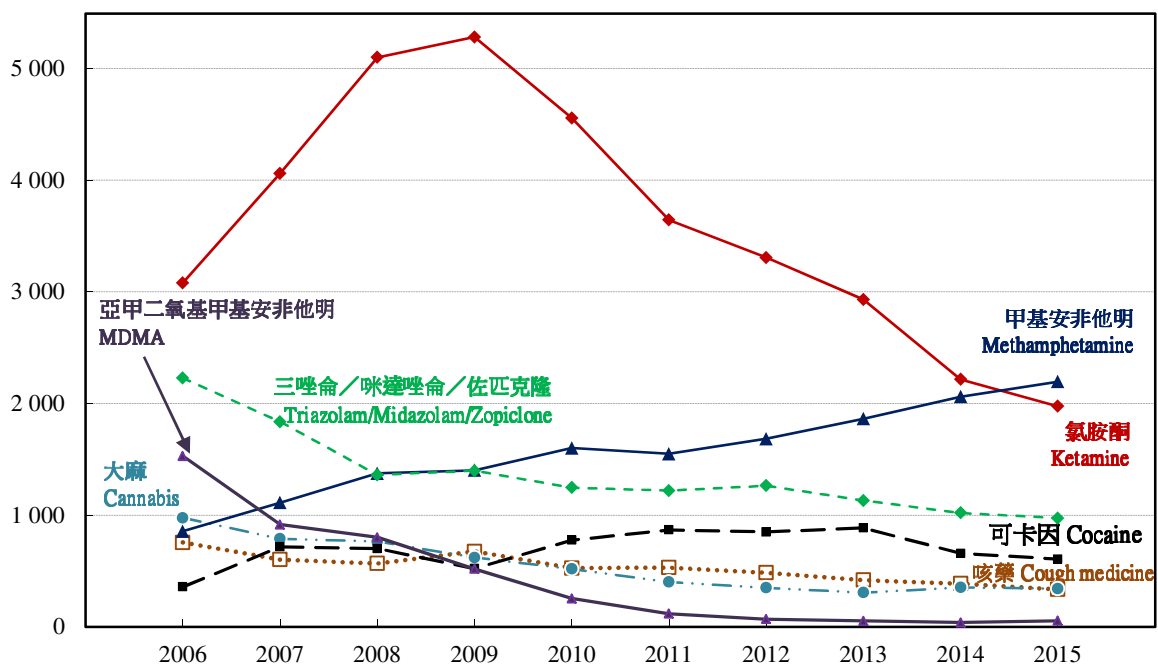
(Chart 2.5)

2.7 Among psychotropic substances, methamphetamine, ketamine, triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone, cocaine and cough medicine were more commonly abused in recent years. Ketamine was the most commonly abused psychotropic substance during 2006 to 2014. In 2015, methamphetamine surpassed ketamine to become the most popular psychotropic substance abused. Ketamine and triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone came second and third respectively. An increasing trend of abusing cocaine was also noted in recent years, and cocaine had ranked fourth since 2010, after triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone.

圖 2.5 被呈報吸食各種主要危害精神毒品者

Chart 2.5 Reported drug abusers of major types of psychotropic substances

人數 No. of persons



註釋： 個別吸毒者在某年內可被呈報多於一種毒品。

Note: More than one type of drugs may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

首次／曾被呈報吸毒者的吸毒趨勢
(表 1b)

2.8 首次被呈報的吸毒人數由 2006 年的 3 517 人，上升至 2008 年的 4 625 人。之後回落至 2015 年的 2 103 人。2015 年的數字較 2014 年(2 078 人)輕微上升 1%，但較 2008 年(4 625 人)下跌 55%。在 2010 年前，他們的平均年齡均為 23 歲；其後上升至 2015 年的 29 歲。他們在整體人數中所佔的百分比自 2006 年起持續上升至 2008 年的 32%，數字隨後逐步回落至 2015 年的 24%。

2.9 曾被呈報吸毒人士數目從 2006 年的 9 735 人下跌至 2015 年 6 495 人。他們一般較首次被呈報者年長，平均年齡介乎 38 至 41 歲。

男性／女性吸毒的趨勢
(表 1a)

2.10 被呈報男性吸毒者人數一貫較女性吸毒者為多，女性吸毒者所佔的比重在 2006 至 2015 年間一直維持在 18% 至 21%。被呈報男性吸毒者從 2006 年的 10 706 人，上升至 2008 年的 11 334 人；隨後持續回落。在 2015 年，人數為 6 827 人，較 2014 年減少 7%。而被呈報女性吸毒者人數由 2008 年的 2 907 人持續下跌至 2014 年的 1 680 人；2015 年則反彈 5% 至 1 771 人。

Drug Abuse Trends for Newly/Previously Reported Drug Abusers (Table 1b)

2.8 The number of newly reported drug abusers increased from 3 517 in 2006 to 4 625 in 2008, then decreased to 2 103 in 2015. A mild increase of 1% from 2014 (at 2 078) to 2015 was observed but there was a decline of 55% from 2008 (at 4 625) to 2015. Their average age was 23 years before 2010 and increased to 29 years in 2015. The proportion of newly reported drug abusers among all abusers had been on the rise since 2006 and stood at 32% in 2008, reversing gradually thereafter to 24% in 2015.

2.9 The number of previously reported drug abusers decreased from 9 735 in 2006 to 6 495 in 2015. These abusers were generally older than the newly reported abusers, with an average age between 38 and 41 years.

Male/Female Drug Abuse Trends
(Table 1a)

2.10 There are more male drug abusers than female drug abusers in general. The proportion of female drug abusers stayed at 18% to 21% of the total number of drug abusers from 2006 to 2015. The number of reported male drug abusers increased from 10 706 in 2006 to 11 334 in 2008. Thereafter, the number went down continually. In 2015, the number was 6 827, 7% lower than that in 2014. The number of reported female drug abusers dropped continually from 2 907 in 2008 to 1 680 in 2014. In 2015, the number rebounded by 5% to 1 771.

2.11 被呈報男性吸毒者的平均年齡有上升趨勢，從 2006 年的 36 歲上升至 2015 年的 40 歲。被呈報的女性吸毒者一般較男性年輕。被呈報女性吸毒者的平均年齡亦有上升趨勢，從 2006 年的 27 歲上升至 2015 年的 33 歲。

被呈報吸毒者的經濟活動身分 (表 1j 及圖 2.6)

2.12 被呈報吸毒者中，失業人士所佔比重從 2007 年起下降至少於半數，2015 年的比重為 45%。另一方面，受僱人士所佔比重從 2006 年的 39% 上升至 2015 年的 47%。學生所佔百分比則由 2006 年的 5%，上升至 2009 年的 8%，之後便持續回落至 2015 年的 1%。

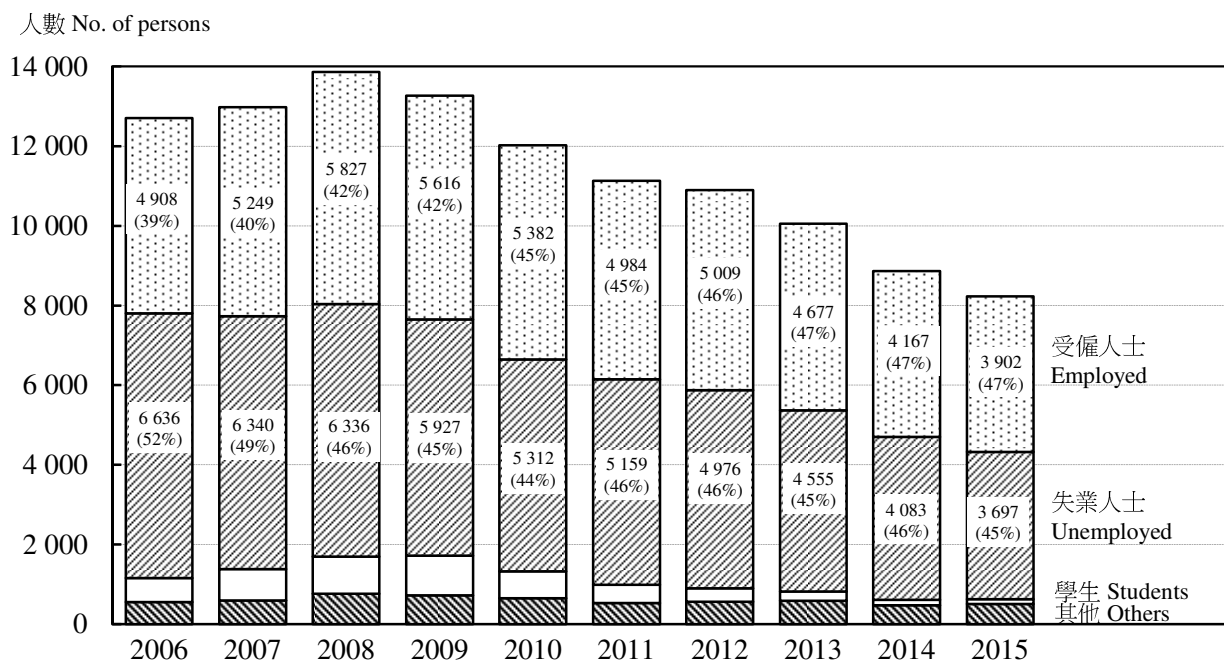
2.11 There was a rising trend in the average age of reported male drug abusers. It rose from 36 years in 2006 to 40 years in 2015. Reported female drug abusers were generally younger than male drug abusers. There was also a rising trend in the average age of reported female drug abusers, from 27 years in 2006 to 33 years in 2015.

Reported Drug Abusers by Economic Activity Status (Table 1j and Chart 2.6)

2.12 The proportion of reported drug abusers who were unemployed had since 2007 declined to less than half. The proportion in 2015 was 45%. On the other hand, the proportion of reported abusers who were employed increased from 39% in 2006 to 47% in 2015. The proportion of reported student drug abusers increased from 5% in 2006 to 8% in 2009, and then decreased continuously to 1% in 2015.

圖 2.6 被呈報吸毒者按經濟活動身分分布

Chart 2.6 Reported drug abusers by economic activity status



註釋：括號內的數字是指佔所有被呈報吸毒者的百分比。

Note: Figures in brackets refer to the percentage shares among all reported drug abusers.

吸食超過一種毒品

(表 1c)

2.13 吸毒者吸食超過一種毒品已成為現時一個普遍的現象。被呈報吸食多種毒品人士是指在某指定年份內被呈報吸食超過一種毒品的人士，不論有關毒品是否在同一時間混合吸食。

2.14 被呈報吸食多種毒品人士的比重由 2006 年的 32%，逐步回落到 2009 年的 22%，其後一直維持在同一水平。他們大部分吸食兩種毒品。

Abuse of More Than One Type of Drugs

(Table 1c)

2.13 Taking more than one type of drugs has become a common phenomenon among drug abusers nowadays. A reported multiple drug abuser is defined to be a person who is reported to have taken more than one type of drugs in a given year, irrespective of whether the drugs were taken concurrently on one occasion or not.

2.14 The proportion of reported multiple drug abusers decreased steadily from 32% in 2006 to 22% in 2009 and stayed at the same level thereafter. The majority of them abused two types of drugs.

毒齡 (圖 2.7)

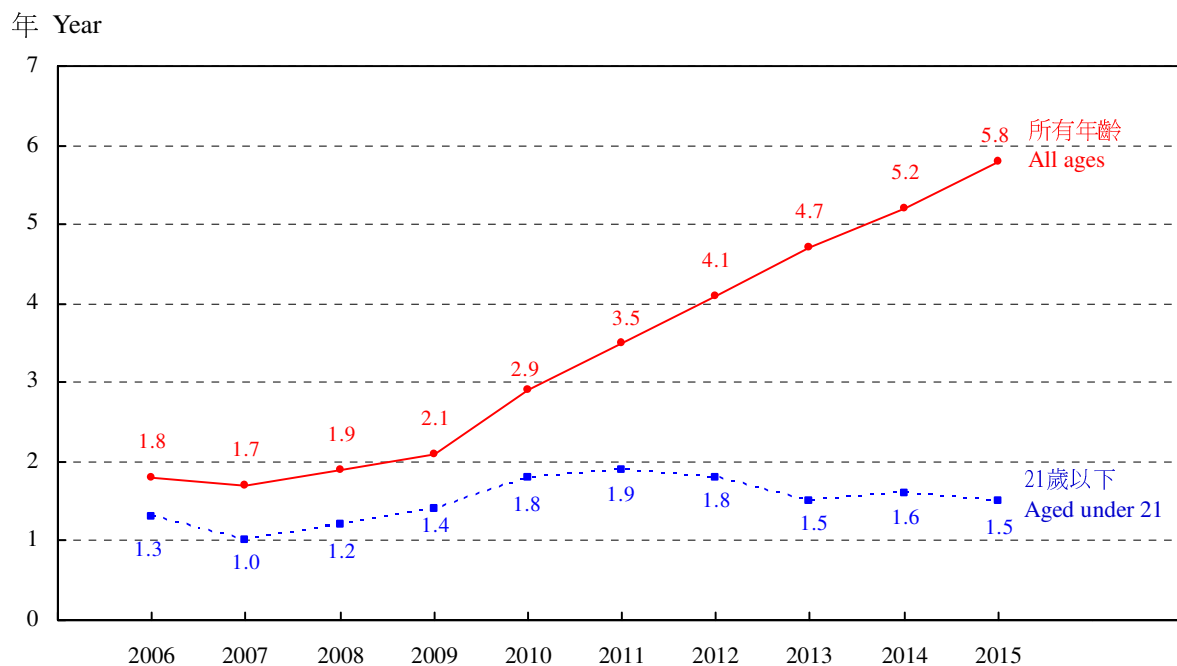
2.15 在 2006 年至 2009 年間，首次被呈報吸毒者的毒齡（即由初次吸毒至被檔案室呈報機構發現相隔的時間）的中位數維持於 1.7 年與 2.1 年之間，其後持續上升至 2015 年的 5.8 年。另一方面，首次被呈報而年齡在 21 歲以下的吸毒者的毒齡中位數，則從 2011 年們的高峰 1.9 年下降至 2015 年的 1.5 年。

Drug History (Chart 2.7)

2.15 The median drug history of newly reported abusers (i.e. the time lapse for abusers to be discovered by the CRDA reporting agencies from his first drug abuse) remained at 1.7 to 2.1 years during 2006 to 2009. It then increased continuously to 5.8 years in 2015. On the other hand, for those newly reported abusers aged under 21, the median drug history dropped to 1.5 years in 2015 after reaching the peak of 1.9 years in 2011.

圖 2.7 按年齡組別劃分的首次被呈報吸毒者的毒齡中位數

Chart 2.7 Median drug history of newly reported drug abusers by age group



被呈報吸食毒品人士的資料來源

(表 2.1 及 2.2)

2.16 在 2006 年至 2015 年間，21 歲及以上成年吸毒者資料的兩大來源分別為執法部門及美沙酮診所；在 2015 年，分別佔該等吸毒者 41% 和 38%。居第三位的是戒毒治療和康復服務中

Sources of Reported Drug Abusers

(Tables 2.1 and 2.2)

2.16 For adult drug abusers aged 21 and over, law enforcement agencies and methadone clinics were the two major sources of reporting during 2006 to 2015, taking up 41% and 38% of the drug abusers concerned respectively in 2015. Drug

心／濫用精神藥物者輔導中心／戒毒輔導服務中心，2015 年佔成年吸毒者 31%。

2.17 在 2006 年至 2015 年間，青少年外展隊、執法部門及戒毒治療和康復服務中心／濫用精神藥物者輔導中心／戒毒輔導服務中心是最主要提供 21 歲以下青少年吸毒者的資料來源；在 2015 年，分別佔青少年吸毒者的 35%、35% 及 27%。

2.18 按來源分析首次被呈報吸毒者的毒齡中位數，於 2014 年及 2015 年，由執法部門及青少年外展隊呈報的毒齡中位數較短，而呈報最長毒齡中位數的則是濫用精神藥物者輔導中心／戒毒輔導服務中心。除懲教署及社會福利署外，2011 年至 2015 年間從各個來源呈報的毒齡中位數均有上升，而由濫用精神藥物者輔導中心／戒毒輔導服務中心呈報的上升最大。

treatment and rehabilitation centres/counselling centres for psychotropic substance abusers/centres for drug counselling ranked third, taking up 31% of adult drug abusers in 2015.

2.17 As for young drug abusers aged under 21, youth outreaching teams, law enforcement agencies and drug treatment rehabilitation centres/counselling centres for psychotropic substance abusers/centres for drug counselling were the major sources of reporting during 2006 to 2015. They contributed to 35%, 35% and 27% of young abusers respectively in 2015.

2.18 The median drug history of newly reported abusers reported by law enforcement agencies and youth outreaching teams was shorter than that reported by other agencies during 2014 and 2015, while that reported by counselling centres for psychotropic substance abusers/centres for drug counselling was the longest. The median drug history had been increasing from 2011 to 2015 for all types of reporting agencies except the Correctional Services Department and Social Welfare Department. The increase for cases reported by counselling centres for psychotropic substance abusers/centres for drug counselling was the largest.

表 2.1 被呈報吸毒者按年齡組別及呈報機構類別分布
Table 2.1 Reported drug abusers by age group by type of reporting agency

呈報機構 Reporting agency	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
%					
21 歲以下 Aged under 21					
執法部門 Law enforcement agencies ⁽¹⁾	27.7	36.0	36.4	32.7	35.0
美沙酮診所 Methadone clinics	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.3	2.0
非政府機構 Non-governmental organisations					
戒毒治療和康復服務中心／濫用精神藥物者 輔導中心／戒毒輔導服務中心 Drug treatment and rehabilitation centres/counselling centres for psychotropic substance abusers/centres for drug counselling	13.4	16.1	17.2	22.5	19.8
青少年外展隊 Youth outreaching teams	58.8	50.6	49.5	47.3	45.2
醫院管理局轄下的物質誤用診所及其他醫院／診所 Substance Abuse Clinics under Hospital Authority, and other hospitals/clinics	3.1	1.6	1.9	3.2	2.1
21 歲及以上 Aged 21 and over					
執法部門 Law enforcement agencies ⁽¹⁾	61.0	59.5	54.3	53.5	49.0
美沙酮診所 Methadone clinics	39.2	40.0	44.1	42.8	42.9
非政府機構 Non-governmental organisations					
戒毒治療和康復服務中心／濫用精神藥物者 輔導中心／戒毒輔導服務中心 Drug treatment and rehabilitation centres/counselling centres for psychotropic substance abusers/centres for drug counselling	21.5	21.1	21.0	24.1	25.0
青少年外展隊 Youth outreaching teams	1.9	1.8	3.8	2.8	3.4
醫院管理局轄下的物質誤用診所及其他醫院／診所 Substance Abuse Clinics under Hospital Authority, and other hospitals/clinics	3.9	3.8	2.9	3.4	4.3
所有年齡 All ages					
執法部門 Law enforcement agencies ⁽¹⁾	54.5	54.3	50.0	48.5	45.9
美沙酮診所 Methadone clinics	31.7	31.4	33.6	32.7	33.8
非政府機構 Non-governmental organisations					
戒毒治療和康復服務中心／濫用精神藥物者 輔導中心／戒毒輔導服務中心 Drug treatment and rehabilitation centres/counselling centres for psychotropic substance abusers/centres for drug counselling	19.9	20.0	20.1	23.7	23.8
青少年外展隊 Youth outreaching teams	13.0	12.6	14.9	13.6	12.8
醫院管理局轄下的物質誤用診所及其他醫院／診所 Substance Abuse Clinics under Hospital Authority, and other hospitals/clinics	3.7	3.3	2.6	3.3	3.8

註釋： 個別吸毒者在某年內可能同時被多於一個機構呈報。

Notes: An individual drug abuser may be reported by more than one agency in a given year.

(1) 數字包括香港警務處、懲教署和社會福利署轄下的感化辦事處。

(1) Figures include Hong Kong Police Force, Correctional Services Department and Probation Offices under Social Welfare Department.

表 2.1 (續) 被呈報吸毒者按年齡組別及呈報機構類別分布
Table 2.1 (Cont'd) Reported drug abusers by age group by type of reporting agency

呈報機構 Reporting agency	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
%					
21 歲以下 Aged under 21					
執法部門 Law enforcement agencies ⁽¹⁾	34.3	37.5	31.0	31.5	34.6
美沙酮診所 Methadone clinics	2.4	3.5	2.2	3.2	5.0
非政府機構 Non-governmental organisations					
戒毒治療和康復服務中心／濫用精神藥物者 輔導中心／戒毒輔導服務中心 Drug treatment and rehabilitation centres/counselling centres for psychotropic substance abusers/centres for drug counselling	25.6	27.3	23.5	25.1	26.6
青少年外展隊 Youth outreaching teams	39.1	35.2	44.6	42.8	35.5
醫院管理局轄下的物質誤用診所及其他醫院／診所 Substance Abuse Clinics under Hospital Authority, and other hospitals/clinics	2.6	2.6	2.9	2.5	2.6
21 歲及以上 Aged 21 and over					
執法部門 Law enforcement agencies ⁽¹⁾	45.2	43.1	44.6	41.7	40.6
美沙酮診所 Methadone clinics	43.0	42.3	38.5	39.2	38.4
非政府機構 Non-governmental organisations					
戒毒治療和康復服務中心／濫用精神藥物者 輔導中心／戒毒輔導服務中心 Drug treatment and rehabilitation centres/counselling centres for psychotropic substance abusers/centres for drug counselling	28.9	29.8	29.5	30.5	30.7
青少年外展隊 Youth outreaching teams	2.8	3.7	3.9	3.3	3.6
醫院管理局轄下的物質誤用診所及其他醫院／診所 Substance Abuse Clinics under Hospital Authority, and other hospitals/clinics	4.5	4.1	4.5	4.5	3.8
所有年齡 All ages					
執法部門 Law enforcement agencies ⁽¹⁾	43.3	42.3	43.0	40.8	40.1
美沙酮診所 Methadone clinics	35.9	36.6	34.2	35.9	35.8
非政府機構 Non-governmental organisations					
戒毒治療和康復服務中心／濫用精神藥物者 輔導中心／戒毒輔導服務中心 Drug treatment and rehabilitation centres/counselling centres for psychotropic substance abusers/centres for drug counselling	28.3	29.4	28.8	30.0	30.4
青少年外展隊 Youth outreaching teams	9.1	8.3	8.7	6.9	6.0
醫院管理局轄下的物質誤用診所及其他醫院／診所 Substance Abuse Clinics under Hospital Authority, and other hospitals/clinics	4.2	3.9	4.3	4.3	3.7

註釋： 個別吸毒者在某年內可能同時被多於一個機構呈報。

Notes: An individual drug abuser may be reported by more than one agency in a given year.

(1) 數字包括香港警務處、懲教署和社會福利署轄下的感化辦事處。

(1) Figures include Hong Kong Police Force, Correctional Services Department and Probation Offices under Social Welfare Department.

表 2.2 按呈報機構類別劃分的首次被呈報吸毒者的毒齡中位數
Table 2.2 Median drug history of newly reported drug abusers by type of reporting agency

呈報機構 Reporting agencies	No. of years				
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
執法部門 Law enforcement agencies	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.0
懲教署 Correctional Services Department	2.5	3.1	2.9	2.8	2.7
香港警務處 Hong Kong Police Force	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.9
社會福利署 Social Welfare Department ⁽¹⁾	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.9
美沙酮診所 Methadone clinics	6.7	5.9	5.5	5.8	6.4
非政府機構 Non-governmental organisations	1.8	1.5	1.9	2.3	3.3
戒毒治療和康復服務中心 Drug treatment and rehabilitation centres	2.0	2.4	2.6	3.0	4.5
濫用精神藥物者輔導中心/戒毒輔導服務中心 Counselling centres for psychotropic substance abusers/centres for drug counselling	2.2	2.0	2.3	2.9	3.7
青少年外展隊 Youth outreaching teams	1.6	1.2	1.5	1.7	2.5
醫院管理局轄下的物質誤用診所及其他醫院/診所 Substance Abuse Clinics under Hospital Authority, and other hospitals/clinics	4.3	4.4	4.3	3.9	5.5

呈報機構 Reporting agencies	No. of years				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
執法部門 Law enforcement agencies	2.2	2.6	2.4	2.9	2.5
懲教署 Correctional Services Department	3.2	2.9	2.6	3.3	2.8
香港警務處 Hong Kong Police Force	1.8	2.5	2.3	2.8	2.4
社會福利署 Social Welfare Department ⁽¹⁾	3.0	2.4	3.0	1.7	2.9
美沙酮診所 Methadone clinics	5.5	8.4	8.8	6.9	5.7
非政府機構 Non-governmental organisations	4.4	5.3	6.1	7.0	8.8
戒毒治療和康復服務中心 Drug treatment and rehabilitation centres	5.2	5.3	6.7	7.3	7.5
濫用精神藥物者輔導中心/戒毒輔導服務中心 Counselling centres for psychotropic substance abusers/centres for drug counselling	5.3	6.6	8.3	8.1	9.6
青少年外展隊 Youth outreaching teams	2.6	2.5	2.7	2.2	3.0
醫院管理局轄下的物質誤用診所及其他醫院/診所 Substance Abuse Clinics under Hospital Authority, and other hospitals/clinics	5.6	5.9	6.6	5.9	7.1

註釋： 個別吸毒者在某年內可能同時被多於一個機構呈報。

Notes : An individual drug abuser may be reported by more than one agency in a given year.

(1) 數字包括社會福利署轄下的感化辦事處。

(1) Figures include Probation Offices under Social Welfare Department.

3 2015 年被呈報吸毒者的特徵 Characteristics of Reported Drug Abusers in 2015

與對上一年情況的主要比較

(表 1a、1b、1d 及圖 3.1)

3.1 被呈報吸毒者總人數在 2015 年 (8 598 人) 持續下降, 較 2014 年 (9 059 人) 減少 5%。

3.2 海洛英仍然是被呈報吸毒者中最常吸食的毒品。然而, 2015 年被呈報吸食海洛英的人數 (4 398 人) 較 2014 年 (4 604 人) 下跌 4%。而 2015 年被呈報吸食海洛英者佔所有被呈報吸毒人數百分比 (52%) 與 2014 年 (51%) 相若。

3.3 與 2014 年比較, 2015 年吸食危害精神毒品的人數下跌 3% (由 5 537 人減至 5 360 人); 而吸食鴉片類毒品 (主要為海洛英) 的人數亦下跌 4% (由 4 606 人減至 4 401 人)。

3.4 在 2015 年, 甲基安非他明取代氯胺酮, 成為最常被吸食的危險精神毒品。被呈報吸食甲基安非他明的人數上升 7% (由 2 061 人增至 2 195 人), 當中 12% 為 21 歲以下。在 2015 年, 氯胺酮是第二最常被吸食的危險精神毒品。被呈報吸食氯胺酮的人數較 2014 年下跌 11% (由 2 216 人減至 1 974 人), 當中 13% 為 21 歲以下。

Major Comparison with Preceding Year

(Tables 1a, 1b, 1d and Chart 3.1)

3.1 There was a continued decline in the total number of reported drug abusers in 2015 (at 8 598), which was 5% lower than that in 2014 (at 9 059).

3.2 Heroin remained to be the single most popular type of drug abused among the reported abusers. However, the total number of reported heroin abusers in 2015 (at 4 398) was 4% lower than that in 2014 (at 4 604). Its proportion against the total number of reported drug abusers in 2015 (52%) was similar to that in 2014 (51%).

3.3 Comparing 2015 with 2014, the number of psychotropic substance abusers had lowered by 3% (from 5 537 to 5 360), and those taking narcotics analgesics (mainly heroin) decreased by 4% (from 4 606 to 4 401).

3.4 In 2015, methamphetamine surpassed ketamine to become the most popular type of psychotropic substance abused. The number of reported methamphetamine abusers had risen by 7% (from 2 061 to 2 195), with 12% of whom aged under 21. Ketamine was the second most popular type of psychotropic substance abused. The number of reported ketamine abusers was 11% lower comparing to that in 2014 (from 2 216 to 1 974), of whom 13% were aged under 21.

