

背景

Background

藥物濫用資料中央檔案室的範圍

1. 這是藥物濫用資料中央檔案室(檔案室)報告書系列中的第六十六號，載列 2007 年至 2016 年間香港被呈報吸食毒品統計數字。

2. 檔案室的成立，是為了提供有關吸毒情況的統計數字，以監察吸毒趨勢和吸毒者特性的轉變。檔案室屬自願呈報系統，記錄曾與呈報機構接觸而又被這些機構呈報的吸毒者資料。呈報機構包括執法部門、戒毒治療及福利機構、專上院校、醫院和診所。基於其性質，檔案室不是計量本港在某一時間內吸毒者的確實人數，而其統計數字旨在顯示一段時間內的吸毒趨勢，以就本港最新的毒品情況提供有用的資料，並支援以實證為本的模式制訂禁毒政策和措施。

3. 在計算確實的吸毒人數方面，並沒有一個公認準確的方法，亦沒有任何一個方法本身足以全面地評估吸毒的各種問題。檔案室的被呈報吸毒數字應與其他系統所提供的定量和定性數據的資料一併應用。除檔案室外，當局亦會參考其他數據和資料，以評

Scope of the Central Registry of Drug Abuse

1. This is the sixty-sixth issue in a series of Central Registry of Drug Abuse (CRDA) Reports. It presents reported drug abuse statistics in Hong Kong for the period 2007 – 2016.

2. The CRDA is set up to provide relevant drug abuse statistics for monitoring changes in the drug abuse trends and characteristics of drug abusers. It is a voluntary reporting system recording the details of drug abusers who have come into contact with and have been reported by the reporting agencies including law enforcement agencies, treatment and welfare agencies, tertiary institutions, hospitals and clinics. By its nature, while the CRDA does not measure the exact size of the drug abusing population in Hong Kong at any particular time, statistics derived therefrom are indicators of the trends of drug abuse over time, providing useful information on the latest drug situation in Hong Kong, and supporting an evidence-based approach to the formulation of anti-drug policy and measures.

3. There is no universally accepted method to accurately measure the size of the drug abusing population. No single method by itself is sufficient to gauge all aspects of the drug abuse problem. CRDA statistics should be viewed as complementary to the quantitative and qualitative data obtained

估香港的吸毒情況，當中包括每三年進行一次的大規模學生服用藥物情況調查，個別的毒品研究項目，與毒品有關的數據如戒毒治療及復康服務機構提供的服務數字，以及與毒品有關的執法數字（如被捕人數、檢控、定罪和判刑的數字）。

4. 檔案室每年編製年內曾與呈報機構接觸的被呈報吸毒者的統計數字，以顯示吸毒的趨勢（吸毒者的定義請參閱附錄 2）。這些統計資料每季予以更新及在禁毒處的網頁 (www.nd.gov.hk/tc/drugstatistics.htm) 公布。

報告書的範圍

5. 報告書分別在五個不同章節展列多年來有關被呈報吸毒趨勢和被呈報吸毒人士特徵的分析。第 2 章旨在分析 2007 年至 2016 年十年間被呈報吸毒的主要趨勢。第 3 章載述 2016 年所有被呈報吸毒人士的主要特徵，並與 2015 年情況作比較。第 4 章就 2016 年首次被呈報及曾被呈報的吸毒人士的特徵作比較。而第 5 章則臚列及對比 2016 年各主要被呈報吸毒人士類別的統計數字。

from other sources. In addition to the CRDA, reference is also made to other sources of data and information to gauge the drug abuse situation in Hong Kong. They include the triennial large-scale surveys of drug use among students, ad hoc drug-related research studies, and relevant drug-related data such as the admission statistics of drug treatment and rehabilitation service agencies, as well as drug-related enforcement figures (e.g. on arrests, prosecutions, convictions and sentencing outcomes of drug offences).

4. Statistics on reported drug abusers who have come into contact with reporting agencies within a year are compiled annually to indicate the overall trend (for definition of drug abuser, please refer to Appendix 2). These statistics are updated and released on a quarterly basis on the Narcotics Division web page (www.nd.gov.hk/en/drugstatistics.htm).

Scope of Report

5. The Report presents the analysis of reported drug abuse trends and characteristics of reported drug abusers over the years in five separate chapters. Chapter 2 focuses on the major reported drug abuse trends for the decade from 2007 to 2016. Chapter 3 presents the major characteristics of all reported drug abusers in 2016, together with their comparison against 2015. Chapter 4 compares the characteristics of newly and previously reported drug abusers in 2016. Chapter 5 shows comparative statistics of major categories of drug abusers in 2016.

數字的進位

6. 由於進位原因，統計表及統計圖內個別項目數字的總和可能與總數略有出入。

代號

7. 統計表所採用的符號如下：

@ 為使個別人士所提供的資料得以保密，數據及其相關百分比不予公布。

* 百分比少於 0.05

- 無

n.a. 數字不詳

Rounding of Figures

6. There may be slight discrepancies between the sums of individual items and the totals as shown in the tables and charts due to rounding.

Symbols

7. The following symbols are adopted in the tables:

@ Value and its corresponding percentage not released in order to safeguard confidentiality of information provided by individuals.

* Percentage less than 0.05

- Nil

n.a. not available