3.5 與 2014 年比較，2015 年吸食其他危害精神毒品的人數大都有所下跌—咳藥減少 13%（由 386 人減至 335 人）、可卡因減少 8%（由 657 人減至 606 人）、硝甲西洋減少 6%（由 34 人減至 32 人）、三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆減少 5%（由 1 020 人減至 973 人）及大麻減少 3%（由 353 人減至 343 人）；亞甲二氧基甲基安非他明則屬例外（由 38 人增至 54 人，增加 42%）。

3.6 被呈報的 21 歲以下青少年吸毒者繼續大幅減少，減幅為 19%（由 2014 年的 825 人減至 2015 年的 665 人）。被呈報吸毒青少年的比重亦由 9% 下降至 8%。

3.7 所有被呈報吸毒者的平均年齡及被呈報的 21 歲以下青少年吸毒者的平均年齡分別維持在 38 歲及 18 歲。

3.8 男性吸毒者的人數下跌 7%（由 2014 年的 7 379 人減至 2015 年的 6 827 人）；女性吸毒者的人數則上升 5%（由 2014 年的 1 680 人增至 2015 年的 1 771 人）。

3.9 在 2015 年，首次被呈報吸毒者（2 103 人）較 2014 年（2 078 人）略增 1%，而曾被呈報的人數則為 6 495 人，下跌了 7%。以佔所有被呈報吸毒者的百分比計算，首次被呈報人士的比重由 2014 年的 23% 輕微反彈至 2015 年的 24%。

3.5 Compared with 2014, the number of abusers of most other types of psychotropic substances had seen a reduction – cough medicine dropped by 13% (from 386 to 335), cocaine dropped by 8% (from 657 to 606), nimetazepam dropped by 6% (from 34 to 32), triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone dropped by 5% (from 1 020 to 973), and cannabis dropped by 3% (from 353 to 343), with the exception of MDMA (increased by 42% from 38 to 54).

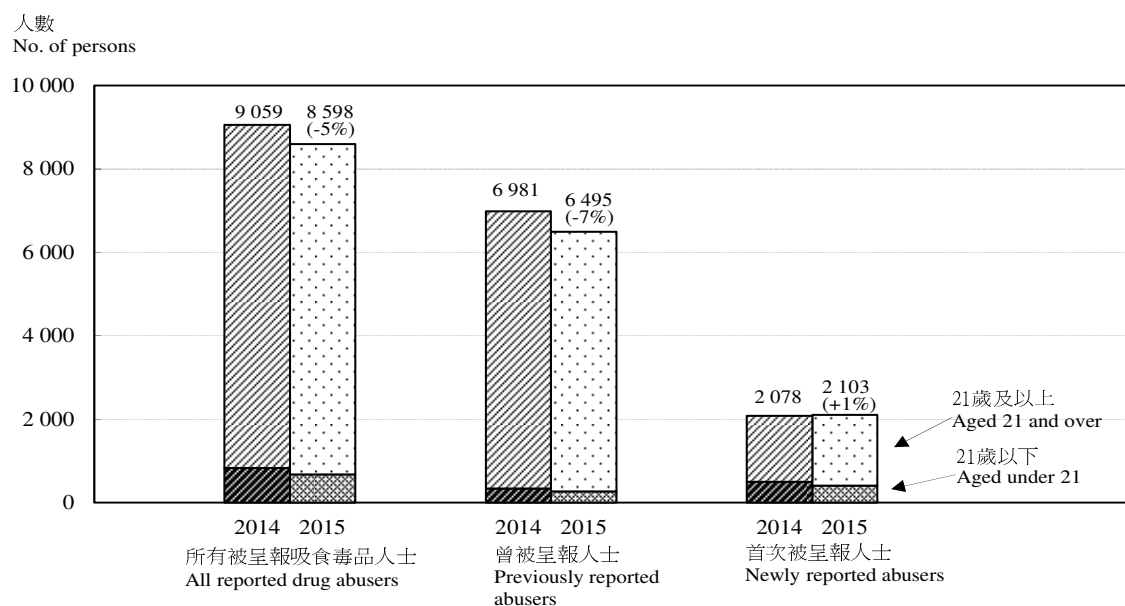
3.6 For reported young drug abusers aged under 21, the number continued to record a substantial decline of 19% (from 825 in 2014 to 665 in 2015). The proportion of reported young drug abusers also decreased from 9% to 8%.

3.7 The average age of all reported drug abusers and reported young drug abusers aged under 21 remained at 38 and 18 years respectively.

3.8 The number of male abusers had decreased by 7% (from 7 379 in 2014 to 6 827 in 2015), while the number of female abusers had risen by 5% (from 1 680 in 2014 to 1 771 in 2015).

3.9 The number of newly reported drug abusers in 2015 (at 2 103) was slightly higher (1%) than that of 2014 (at 2 078), while that of previously reported abusers decreased by 7% to 6 495. As a percentage of all reported drug abusers, the proportion of newly reported abusers rebounded slightly from 23% in 2014 to 24% in 2015.

圖 3.1 按年齡組別劃分的 2014 及 2015 年首次／曾被呈報吸食毒品者
Chart 3.1 Newly/previously reported drug abusers in 2014 and 2015 by age group



註釋：括號內的數字是指與前一年比較的變動百分比。

Note: Figures in brackets are the percentage changes over the preceding year.

年齡和性別 (表 1a、表 3.1 及圖 3.2)

Age and Sex (Table 1a, Table 3.1 and Chart 3.2)

3.10 在 2015 年所有被呈報的 8 598 名吸毒者中，27%的年齡介乎 31 至 40 歲，26%介乎 21 至 30 歲，5%介乎 18 至 20 歲，2%介乎 16 至 17 歲，只有 1%在 12-15 歲。他們整體平均年齡為 38 歲。

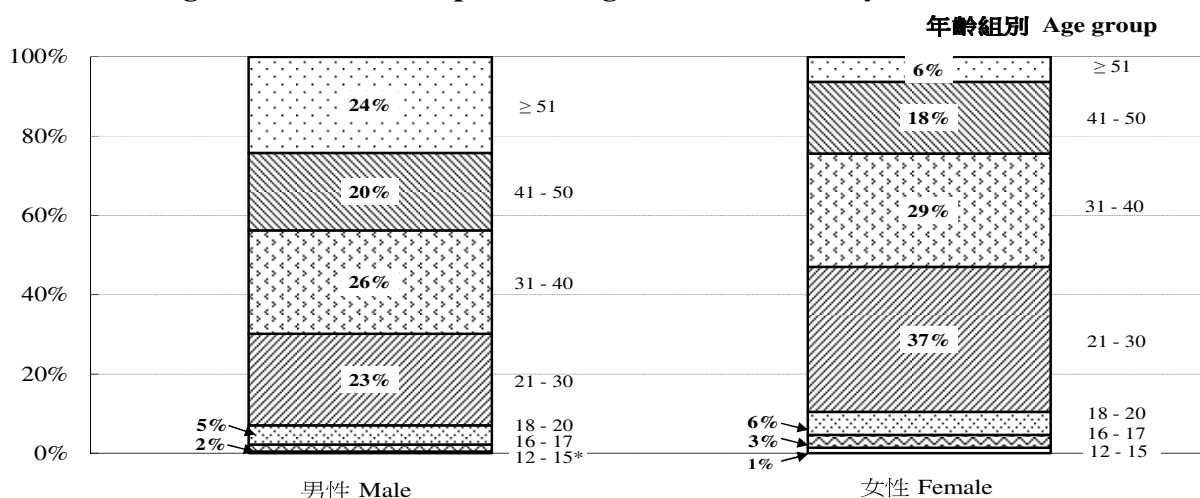
3.10 Of all 8 598 reported drug abusers in 2015, 27% were aged 31-40, 26% aged 21-30, 5% aged 18-20, 2% aged 16-17 and only 1% aged 12-15. Their average age was 38 years.

3.11 被呈報吸毒者大部分(79%)為男性，他們的平均年齡為 40 歲，一般較被呈報女性吸毒者(平均年齡 33 歲)年長。女性吸毒者年齡在 41 歲以下的百分比為 76%，而男性吸毒者的相關百分比則只有 56%。

3.11 The majority (79%) of reported drug abusers were males. Reported male drug abusers, with an average age of 40 years, were in general older than female abusers (with an average age of 33 years). The proportion of female abusers aged under 41 was 76% while the corresponding proportion of male abusers was only 56%.

圖 3.2 按性別劃分的 2015 年被呈報吸毒者的年齡分布

Chart 3.2 Age distribution of reported drug abusers in 2015 by sex



註釋：被呈報吸毒者中並無年齡低於 12 歲者。
* 少於 0.5%。

Note: No drug abuser aged under 12 was reported.
* Less than 0.5%.

3.12 在 2015 年，在每一百名人口中被呈報的吸毒人數約為 0.1 人，而男性所佔的比例較女性為高。

3.12 In 2015, the number of reported drug abusers per 100 population was about 0.1. The proportion was higher in male drug abusers than female abusers.

表 3.1 2015 年被呈報吸毒者佔人口比例

Table 3.1 Ratio of reported drug abusers to population in 2015

年齡 Age	男 Male	女 Female	男女合計 Both sexes
12 - 15	0.02	0.02	0.02
16 - 17	0.19	0.10	0.14
18 - 20	0.26	0.08	0.17
< 21 小計 sub-total	0.07	0.03	0.05
21 - 30	0.35	0.12	0.23
31 - 40	0.39	0.07	0.20
41 - 50	0.27	0.05	0.14
≥ 51	0.12	0.01	0.06
≥ 21 小計 sub-total	0.23	0.05	0.13
合計 Overall	0.20	0.04	0.12

註釋：佔人口比例百分比指被呈報吸毒者佔各相關年齡／性別組別內每一百名年底人口的比例。

Notes: The ratios in % refer to the number of reported drug abusers per 100 year-end population in the respective age/sex groups.

被呈報吸毒者中並無年齡低於 12 歲者。

No drug abusers aged under 12 was reported.

首次吸食毒品年齡 (表 1i)

3.13 35%的被呈報吸毒者報稱在 12 至 15 歲之間開始吸毒，19%在 16 至 17 歲之間，23%在 18 至 20 歲之間，10%在 21 至 25 歲之間，其餘 11%及 3%分別在 25 歲之後及 12 歲之前。所有被呈報吸毒者及被呈報的 21 歲以下青少年吸毒者首次吸毒的平均年齡分別維持在 18 歲及 15 歲。

吸食的毒品種類 (表 1d 及圖 3.3)

3.14 在 2015 年，約半數 (52%) 的吸毒者被呈報曾吸食海洛英。其他較常被吸食的毒品依次為甲基安非他明 (26%)、氫胺酮 (23%)、三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆 (11%)、可卡因 (7%)、大麻 (4%) 及咳藥 (4%)。

3.15 在被呈報的 21 歲以下青少年吸毒者中，甲基安非他明是最常被吸食的毒品。在 2015 年，有 41%的被呈報青少年吸毒者吸食甲基安非他明，其次是氫胺酮 (39%)、可卡因 (27%)、大麻 (11%)、海洛英 (6%) 和咳藥 (3%)。男性和女性首三位最常吸食的毒品相同。

3.16 在被呈報的 21 歲及以上成年吸毒者中，海洛英是最常被吸食的毒品種類 (佔 55%)，其次是甲基安非他明 (24%) 和氫胺酮 (22%)。男性和女性首三位最常吸食的毒品相同。

Age of First Abuse (Table 1i)

3.13 35% of the reported drug abusers claimed to have started drug abuse at the age between 12 and 15, 19% between 16 and 17, 23% between 18 and 20, 10% between 21 and 25, and the remaining 11% and 3% at the age over 25 and below 12 respectively. The average age of first abuse of all reported drug abusers and reported young drug abusers aged under 21 remained at 18 and 15 years respectively.

Type of Drugs Abused (Table 1d and Chart 3.3)

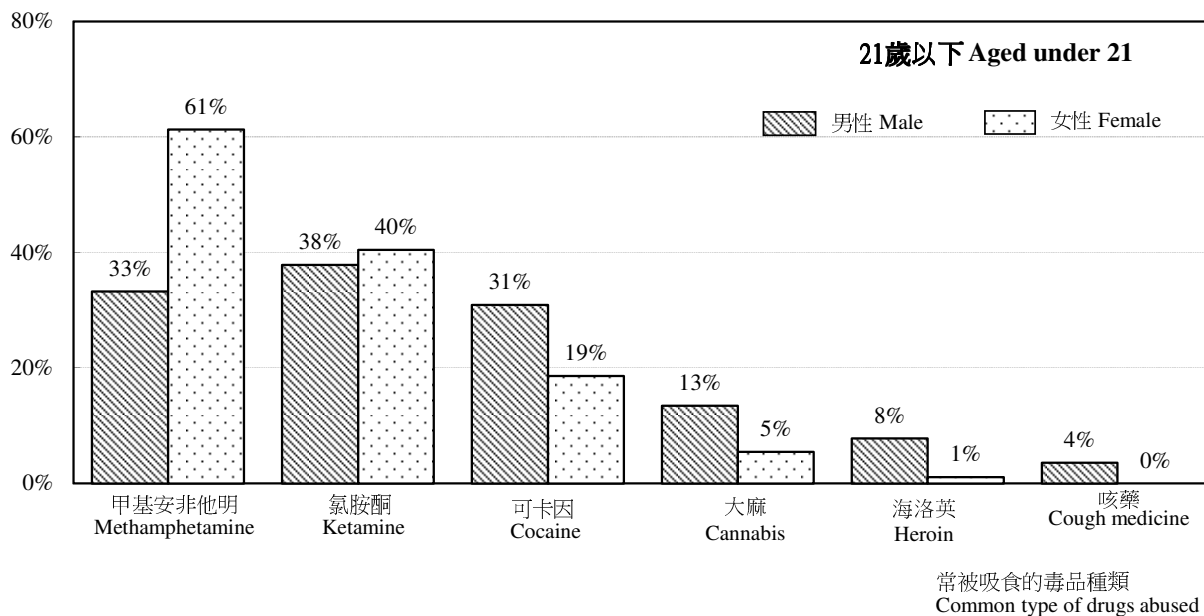
3.14 In 2015, about half (52%) of drug abusers were reported to have abused heroin. Other commonly abused drugs were methamphetamine (26%), ketamine (23%), triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone (11%), cocaine (7%), cannabis (4%) and cough medicine (4%).

3.15 Among the reported young drug abusers aged under 21, methamphetamine was the most popular type of drug abused and was taken by 41% of them in 2015. This was followed by ketamine (39%), cocaine (27%), cannabis (11%), heroin (6%) and cough medicine (3%). Males and females abused the same top three popular types of drugs.

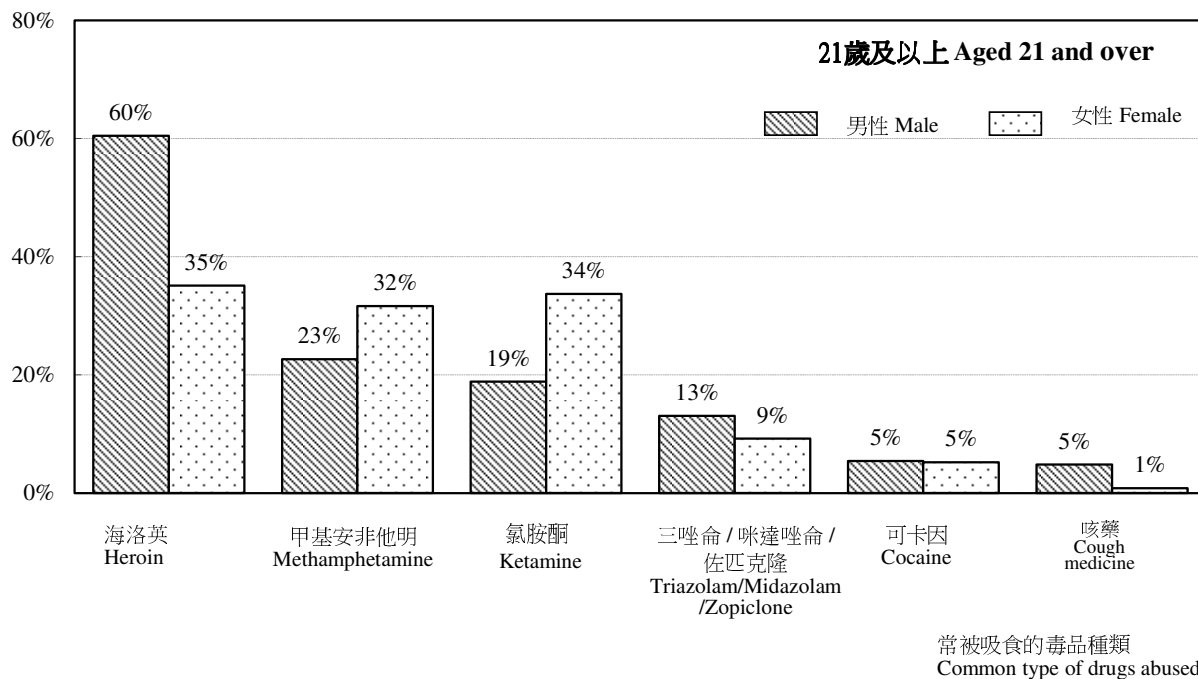
3.16 Among the reported adult drug abusers aged 21 and over, heroin was the most common type of drug abused (55%), followed by methamphetamine (24%) and ketamine (22%). Males and females abused the same top three popular types of drugs.

圖 3.3 按年齡組別及性別劃分的 2015 年被呈報吸毒者的常被吸食毒品種類
Chart 3.3 Common type of drugs abused by reported drug abusers in 2015 by age group and by sex

佔在相關性別組別內所有被呈報吸食毒品人士的百分比
 Percentage of reported drug abusers in the respective sex groups



佔在相關性別組別內所有被呈報吸食毒品人士的百分比
 Percentage of reported drug abusers in the respective sex groups



註釋：個別吸毒者在某年內可被呈報多於一種毒品。

Note: More than one type of drugs may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

吸食毒品方法 (表 3d)

3.17 吸毒者各有不同的吸毒方法。被呈報吸食海洛英和甲基安非他明者最普遍是用吸入煙霧方法吸毒（在 2015 年，他們當中約六成採用這種方法吸毒，而吸食甲基安非他明者更有八成）；而鼻吸是吸食氯胺酮最常用方法（佔吸食氯胺酮者 93%）；注射是吸食三唑倫／咪達唑倫／佐匹克隆最常用方法（佔吸食三唑倫／咪達唑倫／佐匹克隆者 47%）；口服是服食咳藥的唯一方法；而以香煙或煙管吸食是吸食大麻及可卡因較普遍方法（分別佔吸食大麻者 79%及可卡因者 52%）。

吸食毒品地方 (表 1f)

3.18 在 2015 年，絕大部分（98%）被呈報吸毒者均有在香港吸毒。而有 389 名吸毒者（或佔吸毒者 5%）曾在中國內地（主要在深圳）吸毒。

吸食毒品地點 (表 1g 及圖 3.4)

3.19 於 2015 年，56%的吸毒者只在家／朋友的家中吸毒，另外 24%吸毒者曾在家／朋友的家及其他地點吸毒。

Method of Taking Drugs (Table 3d)

3.17 Abusers have different habits with regard to the method of taking drugs. While fume inhaling was the most common method of taking heroin and methamphetamine (adopted by some 60% of the abusers concerned in 2015 and about 80% for methamphetamine abusers), sniffing was the most common method of taking ketamine (93% of ketamine abusers), injection was the most common method of taking triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone (47% of triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone abusers), oral ingestion was the only method of taking cough medicine, and smoking was the more common method of taking cannabis and cocaine (79% of cannabis abusers and 52% of cocaine abusers).

Place of Abusing Drugs (Table 1f)

3.18 The majority (98%) of the reported drug abusers took drugs in Hong Kong in 2015. 389 persons (or 5% of reported drug abusers) were reported to have taken drugs in Mainland China (mainly Shenzhen).

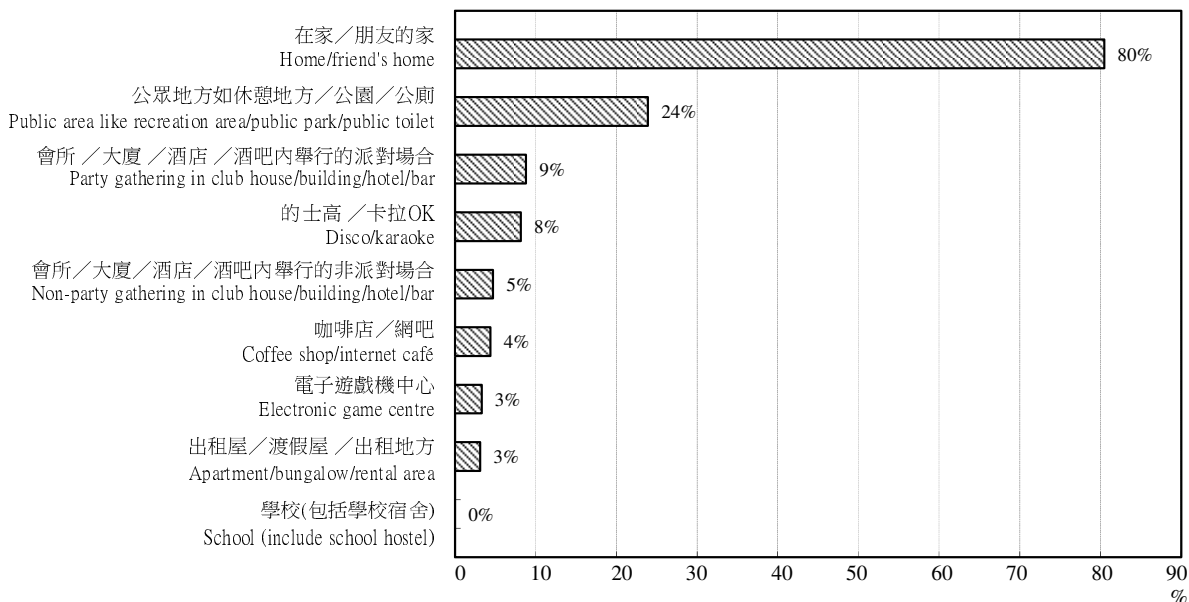
Locality of Abusing Drugs (Table 1g and Chart 3.4)

3.19 56% of the drug abusers took drugs at home/friend's home only while 24% took drugs at home/friend's home and other localities in 2015.

圖 3.4 按年齡組別劃分的 2015 年被呈報吸毒者吸食毒品地點分布
Chart 3.4 Locality of abusing drugs of reported drug abusers in 2015 by age group

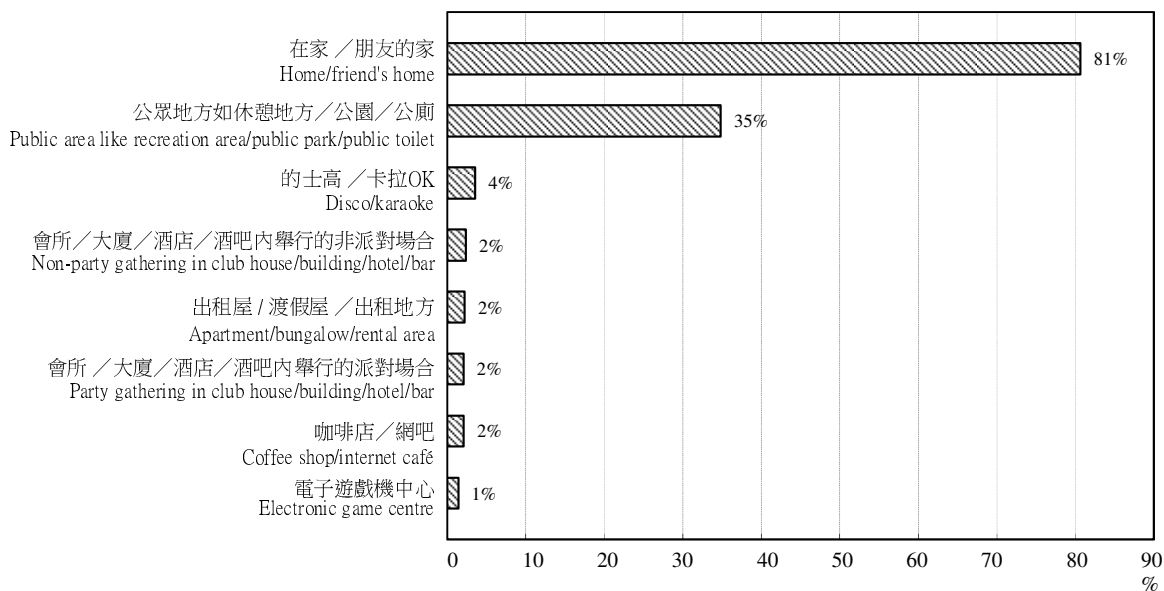
吸食毒品地點
 Locality of abusing drugs

21 歲以下 Aged under 21



吸食毒品地點
 Locality of abusing drugs

21 歲及以上 Aged 21 and over



註釋：個別吸毒者在某年內報稱的地點可超過一處。

Note: More than one locality may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

3.20 42%的21歲以下青少年吸毒者曾在家／朋友的家以外的其他地點吸毒，而成年吸毒者的相應百分比為44%。在其他地點中，以公眾地方如休憩地方／公園／公廁最常見。35%被呈報的21歲及以上成年吸毒者和24%青少年吸毒者曾在公眾地方如休憩地方／公園／公廁吸毒。

現時吸食毒品原因 (表 1h 及圖 3.5)

3.21 吸毒原因方面，在所有被呈報吸毒者當中，最普遍的原因為「避免因沒有吸食毒品而感到不適」(佔被呈報吸毒者46%)、「解悶／情緒低落／壓力」(45%)和「受到同輩朋友影響／想和同輩朋友打成一片」(41%)。

3.22 至於21歲以下的吸毒者，最普遍的吸毒原因是「解悶／情緒低落／壓力」(48%)，其次是「受到同輩朋友影響／想和同輩朋友打成一片」(45%)和「出於好奇」(37%)。

3.20 42% of the young drug abusers aged under 21 took drugs at other localities irrespective of whether they took drugs at home/friend's home, compared with 44% for the adult counterparts. Among the other localities, public areas like recreation area/public park/public toilet topped the list. 35% of the reported abusers aged 21 and over and 24% of those aged under 21 were reported to have taken drugs at public areas like recreation area/public park/public toilet.

Reason for Current Drug Abuse (Table 1h and Chart 3.5)

3.21 Regarding the reasons for taking drugs, the most common ones for all reported drug abusers were “to avoid discomfort of its absence” (46% of reported drug abusers), “relief of boredom/depression/stress” (45%) and “peer influence/to identify with peers” (41%).

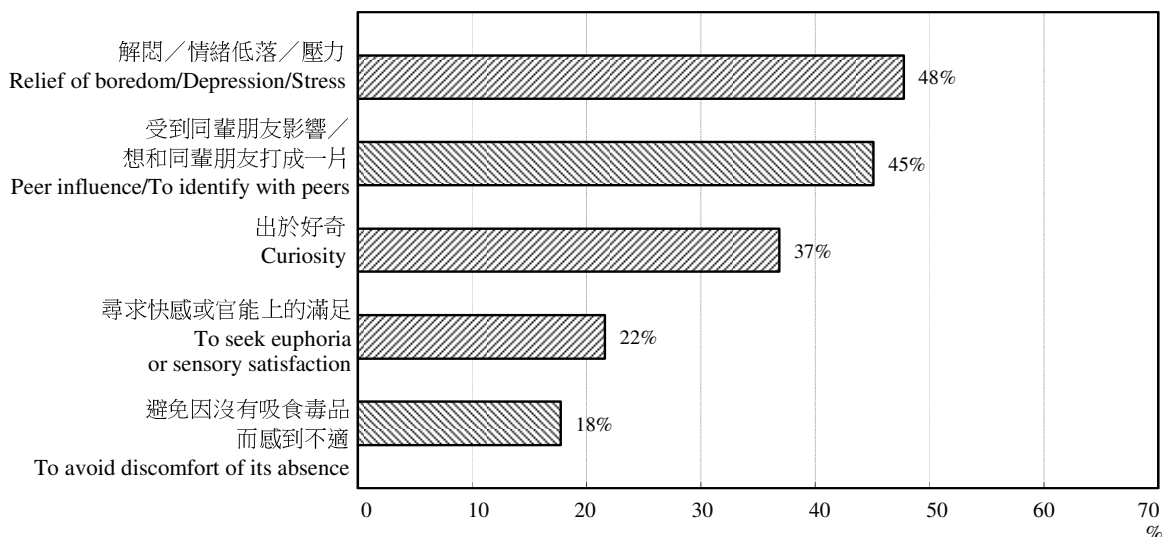
3.22 For drug abusers aged under 21, “relief of boredom/depression/stress” (48%) was the most common reason for taking drugs, followed by “peer influence/to identify with peers” (45%) and “curiosity” (37%).

圖 3.5 2015 年被呈報吸毒者現時吸食毒品原因

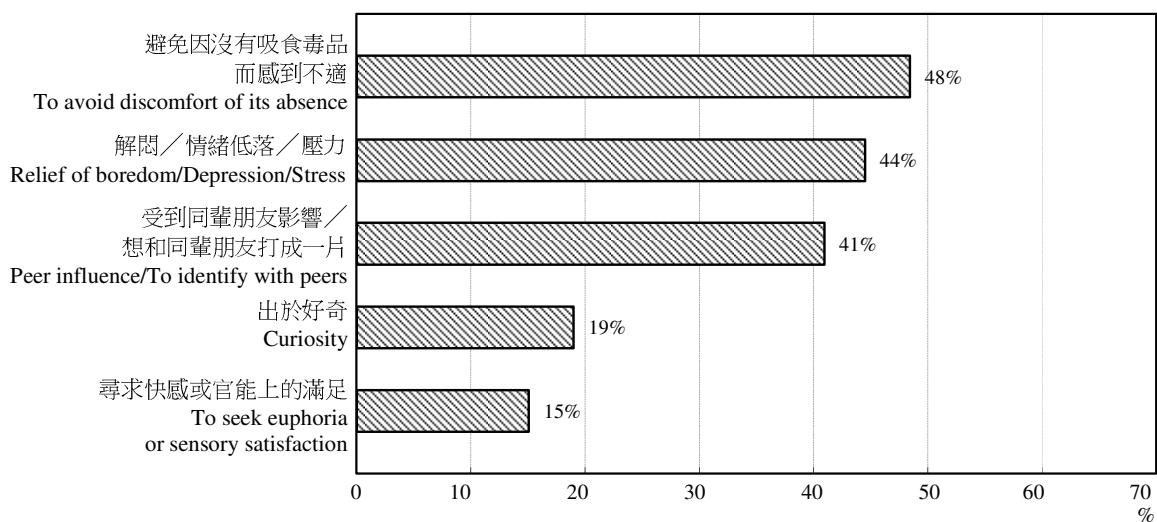
Chart 3.5 Reason for current drug use of reported drug abusers in 2015

現時吸食毒品原因
Reason for current drug use

21 歲以下 Aged under 21

現時吸食毒品原因
Reason for current drug use

21 歲及以上 Aged 21 and over



註釋：個別被呈報吸毒者在某年內可被呈報多於一個現時吸食毒品原因。

Note: More than one reason for current drug use may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

經濟活動身分 (表 1j)

Economic Activity Status (Table 1j)

3.23 45% 的吸毒者在被呈報時為失業人士，另 35% 是全職工作人士，12%

3.23 45% of the reported drug abusers were unemployed at the time of report.

是散工／兼職工作人士及 1% 是學生。而學生佔被呈報青少年吸毒者的比重則較高，達 15%。

Another 35% were full-time workers, 12% were casual/part-time workers and 1% were students. Among the reported young drug abusers, the proportion of students was higher, at 15%.

教育程度 (表 1k)

3.24 在 2015 年的被呈報吸毒者中，逾半數 (51%) 曾接受初中教育，25% 曾接受高中教育，20% 曾接受小學教育及 3% 曾接受專上教育。

Educational Attainment (Table 1k)

3.24 More than half (51%) of reported drug abusers in 2015 attained lower secondary education, 25% upper secondary education, 20% primary education and 3% post-secondary education.

種族 (表 1l)

3.25 華裔一向為被呈報吸毒者中最主要的族裔，佔 2015 年吸毒人士 91%。其他被呈報的少數族裔吸毒者依次為尼泊爾裔 (3%)、越南裔 (2%) 和印度裔／巴基斯坦裔／孟加拉裔／斯里蘭卡裔 (2%)。

Ethnicity (Table 1l)

3.25 Chinese had been the dominant ethnic group of reported drug abusers, at 91% of the drug abusers in 2015. Other reported drug abusers of minority ethnic groups included Nepalese (3%), Vietnamese (2%) and Indian/Pakistani/Bangladeshi/Sri Lankan (2%).

婚姻狀況 (表 1m)

3.26 在被呈報吸毒者中，約有 49% 從未結婚，33% 為已婚或同居，17% 已離婚或分居，餘下 1% 為鰥寡。男性和女性的婚姻狀況分布相若。

Marital Status (Table 1m)

3.26 About 49% of the reported drug abusers were never married, 33% married or cohabiting, 17% divorced or separated and the remaining 1% widowed. Males and females showed a similar distribution of marital status.

伴侶有否被呈報吸食毒品 (表 1n)

3.27 在已婚或同居的被呈報吸毒者中，19% 報稱他們的伴侶也吸毒。女性被呈報吸毒者當中，其伴侶也吸毒

Whether Partner Took Drugs (Table 1n)

3.27 Of those married or cohabiting, 19% reported that their partners also abused drugs. The proportion of reported female

的比重為 40%，遠高於男性吸毒者的相應比重（12%）。

居住地區 (表 1n)

3.28 深水埗（11%）、油尖旺（10%）和觀塘（10%）為最多被呈報吸毒者居住的地區。至於 21 歲以下的吸毒者，主要居住在元朗（12%）、北區（11%）和葵青（9%）。

屋宇單位類型 (表 1o)

3.29 逾半數（57%）被呈報吸毒者居住在公營租住單位，38%居住在私人住宅單位，3%居住在資助出售單位。

曾否有犯罪紀錄 (表 1p)

3.30 73%的被呈報吸毒者曾有犯罪紀錄，其中大多為只與毒品有關的罪行（35%）、或與毒品有關及其他罪行（27%）；而 10%只有與毒品無關的罪行。在被呈報的 21 歲及以上成年吸毒者中，曾有犯罪紀錄者佔 75%，較 21 歲以下青少年吸毒者的相應百分比（45%）為高。

abusers with partners also abusing drugs was 40%, much higher than the corresponding proportion of male abusers (12%).

District of Residence (Table 1n)

3.28 Sham Shui Po (11%), Yau Tsim Mong (10%) and Kwun Tong (10%) were the districts with the highest number of reported drug abusers residing there. For drug abusers aged under 21, Yuen Long (12%), North District (11%) and Kwai Tsing (9%) were the major districts.

Type of Quarters (Table 1o)

3.29 More than half (57%) of the reported drug abusers resided in public rental flats, 38% in private residential flats and 3% in subsidized sale flats.

Whether Previously Convicted (Table 1p)

3.30 73% of the reported drug abusers had previously been convicted. Among them, most had previous convictions of either drug-related offences only (35%) or both drug-related and other offences (27%), while 10% had previous convictions of other offences only. The proportion of previously convicted abusers among the reported adult abusers aged 21 and over was 75%, which was higher than that among the young drug abusers aged under 21 (45%).

4 2015年首次被呈報及曾被呈報吸毒者的特徵 Characteristics of Newly and Previously Reported Drug Abusers in 2015

4.1 在2015年所有被呈報的8 598名吸毒者中，2 103人或24%是首次被呈報，餘下6 495人（76%）則曾經被呈報。在被呈報的21歲以下青少年吸毒者當中，首次被呈報者的百分比為61%，遠高於被呈報的21歲及以上成年吸毒者（21%）。下文比較首次被呈報及曾被呈報吸毒者的特徵。

被呈報吸毒者的資料來源 (表 4.1)

4.2 在2015年，首次被呈報吸毒者的資料主要來自戒毒治療和康復服務中心／濫用精神藥物者輔導中心／戒毒輔導服務中心和執法部門，分別佔首次被呈報吸毒者的43%和36%。

4.3 同年，曾被呈報吸毒者的主要資料來源是美沙酮診所和執法部門，分別佔有關吸毒者的44%和41%。

4.1 Of all 8 598 drug abusers reported in 2015, 2 103 or 24% were newly reported and the remaining 6 495 (76%) were previously reported. The proportion of newly reported drug abusers among young drug abusers under 21 was much higher, at 61%, as compared against 21% among reported adult abusers aged 21 and over. A comparison of the characteristics between newly and previously reported drug abusers is given in the ensuing paragraphs.

Sources of Reported Drug Abusers (Table 4.1)

4.2 For the newly reported drug abusers, drug treatment and rehabilitation centres/counselling centres for psychotropic substance abusers/centres for drug counselling and law enforcement agencies were the major sources of reporting in 2015, taking up 43% and 36% respectively of the drug abusers concerned.

4.3 For those previously reported drug abusers, methadone clinics and law enforcement agencies were the major sources of reporting in 2015, taking up 44% and 41% respectively of the drug abusers concerned.

表 4.1 按呈報機構類別劃分的 2015 年首次/曾被呈報吸毒者

Table 4.1 Newly/previously reported drug abusers in 2015 by type of reporting agency

呈報機構 Reporting agency	首次被呈報人士 Newly reported		曾被呈報人士 Previously reported	
	人數 No.	%	人數 No.	%
所有年齡 All ages				
執法部門 Law enforcement agencies ⁽¹⁾	764	36.3	2 683	41.3
美沙酮診所 Methadone clinics	218	10.4	2 860	44.0
非政府機構 Non-governmental organisations				
戒毒治療和康復服務中心／濫用精神藥物者 輔導中心／戒毒輔導服務中心 Drug treatment and rehabilitation centres/counselling centres for psychotropic substance abusers/centres for drug counselling	908	43.2	1 707	26.3
青少年外展隊 Youth outreaching teams	146	6.9	374	5.8
醫院管理局轄下的物質誤用診所及其他醫院／診所 Substance Abuse Clinics under Hospital Authority, and other hospitals/clinics	130	6.2	188	2.9
21 歲以下 Aged under 21				
執法部門 Law enforcement agencies ⁽¹⁾	174	43.0	56	21.5
美沙酮診所 Methadone clinics	14	3.5	19	7.3
非政府機構 Non-governmental organisations				
戒毒治療和康復服務中心／濫用精神藥物者 輔導中心／戒毒輔導服務中心 Drug treatment and rehabilitation centres/counselling centres for psychotropic substance abusers/centres for drug counselling	117	28.9	60	23.1
青少年外展隊 Youth outreaching teams	100	24.7	136	52.3
醫院管理局轄下的物質誤用診所及其他醫院／診所 Substance Abuse Clinics under Hospital Authority, and other hospitals/clinics	15	3.7	@	@

註釋： 個別吸毒者在某年內可能同時被多於一個機構呈報。

Notes: An individual drug abuser may be reported by more than one agency in a given year.

(1) 數字包括香港警務處、懲教署和社會福利署轄下的感化辦事處。

(1) Figures include Hong Kong Police Force, Correctional Services Department and Probation Offices under Social Welfare Department.

年齡和性別 (表 2a 及圖 4.1)

Age and Sex (Table 2a and Chart 4.1)

4.4 首次被呈報吸毒者和曾被呈報吸毒者的年齡分布頗為不同。首次被呈報吸毒者中，19%是在 21 歲以下，而曾被呈報吸毒者的相應數字則為 4%。大部分（42%）首次被呈報吸毒者介乎 21 至 30 歲，而 76% 曾被呈報吸毒者則為 31 歲及以上。首次被呈報吸毒者的平均年齡為 29 歲，相對於平

4.4 The age distribution of the newly reported drug abusers was quite different from that of the previously reported ones. While 19% of the newly reported drug abusers were aged under 21, the corresponding figure of the previously reported ones was only 4%. Most (42%) of the newly reported drug abusers were aged

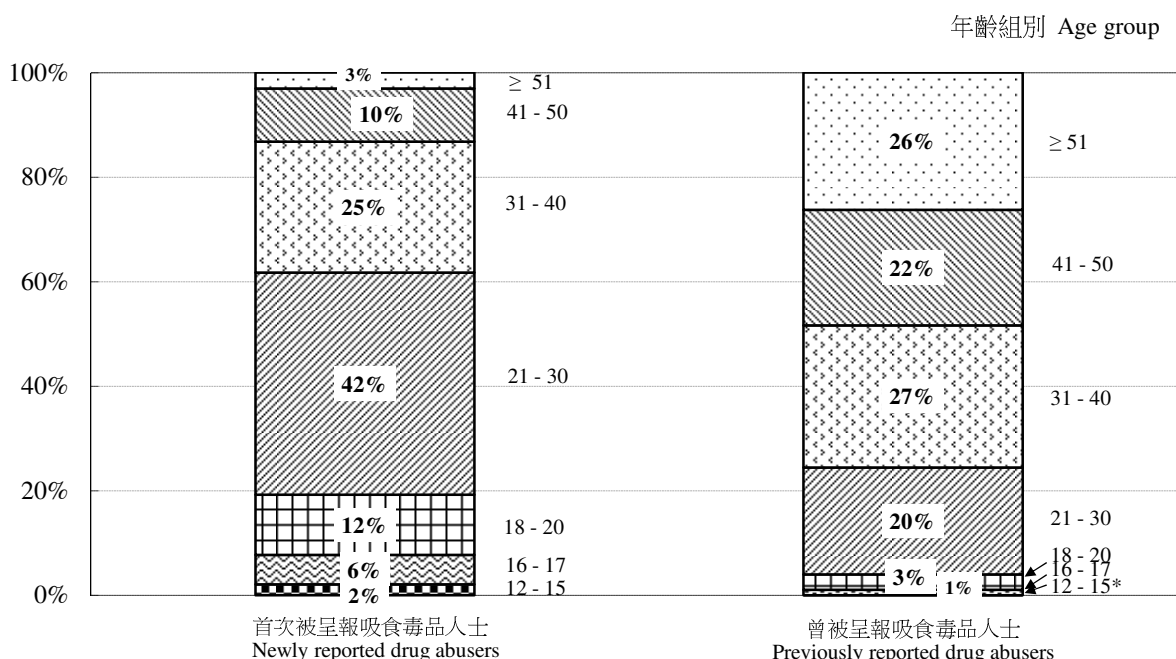
均年齡為 41 歲的曾被呈報吸毒者較為年輕。

21-30, while 76% of the previously reported ones were aged 31 and over. The newly reported drug abusers, at an average age of 29 years, were in general much younger than the previously reported ones (at an average age of 41 years).

4.5 在性別分布方面，女性佔首次被呈報吸毒者 30%，但在曾被呈報吸毒者中所佔的百分比則較低，只有 17%。

4.5 Regarding sex distribution, 30% of the newly reported drug abusers were females, while the respective proportion among the previously reported abusers was lower, only at 17%.

圖 4.1 2015 年首次/曾被呈報吸毒者的年齡組別分布
Chart 4.1 Newly/previously reported drug abusers in 2015 by age group



註釋： * 少於 0.5%。

Note: * Less than 0.5%.

首次吸食毒品的年齡 (表 2d)

Age of First Abuse (Table 2d)

4.6 首次被呈報的吸毒者平均在 22 歲開始吸毒，其中半數已吸毒不少於 5.8 年。而曾被呈報者則較早開始吸

4.6 The newly reported drug abusers on average started to abuse drugs at the age of 22 years, and half of them had abused drugs

毒，平均在 17 歲開始，其中半數已吸毒不少於 2.3 年才被首次呈報。

for at least 5.8 years. Meanwhile, the previously reported drug abusers on average started earlier at the age of 17 years and half of them had abused drugs for at least 2.3 years before first reported.

被吸食的毒品種類 (表 2b 及圖 4.2)

Type of Drugs Abused (Table 2b and Chart 4.2)

4.7 在 2015 年首次被呈報吸毒者中，最常被吸食的毒品種類為氯胺酮 (36%)，其次為甲基安非他明 (35%) 及海洛英 (14%)。

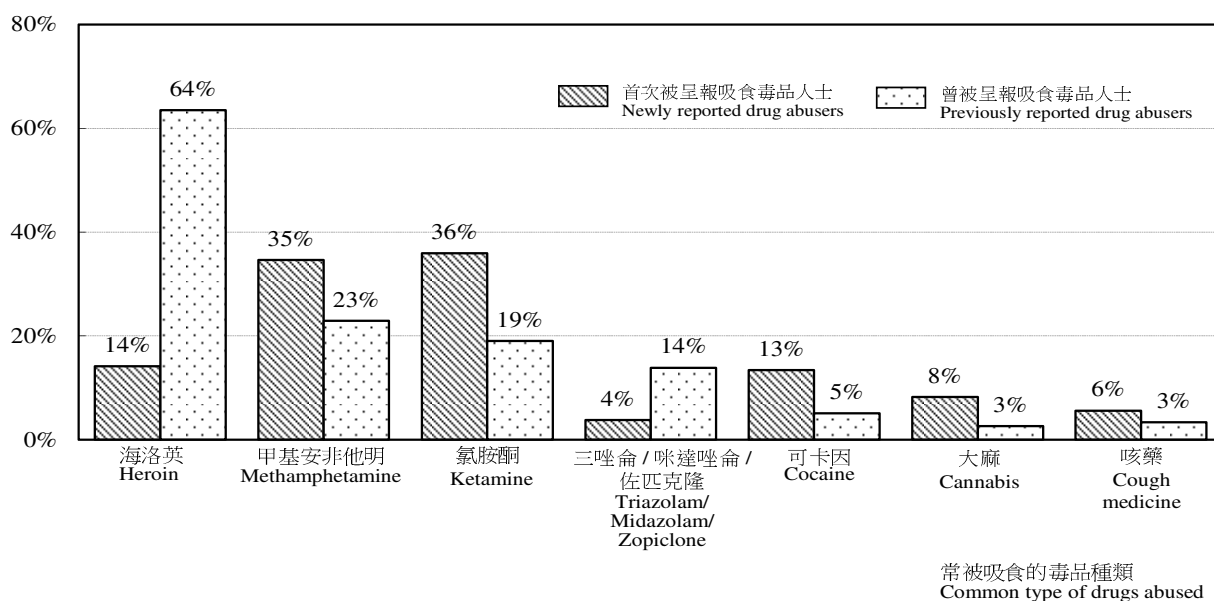
4.7 Among the newly reported drug abusers in 2015, the most common type of drug abused was ketamine (36%), followed by methamphetamine (35%) and heroin (14%).

4.8 至於在曾被呈報的吸毒者中，最常被吸食的毒品種類則是海洛英 (64%)，其次為甲基安非他明 (23%) 及氯胺酮 (19%)。

4.8 As for previously reported drug abusers, heroin (64%) was the dominant type of drug abused, followed by methamphetamine (23%) and ketamine (19%).

圖 4.2 2015 年首次/曾被呈報吸毒者通常吸食的毒品種類

Chart 4.2 Common type of drugs abused by newly/previously reported drug abusers in 2015



現時吸食毒品原因 (表2c)

4.9 首次被呈報吸毒者現時吸食毒品的最常見原因是「解悶／情緒低落／壓力」(52%)和「受到同輩朋友影響／想和同輩朋友打成一片」(37%)，隨後是「避免因沒有吸食毒品而感到不適」(29%)和「出於好奇」(27%)。

4.10 至於曾被呈報吸毒者，現時吸食毒品的最常見原因，分別是「避免因沒有吸食毒品而感到不適」(51%)、「受到同輩朋友影響／想和同輩朋友打成一片」(43%)和「解悶／情緒低落／壓力」(43%)。

經濟活動身分 (表2e)

4.11 在首次被呈報的吸毒者中，有42%是全職工作人士，32%是失業人士及14%是散工／兼職工作人士。在曾被呈報吸毒者中，失業人士的比重較高，達49%，另33%是全職工作人士及11%是散工／兼職工作人士。

教育程度 (表2f)

4.12 首次被呈報吸毒者中，有50%曾接受初中教育，36%曾接受高中教育及7%曾接受專上教育。另有7%只有小學程度或以下。

4.13 曾被呈報吸毒者的教育水平相對較低，52%有初中教育程度，26%

Reason for Current Drug Abuse (Table 2c)

4.9 For the newly reported drug abusers, the most common reasons for current drug use were “relief of boredom/depression/stress” (52%) and “peer influence/to identify with peers” (37%), followed by “to avoid discomfort of its absence” (29%) and “curiosity” (27%).

4.10 As for the previously reported persons, the most common reasons for current drug use were “to avoid discomfort of its absence” (51%), “peer influence/to identify with peers” (43%) and “relief of boredom/depression/stress” (43%).

Economic Activity Status (Table 2e)

4.11 Of all newly reported drug abusers, 42% were full-time workers, 32% unemployed and 14% casual/part-time workers. Among the previously reported persons, the proportion of the unemployed was relatively higher, at 49%. Another 33% were full-time workers and 11% casual/part-time workers.

Educational Attainment (Table 2f)

4.12 For the newly reported drug abusers, 50% attained lower secondary, 36% upper secondary and 7% post-secondary education. Another 7% attained primary education or below.

4.13 For the previously reported abusers, their educational level was relatively lower,

有小學程度或以下，21%有高中教育程度及 2%有專上教育程度。

婚姻狀況 (表 2g)

4.14 在首次被呈報的吸毒者中，有 66%從未結婚，而曾被呈報吸毒者中則有較少比重從未結婚，為 44%。已婚和同居者合計，分別佔首次被呈報吸毒者的 26%和曾被呈報吸毒者的 36%，而鰥寡、離婚或分居者合計，則分別佔前者的 8%和後者的 21%。

4.15 在已婚或同居的首次被呈報者中，有 22%報稱其伴侶亦吸毒，而曾被呈報者有吸毒伴侶的比例為 18%。

with 52% attaining lower secondary education, 26% primary education or below, 21% upper secondary education and 2% post-secondary education.

Marital Status (Table 2g)

4.14 66% of the newly reported drug abusers were never married while the respective proportion among the previously reported persons was lower, at 44%. Married and cohabiting persons together took up 26% of the newly reported drug abusers and 36% of the previously reported drug abusers, while the widowed, divorced or separated together took up 8% of the former group and 21% of the latter group.

4.15 Of those married or cohabiting newly reported abusers, 22% reported that their partners also abused drugs, while the corresponding figure for the previously reported abusers with drug taking partners was 18%.

5

2015 年各主要類別被呈報吸毒者的特徵 Characteristics of Major Categories of Reported Drug Abusers in 2015

5.1 吸毒者吸食超過一種毒品的現象十分普遍。被呈報吸食多種毒品者是指在指定時期內被呈報吸食超過一種毒品的人士，不論有關毒品是否在同一時間混合服用。

被呈報吸食多種毒品人士 (表 1c 及 5.1)

5.2 在 2015 年的所有被呈報吸毒者中，有 1 979 人或 23% 吸食超過一種毒品。

5.3 在 2015 年，約 19% 的吸毒者吸食兩種毒品，而海洛英及三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆是最常被吸食的毒品組合。另有 3% 的吸毒者吸食三種毒品，只有少於 1% 的吸毒者吸食超過三種毒品。

5.1 It is a common phenomenon for drug abusers to abuse more than one type of drugs. A multiple drug abuser is defined as a person who is reported to have taken more than one type of drugs within the specified period, irrespective of whether the drugs were taken concurrently on the same occasion or not.

Reported Multiple Drug Abusers (Tables 1c and 5.1)

5.2 Of all reported drug abusers, 1 979 or 23% took more than one type of drugs in 2015.

5.3 About 19% of the reported drug abusers took two types of drugs in 2015. The most common combination of the two types of drugs taken was heroin and triazolam/ midazolam/zopiclone. Another 3% of reported drug abusers took three types of drugs, while less than 1% took more than three types of drugs.

表 5.1 按吸食毒品種類數目及主要吸食毒品組合劃分的 2015 年被呈報吸食多種毒品人士
Table 5.1 Reported multiple drug abusers in 2015 by number and major combination of drug types taken

吸食毒品種類數目／主要吸食毒品組合 Number of drug types taken/major combination of drug types taken	被呈報吸毒者人數 No. of reported drug abusers	佔所有被呈報吸毒者的百分比 % of all reported drug abusers
吸食兩種毒品 Two drug types taken	1 620	19.0
(i) 海洛英和三唑倫／咪達唑倫／佐匹克隆 Heroin & Triazolam/Midazolam/Zopiclone	616	7.2
(ii) 海洛英和甲基安非他明 Heroin & Methamphetamine	321	3.8
(iii) 氯胺酮和可卡因 Ketamine & Cocaine	199	2.3
(iv) 氯胺酮和甲基安非他明 Ketamine & Methamphetamine	153	1.8
(v) 大麻和甲基安非他明 Cannabis & Methamphetamine	41	0.5
吸食三種毒品 Three drug types taken	292	3.4
(i) 海洛英、三唑倫／咪達唑倫／佐匹克隆和 甲基安非他明 Heroin, Triazolam/Midazolam/Zopiclone & Methamphetamine	94	1.1
(ii) 氯胺酮、可卡因和甲基安非他明 Ketamine, Cocaine & Methamphetamine	43	0.5
吸食多過三種毒品 More than three drug types taken	67	0.8

被呈報吸食海洛英人士與被呈報吸食危害精神毒品人士的比較

5.4 以下各段就被呈報吸食海洛英人士與被呈報吸食危害精神毒品人士的特徵作比較，並載列有關各主要被呈報吸食危害精神毒品人士類別（即吸食甲基安非他明、氯胺酮、三唑倫／咪達唑倫／佐匹克隆、可卡因、大麻及咳藥）主要特徵的分項數字。

Comparison of Reported Heroin Abusers with Reported Psychotropic Substance Abusers

5.4 In the ensuing paragraphs, a comparison of the characteristics of reported heroin abusers and reported psychotropic substance abusers is presented. Separate figures on the salient characteristics of the major categories of reported psychotropic substance abusers viz. abusers of methamphetamine, ketamine, triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone, cocaine, cannabis and cough medicine abusers are also included.

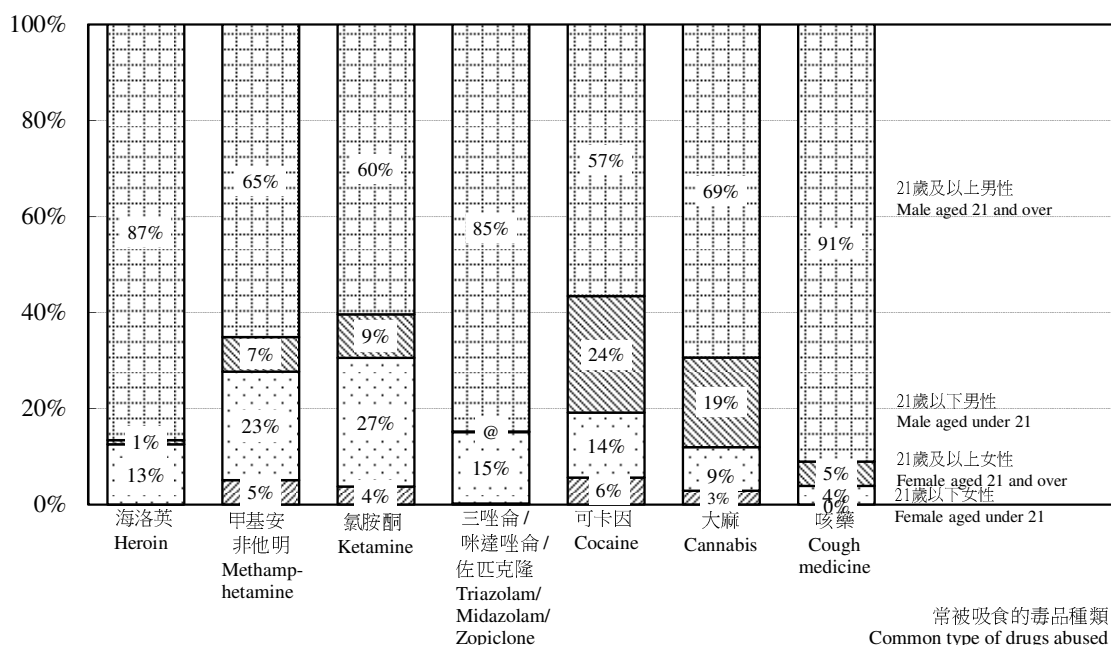
年齡和性別 (表 3a、表 4a 及圖 5.1)

Age and Sex (Table 3a, Table 4a and Chart 5.1)

5.5 在 2015 年，共有 4 398 名被呈報吸食海洛英人士，平均年齡為 47 歲，當中大部分 (87%) 是男性。而 5 360 名被呈報吸食危害精神毒品人士的平均年齡為 33 歲，遠較被呈報吸食海洛英者年輕，當中 75% 是男性。相對來說，女性在被呈報吸食危害精神毒品者中所佔的比例 (25% 或 1 338 人)，較在被呈報吸食海洛英者所佔的比例 (13% 或 553 人) 為高。

5.5 In 2015, there were 4 398 reported heroin abusers at an average age of 47 years. The majority (87%) of them were males. The 5 360 reported psychotropic substance abusers were much younger than the reported heroin abusers, at an average age of 33 years. 75% of them were males. Relatively, there were more reported female psychotropic substances abusers by proportion (25% or 1 338) than reported female heroin abusers (13% or 553).

圖 5.1 按常被吸食毒品種類劃分的 2015 年被呈報吸毒者的性別／年齡組別分布
Chart 5.1 Age/sex distribution of reported drug abusers in 2015 by common type of drugs abused



5.6 在六大類被呈報吸食危害精神毒品者中，女性佔被呈報吸食氯胺酮和甲基安非他明人士的百分比比較高，分別為 31% 及 28%。在被呈報吸食可卡因、三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆、大麻和咳藥人士當中，女性的相

5.6 Among the six major categories of reported psychotropic substance abusers, the proportion of females was relatively higher among the reported ketamine and methamphetamine abusers, being 31% and 28% respectively. The corresponding

應百分比則分別為 19%、15%、12% 和 4%。

5.7 在被呈報吸食各類危害精神毒品人士年齡方面，吸食三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆者的平均年齡為 45 歲，遠較其他五大類危害精神毒品人士年長。吸食咳藥、甲基安非他明、大麻、氯胺酮及可卡因人士的平均年齡分別是 34、33、29、27 及 26 歲。

首次吸毒年齡 (表 3c)

5.8 在 2015 年，吸食海洛英者首次吸食該藥物的平均年齡為 19 歲。在六大類被呈報吸食危害精神毒品者中，首次濫用相關藥物的平均年齡以吸食三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆者最高，為 26 歲，而吸食氯胺酮者則最低，只有 18 歲。

毒齡 (表 3c)

5.9 基於被呈報吸食各類危害精神毒品人士的年紀比吸食傳統類毒品人士為輕，所以前者的毒齡均較後者為短。就 2015 年被呈報吸食甲基安非他明人士而言，其甲基安非他明毒齡中位數為 9 年；另外，吸食氯胺酮人士的氯胺酮毒齡中位數為 10 年；而吸食海洛英人士的海洛英毒齡則長達 27 年。

proportions of female abusers of cocaine, triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone, cannabis and cough medicine were 19%, 15%, 12% and 4% respectively.

5.7 In respect of the age of various categories of psychotropic substance abusers, triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone abusers, at an average age of 45 years, were much older than the other five major categories of psychotropic substance abusers. The average ages of cough medicine, methamphetamine, cannabis, ketamine and cocaine abusers were 34, 33, 29, 27 and 26 years respectively.

Age of First Abuse (Table 3c)

5.8 The average age of first abuse of heroin for heroin abusers was 19 years in 2015. Among the six major categories of reported psychotropic substance abusers, the average age of first abusing the drug for triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone abusers was the highest, at 26 years; while that for ketamine abusers was the lowest, at 18 years.

Drug History (Table 3c)

5.9 As the reported abusers of psychotropic substances are generally much younger than those of traditional drugs, the former had a shorter drug history than the latter. For the reported methamphetamine abusers, the median methamphetamine abusing history in 2015 was 9 years. The median ketamine abusing history of ketamine abusers was 10 years, while for

現時吸食毒品原因 (表 4c)

5.10 被呈報吸食海洛英者中，當時吸食海洛英的最普遍原因是「避免因沒有吸食毒品而感到不適」(佔被呈報吸食海洛英者 64%)，其次是「受到同輩朋友影響／想和同輩朋友打成一片」(45%)。對於被呈報吸食危害精神毒品者，最普遍的原因是「解悶／情緒低落／壓力」(51%)，其次是「受到同輩朋友影響／想和同輩朋友打成一片」(43%)和「避免因沒有吸食毒品而感到不適」(34%)。

居住地區 (表 3b 及 4b)

5.11 在 2015 年，較多被呈報吸食海洛英者居住在深水埗(佔被呈報吸食海洛英者 16%)、油尖旺(14%)及觀塘(10%)。對於所有被呈報吸食危害精神毒品者，較多人居住在觀塘(9%)，元朗(9%)及深水埗(8%)。再者，觀塘(10%)是最多被呈報吸食甲基安非他明者居住的地區；對於被呈報吸食氯胺酮者，北區(11%)居首位；而被呈報吸食三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆、可卡因、咳藥和大麻者，分別最多居於深水埗(15%)、元朗(13%)、大埔(13%)及油尖旺(10%)。

heroin abusers, the median heroin abusing history was much longer, at 27 years.

Reason for Current Drug Use (Table 4c)

5.10 Among the reported heroin abusers, the most common reason for the current use of heroin was “to avoid discomfort of its absence” (64% of reported heroin abusers), followed by “peer influence/to identify with peers” (45%). Among the reported psychotropic substance abusers, “relief of boredom/depression/stress” (51%) came the first while “peer influence/to identify with peers” (43%) and “to avoid discomfort of its absence” (34%) came the second and the third respectively.

District of Residence (Tables 3b and 4b)

5.11 Relatively more reported heroin abusers in 2015 resided in Sham Shui Po (16% of reported heroin abusers), Yau Tsim Mong (14%) and Kwun Tong (10%). For the reported psychotropic substance abusers as a whole, more resided in Kwun Tong (9%), Yuen Long (9%) and Sham Shui Po (8%). More specifically, Kwun Tong (10%) had the highest number of reported methamphetamine abusers. For the reported ketamine abusers, North District (11%) was on the top of the list; triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone abusers, cocaine abusers, cough medicine abusers and cannabis abusers mainly lived in Sham Shui Po (15%), Yuen Long (13%), Tai Po (13%) and Yau Tsim Mong (10%) respectively.

每月吸毒次數 (表 5.2)

5.12 吸食海洛英與三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆者一般吸食次數較頻密，每月吸食次數中位數分別為 60 次和 50 次。至於吸食其他危害精神毒品者，相應吸食次數少很多，如吸食咳藥者為 30 次、吸食亞甲二氧基甲基安非他明者為 24 次、吸食硝甲西洋者為 21 次，而吸食甲基安非他明及氯胺酮者均為 13 次。

Monthly Frequency of Abusing Drugs
(Table 5.2)

5.12 Abusers of heroin and triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone had a relatively higher frequency of abusing drugs in general, with a median monthly frequency of 60 times and 50 times respectively. The corresponding figures for abusers of other types of psychotropic substances were much lower, as for example, 30 times for cough medicine abusers; 24 times for MDMA abusers, 21 times for nimetazepam abusers and 13 times for both methamphetamine and ketamine abusers.

表 5.2 按常被吸食毒品種類劃分的 2015 年每月吸毒次數中位數
Table 5.2 Median monthly frequency of abusing drugs in 2015 by common type of drugs abused

(次數 no. of times)

常被吸食毒品種類 Common type of drugs abused	每月吸毒次數中位數 Median monthly frequency of abusing drugs
海洛英 Heroin	60
三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆 Triazolam/Midazolam/Zopiclone	50
咳藥 Cough medicine	30
亞甲二氧基甲基安非他明 MDMA	24
硝甲西洋 Nimetazepam	21
甲基安非他明 Methamphetamine	13
氯胺酮 Ketamine	13
可卡因 Cocaine	9
大麻 Cannabis	5

每月吸毒開支 (表 5.3)

5.13 被呈報吸食海洛英者的每月吸毒開支最高，於 2015 年的每月開支中位數為港幣 9,000 元。在常被吸食危害精神毒品中，吸毒者吸食三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆、可卡因、咳藥、甲基安非他明及氯胺酮的每月開支中位數較高，分別達港幣 3,400 元、3,000 元、2,250 元、2,150 元及 1,710 元，而吸食大麻的每月開支中位數則為港幣 640 元。

Monthly Expenditure of Abusing Drugs
(Table 5.3)

5.13 The reported abusers of heroin had the highest monthly expenditure of abusing drugs in general, with a median monthly expenditure of HK\$9,000 in 2015. Among the abusers of common psychotropic substances, those taking triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone, cocaine, cough medicine, methamphetamine and ketamine had a higher median monthly expenditure of HK\$3,400, HK\$3,000, HK\$2,250, HK\$2,150 and HK\$1,710 respectively while the corresponding figure for cannabis abusers was HK\$640.

表 5.3 按常被吸食毒品種類劃分的 2015 年每月吸毒開支中位數
Table 5.3 Median monthly expenditure of abusing drugs in 2015 by common type of drugs abused

(港元 HK\$)

常被吸食毒品種類 Common type of drugs abused	每月吸毒開支中位數 Median monthly expenditure of abusing drugs
海洛英 Heroin	9,000
三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆 Triazolam/Midazolam/Zopiclone	3,400
可卡因 Cocaine	3,000
咳藥 Cough medicine	2,250
甲基安非他明 Methamphetamine	2,150
氯胺酮 Ketamine	1,710
亞甲二氧基甲基安非他明 MDMA	860
硝甲西洋 Nimetazepam	860
大麻 Cannabis	640

註釋：數字進位至最接近的十位數。

Note: Figures are rounded to the nearest ten.

經濟活動身分 (表 3e)

5.14 2015 年被呈報吸食三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆、海洛英、甲基安非他明、咳藥、可卡因、大麻及氯胺酮的吸毒者中均有不少為失業人士，分別佔該些吸毒者的 61%、56%、45%、42%、33%、32% 及 27%。

吸食毒品地點 (表 3f)

5.15 對不同毒品而言，家／朋友的家於 2015 年均為最常被呈報的吸食地點，達 70% 至 84%；其次是公眾地方如休憩地方／公園／公廁。的士高／卡拉 OK 大致排第三、四位。不同毒品的吸食地點都有所不同。例如，20% 的咳藥吸食者曾於電子遊戲機中心吸毒，而 12% 的可卡因吸食者曾於咖啡店／網吧吸毒。

Economic Activity Status (Table 3e)

5.14 A significant proportion of triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone (61%), heroin (56%), methamphetamine (45%), cough medicine (42%), cocaine (33%), cannabis (32%) and ketamine (27%) abusers were unemployed in 2015.

Locality of Abusing Drugs (Table 3f)

5.15 Home/friend's home was the most popular location of abusing drugs for 70%-84% of the abusers of different drugs in 2015, followed by public areas like recreation area/public park/public toilet. Disco/karaoke generally ranked third or fourth. The locality of abusing drugs varied for different drugs. For example, 20% of cough medicine abusers took drugs in electronic game centre while 12% of cocaine abusers took drugs in coffee shop/internet café.

統計表 Tables

頁數 Page

<p>1. 按下列變量/分類劃分的 2006 至 2015 年被呈報吸毒者：</p> <p>a. 性別及年齡</p> <p>b. 首次/曾被呈報、性別及年齡</p> <p>c. 吸食毒品種類數目</p> <p>d. 年齡組別及主要吸食毒品種類</p> <p>e. 吸食毒品方法</p> <p>f. 年齡組別及吸食毒品地方</p> <p>g. 年齡組別及吸食毒品地點</p> <p>h. 年齡組別及現時吸食毒品原因</p> <p>i. 性別及首次吸食毒品年齡</p> <p>j. 年齡組別及經濟活動身分</p> <p>k. 年齡組別及教育程度</p> <p>l. 種族</p> <p>m. 性別、婚姻狀況及伴侶有否吸毒</p> <p>n. 年齡組別及居住地區</p> <p>o. 屋宇單位類型</p> <p>p. 年齡組別及曾否有犯罪紀錄</p>	<p>1. Reported drug abusers for 2006-2015 by :</p> <p>a. sex by age 49</p> <p>b. newly/previously reported by sex by age 52</p> <p>c. number of drug types taken 54</p> <p>d. age group by major type of drugs abused 55</p> <p>e. method of taking drugs 58</p> <p>f. age group by place of abusing drugs 59</p> <p>g. age group by locality of abusing drugs 60</p> <p>h. age group by reason for current drug use 62</p> <p>i. sex by age of first abuse 64</p> <p>j. age group by economic activity status 65</p> <p>k. age group by educational attainment 67</p> <p>l. ethnicity 68</p> <p>m. sex by marital status by whether partner took drugs 69</p> <p>n. age group by district of residence 70</p> <p>o. type of quarters 73</p> <p>p. age group by whether previously convicted 74</p>
<p>2. 按下列變量/分類劃分的 2015 年首次/曾被呈報吸毒者：</p> <p>a. 性別及年齡</p> <p>b. 年齡組別及常被吸食毒品種類</p> <p>c. 現時吸食毒品原因</p> <p>d. 首次吸食毒品年齡</p> <p>e. 經濟活動身分</p> <p>f. 教育程度</p> <p>g. 性別、婚姻狀況及伴侶有否吸毒</p>	<p>2. Newly/previously reported drug abusers in 2015 by :</p> <p>a. sex by age 75</p> <p>b. age group by common type of drugs abused 76</p> <p>c. reason for current drug use 78</p> <p>d. age of first abuse 79</p> <p>e. economic activity status 80</p> <p>f. educational attainment 81</p> <p>g. sex by marital status by whether partner took drugs 82</p>

		<i>頁數 Page</i>
3. 按下列變量/分類劃分的 2015 年被呈報吸食常見毒品者：	3. Reported abusers of common drug types in 2015 by :	
a. 性別及年齡	a. sex by age	83
b. 居住地區	b. district of residence	84
c. 首次吸食相關個別毒品年齡	c. age of first abusing the respective type of drugs	85
d. 吸食毒品方法	d. method of taking drugs	86
e. 經濟活動身分	e. economic activity status	87
f. 吸食毒品地點	f. locality of abusing drugs	88
4. 按下列變量/分類劃分的 2015 年被呈報吸食海洛英及危害精神毒品者：	4. Reported heroin and psychotropic substance abusers in 2015 by :	
a. 性別及年齡	a. sex by age	89
b. 居住地區	b. district of residence	90
c. 現時吸食毒品原因	c. reason for current drug use	91

表 1a 按性別及年齡劃分的2006至2015年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1a Reported drug abusers for 2006-2015 by sex by age

	人數 No. of persons									
性別／年齡 Sex/age	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
男 Male										
< 12	- (-)	@ (@)	@ (@)	@ (@)	@ (@)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)
12 - 15	251 (2.3)	387 (3.5)	404 (3.6)	359 (3.2)	224 (2.2)	165 (1.8)	110 (1.2)	65 (0.8)	41 (0.6)	28 (0.4)
16 - 17	588 (5.5)	681 (6.1)	785 (6.9)	705 (6.3)	541 (5.4)	417 (4.4)	325 (3.6)	230 (2.8)	149 (2.0)	124 (1.8)
18 - 20	926 (8.6)	1 064 (9.6)	1 209 (10.7)	1 160 (10.3)	1 094 (10.9)	839 (8.9)	708 (7.8)	528 (6.4)	392 (5.3)	329 (4.8)
< 21 小計 Sub-total	1 765 (16.5)	2 134 (19.2)	2 402 (21.2)	2 228 (19.9)	1 860 (18.6)	1 421 (15.1)	1 143 (12.7)	823 (9.9)	582 (7.9)	481 (7.0)
21 - 30	2 574 (24.0)	2 769 (24.9)	2 752 (24.3)	2 799 (24.9)	2 440 (24.4)	2 251 (23.9)	2 104 (23.3)	2 025 (24.4)	1 596 (21.6)	1 573 (23.0)
31 - 40	2 416 (22.6)	2 446 (22.0)	2 393 (21.1)	2 425 (21.6)	2 288 (22.9)	2 313 (24.5)	2 332 (25.8)	2 125 (25.6)	2 058 (27.9)	1 784 (26.1)
41 - 50	2 096 (19.6)	1 897 (17.0)	1 806 (15.9)	1 815 (16.2)	1 560 (15.6)	1 547 (16.4)	1 575 (17.4)	1 558 (18.8)	1 413 (19.1)	1 333 (19.5)
≥ 51	1 855 (17.3)	1 881 (16.9)	1 981 (17.5)	1 954 (17.4)	1 860 (18.6)	1 894 (20.1)	1 880 (20.8)	1 771 (21.3)	1 730 (23.4)	1 656 (24.3)
≥ 21 小計 Sub-total	8 941 (83.5)	8 993 (80.8)	8 932 (78.8)	8 993 (80.1)	8 148 (81.4)	8 005 (84.9)	7 891 (87.3)	7 479 (90.1)	6 797 (92.1)	6 346 (93.0)
小計 Sub-total	10 706 (100.0)	11 127 (100.0)	11 334 (100.0)	11 221 (100.0)	10 008 (100.0)	9 426 (100.0)	9 034 (100.0)	8 302 (100.0)	7 379 (100.0)	6 827 (100.0)
平均年齡 Mean age	36	35	35	35	35	36	37	38	39	40

表 1a [續]
Table 1a (Cont'd)

按性別及年齡劃分的2006至2015年被呈報吸毒者
Reported drug abusers for 2006-2015 by sex by age

	人數 No. of persons									
性別／年齡 Sex/age	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
女 Female										
< 12	- (-)	@ (@)	@ (@)	@ (@)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)
12 - 15	211 (8.3)	274 (11.1)	326 (11.2)	405 (14.6)	267 (10.6)	168 (7.8)	94 (4.5)	77 (3.9)	39 (2.3)	24 (1.4)
16 - 17	275 (10.8)	294 (11.9)	329 (11.3)	346 (12.5)	312 (12.3)	171 (8.0)	161 (7.8)	94 (4.8)	69 (4.1)	58 (3.3)
18 - 20	327 (12.8)	295 (12.0)	416 (14.3)	407 (14.7)	372 (14.7)	265 (12.3)	226 (10.9)	231 (11.8)	135 (8.0)	102 (5.8)
< 21 小計 Sub-total	813 (31.9)	865 (35.1)	1 072 (36.9)	1 160 (41.9)	951 (37.6)	604 (28.1)	481 (23.2)	402 (20.5)	243 (14.5)	184 (10.4)
21 - 30	910 (35.7)	716 (29.0)	865 (29.8)	682 (24.6)	659 (26.0)	629 (29.3)	692 (33.4)	680 (34.7)	624 (37.1)	649 (36.6)
31 - 40	531 (20.9)	565 (22.9)	625 (21.5)	580 (20.9)	588 (23.2)	554 (25.8)	565 (27.3)	518 (26.5)	450 (26.8)	505 (28.5)
41 - 50	202 (7.9)	226 (9.2)	233 (8.0)	239 (8.6)	220 (8.7)	248 (11.6)	217 (10.5)	259 (13.2)	258 (15.4)	320 (18.1)
≥ 51	90 (3.5)	94 (3.8)	112 (3.9)	108 (3.9)	112 (4.4)	111 (5.2)	117 (5.6)	99 (5.1)	105 (6.3)	113 (6.4)
≥ 21 小計 Sub-total	1 733 (68.1)	1 601 (64.9)	1 835 (63.1)	1 609 (58.1)	1 579 (62.4)	1 542 (71.9)	1 591 (76.8)	1 556 (79.5)	1 437 (85.5)	1 587 (89.6)
小計 Sub-total	2 546 (100.0)	2 466 (100.0)	2 907 (100.0)	2 769 (100.0)	2 530 (100.0)	2 146 (100.0)	2 072 (100.0)	1 958 (100.0)	1 680 (100.0)	1 771 (100.0)
平均年齡 Mean age	27	28	27	26	27	29	30	30	32	33

表 1a [續]
Table 1a (Cont'd)

按性別及年齡劃分的2006至2015年被呈報吸毒者
Reported drug abusers for 2006-2015 by sex by age

	人數 No. of persons									
性別／年齡 Sex/age	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
合計 Overall										
< 12	- (-)	@ (@)	@ (@)	6 (*)	@ (@)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)
12 - 15	462 (3.5)	661 (4.9)	730 (5.1)	764 (5.5)	491 (3.9)	333 (2.9)	204 (1.8)	142 (1.4)	80 (0.9)	52 (0.6)
16 - 17	863 (6.5)	975 (7.2)	1 114 (7.8)	1 051 (7.5)	853 (6.8)	588 (5.1)	486 (4.4)	324 (3.2)	218 (2.4)	182 (2.1)
18 - 20	1 253 (9.5)	1 359 (10.0)	1 625 (11.4)	1 567 (11.2)	1 466 (11.7)	1 104 (9.5)	934 (8.4)	759 (7.4)	527 (5.8)	431 (5.0)
< 21 小計 Sub-total	2 578 (19.5)	2 999 (22.1)	3 474 (24.4)	3 388 (24.2)	2 811 (22.4)	2 025 (17.5)	1 624 (14.6)	1 225 (11.9)	825 (9.1)	665 (7.7)
21 - 30	3 484 (26.3)	3 485 (25.6)	3 617 (25.4)	3 481 (24.9)	3 099 (24.7)	2 880 (24.9)	2 796 (25.2)	2 705 (26.4)	2 220 (24.5)	2 222 (25.8)
31 - 40	2 947 (22.2)	3 011 (22.2)	3 018 (21.2)	3 005 (21.5)	2 876 (22.9)	2 867 (24.8)	2 897 (26.1)	2 643 (25.8)	2 508 (27.7)	2 289 (26.6)
41 - 50	2 298 (17.3)	2 123 (15.6)	2 039 (14.3)	2 054 (14.7)	1 780 (14.2)	1 795 (15.5)	1 792 (16.1)	1 817 (17.7)	1 671 (18.4)	1 653 (19.2)
≥ 51	1 945 (14.7)	1 975 (14.5)	2 093 (14.7)	2 062 (14.7)	1 972 (15.7)	2 005 (17.3)	1 997 (18.0)	1 870 (18.2)	1 835 (20.3)	1 769 (20.6)
≥ 21 小計 Sub-total	10 674 (80.5)	10 594 (77.9)	10 767 (75.6)	10 602 (75.8)	9 727 (77.6)	9 547 (82.5)	9 482 (85.4)	9 035 (88.1)	8 234 (90.9)	7 933 (92.3)
總計 Total	13 252 (100.0)	13 593 (100.0)	14 241 (100.0)	13 990 (100.0)	12 538 (100.0)	11 572 (100.0)	11 106 (100.0)	10 260 (100.0)	9 059 (100.0)	8 598 (100.0)
平均年齡 Mean age										
所有被呈報吸毒者 All reported drug abusers	34	34	33	33	34	35	36	37	38	38
21歲以下被呈報吸毒者 Reported drug abusers under 21	17	17	17	17	17	18	18	18	18	18

註釋：括弧內的數字顯示佔各相關性別組別內所有被呈報吸毒者的百分比。

Note: Figures in brackets refer to the proportions of all reported drug abusers in the respective sex groups.

表 1b 按首次／曾被呈報、性別及年齡劃分的2006至2015年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1b Reported drug abusers for 2006-2015 by newly/previously reported by sex by age

	人數 No. of persons									
性別／年齡 Sex/age	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
首次被呈報 Newly reported										
男 Male										
< 16	198	346	337	296	183	152	101	53	31	22
16 - 20	1 022	1 217	1 316	1 143	962	689	603	437	316	279
< 21 小計 Sub-total	1 220	1 563	1 653	1 439	1 145	841	704	490	347	301
21 - 30	741	983	1 066	1 100	970	923	784	739	569	613
31 - 40	316	350	310	385	371	395	433	395	356	372
41 - 50	98	94	96	171	126	136	150	181	131	133
≥ 51	25	40	27	42	40	65	36	32	45	47
≥ 21 小計 Sub-total	1 180	1 467	1 499	1 698	1 507	1 519	1 403	1 347	1 101	1 165
小計 Sub-total	2 400	3 030	3 152	3 137	2 652	2 360	2 107	1 837	1 448	1 466
平均年齡 Mean age	23	23	23	24	24	26	27	28	29	29
女 Female										
< 16	174	231	262	347	216	141	84	64	30	22
16 - 20	379	390	524	467	449	264	233	192	116	82
< 21 小計 Sub-total	553	621	786	814	665	405	317	256	146	104
21 - 30	385	328	449	321	298	308	353	336	296	280
31 - 40	127	146	173	130	126	121	121	144	119	155
41 - 50	36	41	48	46	46	46	40	48	54	81
≥ 51	16	14	17	12	24	28	14	16	15	17
≥ 21 小計 Sub-total	564	529	687	509	494	503	528	544	484	533
小計 Sub-total	1 117	1 150	1 473	1 323	1 159	908	845	800	630	637
平均年齡 Mean age	23	23	23	21	22	25	25	26	28	30
合計 Overall										
< 16	372	577	599	643	399	293	185	117	61	44
16 - 20	1 401	1 607	1 840	1 610	1 411	953	836	629	432	361
< 21 小計 Sub-total	1 773	2 184	2 439	2 253	1 810	1 246	1 021	746	493	405
21 - 30	1 126	1 311	1 515	1 421	1 268	1 231	1 137	1 075	865	893
31 - 40	443	496	483	515	497	516	554	539	475	527
41 - 50	134	135	144	217	172	182	190	229	185	214
≥ 51	41	54	44	54	64	93	50	48	60	64
≥ 21 小計 Sub-total	1 744	1 996	2 186	2 207	2 001	2 022	1 931	1 891	1 585	1 698
總計 Total	3 517	4 180	4 625	4 460	3 811	3 268	2 952	2 637	2 078	2 103
平均年齡 Mean age	23	23	23	23	24	25	26	27	28	29

表 1b [續]

按首次／曾被呈報、性別及年齡劃分的2006至2015年
被呈報吸毒者

Table 1b (Cont'd)

Reported drug abusers for 2006-2015 by newly/previously
reported by sex by age

	人數 No. of persons									
性別／年齡 Sex/age	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
曾被呈報 Previously reported										
男 Male										
< 16	53	43	71	67	42	13	9	12	10	6
16 - 20	492	528	678	722	673	567	430	321	225	174
< 21 小計 Sub-total	545	571	749	789	715	580	439	333	235	180
21 - 30	1 833	1 786	1 686	1 699	1 470	1 328	1 320	1 286	1 027	960
31 - 40	2 100	2 096	2 083	2 040	1 917	1 918	1 899	1 730	1 702	1 412
41 - 50	1 998	1 803	1 710	1 644	1 434	1 411	1 425	1 377	1 282	1 200
≥ 51	1 830	1 841	1 954	1 912	1 820	1 829	1 844	1 739	1 685	1 609
≥ 21 小計 Sub-total	7 761	7 526	7 433	7 295	6 641	6 486	6 488	6 132	5 696	5 181
小計 Sub-total	8 306	8 097	8 182	8 084	7 356	7 066	6 927	6 465	5 931	5 361
平均年齡 Mean age	39	39	39	39	39	40	41	41	42	43
女 Female										
< 16	37	45	65	60	51	27	10	13	9	@
16 - 20	223	199	221	286	235	172	154	133	88	78
< 21 小計 Sub-total	260	244	286	346	286	199	164	146	97	80
21 - 30	525	388	416	361	361	321	339	344	328	369
31 - 40	404	419	452	450	462	433	444	374	331	350
41 - 50	166	185	185	193	174	202	177	211	204	239
≥ 51	74	80	95	96	88	83	103	83	90	96
≥ 21 小計 Sub-total	1 169	1 072	1 148	1 100	1 085	1 039	1 063	1 012	953	1 054
小計 Sub-total	1 429	1 316	1 434	1 446	1 371	1 238	1 227	1 158	1 050	1 134
平均年齡 Mean age	31	32	31	31	31	33	33	33	34	35
合計 Overall										
< 16	90	88	136	127	93	40	19	25	19	8
16 - 20	715	727	899	1 008	908	739	584	454	313	252
< 21 小計 Sub-total	805	815	1 035	1 135	1 001	779	603	479	332	260
21 - 30	2 358	2 174	2 102	2 060	1 831	1 649	1 659	1 630	1 355	1 329
31 - 40	2 504	2 515	2 535	2 490	2 379	2 351	2 343	2 104	2 033	1 762
41 - 50	2 164	1 988	1 895	1 837	1 608	1 613	1 602	1 588	1 486	1 439
≥ 51	1 904	1 921	2 049	2 008	1 908	1 912	1 947	1 822	1 775	1 705
≥ 21 小計 Sub-total	8 930	8 598	8 581	8 395	7 726	7 525	7 551	7 144	6 649	6 235
總計 Total	9 735	9 413	9 616	9 530	8 727	8 304	8 154	7 623	6 981	6 495
平均年齡 Mean age	38	38	38	38	38	39	40	40	41	41

表 1c 按吸食毒品種類數目劃分的2006至2015年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1c Reported drug abusers for 2006-2015 by number of drug types taken

	人數 No. of persons									
吸食毒品種類數目 Number of drug types taken	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
吸食一種毒品 One drug type taken	8 972	9 941	10 939	10 888	9 670	9 028	8 593	7 924	6 924	6 551
佔所有被呈報吸毒者的百分比 [#] % of all reported drug abusers [#]	68.1	73.6	77.0	78.2	77.4	78.5	77.7	77.8	77.3	76.8
吸食兩種毒品 Two drug types taken	3 274	2 826	2 562	2 459	2 283	2 071	2 073	1 962	1 689	1 620
佔所有被呈報吸毒者的百分比 [#] % of all reported drug abusers [#]	24.9	20.9	18.0	17.7	18.3	18.0	18.7	19.3	18.9	19.0
吸食三種毒品 Three drug types taken	640	521	505	451	381	296	305	244	273	292
佔所有被呈報吸毒者的百分比 [#] % of all reported drug abusers [#]	4.9	3.9	3.6	3.2	3.1	2.6	2.8	2.4	3.0	3.4
吸食多過三種毒品 More than three drug types taken	288	218	207	133	154	107	90	50	68	67
佔所有被呈報吸毒者的百分比 [#] % of all reported drug abusers [#]	2.2	1.6	1.5	1.0	1.2	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.8	0.8

註釋：# 佔所有被呈報吸食毒品種類的吸毒者的百分比。

Note: As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known drugs abused.

表 1d 按年齡組別及主要吸食毒品種類劃分的2006至2015年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1d Reported drug abusers for 2006-2015 by age group by major type of drugs abused

	人數 No. of persons									
年齡組別／主要吸食毒品種類 Age group/major type of drugs abused	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
21歲以下 Aged under 21										
麻醉鎮痛劑 Narcotics analgesics	53 (2.1)	62 (2.1)	62 (1.8)	79 (2.3)	79 (2.8)	74 (3.7)	76 (4.8)	50 (4.2)	42 (5.2)	40 (6.1)
海洛英 Heroin	51 (2.0)	62 (2.1)	62 (1.8)	78 (2.3)	77 (2.8)	74 (3.7)	76 (4.8)	50 (4.2)	42 (5.2)	39 (5.9)
菲仕通／美沙酮 Physeptone/Methadone	- (-)	- (-)	@ (@)	@ (@)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)
危害精神毒品 Psychotropic substances	2 525 (99.0)	2 948 (99.0)	3 424 (98.8)	3 326 (98.9)	2 752 (98.3)	1 950 (97.5)	1 538 (96.6)	1 154 (96.6)	772 (95.9)	630 (95.6)
甲基安非他明 Methamphetamine	264 (10.3)	407 (13.7)	516 (14.9)	563 (16.7)	613 (21.9)	534 (26.7)	479 (30.1)	376 (31.5)	310 (38.5)	270 (41.0)
氯胺酮 Ketamine	1 876 (73.5)	2 392 (80.3)	2 962 (85.5)	2 834 (84.3)	2 241 (80.1)	1 411 (70.6)	973 (61.1)	628 (52.6)	375 (46.6)	254 (38.5)
三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆 Triazolam/Midazolam/Zopiclone	67 (2.6)	52 (1.7)	36 (1.0)	43 (1.3)	23 (0.8)	13 (0.7)	21 (1.3)	9 (0.8)	@ (@)	@ (@)
可卡因 Cocaine	170 (6.7)	356 (12.0)	326 (9.4)	221 (6.6)	429 (15.3)	402 (20.1)	378 (23.7)	360 (30.1)	198 (24.6)	181 (27.5)
大麻 Cannabis	475 (18.6)	363 (12.2)	312 (9.0)	250 (7.4)	224 (8.0)	144 (7.2)	138 (8.7)	83 (6.9)	85 (10.6)	74 (11.2)
咳藥 Cough medicine	178 (7.0)	132 (4.4)	107 (3.1)	126 (3.7)	76 (2.7)	79 (4.0)	64 (4.0)	43 (3.6)	23 (2.9)	17 (2.6)
亞甲二氧基甲基安非他明 MDMA	1 088 (42.6)	631 (21.2)	540 (15.6)	401 (11.9)	161 (5.8)	58 (2.9)	29 (1.8)	9 (0.8)	@ (@)	@ (@)
硝甲西洋 Nimetazepam	343 (13.4)	273 (9.2)	227 (6.6)	184 (5.5)	145 (5.2)	60 (3.0)	38 (2.4)	9 (0.8)	6 (0.7)	@ (@)
小計 Sub-total	2 551	2 979	3 464	3 362	2 799	1 999	1 592	1 195	805	659

表 1d [續]

按年齡組別及主要吸食毒品種類劃分的2006至2015年被呈報
吸毒者

Table 1d (Cont'd)

Reported drug abusers for 2006-2015 by age group by major
type of drugs abused

人數 No. of persons										
年齡組別／主要吸食毒品種類 Age group/major type of drugs abused	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
21歲及以上 Aged 21 & over										
麻醉鎮痛劑 Narcotics analgesics	8 090 (76.2)	7 366 (70.0)	7 203 (67.0)	6 840 (64.7)	6 132 (63.3)	5 878 (61.9)	5 777 (61.0)	5 079 (56.5)	4 564 (56.0)	4 361 (55.4)
海洛英 Heroin	8 067 (75.9)	7 358 (69.9)	7 186 (66.9)	6 825 (64.6)	6 123 (63.2)	5 877 (61.8)	5 771 (60.9)	5 077 (56.5)	4 562 (56.0)	4 359 (55.4)
菲仕通／美沙酮 Physeptone/Methadone	52 (0.5)	41 (0.4)	46 (0.4)	46 (0.4)	34 (0.4)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	@ (@)	@ (@)
危害精神毒品 Psychotropic substances	4 877 (45.9)	4 961 (47.1)	4 959 (46.1)	5 179 (49.0)	4 918 (50.8)	4 954 (52.1)	5 105 (53.9)	5 167 (57.5)	4 765 (58.5)	4 730 (60.1)
甲基安非他明 Methamphetamine	592 (5.6)	705 (6.7)	858 (8.0)	839 (7.9)	987 (10.2)	1 015 (10.7)	1 204 (12.7)	1 487 (16.5)	1 751 (21.5)	1 925 (24.5)
氯胺酮 Ketamine	1 204 (11.3)	1 667 (15.8)	2 137 (19.9)	2 446 (23.1)	2 315 (23.9)	2 231 (23.5)	2 333 (24.6)	2 302 (25.6)	1 841 (22.6)	1 720 (21.9)
三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆 Triazolam/Midazolam/Zopiclone	2 160 (20.3)	1 783 (16.9)	1 324 (12.3)	1 354 (12.8)	1 224 (12.6)	1 207 (12.7)	1 243 (13.1)	1 121 (12.5)	1 018 (12.5)	970 (12.3)
可卡因 Cocaine	188 (1.8)	360 (3.4)	374 (3.5)	300 (2.8)	347 (3.6)	466 (4.9)	471 (5.0)	525 (5.8)	459 (5.6)	425 (5.4)
大麻 Cannabis	501 (4.7)	425 (4.0)	451 (4.2)	370 (3.5)	295 (3.0)	257 (2.7)	212 (2.2)	223 (2.5)	268 (3.3)	269 (3.4)
咳藥 Cough medicine	577 (5.4)	469 (4.5)	460 (4.3)	549 (5.2)	449 (4.6)	451 (4.7)	420 (4.4)	375 (4.2)	363 (4.5)	318 (4.0)
亞甲二氧基甲基安非他明 MDMA	441 (4.2)	285 (2.7)	261 (2.4)	117 (1.1)	92 (0.9)	60 (0.6)	40 (0.4)	44 (0.5)	36 (0.4)	49 (0.6)
硝甲西洋 Nimetazepam	116 (1.1)	108 (1.0)	83 (0.8)	88 (0.8)	101 (1.0)	50 (0.5)	47 (0.5)	16 (0.2)	28 (0.3)	28 (0.4)
小計 Sub-total	10 623	10 527	10 749	10 569	9 689	9 503	9 469	8 985	8 149	7 871

表 1d [續]

按年齡組別及主要吸食毒品種類劃分的2006至2015年被呈報
吸毒者

Table 1d (Cont'd)

Reported drug abusers for 2006-2015 by age group by major
type of drugs abused

人數 No. of persons										
年齡組別／主要吸食毒品種類 Age group/major type of drugs abused	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
所有年齡 All ages										
麻醉鎮痛劑 Narcotics analgesics	8 143 (61.8)	7 428 (55.0)	7 265 (51.1)	6 919 (49.7)	6 211 (49.7)	5 952 (51.7)	5 853 (52.9)	5 129 (50.4)	4 606 (51.4)	4 401 (51.6)
海洛英 Heroin	8 118 (61.6)	7 420 (54.9)	7 248 (51.0)	6 903 (49.6)	6 200 (49.6)	5 951 (51.7)	5 847 (52.9)	5 127 (50.4)	4 604 (51.4)	4 398 (51.6)
菲仕通／美沙酮 Physeptone/Methadone	52 (0.4)	41 (0.3)	47 (0.3)	47 (0.3)	34 (0.3)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	@ (@)	@ (@)
危害精神毒品 Psychotropic substances	7 402 (56.2)	7 909 (58.6)	8 383 (59.0)	8 505 (61.1)	7 670 (61.4)	6 904 (60.0)	6 643 (60.1)	6 321 (62.1)	5 537 (61.8)	5 360 (62.8)
甲基安非他命 Methamphetamine	856 (6.5)	1 112 (8.2)	1 374 (9.7)	1 402 (10.1)	1 600 (12.8)	1 549 (13.5)	1 683 (15.2)	1 863 (18.3)	2 061 (23.0)	2 195 (25.7)
氯胺酮 Ketamine	3 080 (23.4)	4 059 (30.1)	5 099 (35.9)	5 280 (37.9)	4 556 (36.5)	3 642 (31.7)	3 306 (29.9)	2 930 (28.8)	2 216 (24.7)	1 974 (23.1)
三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆 Triazolam/Midazolam/Zopiclone	2 227 (16.9)	1 835 (13.6)	1 360 (9.6)	1 397 (10.0)	1 247 (10.0)	1 220 (10.6)	1 264 (11.4)	1 130 (11.1)	1 020 (11.4)	973 (11.4)
可卡因 Cocaine	358 (2.7)	716 (5.3)	700 (4.9)	521 (3.7)	776 (6.2)	868 (7.5)	849 (7.7)	885 (8.7)	657 (7.3)	606 (7.1)
大麻 Cannabis	976 (7.4)	788 (5.8)	763 (5.4)	620 (4.5)	519 (4.2)	401 (3.5)	350 (3.2)	306 (3.0)	353 (3.9)	343 (4.0)
咳藥 Cough medicine	755 (5.7)	601 (4.4)	567 (4.0)	675 (4.8)	525 (4.2)	530 (4.6)	484 (4.4)	418 (4.1)	386 (4.3)	335 (3.9)
亞甲二氧基甲基安非他命 MDMA	1 529 (11.6)	916 (6.8)	801 (5.6)	518 (3.7)	253 (2.0)	118 (1.0)	69 (0.6)	53 (0.5)	38 (0.4)	54 (0.6)
硝甲西洋 Nimetazepam	459 (3.5)	381 (2.8)	310 (2.2)	272 (2.0)	246 (2.0)	110 (1.0)	85 (0.8)	25 (0.2)	34 (0.4)	32 (0.4)
總計 Total	13 174	13 506	14 213	13 931	12 488	11 502	11 061	10 180	8 954	8 530

註釋：(1) 個別被呈報吸毒者在某年內可被呈報吸食多於一種毒品。

Notes: More than one type of drugs abused may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

(2) 括弧內的數字顯示佔各相關年齡組別內所有被呈報吸食毒品種類的吸毒者的百分比。

Figures in brackets refer to the proportions of all reported drug abusers with known drugs abused in the respective age groups.

表 1e 按吸食毒品方法劃分的2006至2015年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1e Reported drug abusers for 2006-2015 by method of taking drugs

	%#									
吸食毒品方法 Method of taking drugs	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
注射 Injection	37.1	32.8	27.2	24.7	23.7	23.3	22.5	20.8	21.3	22.6
吸入煙霧 Fume inhaling	29.8	31.5	33.7	36.2	39.8	41.0	43.3	46.1	47.4	49.1
以香煙或煙管吸食 Smoking	21.8	19.3	15.0	16.5	15.8	18.5	19.1	18.2	19.9	14.6
鼻吸 Sniffing	19.7	26.6	34.9	36.5	36.8	32.7	32.0	31.3	27.1	25.2
口服 Oral ingestion	25.9	19.4	18.1	16.5	13.9	12.7	11.5	10.2	10.7	10.8

註釋：(1) 個別被呈報吸毒者在某年內可被呈報多於一種吸食毒品的的方法。

Notes: More than one kind of method of taking drugs may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

(2) # 佔所有被呈報吸食毒品方法的吸毒者的百分比。

As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known methods of taking drugs.

表 1f 按年齡組別及吸食毒品地方劃分的2006至2015年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1f Reported drug abusers for 2006-2015 by age group by place of abusing drugs

人數 No. of persons										
年齡組別／吸食毒品地方 Age group/place of abusing drugs	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
21歲以下 Aged under 21										
香港特別行政區 Hong Kong SAR	1 957 (90.8)	2 709 (95.2)	3 336 (97.3)	3 199 (96.6)	2 674 (97.6)	1 894 (98.0)	1 531 (98.6)	1 156 (98.7)	776 (99.1)	636 (98.0)
中國內地 Mainland China	545 (25.3)	505 (17.8)	438 (12.8)	426 (12.9)	242 (8.8)	103 (5.3)	66 (4.2)	45 (3.8)	19 (2.4)	19 (2.9)
其他地方 Other places	26 (1.2)	23 (0.8)	29 (0.8)	18 (0.5)	11 (0.4)	13 (0.7)	6 (0.4)	11 (0.9)	8 (1.0)	@ (@)
21歲及以上 Aged 21 & over										
香港特別行政區 Hong Kong SAR	9 792 (97.5)	9 908 (96.6)	10 236 (97.4)	10 003 (95.3)	9 231 (95.9)	9 043 (96.1)	9 167 (98.0)	8 734 (98.4)	7 928 (98.0)	7 643 (98.4)
中國內地 Mainland China	827 (8.2)	963 (9.4)	793 (7.5)	1 074 (10.2)	888 (9.2)	773 (8.2)	566 (6.1)	461 (5.2)	471 (5.8)	370 (4.8)
其他地方 Other places	176 (1.8)	145 (1.4)	139 (1.3)	109 (1.0)	58 (0.6)	76 (0.8)	69 (0.7)	76 (0.9)	71 (0.9)	107 (1.4)
所有年齡 All ages										
香港特別行政區 Hong Kong SAR	11 749 (96.3)	12 617 (96.3)	13 572 (97.4)	13 202 (95.6)	11 905 (96.2)	10 937 (96.4)	10 698 (98.1)	9 890 (98.4)	8 704 (98.1)	8 279 (98.3)
中國內地 Mainland China	1 372 (11.2)	1 468 (11.2)	1 231 (8.8)	1 500 (10.9)	1 130 (9.1)	876 (7.7)	632 (5.8)	506 (5.0)	490 (5.5)	389 (4.6)
其他地方 Other places	202 (1.7)	168 (1.3)	168 (1.2)	127 (0.9)	69 (0.6)	89 (0.8)	75 (0.7)	87 (0.9)	79 (0.9)	112 (1.3)

註釋：(1) 個別被呈報吸毒者在某年內可被呈報多於一個吸食毒品地方。

Notes: More than one place of abusing drugs may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

(2) 括弧內的數字顯示佔各相關年齡組別內所有被呈報吸食毒品地方的吸毒者的百分比。

Figures in brackets refer to the proportions of all reported drug abusers with known places of abusing drugs in the respective age groups.

表 1g 按年齡組別及吸食毒品地點劃分的2006至2015年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1g Reported drug abusers for 2006-2015 by age group by locality of abusing drugs

	%#									
年齡組別／吸食毒品地點 Age group/locality of abusing drugs	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
21歲以下 Aged under 21										
只在家／朋友的家 Home/friend's home only	13.2	21.2	25.5	27.0	36.0	41.5	44.8	50.1	53.3	57.6
在家／朋友的家及其他地點 Home/friend's home and other localities	32.1	38.6	42.2	44.0	39.1	33.1	32.2	30.2	28.6	22.8
只在其他地點 Other localities only	54.7	40.2	32.2	29.0	24.9	25.4	23.1	19.7	18.1	19.5
<i>其他地點 Other localities</i>										
公眾地方如休憩地方／公園／公廁 Public area like recreation area/public park/public toilet	26.5	38.8	41.3	43.3	36.2	33.7	32.3	27.3	27.2	23.9
的士高／卡拉OK Disco/karaoke	63.8	40.8	33.5	29.2	23.3	15.5	13.9	10.4	6.6	8.2
會所／大廈／酒店／酒吧內舉行的派對場合 Party gathering in club house/building/hotel/bar	6.0	7.4	7.0	7.6	9.4	8.3	8.2	6.0	5.4	8.8
會所／大廈／酒店／酒吧內舉行的非派對場合 Non-party gathering in club house/building/hotel/bar	5.8	6.2	6.7	9.6	8.1	7.3	8.9	7.9	8.3	4.7
出租屋／渡假屋／出租地方 Apartment/bungalow/rental area	2.4	3.8	2.5	4.6	3.6	2.6	3.1	3.1	3.4	3.1
咖啡店／網吧 Coffee shop/internet café	6.6	4.8	5.3	6.3	6.4	6.7	6.1	5.3	5.8	4.4
電子遊戲機中心 Electronic game centre	9.2	9.1	8.0	6.7	5.3	6.8	6.6	5.5	6.9	3.3
學校(包括學校宿舍) School (include school hostel)	1.1	2.1	1.5	2.0	1.4	1.3	0.5	0.6	0.4	-
21歲及以上 Aged 21 & over										
只在家／朋友的家 Home/friend's home only	43.6	45.9	48.4	46.4	48.1	50.2	51.6	51.9	53.6	56.3
在家／朋友的家及其他地點 Home/friend's home and other localities	31.5	30.8	31.1	32.0	32.9	30.9	30.4	29.0	26.2	24.4
只在其他地點 Other localities only	24.9	23.4	20.4	21.5	19.0	18.9	18.0	19.1	20.2	19.4
<i>其他地點 Other localities</i>										
公眾地方如休憩地方／公園／公廁 Public area like recreation area/ public park/ public toilet	39.7	36.3	34.8	37.5	38.5	37.1	36.4	37.4	36.6	34.8
的士高／卡拉OK Disco/karaoke	8.8	11.4	11.6	13.4	10.9	7.9	6.3	5.4	4.0	3.5
會所／大廈／酒店／酒吧內舉行的派對場合 Party gathering in club house/building/hotel/bar	5.6	5.2	3.5	4.8	3.2	3.5	3.4	3.1	2.7	2.1
會所／大廈／酒店／酒吧內舉行的非派對場合 Non-party gathering in club house/building/hotel/bar	3.7	3.5	2.8	2.5	3.6	3.6	4.4	4.2	3.5	2.4
出租屋／渡假屋／出租地方 Apartment/bungalow/rental area	2.7	3.3	2.3	2.0	2.3	2.5	2.0	1.7	1.7	2.2
咖啡店／網吧 Coffee shop/internet café	0.8	1.5	2.1	2.5	3.0	2.8	2.9	2.2	1.8	2.1
電子遊戲機中心 Electronic game centre	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	3.3	2.8	2.0	1.7	1.3	1.4

表 1g [續] 按年齡組別及吸食毒品地點劃分的2006至2015年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1g (Cont'd) Reported drug abusers for 2006-2015 by age group by locality of abusing drugs

年齡組別／吸食毒品地點 Age group/locality of abusing drugs	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
所有年齡 All ages										
只在家／朋友的家 Home/friend's home only	38.2	40.5	42.9	41.8	45.3	48.7	50.6	51.7	53.6	56.4
在家／朋友的家及其他地點 Home/friend's home and other localities	31.6	32.5	33.8	34.9	34.3	31.3	30.7	29.2	26.5	24.3
只在其他地點 Other localities only	30.2	27.0	23.3	23.3	20.4	20.0	18.7	19.1	20.0	19.4
<i>其他地點 Other localities</i>										
公眾地方如休憩地方／公園／公廁 Public area like recreation area/public park/public toilet	37.3	36.8	36.4	38.9	38.0	36.5	35.9	36.2	35.7	34.0
的士高／卡拉OK Disco/karaoke	18.6	17.8	17.0	17.2	13.7	9.2	7.4	6.0	4.3	3.9
會所／大廈／酒店／酒吧內舉行的派對場合 Party gathering in club house/building/hotel/bar	5.7	5.7	4.4	5.5	4.6	4.3	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.6
會所／大廈／酒店／酒吧內舉行的非派對場合 Non-party gathering in club house/building/hotel/bar	4.1	4.1	3.7	4.2	4.6	4.2	5.0	4.6	3.9	2.6
出租屋／渡假屋／出租地方 Apartment/bungalow/rental area	2.7	3.4	2.3	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.1	1.8	1.9	2.3
咖啡店／網吧 Coffee shop/internet café	1.9	2.2	2.9	3.4	3.8	3.5	3.4	2.6	2.1	2.2
電子遊戲機中心 Electronic game centre	4.0	4.1	4.1	3.7	3.7	3.5	2.6	2.1	1.8	1.5
學校(包括學校宿舍) School (include school hostel)	0.2	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	*	-

註釋：(1) 個別被呈報吸毒者在某年內可被呈報多於一個吸食毒品地點。

Notes: More than one locality of abusing drugs may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

(2) # 佔各相關年齡組別內所有被呈報吸食毒品地點的吸毒者的百分比。

As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known localities of abusing drugs in the respective age groups.

表 1h 按年齡組別及現時吸食毒品原因劃分的2006至2015年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1h Reported drug abusers for 2006-2015 by age group by reason for current drug use

年齡組別 / 現時吸食毒品原因 Age group / reason for current drug use	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
<i>%[#]</i>										
21歲以下 Aged under 21										
避免因沒有吸食毒品而感到不適 To avoid discomfort of its absence	8.9	12.7	16.3	15.3	16.4	18.7	24.0	21.8	21.5	17.7
解悶／情緒低落／壓力 Relief of boredom/depression/stress	41.3	41.3	44.2	51.2	48.7	44.5	46.2	46.7	47.5	47.7
受到同輩朋友影響／想和同輩朋友打成一片 Peer influence/To identify with peers	64.9	58.8	64.2	68.0	62.4	59.1	58.2	55.9	55.2	45.1
出於好奇 Curiosity	41.1	42.7	45.1	43.0	38.6	36.5	38.6	32.9	31.5	36.9
尋求快感或官能上的滿足 To seek euphoria or sensory satisfaction	42.4	37.4	33.9	33.6	29.5	27.7	24.7	23.3	20.4	21.6
自行治理疾病 For self-medication	1.3	1.2	1.6	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.7	2.3	1.8	2.6
受到伴侶影響 Under influence of the partner	4.6	4.2	5.4	5.6	4.8	5.0	4.5	5.9	4.7	5.3
其他原因 Other reasons	1.1	0.7	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	-	-	-	-
21歲及以上 Aged 21 & over										
避免因沒有吸食毒品而感到不適 To avoid discomfort of its absence	43.3	41.6	40.9	42.1	46.9	45.0	44.4	43.2	42.2	48.4
解悶／情緒低落／壓力 Relief of boredom/depression/stress	39.7	40.5	44.4	48.1	47.5	49.8	50.5	49.2	46.4	44.5
受到同輩朋友影響／想和同輩朋友打成一片 Peer influence/To identify with peers	44.0	43.7	45.7	48.8	49.0	47.4	46.8	47.0	43.9	40.9
出於好奇 Curiosity	32.7	33.9	31.3	27.5	23.4	22.2	21.9	21.2	19.2	19.0
尋求快感或官能上的滿足 To seek euphoria or sensory satisfaction	17.6	21.5	22.0	23.1	21.1	20.2	22.5	20.9	14.9	15.1
自行治理疾病 For self-medication	5.7	5.3	4.8	5.8	5.7	6.9	6.5	5.6	4.9	4.2
受到伴侶影響 Under influence of the partner	2.1	2.6	2.9	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.1	2.3
其他原因 Other reasons	0.3	0.4	0.2	*	0.1	0.1	*	-	*	-

表 1h [續]

按年齡組別及現時吸食毒品原因劃分的2006至2015年
被呈報吸毒者

Table 1h (Cont'd)

Reported drug abusers for 2006-2015 by age group by reason
for current drug use

年齡組別／現時吸食毒品原因 Age group/reason for current drug use											% [#]
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	
所有年齡 All ages											
避免因沒有吸食毒品而感到不適 To avoid discomfort of its absence	36.6	35.1	34.9	35.6	40.1	40.5	41.5	40.7	40.4	46.1	
解悶／情緒低落／壓力 Relief of boredom/depression/stress	40.0	40.7	44.3	48.8	47.7	48.9	49.9	48.9	46.5	44.7	
受到同輩朋友影響／想和同輩朋友打成一片 Peer influence/To identify with peers	48.0	47.1	50.3	53.4	52.0	49.5	48.4	48.0	44.9	41.2	
出於好奇 Curiosity	34.4	35.9	34.7	31.2	26.8	24.6	24.3	22.5	20.3	20.4	
尋求快感或官能上的滿足 To seek euphoria or sensory satisfaction	22.4	25.1	25.0	25.7	23.0	21.5	22.9	21.2	15.4	15.6	
自行治理疾病 For self-medication	4.8	4.4	4.0	4.9	4.8	6.1	5.9	5.2	4.6	4.1	
受到伴侶影響 Under influence of the partner	2.6	2.9	3.6	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.4	2.5	
其他原因 Other reasons	0.4	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	-	*	-	

註釋：(1) 個別被呈報吸毒者在某年內可被呈報多於一個現時吸食毒品原因。

Notes: More than one reason for current drug use may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

(2) # 佔各相關年齡組別內所有被呈報現時吸食毒品原因的吸毒者的百分比。

As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known reasons for current drug use in the respective age groups.

表 1i 按性別及首次吸食毒品年齡劃分的2006至2015年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1i Reported drug abusers for 2006-2015 by sex by age of first abuse

	%#									
性別／首次吸食毒品年齡 Sex/age of first abuse	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
男 Male										
< 12	3.4	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.2	2.9
12 - 15	33.7	33.6	35.0	35.9	37.3	36.6	36.5	35.7	35.3	35.1
16 - 17	20.6	20.0	21.3	20.1	20.0	20.4	18.9	19.4	18.9	18.8
18 - 20	22.1	23.3	22.3	22.5	22.1	21.5	22.8	22.8	23.0	23.6
21 - 25	11.8	11.8	10.9	10.9	10.1	10.0	9.9	9.8	10.3	10.0
26 - 30	4.9	4.9	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.8	5.0	4.9	5.0	5.0
≥ 31	3.5	3.4	2.9	3.1	3.0	3.6	3.8	4.3	4.4	4.6
小計 Sub-total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
首次吸食毒品平均年齡 Mean age of first abuse	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
女 Female										
< 12	1.6	2.0	1.7	2.2	2.7	2.3	2.1	1.9	1.7	1.7
12 - 15	33.1	36.4	37.6	40.4	40.7	38.3	38.2	37.4	34.5	34.1
16 - 17	16.6	16.2	16.5	17.2	19.2	18.2	18.4	18.9	20.2	18.9
18 - 20	21.3	20.8	19.4	18.0	17.7	18.6	18.4	18.5	20.1	20.1
21 - 25	13.4	11.7	12.7	11.1	10.0	10.9	10.4	11.2	11.6	10.7
26 - 30	9.0	7.8	7.2	5.5	4.9	5.7	6.9	6.2	5.3	6.4
≥ 31	5.0	5.1	4.9	5.6	4.8	6.1	5.6	5.9	6.7	8.1
小計 Sub-total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
首次吸食毒品平均年齡 Mean age of first abuse	19	19	19	18	18	18	18	18	19	19
合計 Overall										
< 12	3.1	2.9	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.6
12 - 15	33.6	34.0	35.5	36.8	38.0	36.9	36.8	36.0	35.1	34.9
16 - 17	19.9	19.4	20.4	19.5	19.9	20.0	18.8	19.3	19.1	18.8
18 - 20	22.0	22.9	21.8	21.7	21.3	21.0	22.1	22.0	22.5	23.0
21 - 25	12.1	11.8	11.2	10.9	10.1	10.2	10.0	10.1	10.5	10.1
26 - 30	5.6	5.4	5.1	4.7	4.5	5.0	5.3	5.1	5.0	5.3
≥ 31	3.7	3.7	3.2	3.6	3.3	4.1	4.1	4.6	4.8	5.3
總計 Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
首次吸食毒品平均年齡 Mean age of first abuse										
所有被呈報吸毒者 All reported drug abusers	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
21歲以下被呈報吸毒者 Reported drug abusers under 21	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15

註釋：# 佔各相關性別組別內所有被呈報首次吸食毒品年齡的吸毒者的百分比。

Note: As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known age of first abuse in the respective sex groups.

表 1j 按年齡組別及經濟活動身分劃分的2006至2015年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1j Reported drug abusers for 2006-2015 by age group by economic activity status

	%#									
年齡組別／經濟活動身分 Age group/economic activity status	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
21歲以下 Aged under 21										
全職工作人士 Full-time worker	30.3	30.8	31.4	25.8	27.0	26.1	26.0	27.8	25.8	28.3
散工／兼職工作人士 Casual/Part-time worker	9.8	9.8	10.1	10.1	13.4	13.1	15.7	14.7	20.7	22.4
失業人士 Unemployed	32.5	28.0	28.3	30.7	32.2	35.5	35.0	34.2	32.6	28.7
料理家務人士 Home-maker	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.9	0.9
學生 Student	23.7	26.5	26.5	30.8	24.4	22.4	19.7	17.4	16.2	15.4
其他 Others	3.5	4.7	3.6	2.3	2.8	2.9	3.5	5.4	3.9	4.2
小計 Sub-total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
21歲及以上 Aged 21 & over										
全職工作人士 Full-time worker	31.2	32.9	32.4	33.2	34.4	34.5	34.8	35.5	36.5	35.9
散工／兼職工作人士 Casual/Part-time worker	7.0	7.5	9.8	11.1	11.6	11.4	12.0	11.6	10.6	11.2
失業人士 Unemployed	57.0	54.8	51.4	49.1	47.6	48.6	47.5	46.8	47.4	46.3
料理家務人士 Home-maker	1.8	1.6	1.9	1.9	2.2	2.1	1.9	2.4	2.1	2.3
學生 Student	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3
退休人士 Retired person	1.8	1.9	2.2	2.4	2.8	2.4	3.1	2.7	2.9	3.0
其他 Others	0.9	1.1	2.0	2.1	1.1	0.6	0.5	0.8	0.5	0.9
小計 Sub-total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

表 1j [續]
Table 1j (Cont'd)

按年齡組別及經濟活動身分劃分的2006至2015年被呈報吸毒者
Reported drug abusers for 2006-2015 by age group by
economic activity status

	% [#]									
年齡組別／經濟活動身分 Age group/economic activity status	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
所有年齡 All ages										
全職工作人士 Full-time worker	31.1	32.4	32.2	31.5	32.8	33.1	33.5	34.6	35.5	35.3
散工／兼職工作人士 Casual/Part-time worker	7.6	8.0	9.9	10.9	12.0	11.7	12.5	11.9	11.5	12.1
失業人士 Unemployed	52.2	48.9	45.7	44.7	44.2	46.4	45.7	45.3	46.1	44.9
料理家務人士 Home-maker	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.8	1.8	1.6	2.2	2.0	2.2
學生 Student	4.8	6.0	6.7	7.5	5.6	4.1	3.1	2.2	1.6	1.5
退休人士 Retired person	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.8	2.2	2.0	2.6	2.4	2.6	2.8
其他 Others	1.4	1.9	2.4	2.1	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.3	0.8	1.2
總計 Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

註釋：# 佔各相關年齡組別內所有被呈報經濟活動身分的吸毒者的百分比。

Note: As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known economic activity status in the respective age groups.

表 1k 按年齡組別及教育程度劃分的2006至2015年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1k Reported drug abusers for 2006-2015 by age group by educational attainment

	%#									
年齡組別／教育程度 Age group/ educational attainment	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
21歲以下 Aged under 21										
無受過教育／幼稚園程度 No schooling/kindergarten	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	-	0.1	-
小學程度 Primary	1.4	1.7	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.1	0.9
初中程度（中一至中三） Lower secondary (Forms 1 to 3)	66.7	69.3	66.7	66.4	68.4	68.6	68.6	70.6	73.2	70.1
高中程度（中四至中七） Upper secondary (Forms 4 to 7)	31.4	28.4	31.1	31.6	29.2	28.5	28.5	27.0	24.5	27.8
專上教育程度 Post-secondary	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.9	1.1	1.0	0.7	1.1	1.2
小計 Sub-total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
21歲及以上 Aged 21 & over										
無受過教育／幼稚園程度 No schooling/kindergarten	2.1	1.8	2.0	1.9	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.3
小學程度 Primary	33.3	31.1	29.7	27.4	26.5	25.8	24.5	23.1	22.5	21.7
初中程度（中一至中三） Lower secondary (Forms 1 to 3)	47.9	50.4	50.6	51.7	50.7	50.7	51.9	51.2	50.7	49.5
高中程度（中四至中七） Upper secondary (Forms 4 to 7)	15.5	15.5	16.5	17.8	19.7	20.2	20.2	22.4	22.7	24.3
專上教育程度 Post-secondary	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.5	1.9	2.1	1.9	2.6	3.2
小計 Sub-total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
所有年齡 All ages										
無受過教育／幼稚園程度 No schooling/kindergarten	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.2
小學程度 Primary	27.0	24.6	22.8	21.2	21.0	21.7	21.2	20.6	20.5	20.1
初中程度（中一至中三） Lower secondary (Forms 1 to 3)	51.6	54.6	54.5	55.2	54.6	53.8	54.3	53.5	52.8	51.1
高中程度（中四至中七） Upper secondary (Forms 4 to 7)	18.6	18.4	20.1	21.1	21.8	21.6	21.4	23.0	22.9	24.6
專上教育程度 Post-secondary	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.4	1.8	2.0	1.8	2.4	3.0
總計 Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

註釋：# 佔各相關年齡組別內所有被呈報教育程度的吸毒者的百分比。

Note: As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known educational attainment in the respective age groups.

表 1/ 按種族劃分的2006至2015年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1/ Reported drug abusers for 2006-2015 by ethnicity

	%#									
種族 Ethnicity	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
華裔 Chinese	95.0	94.7	94.6	94.8	94.6	93.5	93.2	93.1	92.1	90.8
非華裔 Non-chinese										
尼泊爾裔 Nepalese	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.7	2.1	2.7	2.9	2.9	3.1	3.2
越南裔 Vietnamese	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.0	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.8	2.1	2.2
印度裔／巴基斯坦裔／ 孟加拉裔／斯里蘭卡裔 Indian/Pakistani/ Bangladeshi/Sri Lankan	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	2.0
泰國裔 Thai	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3
菲律賓裔 Filipino	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
英國裔 British	0.2	0.1	0.1	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
印尼裔 Indonesian	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	*	*	0.1	0.1
其他 Others	0.4	0.4	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.9
總計 Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

註釋：# 佔所有被呈報種族的吸毒者的百分比。

Note: As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known ethnicity.

表 1m 按性別、婚姻狀況及伴侶有否吸毒劃分的2006至2015年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1m Reported drug abusers for 2006-2015 by sex by marital status by whether partner took drugs

	%									
性別／婚姻狀況／ 伴侶有否吸毒 Sex/marital status/ whether partner took drugs	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
男 Male										
從未結婚 Never married	58.9	59.9	59.9	59.9	57.9	54.3	51.8	51.5	49.0	48.9
已婚／同居 Married/Cohabiting	30.7	30.1	30.3	30.2	31.4	33.0	34.4	33.6	34.8	33.9
伴侶有吸毒 [#] Partner took drugs [#]	8.0	7.5	8.7	9.9	11.2	10.4	11.9	12.2	11.4	12.1
伴侶沒有吸毒 [#] Partner did not take drugs [#]	92.0	92.5	91.3	90.1	88.8	89.6	88.1	87.8	88.6	87.9
離婚／分居 Divorced/Separated	9.3	9.3	9.2	9.4	10.1	12.0	13.2	14.3	15.5	16.6
鰥／寡 Widowed	1.1	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6
小計 Sub-total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
女 Female										
從未結婚 Never married	67.1	65.7	64.3	62.7	60.2	57.3	57.7	55.8	50.8	49.8
已婚／同居 Married/Cohabiting	21.5	22.5	24.7	27.5	28.7	27.2	27.4	29.1	31.2	30.7
伴侶有吸毒 [#] Partner took drugs [#]	38.2	39.2	44.7	62.5	53.4	44.4	43.2	44.2	38.0	39.9
伴侶沒有吸毒 [#] Partner did not take drugs [#]	61.8	60.8	55.3	37.5	46.6	55.6	56.8	55.8	62.0	60.1
離婚／分居 Divorced/Separated	8.4	10.3	10.0	8.8	9.8	13.5	13.3	13.1	16.0	18.1
鰥／寡 Widowed	3.0	1.5	1.1	1.0	1.3	2.0	1.6	2.0	2.0	1.4
小計 Sub-total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
合計 Overall										
從未結婚 Never married	60.4	60.9	60.7	60.4	58.4	54.8	52.8	52.3	49.3	49.1
已婚／同居 Married/Cohabiting	29.1	28.8	29.2	29.7	30.9	31.9	33.1	32.8	34.2	33.3
伴侶有吸毒 [#] Partner took drugs [#]	12.6	12.5	16.0	22.8	21.2	17.4	17.6	18.4	17.0	18.8
伴侶沒有吸毒 [#] Partner did not take drugs [#]	87.4	87.5	84.0	77.2	78.8	82.6	82.4	81.6	83.0	81.2
離婚／分居 Divorced/Separated	9.1	9.4	9.4	9.3	10.1	12.3	13.2	14.0	15.6	16.9
鰥／寡 Widowed	1.4	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.7	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8
總計 Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

註釋：# 佔各相關性別組別內被呈報已婚／同居及伴侶有／否吸毒的吸毒者的百分比。

Note: As a proportion of reported married/cohabiting drug abusers with known information on whether partner took drugs in the respective sex groups.

表 1n 按年齡組別及居住地區劃分的2006至2015年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1n Reported drug abusers for 2006-2015 by age group by district of residence

	%#									
年齡組別／居住地區 Age group/district of residence	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
21歲以下 Aged under 21										
中西區 Central & Western	1.3	1.4	1.0	0.8	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.8	1.4	0.8
灣仔 Wan Chai	0.7	0.8	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.9	0.9	0.4	0.5	1.4
東區 Eastern	5.1	5.0	5.2	5.5	4.7	7.1	3.8	4.5	4.2	4.3
南區 Southern	7.9	7.7	5.2	5.2	7.3	6.9	6.8	6.5	8.8	8.0
油尖旺 Yau Tsim Mong	4.8	4.3	4.0	3.6	3.9	3.6	3.6	3.2	4.6	5.4
深水埗 Sham Shui Po	4.4	3.7	7.0	5.0	5.3	4.8	6.3	4.2	4.3	3.5
九龍城 Kowloon City	2.1	1.7	2.2	1.5	1.6	1.3	2.3	1.8	1.7	1.4
黃大仙 Wong Tai Sin	4.0	7.4	6.6	4.5	3.5	3.3	4.1	4.1	5.4	5.2
觀塘 Kwun Tong	7.1	8.2	7.8	7.8	7.1	6.0	7.3	5.8	5.3	5.4
葵青 Kwai Tsing	8.1	6.9	8.8	9.7	9.6	9.8	7.3	9.3	9.5	9.0
荃灣 Tsuen Wan	2.2	2.4	2.2	2.7	2.5	2.9	2.8	3.2	3.1	3.9
屯門 Tuen Mun	9.2	7.0	7.3	6.9	7.1	6.6	6.3	6.2	5.8	7.4
元朗 Yuen Long	8.3	13.0	11.8	12.8	12.0	12.5	15.9	17.1	11.0	12.0
北區 North	11.4	10.1	11.3	10.5	11.8	14.0	12.9	12.9	13.6	11.0
大埔 Tai Po	6.9	5.0	6.4	8.4	7.6	6.6	5.1	7.1	6.8	6.2
沙田 Sha Tin	9.6	6.9	5.4	6.3	7.3	5.8	7.3	5.7	8.3	8.0
西貢 Sai Kung	3.3	3.4	2.7	3.3	2.5	2.0	2.8	4.0	3.3	3.4
離島 Islands	3.8	5.3	4.6	4.9	4.3	4.9	4.0	3.2	2.6	3.7
小計 Sub-total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

表 1n [續] 按年齡組別及居住地區劃分的2006至2015年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1n (Cont'd) Reported drug abusers for 2006-2015 by age group by district of residence

	%#									
年齡組別／居住地區 Age group/district of residence	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
21歲及以上 Aged 21 & over										
中西區 Central & Western	1.8	2.2	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.1	1.2
灣仔 Wan Chai	2.3	2.3	2.3	1.9	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.2
東區 Eastern	5.3	4.9	4.6	5.0	4.5	5.0	4.5	4.0	5.0	5.0
南區 Southern	3.5	3.4	3.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.8	3.1	3.2	3.3
油尖旺 Yau Tsim Mong	10.5	10.5	10.9	10.6	9.6	8.9	10.0	9.8	8.9	10.3
深水埗 Sham Shui Po	11.9	11.7	12.4	12.0	12.1	12.2	11.8	11.8	12.6	11.6
九龍城 Kowloon City	4.0	4.4	4.0	3.4	4.2	3.8	4.2	4.3	4.8	4.4
黃大仙 Wong Tai Sin	7.9	7.3	7.3	6.5	6.4	6.3	6.3	6.6	6.7	6.4
觀塘 Kwun Tong	10.5	9.2	9.7	8.5	9.4	9.7	10.2	9.4	9.4	10.0
葵青 Kwai Tsing	5.8	6.4	6.0	6.9	7.0	7.1	7.4	6.7	7.0	7.0
荃灣 Tsuen Wan	4.5	4.3	3.7	4.0	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.2	3.3
屯門 Tuen Mun	8.1	8.1	8.0	8.1	8.5	7.7	7.5	7.2	7.6	7.0
元朗 Yuen Long	7.1	8.0	8.3	8.8	10.0	9.7	9.3	10.1	10.1	8.2
北區 North	3.5	3.8	4.2	4.7	3.8	4.3	4.3	4.9	5.0	5.8
大埔 Tai Po	4.0	3.1	3.3	4.1	4.5	4.4	4.1	4.3	3.7	4.2
沙田 Sha Tin	5.4	5.7	5.4	6.0	5.8	5.6	5.7	5.6	5.2	5.5
西貢 Sai Kung	2.6	2.7	3.0	3.0	3.2	3.2	2.9	3.4	3.1	3.3
離島 Islands	1.5	1.9	1.8	2.1	2.0	2.6	2.4	2.2	1.8	2.5
小計 Sub-total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

表 1n (續) 按年齡組別及居住地區劃分的2006至2015年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1n (Cont'd) Reported drug abusers for 2006-2015 by age group by district of residence

年齡組別／居住地區 Age group/district of residence	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	% [#]
所有年齡 All ages											
中西區 Central & Western	1.7	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.1	1.1	
灣仔 Wan Chai	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.2	
東區 Eastern	5.2	4.9	4.7	5.1	4.5	5.3	4.4	4.1	4.9	5.0	
南區 Southern	4.4	4.4	3.9	3.2	3.6	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.7	3.7	
油尖旺 Yau Tsim Mong	9.3	9.1	9.2	8.9	8.3	8.0	9.1	9.0	8.5	9.9	
深水埗 Sham Shui Po	10.4	9.8	11.0	10.2	10.5	10.9	11.0	10.9	11.9	11.0	
九龍城 Kowloon City	3.6	3.8	3.6	3.0	3.6	3.3	3.9	4.0	4.5	4.1	
黃大仙 Wong Tai Sin	7.1	7.3	7.1	6.0	5.7	5.8	6.0	6.3	6.6	6.3	
觀塘 Kwun Tong	9.8	9.0	9.2	8.3	8.9	9.0	9.8	9.0	9.0	9.6	
葵青 Kwai Tsing	6.2	6.5	6.7	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.4	7.0	7.3	7.1	
荃灣 Tsuen Wan	4.0	3.9	3.3	3.7	3.3	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.2	3.4	
屯門 Tuen Mun	8.3	7.8	7.8	7.8	8.1	7.5	7.3	7.1	7.4	7.0	
元朗 Yuen Long	7.3	9.2	9.1	9.8	10.5	10.2	10.3	10.9	10.2	8.5	
北區 North	5.1	5.3	6.0	6.1	5.6	6.0	5.5	5.9	5.8	6.2	
大埔 Tai Po	4.6	3.6	4.1	5.1	5.2	4.8	4.3	4.7	3.9	4.3	
沙田 Sha Tin	6.2	6.0	5.4	6.1	6.1	5.6	5.9	5.6	5.5	5.7	
西貢 Sai Kung	2.7	2.8	2.9	3.1	3.1	3.0	2.9	3.4	3.1	3.3	
離島 Islands	1.9	2.7	2.5	2.8	2.5	3.0	2.6	2.3	1.8	2.6	
總計 Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	

註釋：# 佔各相關年齡組別內所有被呈報居住地區的吸毒者的百分比。

Note: As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known district of residence in the respective age groups.

表 1o 按屋宇單位類型劃分的2006至2015年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1o Reported drug abusers for 2006-2015 by type of quarters

	% [#]									
屋宇單位類型 Type of quarters	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
公營租住單位 Public rental flats	57.7	58.1	57.6	58.4	58.9	57.6	57.8	56.0	55.4	57.3
資助出售單位 Subsidized sale flats	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.6	2.3	4.1	4.2	3.3
私人住宅單位 Private residential flats	37.6	37.3	38.1	37.0	36.5	37.9	38.1	38.4	39.6	38.0
其他房屋 Others	1.8	1.7	1.3	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.7	1.5	0.8	1.5
總計 Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

註釋：# 佔所有被呈報屋宇單位類型的吸毒者的百分比。

Note: As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known type of quarters.

表 1p 按年齡組別及曾否有犯罪紀錄劃分的2006至2015年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1p Reported drug abusers for 2006-2015 by age group by whether previously convicted

	%#									
年齡組別／曾否有犯罪紀錄 Age group/whether previously convicted	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
21歲以下 Aged under 21										
曾有犯罪紀錄 Previously convicted	39.4	41.4	40.0	42.9	49.6	46.3	48.6	49.8	48.6	45.2
只與毒品有關 only drug-related offences	8.3	9.4	11.5	16.9	20.6	18.2	18.9	22.1	19.4	18.3
只有其他罪行 only other offences	27.0	27.5	23.5	20.5	20.3	18.5	21.6	19.3	21.7	19.7
與毒品有關和其他罪行 both drug-related and other offences	3.1	4.0	4.5	4.9	7.6	8.4	7.3	7.4	6.6	5.9
罪行不詳 offences unknown	1.0	0.6	0.6	0.7	1.1	1.1	0.9	1.0	0.8	1.3
未曾有犯罪紀錄 Not previously convicted	60.6	58.6	60.0	57.1	50.4	53.7	51.4	50.2	51.4	54.8
小計 Sub-total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
21歲及以上 Aged 21 & over										
曾有犯罪紀錄 Previously convicted	86.3	85.1	83.5	82.5	82.2	79.7	78.8	77.9	78.1	75.0
只與毒品有關 only drug-related offences	36.4	33.8	19.8	29.6	38.0	37.0	36.5	37.3	40.0	36.8
只有其他罪行 only other offences	10.8	11.4	11.8	8.3	8.9	8.6	8.2	8.1	8.0	8.7
與毒品有關和其他罪行 both drug-related and other offences	39.0	39.8	50.9	44.2	34.9	33.6	33.7	32.2	29.8	29.0
罪行不詳 offences unknown	0.1	0.2	1.0	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.5
未曾有犯罪紀錄 Not previously convicted	13.7	14.9	16.5	17.5	17.8	20.3	21.2	22.1	21.9	25.0
小計 Sub-total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
所有年齡 All ages										
曾有犯罪紀錄 Previously convicted	77.6	75.7	73.2	73.3	75.1	74.1	74.5	74.7	75.5	72.8
只與毒品有關 only drug-related offences	31.2	28.5	17.8	26.6	34.3	33.9	34.0	35.6	38.2	35.5
只有其他罪行 only other offences	13.8	14.9	14.6	11.1	11.3	10.3	10.1	9.3	9.2	9.5
與毒品有關和其他罪行 both drug-related and other offences	32.4	32.1	39.9	35.1	29.0	29.4	30.0	29.4	27.8	27.3
罪行不詳 offences unknown	0.3	0.2	0.9	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5
未曾有犯罪紀錄 Not previously convicted	22.4	24.3	26.8	26.7	24.9	25.9	25.5	25.3	24.5	27.2
總計 Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

註釋：# 佔各相關年齡組別內所有被呈報曾否有犯罪紀錄的吸毒者的百分比。

Note: As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known information of whether previously convicted in the respective age groups.

表 2a 按性別及年齡劃分的2015年首次／曾被呈報吸毒者
Table 2a Newly/previously reported drug abusers in 2015 by sex by age

性別／年齡 Sex/age	首次被呈報者 Newly reported persons		曾被呈報者 Previously reported persons	
	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]
男 Male				
< 12	-	-	-	-
12 - 15	22	1.0	6	0.1
16 - 17	83	3.9	41	0.6
18 - 20	196	9.3	133	2.0
< 21 小計 Sub-total	301	14.3	180	2.8
21 - 30	613	29.1	960	14.8
31 - 40	372	17.7	1 412	21.7
41 - 50	133	6.3	1 200	18.5
≥ 51	47	2.2	1 609	24.8
≥ 21 小計 Sub-total	1 165	55.4	5 181	79.8
小計 Sub-total	1 466	69.7	5 361	82.5
平均年齡 Mean age	29		43	
女 Female				
< 12	-	-	-	-
12 - 15	22	1.0	@	@
16 - 17	36	1.7	22	0.3
18 - 20	46	2.2	56	0.9
< 21 小計 Sub-total	104	4.9	80	1.2
21 - 30	280	13.3	369	5.7
31 - 40	155	7.4	350	5.4
41 - 50	81	3.9	239	3.7
≥ 51	17	0.8	96	1.5
≥ 21 小計 Sub-total	533	25.3	1 054	16.2
小計 Sub-total	637	30.3	1 134	17.5
平均年齡 Mean age	30		35	
合計 Overall				
< 12	-	-	-	-
12 - 15	44	2.1	8	0.1
16 - 17	119	5.7	63	1.0
18 - 20	242	11.5	189	2.9
< 21 小計 Sub-total	405	19.3	260	4.0
21 - 30	893	42.5	1 329	20.5
31 - 40	527	25.1	1 762	27.1
41 - 50	214	10.2	1 439	22.2
≥ 51	64	3.0	1 705	26.3
≥ 21 小計 Sub-total	1 698	80.7	6 235	96.0
總計 Total	2 103	100.0	6 495	100.0
平均年齡 Mean age	29		41	

註釋： # 佔首次／曾被呈報組別內所有被呈報吸毒者的百分比。

Note: As a proportion of all reported drug abusers in the newly/previously reported group.

表 2b 按年齡組別及常被吸食毒品種類劃分的2015年首次／曾被呈報吸毒者
Table 2b Newly/previously reported drug abusers in 2015 by age group by common type of drugs abused

年齡組別／常被吸食毒品種類 Age group/common type of drugs abused	首次被呈報者 <u>Newly reported persons</u>		曾被呈報者 <u>Previously reported persons</u>	
	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]
21歲以下 Aged under 21				
海洛英 Heroin	18	4.5	21	8.1
甲基安非他明 Methamphetamine	164	40.9	106	41.1
氯胺酮 Ketamine	147	36.7	107	41.5
三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆 Triazolam/Midazolam/Zopiclone	@	@	@	@
可卡因 Cocaine	117	29.2	64	24.8
大麻 Cannabis	55	13.7	19	7.4
咳藥 Cough medicine	7	1.7	10	3.9
小計 Sub-total	401		258	
21歲及以上 Aged 21 & over				
海洛英 Heroin	275	16.5	4 084	65.8
甲基安非他明 Methamphetamine	552	33.1	1 373	22.1
氯胺酮 Ketamine	597	35.8	1 123	18.1
三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆 Triazolam/Midazolam/Zopiclone	77	4.6	893	14.4
可卡因 Cocaine	161	9.6	264	4.3
大麻 Cannabis	116	7.0	153	2.5
咳藥 Cough medicine	109	6.5	209	3.4
小計 Sub-total	1 669		6 202	

表 2b [續]

按年齡組別及常被吸食毒品種類劃分的2015年首次／曾被呈報吸毒者

Table 2b (Cont'd) Newly/previously reported drug abusers in 2015 by age group by common type of drugs abused

年齡組別／常被吸食毒品種類 Age group/common type of drugs abused	首次被呈報者 Newly reported persons		曾被呈報者 Previously reported persons	
	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]
所有年齡 All ages				
海洛英 Heroin	293	14.2	4 105	63.5
甲基安非他明 Methamphetamine	716	34.6	1 479	22.9
氯胺酮 Ketamine	744	35.9	1 230	19.0
三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆 Triazolam/Midazolam/Zopiclone	78	3.8	895	13.9
可卡因 Cocaine	278	13.4	328	5.1
大麻 Cannabis	171	8.3	172	2.7
咳藥 Cough medicine	116	5.6	219	3.4
總計 Total	2 070		6 460	

註釋：(1) 個別被呈報吸毒者在某年內可被呈報吸食多於一種毒品。

Notes: More than one type of drugs abused may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

(2) # 佔各相關年齡及首次／曾被呈報組別內所有被呈報吸食毒品種類的吸毒者的百分比。

As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known drugs abused in the respective age and newly/previously reported groups.

表 2c 按現時吸食毒品原因劃分的2015年首次／曾被呈報吸毒者
Table 2c Newly/previously reported drug abusers in 2015 by reason for current drug use

現時吸食毒品原因 Reason for current drug use	首次被呈報者 Newly reported persons		曾被呈報者 Previously reported persons	
	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]
避免因沒有吸食毒品而感到不適 To avoid discomfort of its absence	573	28.9	3 253	51.5
解悶／情緒低落／壓力 Relief of boredom/depression/stress	1 027	51.7	2 689	42.5
受到同輩朋友影響／想和同輩朋友打成一片 Peer influence/To identify with peers	736	37.1	2 691	42.6
出於好奇 Curiosity	530	26.7	1 162	18.4
尋求快感或官能上的滿足 To seek euphoria or sensory satisfaction	306	15.4	987	15.6
總計 Total	1 986		6 322	

註釋：(1) 個別被呈報吸毒者在某年內可被呈報多於一個現時吸毒原因。

Notes : More than one reason for current drug use may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

(2) # 佔首次／曾被呈報組別內所有被呈報現時吸食毒品原因的吸毒者的百分比。

As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known reasons for current drug use in the newly/previously reported group.

表 2d 按首次吸食毒品年齡劃分的2015年首次／曾被呈報吸毒者
Table 2d Newly/previously reported drug abusers in 2015 by age of first abuse

首次吸食毒品年齡 Age of first abuse	首次被呈報者 <u>Newly reported persons</u>		曾被呈報者 <u>Previously reported persons</u>	
	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]
< 12	6	0.3	208	3.3
12 - 15	366	20.4	2 470	39.0
16 - 17	294	16.4	1 234	19.5
18 - 20	390	21.7	1 475	23.3
21 - 25	275	15.3	546	8.6
26 - 30	192	10.7	240	3.8
≥ 31	272	15.2	157	2.5
總計 Total	1 795	100.0	6 330	100.0
首次吸食毒品平均年齡 Mean age of first abuse		22		17
首次呈報時的毒齡中位數 (年) Median drug history when first reported (year)		5.8		2.3

註釋： # 佔首次／曾被呈報組別內所有被呈報首次吸食毒品年齡的吸毒者的百分比。

Note: As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known age of first abuse in the newly/previously reported group.

表 2e 按經濟活動身分劃分的2015年首次／曾被呈報吸毒者
Table 2e Newly/previously reported drug abusers in 2015 by economic activity status

經濟活動身分 Economic activity status	首次被呈報者 <u>Newly reported persons</u>		曾被呈報者 <u>Previously reported persons</u>	
	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]
全職工作人士 Full-time worker	837	42.4	2 070	33.1
散工／兼職工作人士 Casual/Part-time worker	279	14.1	716	11.5
失業人士 Unemployed	638	32.3	3 059	48.9
料理家務人士 Home-maker	79	4.0	98	1.6
學生 Student	86	4.4	37	0.6
退休人士 Retired person	8	0.4	221	3.5
其他 Others	46	2.3	51	0.8
總計 Total	1 973	100.0	6 252	100.0

註釋： # 佔首次／曾被呈報組別內所有被呈報經濟活動身分的吸毒者的百分比。

Note: As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known economic activity status in the newly/previously reported group.

表 2f 按教育程度劃分的2015年首次／曾被呈報吸毒者
Table 2f Newly/previously reported drug abusers in 2015 by educational attainment

教育程度 Educational attainment	首次被呈報者 Newly reported persons		曾被呈報者 Previously reported persons	
	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]
無受過教育／幼稚園程度 No schooling/kindergarten	9	0.5	92	1.5
小學程度 Primary	136	6.9	1 523	24.2
初中程度（中一至中三） Lower secondary (Forms 1 to 3)	980	49.6	3 248	51.6
高中程度（中四至中七） Upper secondary (Forms 4 to 7)	708	35.8	1 327	21.1
專上教育程度 Post-secondary	142	7.2	108	1.7
總計 Total	1 975	100.0	6 298	100.0

註釋： # 佔首次／曾被呈報組別內所有被呈報教育程度的吸毒者的百分比。

Note: As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known educational attainment in the newly/previously reported group.

表 2g 按性別、婚姻狀況及伴侶有否吸毒劃分的2015年首次／曾被呈報
吸毒者

Table 2g Newly/previously reported drug abusers in 2015 by sex by marital status
by whether partner took drugs

性別／婚姻狀況／ 伴侶有否吸毒 Sex/marital status/ whether partner took drugs	首次被呈報者 <u>Newly reported persons</u>		曾被呈報者 <u>Previously reported persons</u>	
	人數 No.	%	人數 No.	%
男 Male				
從未結婚 Never married	1 003	69.5	2 280	43.2
已婚／同居 Married/Cohabiting	354	24.5	1 924	36.5
伴侶有吸毒 Partner took drugs	37	15.9 #	119	11.2 #
伴侶沒有吸毒 Partner did not take drugs	196	84.1 #	942	88.8 #
離婚／分居 Divorced/Separated	87	6.0	1 027	19.5
鰥／寡 Widowed	-	-	41	0.8
小計 Sub-total	1 444	100.0	5 272	100.0
女 Female				
從未結婚 Never married	362	57.7	483	45.1
已婚／同居 Married/Cohabiting	187	29.8	334	31.2
伴侶有吸毒 Partner took drugs	48	31.8 #	117	44.5 #
伴侶沒有吸毒 Partner did not take drugs	103	68.2 #	146	55.5 #
離婚／分居 Divorced/Separated	75	12.0	232	21.7
鰥／寡 Widowed	@	@	21	2.0
小計 Sub-total	627	100.0	1 070	100.0
合計 Overall				
從未結婚 Never married	1 365	65.9	2 763	43.6
已婚／同居 Married/Cohabiting	541	26.1	2 258	35.6
伴侶有吸毒 Partner took drugs	85	22.1 #	236	17.8 #
伴侶沒有吸毒 Partner did not take drugs	299	77.9 #	1 088	82.2 #
離婚／分居 Divorced/Separated	162	7.8	1 259	19.9
鰥／寡 Widowed	@	@	62	1.0
總計 Total	2 071	100.0	6 342	100.0

註釋：# 佔各相關性別及首次／曾被呈報組別內被呈報已婚／同居及伴侶有／否吸毒的吸毒者的百分比。

Note: As a proportion of reported married/cohabiting drug abusers with known information on whether partner took drugs in the respective sex and newly/previously reported groups.

表 3a 按性別、年齡和常被吸食毒品種類劃分的2015年被呈報吸毒者
Table 3a Reported drug abusers in 2015 by sex by age by common type of drugs abused

性別／年齡 Sex/age	海洛英 <u>Heroin</u>		甲基安非他明 <u>Methamphetamine</u>		氯胺酮 <u>Ketamine</u>		三唑侖／ 咪達唑侖／ 佐匹克隆 <u>Triazolam/ midazolam/ zopiclone</u>		可卡因 <u>Cocaine</u>		大麻 <u>Cannabis</u>		咳藥 <u>Cough medicine</u>	
	人數 No.	%#	人數 No.	%#	人數 No.	%#	人數 No.	%#	人數 No.	%#	人數 No.	%#	人數 No.	%#
男 Male														
< 16	@	@	9	0.4	10	0.5	-	-	9	1.5	@	@	@	@
16 - 20	36	0.8	149	6.8	170	8.6	@	@	138	22.8	62	18.1	16	4.8
21 - 30	231	5.3	462	21.0	787	39.9	18	1.8	221	36.5	117	34.1	98	29.3
≥ 31	3 577	81.3	967	44.1	404	20.5	807	82.9	122	20.1	121	35.3	207	61.8
小計 Sub-total	3 845	87.4	1 587	72.3	1 371	69.5	826	84.9	490	80.9	302	88.0	322	96.1
女 Female														
< 16	-	-	14	0.6	12	0.6	-	-	6	1.0	@	@	-	-
16 - 20	@	@	98	4.5	62	3.1	@	@	28	4.6	7	2.0	-	-
21 - 30	29	0.7	221	10.1	399	20.2	13	1.3	62	10.2	16	4.7	-	-
≥ 31	522	11.9	275	12.5	130	6.6	132	13.6	20	3.3	15	4.4	13	3.9
小計 Sub-total	553	12.6	608	27.7	603	30.5	147	15.1	116	19.1	41	12.0	13	3.9
合計 Overall														
< 16	@	@	23	1.0	22	1.1	-	-	15	2.5	@	@	@	@
16 - 20	38	0.9	247	11.3	232	11.8	@	@	166	27.4	69	20.1	16	4.8
21 - 30	260	5.9	683	31.1	1 186	60.1	31	3.2	283	46.7	133	38.8	98	29.3
≥ 31	4 099	93.2	1 242	56.6	534	27.1	939	96.5	142	23.4	136	39.7	220	65.7
總計 Total	4 398	100.0	2 195	100.0	1 974	100.0	973	100.0	606	100.0	343	100.0	335	100.0
平均年齡 Mean age	47		33		27		45		26		29		34	

註釋：(1) 個別被呈報吸毒者在某年內可被呈報吸食多於一種毒品。

Notes: More than one type of drugs abused may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

(2) # 佔各相關常被吸食毒品組別內所有被呈報吸毒者的百分比。

As a proportion of all reported drug abusers in the respective common drug abuser groups.

表 3b 按居住地區及常被吸食毒品種類劃分的2015年被呈報吸毒者
Table 3b Reported drug abusers in 2015 by district of residence by common type of drugs abused

居住地區 District of residence	海洛英 Heroin		甲基安非他明 Methamphetamine		氫胺酮 Ketamine		三唑侖/ 咪達唑侖/ 佐匹克隆 Triazolam/ midazolam/ zopiclone		可卡因 Cocaine		大麻 Cannabis		咳藥 Cough medicine	
	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]
中西區 Central & Western	31	0.8	30	1.5	18	0.9	8	0.9	14	2.4	13	4.2	8	2.5
灣仔 Wan Chai	65	1.6	15	0.7	14	0.7	14	1.5	8	1.4	10	3.2	6	1.9
東區 Eastern	169	4.1	107	5.3	107	5.6	48	5.2	32	5.6	20	6.4	28	8.7
南區 Southern	101	2.5	103	5.1	84	4.4	41	4.4	23	4.0	14	4.5	24	7.5
油尖旺 Yau Tsim Mong	583	14.1	173	8.6	76	4.0	68	7.3	30	5.2	31	9.9	28	8.7
深水埗 Sham Shui Po	662	16.1	148	7.3	100	5.2	141	15.1	38	6.6	12	3.8	6	1.9
九龍城 Kowloon City	199	4.8	77	3.8	63	3.3	22	2.4	25	4.3	7	2.2	8	2.5
黃大仙 Wong Tai Sin	256	6.2	118	5.8	134	7.0	67	7.2	47	8.2	11	3.5	13	4.0
觀塘 Kwun Tong	421	10.2	206	10.2	146	7.6	109	11.7	53	9.2	21	6.7	27	8.4
葵青 Kwai Tsing	271	6.6	144	7.1	162	8.4	55	5.9	43	7.5	29	9.3	22	6.8
荃灣 Tsuen Wan	147	3.6	72	3.6	53	2.8	43	4.6	24	4.2	14	4.5	10	3.1
屯門 Tuen Mun	271	6.6	173	8.6	166	8.6	55	5.9	41	7.1	18	5.8	19	5.9
元朗 Yuen Long	310	7.5	188	9.3	182	9.5	67	7.2	73	12.7	26	8.3	24	7.5
北區 North	163	4.0	126	6.2	210	10.9	57	6.1	42	7.3	23	7.4	@	@
大埔 Tai Po	112	2.7	113	5.6	106	5.5	39	4.2	19	3.3	11	3.5	42	13.0
沙田 Sha Tin	211	5.1	98	4.9	126	6.5	56	6.0	34	5.9	25	8.0	12	3.7
西貢 Sai Kung	89	2.2	69	3.4	97	5.0	29	3.1	23	4.0	13	4.2	11	3.4
離島 Islands	61	1.5	60	3.0	80	4.2	13	1.4	7	1.2	14	4.5	29	9.0
總計 Total	4 122	100.0	2 020	100.0	1 924	100.0	932	100.0	576	100.0	312	100.0	322	100.0

註釋：(1) 個別被呈報吸毒者在某年內可被呈報吸食多於一種毒品。

Notes : More than one type of drugs abused may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

(2) # 佔各常被吸食毒品組別內所有被呈報居住地區的吸毒者的百分比。

As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known district of residence in the respective common drug abuser groups.

表 3c 按首次吸食相關個別毒品年齡及常被吸食毒品種類劃分的2015年被呈報吸毒者

Table 3c Reported drug abusers in 2015 by age of first abusing the respective type of drugs by common type of drugs abused

首次吸食相關個別毒品年齡 Age of first abusing the respective type of drugs	海洛英 <u>Heroin</u>		甲基安非他明 <u>Methamphetamine</u>		氯胺酮 <u>Ketamine</u>		三唑侖/ 咪達唑侖/ 佐匹克隆 <u>Triazolam/ midazolam/ zopiclone</u>		可卡因 <u>Cocaine</u>		大麻 <u>Cannabis</u>		咳藥 <u>Cough medicine</u>	
	人數 No.	%#	人數 No.	%#	人數 No.	%#	人數 No.	%#	人數 No.	%#	人數 No.	%#	人數 No.	%#
< 12	139	3.2	6	0.3	12	0.7	@	@	@	@	@	@	@	@
12 - 15	1 327	30.3	390	19.9	657	37.1	109	11.6	120	23.6	72	25.2	77	24.4
16 - 17	759	17.3	276	14.1	376	21.3	88	9.4	116	22.8	57	19.9	69	21.8
18 - 20	1 179	26.9	403	20.6	393	22.2	178	18.9	120	23.6	70	24.5	89	28.2
21 - 25	502	11.5	307	15.7	193	10.9	147	15.6	70	13.8	42	14.7	35	11.1
26 - 30	256	5.8	243	12.4	70	4.0	137	14.6	41	8.1	17	5.9	22	7.0
≥ 31	217	5.0	331	16.9	68	3.8	276	29.4	38	7.5	26	9.1	20	6.3
總計 Total	4 379	100.0	1 956	100.0	1 769	100.0	940	100.0	508	100.0	286	100.0	316	100.0
首次吸食相關毒品平均年齡 Mean age of first abusing the drug	19		23		18		26		20		20		19	
吸食相關毒品的毒齡中位數（年） Median drug history of the drug (years)	27		9		10		19		5		8		13	

註釋：(1) 個別被呈報吸毒者在某年內可被呈報吸食多於一種毒品。

Notes : More than one type of drugs abused may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

(2) # 佔各常被吸食毒品組別內所有被呈報首次吸食毒品年齡的吸毒者的百分比。

As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known age of first abuse in the respective common drug abuser groups.

表 3d 按吸食毒品方法及常被吸食毒品種類劃分的2015年被呈報吸毒者
Table 3d Reported drug abusers in 2015 by method of taking drugs by common type of drugs abused

吸食毒品方法 Method of taking drugs	海洛英 Heroin		甲基安 非他明 Methamp- hetamine		氬胺酮 Ketamine		三唑侖/ 咪達唑侖/ 佐匹克隆 Triazolam/ midazolam/ zopiclone		可卡因 Cocaine		大麻 Cannabis		咳藥 Cough medicine	
	人數 No.	%#	人數 No.	%#	人數 No.	%#	人數 No.	%#	人數 No.	%#	人數 No.	%#	人數 No.	%#
注射 Injection	1 880	42.8	101	4.8	17	0.9	452	46.7	13	2.3	10	3.0	-	-
吸入煙霧 Fume inhaling	2 497	56.8	1 698	80.2	93	4.8	248	25.6	150	26.0	57	17.2	-	-
以香煙或煙管吸食 Smoking	551	12.5	152	7.2	26	1.3	24	2.5	302	52.4	263	79.5	-	-
鼻吸 Sniffing	123	2.8	127	6.0	1 817	93.1	15	1.5	119	20.7	8	2.4	-	-
口服 Oral ingestion	48	1.1	93	4.4	56	2.9	327	33.8	19	3.3	13	3.9	331	100.0
總計 Total	4 393	100.0	2 116	100.0	1 951	100.0	968	100.0	576	100.0	331	100.0	331	100.0

註釋：(1) 個別被呈報吸毒者在某年內可被呈報吸食多於一種毒品。

Notes : More than one type of drugs abused may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

(2) 就每種毒品而言，個別被呈報者在某年內可被呈報使用多於一種吸食毒品方法。

For each type of drug, more than one method of taking drugs may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

(3) # 佔各常被吸食毒品組別內所有被呈報吸食毒品方法的吸毒者的百分比。

As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known method of taking drugs in the respective common drug abuser groups.

表 3e 按經濟活動身分及常被吸食毒品種類劃分的2015年被呈報吸毒者
Table 3e Reported drug abusers in 2015 by economic activity status by common type of drugs abused

經濟活動身分 Economic activity status	海洛英 Heroin		甲基安 非他明 Methamp- hetamine		氬胺酮 Ketamine		三唑侖/ 咪達唑侖/ 佐匹克隆 Triazolam/ midazolam/ zopiclone		可卡因 Cocaine		大麻 Cannabis		咳藥 Cough medicine	
	人數 No.	%#	人數 No.	%#	人數 No.	%#	人數 No.	%#	人數 No.	%#	人數 No.	%#	人數 No.	%#
全職工作人士 Full-time worker	1 192	27.9	708	35.0	941	50.0	241	25.8	224	38.8	151	47.6	131	40.8
散工 / 兼職工作人士 Casual/Part-time worker	411	9.6	261	12.9	294	15.6	81	8.7	103	17.9	30	9.5	45	14.0
失業人士 Unemployed	2 397	56.1	912	45.1	499	26.5	567	60.6	188	32.6	100	31.5	136	42.4
料理家務人士 Home-maker	44	1.0	52	2.6	56	3.0	26	2.8	7	1.2	@	@	@	@
學生 Student	@	@	45	2.2	50	2.7	@	@	27	4.7	26	8.2	@	@
退休人士 Retired person	219	5.1	@	@	-	-	15	1.6	-	-	@	@	-	-
其他 Others	6	0.1	37	1.8	43	2.3	@	@	28	4.9	@	@	@	@
總計 Total	4 271	100.0	2 020	100.0	1 883	100.0	935	100.0	577	100.0	317	100.0	321	100.0

註釋：(1) 個別被呈報吸毒者在某年內可被呈報吸食多於一種毒品。

Notes : More than one type of drugs abused may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

(2) # 佔各常被吸食毒品組別內所有被呈報經濟活動身分的吸毒者的百分比。

As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known economic activity status in the respective common drug abuser groups.

表 3f 按吸食毒品地點及常被吸食毒品種類劃分的2015年被呈報吸毒者
Table 3f Reported drug abusers in 2015 by locality of abusing drugs by common type of drugs abused

吸食毒品地點 Locality of abusing drugs	海洛英 Heroin		甲基安非他命 Methamphetamine		氯胺酮 Ketamine		三唑侖/ 咪達唑侖/ 佐匹克隆 Triazolam/ midazolam/ zopiclone		可卡因 Cocaine		大麻 Cannabis		咳藥 Cough medicine	
	人數 No.	%#	人數 No.	%#	人數 No.	%#	人數 No.	%#	人數 No.	%#	人數 No.	%#	人數 No.	%#
只在家/朋友的家 Home/friend's home only	2 300	53.2	1 239	58.6	940	49.8	421	43.8	223	39.1	150	47.0	128	39.4
在家/朋友的家及其他地點 Home/friend's home and other localities	1 152	26.6	497	23.5	575	30.5	389	40.5	197	34.5	95	29.8	99	30.5
只在其他地點 Other localities only	871	20.1	378	17.9	371	19.7	151	15.7	151	26.4	74	23.2	98	30.2
<i>其他地點 Other localities</i>														
公眾地方如休憩地方/公園/公廁 Public area like recreation area/public park/public toilet	1 952	45.2	628	29.7	567	30.1	515	53.6	184	32.2	119	37.3	106	32.6
的士高/卡拉OK Disco/karaoke	24	0.6	84	4.0	229	12.1	10	1.0	89	15.6	23	7.2	@	@
會所/大廈/酒店/酒吧內舉行的非派對場合 Non-party gathering in club house/building/hotel/bar	31	0.7	45	2.1	120	6.4	6	0.6	39	6.8	16	5.0	17	5.2
會所/大廈/酒店/酒吧內舉行的派對場合 Party gathering in club house/building/hotel/bar	13	0.3	46	2.2	121	6.4	@	@	66	11.6	25	7.8	@	@
咖啡店/網吧 Coffee shop/internet café	13	0.3	69	3.3	103	5.5	@	@	67	11.7	15	4.7	@	@
出租屋/渡假屋/出租地方 Apartment/bungalow/rental area	50	1.2	106	5.0	49	2.6	17	1.8	28	4.9	17	5.3	-	-
電子遊戲機中心 Electronic game centre	7	0.2	33	1.6	41	2.2	11	1.1	14	2.5	@	@	65	20.0
學校(包括學校宿舍) School (include school hostel)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
總計 Total	4323	100.0	2114	100.0	1886	100.0	961	100.0	571	100.0	319	100.0	325	100.0

註釋：(1) 個別被呈報吸毒者在某年內可被呈報吸食多於一種毒品及多於一個吸食毒品地點。

Notes: More than one type of drugs abused and locality may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

(2) # 佔各常被吸食毒品組別內所有被呈報吸食毒品地點的吸毒者的百分比。

As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known localities of abusing drugs in the respective common drug abuser groups.

表 4a 按性別及年齡劃分的2015年被呈報吸食海洛英及危害精神毒品者
Table 4a Reported heroin and psychotropic substance abusers in 2015 by sex by age

性別 / 年齡 Sex / age	被呈報吸食海洛英者 <u>Reported heroin abusers</u>		被呈報吸食危害精神毒品者 <u>Reported psychotropic substance abusers</u>	
	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]
男 Male				
< 12	-	-	-	-
12 - 15	@	@	27	0.5
16 - 17	6	0.1	119	2.2
18 - 20	30	0.7	302	5.6
21 - 30	231	5.3	1 381	25.8
31 - 40	956	21.7	1 189	22.2
41 - 50	1 052	23.9	633	11.8
≥ 51	1 569	35.7	371	6.9
小計 Sub-total	3 845	87.4	4 022	75.0
平均年齡 Mean age		47		34
女 Female				
< 12	-	-	-	-
12 - 15	-	-	24	0.4
16 - 17	@	@	56	1.0
18 - 20	-	-	102	1.9
21 - 30	29	0.7	619	11.5
31 - 40	225	5.1	342	6.4
41 - 50	211	4.8	156	2.9
≥ 51	86	2.0	39	0.7
小計 Sub-total	553	12.6	1 338	25.0
平均年齡 Mean age		42		30
合計 Overall				
< 12	-	-	-	-
12 - 15	@	@	51	1.0
16 - 17	8	0.2	175	3.3
18 - 20	30	0.7	404	7.5
21 - 30	260	5.9	2 000	37.3
31 - 40	1 181	26.9	1 531	28.6
41 - 50	1 263	28.7	789	14.7
≥ 51	1 655	37.6	410	7.6
總計 Total	4 398	100.0	5 360	100.0
平均年齡 Mean age		47		33

註釋：(1) 個別被呈報吸毒者在某年內可被呈報吸食多於一種毒品。

Notes : More than one type of drugs abused may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

(2) # 佔各相關吸毒者組別內所有被呈報吸毒者的百分比。

As a proportion of all reported drug abusers in the respective drug abuser groups.

表 4b 按居住地區劃分的2015年被呈報吸食海洛英及危害精神毒品者
Table 4b Reported heroin and psychotropic substance abusers in 2015 by district of residence

居住地區 District of residence	被呈報吸食海洛英者 Reported heroin abusers		被呈報吸食危害精神毒品者 Reported psychotropic substance abusers	
	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]
中西區 Central & Western	31	0.8	74	1.5
灣仔 Wan Chai	65	1.6	50	1.0
東區 Eastern	169	4.1	272	5.4
南區 Southern	101	2.5	232	4.6
油尖旺 Yau Tsim Mong	583	14.1	337	6.6
深水埗 Sham Shui Po	662	16.1	400	7.9
九龍城 Kowloon City	199	4.8	172	3.4
黃大仙 Wong Tai Sin	256	6.2	324	6.4
觀塘 Kwun Tong	421	10.2	469	9.2
葵青 Kwai Tsing	271	6.6	384	7.6
荃灣 Tsuen Wan	147	3.6	177	3.5
屯門 Tuen Mun	271	6.6	374	7.4
元朗 Yuen Long	310	7.5	468	9.2
北區 North	163	4.0	393	7.7
大埔 Tai Po	112	2.7	283	5.6
沙田 Sha Tin	211	5.1	308	6.1
西貢 Sai Kung	89	2.2	199	3.9
離島 Islands	61	1.5	163	3.2
總計 Total	4 122	100.0	5 079	100.0

註釋：(1) 個別被呈報吸毒者在某年內可被呈報吸食多於一種毒品。

Notes: More than one type of drugs abused may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

(2) # 佔各相關吸毒者組別內所有被呈報居住地區的吸毒者的百分比。

As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known district of residence in the respective drug abuser groups.

表 4c 按現時吸食毒品原因劃分的2015年被呈報吸食海洛英及危害精神毒品者

Table 4c Reported heroin and psychotropic substance abusers in 2015 by reason for current drug use

現時吸食毒品原因 Reason for current drug use	被呈報吸食海洛英者 <u>Reported heroin abusers</u>		被呈報吸食危害精神毒品者 <u>Reported psychotropic substance abusers</u>	
	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]
避免因沒有吸食毒品而感到不適 To avoid discomfort of its absence	2 791	64.4	1 774	34.3
解悶／情緒低落／壓力 Relief of boredom/depression/stress	1 633	37.7	2 615	50.6
受到同輩朋友影響／想和同輩朋友打成一片 Peer influence/To identify with peers	1 948	45.0	2 225	43.0
出於好奇 Curiosity	591	13.6	1 327	25.7
尋求快感或官能上的滿足 To seek euphoria or sensory satisfaction	511	11.8	1 007	19.5
總計 Total	4 331	100.0	5 169	100.0

註釋：(1) 個別被呈報吸毒者在某年內可被呈報多於一個現時吸食毒品原因。

Notes: More than one reason for current drug use may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

(2) # 佔各相關吸毒者組別內所有被呈報現時吸食毒品原因的吸毒者的百分比。

As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known reasons for current drug use in the respective drug abuser groups.

藥物濫用資料中央檔案室的運作機制

Operation Mechanism of the Central Registry of Drug Abuse

引言

1. 要制定有效政策對付毒品問題，必須考慮吸食毒品情況和趨勢。香港有關當局早已明瞭這個需要，因此，政府總部禁毒處(禁毒處)於 1972 年成立檔案室，負責監察本港吸食毒品趨勢的轉變和吸食毒品的特性。

檔案室的工作目標

2. 檔案室的工作目標在 2001 年修訂如下：

- (a) 參考整體人口的特點，確定本港的吸食毒品趨勢和吸食毒品人士特性的轉變；
- (b) 編匯從各機構得來的統計數字，從而分析在某段時期被呈報的吸食毒品人士的特性，以及把不同機構所呈報的吸食毒品人士的特性互相比較對照；
- (c) 設立資料庫，以便應各方要求提供資料，監察選定組別的吸食毒品人士在某段時期的吸食毒品模式，供研究之用；

Introduction

1. Effective policy against drugs has to be formulated with reference to the drug abuse situation and trends. This need has long been recognised in Hong Kong. Therefore, the Narcotics Division (ND) of the Government Secretariat in 1972 established the CRDA that serves to monitor changes in trends and characteristics of the drug abuse situation in Hong Kong.

Objectives of the CRDA

2. The objectives of the CRDA as revised in 2001 are :

- (a) to identify trends of drug abuse and characteristics of the drug abusing population in Hong Kong, with reference to the demographic characteristics of the overall population;
- (b) to coordinate statistics from various sources for analysing the characteristics of the reported addict population at any given time, and to contrast these characteristics among abusers reported from various sources;
- (c) to provide a database which is responsive to requests for monitoring selected groups of drug abusers with regard to their drug abusing patterns over a period of time for research;

藥物濫用資料中央檔案室的運作機制

- (d) 作為一個基點，以便結合其他與毒品有關的統計系統，從中獲取資料，進而相互聯繫比較；以及
- (e) 適時提供最新的統計數字，供市民參閱。

方法

3. 檔案室所儲存有關經證實或被懷疑的吸食毒品人士的紀錄是從遍布不同界別的機構所填寫的劃一紀錄表收集得來，有關機構包括執法部門、戒毒治療和福利機構、專上院校、醫院和診所。附錄三轉載了《危險藥物條例》(第 134 章)附表四中向檔案室呈報資料的機構名單。紀錄表收集與這些機構有接觸的吸食毒品人士的社會及人口特徵及吸食毒品資料 (自 2005 年 4 月起使用的紀錄表載於附錄四)。警方和海關會就每名經證實或被懷疑吸食毒品的被捕人士，填寫紀錄表。懲教署呈報剛被還押羈留或剛收納入懲教院所的吸食毒品人士和再次吸毒囚犯的資料。戒毒治療和康復服務機構呈報初次和再次接受治療的個案。福利機構呈報經證實或懷疑吸食毒品的求助人資料。外展社工呈報向他們尋求服務的吸食毒品人士的資料。醫院和診所則會就任何有斷癮徵狀或承認吸食毒品的病人，填寫紀錄表。

- (d) to provide a basis for integrating with other drug-related statistical systems so that information in these systems can be captured and statistics related and compared; and
- (e) to provide up-to-date statistics in a timely manner for dissemination to the public.

Methodology

3. Reports on confirmed or suspected drug abusers contained in the CRDA are submitted to the CRDA via a standard record sheet by a wide network of reporting agencies comprising law enforcement agencies, treatment and welfare agencies, tertiary institutions, hospitals and clinics. A list of CRDA reporting agencies specified in the Fourth Schedule to the Dangerous Drugs Ordinance (Chapter 134) is at Appendix 3. The record sheet solicits social and demographic characteristics as well as drug-taking information on drug abusers who come into contact with those agencies (a specimen of the record sheet in use since April 2005 is at Appendix 4). The Police and the Customs and Excise Department report on every confirmed or suspected abuser arrested by them. The Correctional Services Department reports on drug abusers on remand who are taken into custody or drug abusers on their admission to correctional institutions and also on relapsed prisoners. Treatment and rehabilitation

4. 整體吸食毒品人數指在指定時期內與呈報機構接觸而又被呈報至檔案室的總人數，不論他們是否曾被呈報多於一次，亦不論他們吸食多少毒品種類。吸食某一種類毒品人數則是指在指定時期內曾服食該種毒品的總人數，不論他們只是單一吸食該種毒品或同時與其他毒品混合吸食。

5. 檔案室會核對所有印刷版紀錄表，然後把資料編成代碼，輸入電腦；連同經互聯網向檔案室呈報的電子紀錄表，所輸入的數據均會經過驗證，以確保有效。為避免同一人被重複計算，以及把首次被呈報的個案與檔案室資料庫中曾被呈報的個案區分，系統會根據被呈報者的姓名、身分證號碼、出生日期和性別等，把新輸入的資料與檔案室資料庫所儲存已知個案的資料，逐一配對。檔案室在更新資

agencies report on new and readmitted cases. Welfare agencies report when a confirmed or suspected drug abuser approaches them for assistance. Outreaching social workers report on drug abusers who come to them for services. Hospitals and clinics complete a record sheet in respect of any patient who has shown withdrawal symptoms of drug addiction or who confesses to being a drug abuser.

4. The overall number of drug abusers refers to the total number of individual persons reported to the CRDA who have come into contact with reporting agencies in the given period, irrespective of whether they were reported for more than once and the number of drugs taken. The number of drug abusers for a particular drug type, however, is defined as the total number of all individuals who had abused the drug within the given period, irrespective of whether they took it singly or concurrently with other drugs.

5. All record sheets received in paper form are checked, coded and the data are input into the computer. Together with those record sheets submitted electronically over the internet to the CRDA, the inputted data are then validated. To avoid multiple counting of the same person and enable identification of newly reported cases as against the previously reported ones in the CRDA database, the system will match data input with previously known cases in the

料庫後，就會編製統計數據。

資料保密

6. 由於呈報工作純粹出於自願，檔案室同時得到個別吸食毒品人士和呈報機構的信任至為重要。《危險藥物條例》就此授予法定保障，規定檔案室和呈報機構所備存的紀錄必須保密。此外，當局亦不時更新呈報機構向檔案室呈報資料的指引，以確保呈報程序遵守《個人資料(私隱)條例》(第 486 章)的條文。

7. 各機構向檔案室呈報的所有個人紀錄，均絕對保密，只有直接負責檔案室工作的人員才可取閱。這些人員必須遵守保密規則，而使用這些資料有極其嚴格之規定及須符合《危險藥物條例》第 VIIA 部的規定。所有發表的報告，內容純屬統計數字，並無任何資料可供識別個別吸食毒品人士的身分。這樣不僅加強了呈報機構對檔案室的信心，也為呈報機構繼續與檔案室合作並定期呈報可靠資料，提供鞏固的基礎。同時，個別吸食毒品人士也無須害怕因接受治療或其他服務而泄露身分。

database, using the name, identity card number, birth date, sex and etc. With the updated CRDA database, statistics are compiled.

Data Confidentiality

6. As reporting to the CRDA is entirely voluntary, it is essential to secure the confidence of both individual drug abusers and reporting agencies. This is achieved by conferring statutory protection to the confidentiality of all records maintained in the CRDA and its reporting agencies under the Dangerous Drugs Ordinance. Guidelines for reporting data to the CRDA have also been updated to comply with the provisions of the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance (Chapter 486).

7. The records of all persons reported to the CRDA are handled in strict confidence and are accessible only to those who are directly involved in the operation of the CRDA. They in turn are required to observe the rule of confidentiality. The use of such information is subject to strict regulations, and complies with legal requirements as prescribed under Part VIIA of Dangerous Drugs Ordinance. All published reports are statistical in nature and contain no information that could lead to any individual drug abuser being identified. This enhances the confidence of the reporting agencies in the CRDA and provides a firm basis for their continuous

cooperation and the regular submission of reliable information. At the same time, individual abusers are assured that their anonymity will be maintained, thus allaying any fear of being exposed when they come forward for treatment or other services.

統計資料的局限

8. 雖然呈報網絡已包括多間呈報機構，例如執法部門、戒毒治療及福利機構、專上院校、醫院和診所，但檔案室屬自願呈報系統，記錄曾與呈報機構接觸而又被這些機構呈報的吸毒者資料。基於其性質，檔案室不能確定本港在某一段時間內吸毒者的確實人數，其統計數字旨在顯示一段時間內的吸毒趨勢，但非毒品吸食情況的絕對界定。

9. 根據某一類別吸毒人士及吸食多種毒品人士的定義，將各類別的被呈報吸毒人數合計起來是沒有意義的，其總和往往多於在某指定年份內被呈報吸毒的總人數。

10. 除了基本的個人資料(例如年齡和性別外)，有關個別吸食毒品人士的其他指定資料項目，會因為種種原

Data limitations

8. Although its reporting network encompasses a large number of reporting agencies such as law enforcement agencies, treatment and welfare agencies, tertiary institutions, hospitals and clinics, the CRDA is a voluntary reporting system recording the details of drug abusers who have come into contact with and have been reported by the reporting agencies. By its nature, the CRDA does not measure the exact size of the drug abusing population in Hong Kong at any particular time. Statistics derived therefrom are indicators of the trends of drug abuse over time rather than a finite definition of the situation.

9. Given the definitions of drug abusers of a particular type and multiple drug abusers, it is not meaningful to add up the number of reported drug abusers for individual drug types, the sum of which is usually larger than the overall total number of reported drug abusers in a given year.

10. Specific data items of individual abusers, other than the basic personal particulars such as age and sex, may not have

藥物濫用資料中央檔案室的運作機制

因而沒有全部向檔案室呈報。因此，本報告書只能根據檔案室所得的呈報資料作出分析，而這些資料難免未能盡錄所有情況。雖然如此，以個別資料項目而言，大部分(遠超過 90%)被呈報人士均有提供資料。下表所載為 2015 年所有呈報人士就指定資料項目有提供資料的人數及所佔百分比。

been fully provided for one reason or another. The analyses presented in this report are thus only based on the reported information available to the CRDA, which is inevitably not exhaustive. Nevertheless, information on individual data items has been provided for most, or well above 90%, of reported individuals. A table showing the numbers and proportions of individuals with known information on specific data items in 2015 is given below.

指定資料項目 Specified data items	有提供資料的人士 No. of individuals with known information	佔所有被呈報 吸毒者的百分比 % of all reported individuals
年齡/出生日期及性別 (必須呈報項目) Age/date of birth and sex (mandatory items)	8 598	100.0
吸食毒品種類 Type of drugs abused	8 530	99.2
婚姻狀況 Marital status	8 413	97.8
教育程度 Educational attainment	8 273	96.2
居住地區 District of residence	8 126	94.5
屋宇單位類型 Type of quarters	7 909	92.0
經濟活動身分 Economic activity status	8 225	95.7
曾否有犯罪紀錄 Whether previously convicted	8 398	97.7
首次吸食毒品年齡 Age of first abuse	8 125	94.5
現時吸食毒品物原因 Reason for current drug use	8 308	96.6
吸食毒品地方 Place of abusing drugs	8 419	97.9
吸食毒品地點 Locality of abusing drugs	8 271	96.2

11. 在闡釋本報告書所載的統計結果時，應注意以上各點。這些統計數字應作為反映吸食毒品趨勢的指標，而非鉅細無遺地描述吸食毒品的全面

11. In interpreting findings of the report, the above have to be borne in mind. The statistics should be taken as indicators of the trends in drug abuse over time rather than an

情況。雖然有關的百分比分布並非按所有被呈報人士計算出來，但仍可大致反映吸食毒品人士的一般特徵。

absolute representation of the whole situation. The percentage distribution, though not calculated for all reported individuals, can be taken broadly to reflect the general characteristics of drug abusers.

數字修訂

Figure Revision

12. 本報告書內過往兩年的被呈報吸食毒品人士數字可能稍作調整，因而有別於以往出版的同一系列報告書所載的數字。原因是在各年份的截止收集資料日期過後，仍有機構向檔案室呈報過往吸食毒品人士的資料或更改已呈報的資料。

12. Figures for the number of drug abusers in the previous two years may have been slightly revised and are thus different from those presented in the previous issues of this series of report. It is because some agencies still submit records to the CRDA on abusers contacted within the preceding years, or revise records submitted after the cut-off time of data collection of each reference year.

用語定義 Definition of Terms

年齡：指某人在出生後所度過的完整年數。年齡是由呈報月份和年份計算得來的。

首次吸食毒品年齡：指開始吸食毒品的年齡，不論吸食的毒品種類為何。如果是指明某一種毒品的首次吸食年齡，則是指某人吸食該種毒品的首次吸食年齡。

居住地區：指被呈報吸毒人士在呈報時所知的居住地區。

吸毒者：作為呈報的準則，吸毒者是指在洽見日期前四星期內曾經服用危害或可能危害個人身體、精神健康、或其家庭和社會關係的毒品／物質的人士，而劑量或服用期超過正常的治療劑量或服用期。酒精及煙草不被列作毒品。被濫用毒品／物質大致可分為麻醉鎮痛劑及危害精神毒品。

經濟活動身分：個別人士可被分類至以下各種不同的經濟活動身分，包括：

- (i) 全職工作人士是指在呈報前七天內，有一份正式工作（即該人士持續支取工資；或已獲保證或已有既定日期返回工作崗位或所經營之業務；或正支取補償費而無須接受其他工作）且正按照一個每月有固定通常工作日數或每周／每月有固定通常工作時數的模

Age : Age is the number of complete years a person has passed since birth. It is derived from month and year of birth reported.

Age of first abuse : This refers to the age when drug abuse first started, regardless of the types of drugs taken then. If a particular type of drug is specified, it refers to the age of first abuse for such type of drug.

District of residence : This refers to the district where a reported person is known to be residing at the time of report.

Drug abuser : For the purpose of CRDA reporting, a drug abuser refers to a person who has taken drugs/substances during the four weeks before the date of contact, and the drugs/substances taken harm or threaten to harm the physical or mental health or social well-being of an individual, in doses above or for periods beyond those normally regarded as therapeutic. Alcohol and tobacco are, however, not regarded as drugs abused. The drugs/substances of abuse are broadly classified into narcotics analgesics and psychotropic substances.

Economic activity status : A person can be classified into various different economic activity status including :

- (i) *full-time worker* refers to an employee, employer or a self-employed who had formal job attachment (i.e. had continued receipt of wage, or had an assurance or an agreed date of return to job or business, or was in receipt of compensation without obligation to accept another job) and was working

- 式工作的僱員、僱主或自僱人士；
- (ii) 散工／兼職人士是指在呈報前七天內，按日工作或每周通常工作日數或每工作日／周通常工作時數是不固定的人士；
- (iii) 失業人士是指在呈報前七天內可隨時工作但並無為賺取薪酬而工作的人士；
- (iv) 料理家務人士是指照顧家庭而無收取報酬的人士；
- (v) 學生是指正在求學及在呈報前七天內並無工作的人士。兼職學生應歸入工作者及不包括在此類別內；
- (vi) 退休人士是指以前有工作，但現因年老而沒有繼續工作的人士；
- (vii) 其他人士包括 (a) 無須為生計而工作的人士，及因長期患病或殘疾而不能工作的人士；及 (b) 從事非法行業人士。
- under a regular pattern with fixed number of usual days of work per month or fixed number of usual hours of work per week/month during the seven days prior to the time of report;
- (ii) *casual/part-time worker* refers to a person who was working on a day-to-day basis or for whom the number of usual days of work per week or usual hours of work per working day/week was either not fixed or irregular during the seven days prior to the time of report;
- (iii) *unemployed* refers to a person who had been available for work but had not performed any work for pay during the seven days prior to the time of report;
- (iv) *home-maker* refers to a person who looks after the home without pay;
- (v) *student* refers to a person who is studying and was not working during the seven days prior to the time of report. Student worker should be classified as an employed person and is not included in this category;
- (vi) *retired person* refers to a person who has worked previously but is not currently working due to old age;
- (vii) *others* include (a) persons who do not have to work for a living and who cannot work due to permanent sickness or disablement; and (b) workers in illicit trade.

教育程度：指某人在學校或其他教育機構修讀達到的最高教育程度，不論他／她有否完成該課程。

種族：有關「種族」的分類是參考不同的概念包括文化起源、國籍、膚色及語言等而制定。吸毒者的種族指由其本人報稱所屬的族裔。但若吸毒者無法自行判斷，呈報機構可憑其外貌或言談判斷，否則可查問吸毒者的國籍代替種族。

吸食毒品地點：指吸毒者吸毒的地點，如在家、朋友的家、公眾地方如休憩地方／公園／公廁及的士高／卡拉 OK。

麻醉鎮痛劑：指海洛英、鴉片、嗎啡和菲仕通／美沙酮。

吸食毒品地方：指香港或香港以外的地區或國家，如澳門特別行政區及中國內地-深圳。

危害精神毒品：指迷幻劑（例如大麻）、鎮抑劑（如甲喹酮）、興奮劑（例如亞甲二氧基甲基安非他明、甲基安非他明及可卡因）、鎮靜劑（如三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆及安定）和其他物質，如氯胺酮、咳藥和有機溶劑等。

Educational attainment : This refers to the highest level of education attained by a person in school or other educational institution, regardless of whether he/she had completed the course.

Ethnicity : The classification of ethnicity is determined with reference to a combination of concepts such as cultural origins, nationality, colour and language. The ethnicity of an abuser is determined by self-identification. If the abuser cannot determine his/her own ethnicity, reporting agency may classify the abuser according to his/her appearance or language. Otherwise, reporting agency may check the nationality of the abuser as a proxy for ethnicity.

Locality of abusing drug : This refers to the location where a reported person abused drugs, such as home, friend's home, public areas like recreation area/public park/public toilet and disco/karaoke.

Narcotics analgesics : They refer to heroin, opium, morphine and physeptone/methadone.

Place of abusing drug : This refers to Hong Kong or an area or a country outside Hong Kong, such as Macao SAR and Mainland China - Shenzhen.

Psychotropic substances : They refer to hallucinogens (e.g. cannabis), depressants (e.g. methaqualone), stimulants (e.g. MDMA, methamphetamine and cocaine), tranquillizers (e.g. triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone and diazepam) and other substances such as ketamine, cough medicine and organic solvents.

被呈報吸毒者：指被呈報機構向檔案室呈報的已知或懷疑吸毒者。同一吸毒者在某指定年內接觸呈報機構而又被呈報多於一次(不論由同一機構呈報或由不同機構呈報)，亦只會作一人計算。被呈報吸食某一種類毒品人士的數目是指在某指定年內被呈報曾吸食該種毒品的人士總數，不論他們只是單一吸食該種毒品或同時與其他毒品混合吸食。檔案室從不同角度分析被呈報吸毒人士，包括：

首次被呈報者指不論吸食毒品的種類及分析的時期，該人的紀錄是首次呈報予檔案室(即是在呈報之前，檔案室從未有該名人士的紀錄)。

曾被呈報者指該人的紀錄已在以往的年份被呈報予檔案室。

吸食超過一種毒品者(或稱為吸食多種毒品者)指該人在指定期內吸食多於一種毒品，不論他／她是否只是單一吸食一種毒品或同時與其他毒品混合吸食。

某一年份被呈報吸毒人數是在同年首次被呈報及曾被呈報吸毒人數的總和。

Reported drug abuser : This refers to known or suspected drug abuser reported to the CRDA by reporting agencies. A drug abuser who has come into contact with reporting agencies within a given year and has been reported for more than once (by the same or different reporting agencies) is counted as one reported individual. The number of reported drug abusers for a particular drug type is defined as the total number of all individuals who had abused the drug within a given year, irrespective of whether they took it singly or concurrently with other drugs. Analyses of reported drug abusers are made from various perspectives including :

Newly reported person refers to a person who is known to the CRDA for the first time (i.e. no precedent reported case on him/her in the CRDA at the time of report), irrespective of the types of drugs taken and the period of analysis.

Previously reported person refers to a person who has been recorded by the CRDA before in the preceding years.

Multiple drug abuser refers to a person who is reported to have taken more than one type of drugs within the specified period, irrespective of whether the drugs were taken singly or concurrently with other drugs.

The number of reported drug abusers for a particular year is the sum of that of newly reported persons and that of previously reported persons for the same year.

《危險藥物條例》附表四的呈報機構

Reporting agencies in the Fourth Schedule to the Dangerous Drugs Ordinance

機構名稱 /	Name of agency
1. 香港仔街坊福利會社會服務中心	1. Aberdeen Kai-fong Welfare Association Social Service Centre
2. 浸會愛群社會服務處	2. Baptist Oi Kwan Social Service
3. 基督教巴拿巴愛心服務團有限公司	3. Barnabas Charitable Service Association Limited
4. 嘉諾撒醫院	4. Canossa Hospital (Caritas)
5. 香港明愛	5. Caritas-Hong Kong
6. 基督教家庭服務中心	6. Christian Family Service Centre
6A. 基督教新生協會有限公司	6A. Christian New Life Association Limited
7. 基督教正生會有限公司	7. Christian Zheng Sheng Association Limited
8. 珠海學院	8. Chu Hai College of Higher Education
9. 香港城市大學	9. City University of Hong Kong
10. 懲教署	10. Correctional Services Department
11. 香港海關	11. Customs and Excise Department
12. 得基輔康會有限公司	12. DACARS, Limited
13. 衛生署	13. Department of Health
14. 教育局	14. Education Bureau
15. 播道醫院	15. Evangel Hospital
15A. 榮頌團契有限公司	15A. Glorious Praise Fellowship (Hong Kong) Limited
16. 香港港安醫院	16. Hong Kong Adventist Hospital
17. 香港浸信會醫院	17. Hong Kong Baptist Hospital
18. 香港浸會大學	18. Hong Kong Baptist University
19. 港中醫院	19. Hong Kong Central Hospital
20. 香港青少年服務處	20. Hong Kong Children & Youth Services
21. 香港基督教服務處	21. Hong Kong Christian Service
22. 香港家庭福利會	22. Hong Kong Family Welfare Society
23. 香港路德會社會服務處	23. Hong Kong Lutheran Social Service
24. 香港遊樂場協會	24. Hong Kong Playground Association
25. 香港警務處	25. Hong Kong Police Force
26. 香港養和醫院有限公司	26. Hong Kong Sanatorium and Hospital Limited
26A. 香港聖公會福利協會	26A. Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare Council
27. 香港基督教女青年會	27. Hong Kong Young Women's Christian Association
28. 醫院管理局	28. Hospital Authority
29. 香港國際社會服務社	29. International Social Service Hong Kong Branch
30. 啟勵扶青會	30. KELY Support Group
31. 基督教信義會芬蘭差會靈愛中心	31. Ling Oi Centre, Finnish Evangelical Lutheran Mission
32. 嶺南大學	32. Lingnan University
33. 明德醫院	33. Matilda and War Memorial Hospital
34. 循道愛華村服務中心	34. Methodist Epworth Village Community Centre
34A. 方舟行動有限公司	34A. Mission Ark Limited

《危險藥物條例》附表四的呈報機構

Reporting agencies in the
Fourth Schedule to the Dangerous Drugs Ordinance

機構名稱 /	Name of agency
35. 香港晨曦會	35. Operation Dawn Limited
36. 寶血醫院(明愛) b	36. Precious Blood Hospital (Caritas)
37. 社會福利署	37. Social Welfare Department
38. 聖雅各福群會	38. St. James' Settlement
39. 聖保祿醫院	39. St. Paul's Hospital
40. 聖士提反會	40. St. Stephen's Society
41. 聖德肋撒醫院	41. St. Teresa's Hospital
42. 香港神託會	42. Stewards Limited
43. 香港小童群益會	43. The Boys' and Girls' Clubs Association of Hong Kong
44. 香港基督少年軍有限公司	44. The Boys' Brigade, Hong Kong Limited
45. 香港中文大學	45. The Chinese University of Hong Kong
46. 香港中華基督教青年會	46. The Chinese Young Men's Christian Association of Hong Kong
47. 基督教得生團契有限公司	47. The Christian New Being Fellowship Limited
48. 香港基督教協基會有限公司	48. The Church of United Brethren in Christ Hong Kong Limited
48A. 香港教育大學	48A. The Education University of Hong Kong
49. 基督教香港信義會	49. The Evangelical Lutheran Church of Hong Kong
50. 香港社會服務聯會	50. The Hong Kong Council of Social Service
51. 香港青年協會	51. The Hong Kong Federation of Youth Groups
53. 香港醫學會	53. The Hong Kong Medical Association
54. 香港理工大學	54. The Hong Kong Polytechnic University
55. 香港科技大學	55. The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology
56. 鄰舍輔導會	56. The Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council
57. 救世軍	57. The Salvation Army
58. 香港戒毒會	58. The Society for the Aid and Rehabilitation of Drug Abusers
59. 香港善導會	59. The Society of Rehabilitation and Crime Prevention, Hong Kong
60. 香港大學	60. The University of Hong Kong
61. 荃灣港安醫院	61. Tsuen Wan Adventist Hospital
61A. 東華三院	61A. Tung Wah Group of Hospitals
62. 沙田國際醫務中心仁安醫院	62. Sha Tin International Medical Centre Union Hospital
63. 職業訓練局	63. Vocational Training Council
64. 基督教互愛中心	64. Wu Oi Christian Centre
65. 仁愛堂有限公司	65. Yan Oi Tong Limited
66. 循道衛理楊震社會服務處	66. Yang Memorial Methodist Social Service
67. 錫安社會服務處有限公司	67. Zion Social Service Limited

藥物濫用資料中央檔案室
記錄表

填入資料後即成
機密文件

回答選擇題時，請圈出適當的答案

<p>1. 呈報機構 辦事處/分處 灰色空格內無須填寫</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 100px; height: 20px; margin-left: 100px;"></div>	<p>2. 洽見日期</p> <table style="width:100%; text-align: center;"> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>日</td> <td></td> <td>月</td> <td></td> <td>年</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table>											日		月		年										
日		月		年																						
<p>3. 姓名 (中文姓名; 如非華人, 請用英文填寫)</p> <p>_____</p> <p style="text-align: center;">姓氏 名字</p>	<p>4. 香港身份證號碼 (如非本港居民, 請填寫其他證件號碼)</p> <table style="width:100%; text-align: center;"> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> </tr> </table> <p>其他證件號碼 _____</p>																									
<p>5. 性別: 1 男 2 女</p> <p>6. 種族: 11 華人 12 其他 (請註明)</p> <p>_____</p>	<p>7. 出生日期</p> <table style="width:100%; text-align: center;"> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>日</td> <td></td> <td>月</td> <td></td> <td>年</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table>											日		月		年										
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<p>8. 婚姻狀況</p> <p>1 未婚 2 已婚/同居</p> <p>3 鰥/寡 4 離婚/分居 9 不詳</p>	<p>12. 居住地區</p> <table style="width:100%;"> <tr> <td>11 中西區</td> <td>21 油尖旺</td> <td>25 觀塘</td> <td>34 元朗</td> <td>38 西貢</td> </tr> <tr> <td>12 灣仔</td> <td>22 深水埗</td> <td>31 葵青</td> <td>35 北區</td> <td>39 離島</td> </tr> <tr> <td>13 東區</td> <td>23 九龍城</td> <td>32 荃灣</td> <td>36 大埔</td> <td>99 不詳</td> </tr> <tr> <td>14 南區</td> <td>24 黃大仙</td> <td>33 屯門</td> <td>37 沙田</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	11 中西區	21 油尖旺	25 觀塘	34 元朗	38 西貢	12 灣仔	22 深水埗	31 葵青	35 北區	39 離島	13 東區	23 九龍城	32 荃灣	36 大埔	99 不詳	14 南區	24 黃大仙	33 屯門	37 沙田						
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14 中國 - 廣東省 (深圳除外)	_____																									
15 中國 - 其他省份	99 不詳																									
11 家	16 出租屋/渡假屋/出租地方																									
12 朋友的家	17 的士高/卡拉OK																									
13 學校/宿舍	18 夜總會/網吧																									
14 會所/大廈/酒店/酒吧內舉行的派對場合	19 電子遊戲機中心																									
15 會所/大廈/酒店/酒吧內舉行的非派對場合	20 電影院/劇院																									
	21 休憩地方/公園/公廁																									
	22 其他 (請註明) _____																									
<p>19. 報稱現時濫用藥物的原因 (可選擇一個或以上答案)</p> <table style="width:100%;"> <tr> <td>1 出於好奇</td> <td>4 自行治理疾病</td> <td>7 受到伴侶影響</td> <td>9 不詳</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2 受到同輩朋友影響/想和同輩打成一片</td> <td>5 避開因沒有服食藥物而感到不適</td> <td>8 其他 (請註明)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3 解悶/情緒低落/壓力</td> <td>6 尋求快感或官能上的滿足</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table>		1 出於好奇	4 自行治理疾病	7 受到伴侶影響	9 不詳	2 受到同輩朋友影響/想和同輩打成一片	5 避開因沒有服食藥物而感到不適	8 其他 (請註明)		3 解悶/情緒低落/壓力	6 尋求快感或官能上的滿足															
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<p>本欄無須填寫</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 100px; height: 40px; margin-left: auto;"></div> <p style="text-align: center;">登記號碼</p>																										

**CENTRAL REGISTRY OF DRUG ABUSE
RECORD SHEET**

CONFIDENTIAL
when entered with data

Please circle appropriate answer for multiple choice questions

<p>1. Reporting Agency Office/Branch Leave shaded boxes in blank</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 100px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc; margin: 5px;"></div>	<p>2. Date of Contact</p> <table style="width:100%; text-align: center;"> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 30px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 30px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 30px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; width: 30px; height: 20px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>day</td> <td>month</td> <td colspan="2">year</td> </tr> </table>					day	month	year																																		
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Additional information:

Case reference number : _____ Reported by: _____ Contact telephone: _____

Leave blank
Register No.



藥物濫用資料中央檔案室 第六十五號報告書

Central Registry of Drug Abuse Sixty-fifth Report

有關本刊物的查詢，請聯絡：

政府總部保安局統計組
藥物濫用資料中央檔案室

地址： 國香港金鐘道66號金鐘道政府合署高座30樓

電話：(852) 2867 1071

圖文傳真：(852) 2537 2575

電子郵址：sb_stat@sb.gov.hk

Enquiries about this publication can be directed to :

**The Central Registry of Drug Abuse, Statistics Unit,
Security Bureau, Government Secretariat**

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66 Queensway, Hong Kong, China.

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