背景 Background

藥物濫用資料中央檔案室的範圍

- 1. 這是藥物濫用資料中央檔案室 (檔案室)報告書系列中的第七十號,載 列 2011 年至 2020 年間香港被呈報吸 食毒品統計數字。

3. 在計算確實的吸毒人數方面,並沒有一個公認準確的方法,亦沒有任何一個方法本身足以全面地評估吸毒的各種問題。檔案室的被呈報吸毒數字應與其他系統所提供的定量和定性數據的資料一併應用。除檔案室外,當局亦會參考其他數據和資料,以評估

Scope of the Central Registry of Drug Abuse

- 1. This is the seventieth issue in a series of Central Registry of Drug Abuse (CRDA) Reports. It presents reported drug abuse statistics in Hong Kong for the period 2011 2020.
- 2. The CRDA is set up to provide relevant drug abuse statistics for monitoring changes in drug abuse trends and characteristics of drug abusers to facilitate the planning of anti-drug strategies and programmes in Hong Kong. is a voluntary reporting system recording the details of drug abusers who have come into contact with and have been reported by the reporting agencies, including law enforcement agencies, treatment and welfare agencies, tertiary institutions, hospitals and clinics. By its nature, while CRDA statistics do not measure the exact size of the drug abusing population in Hong Kong at any particular time, they are indicators of the trends of drug abuse over time, providing useful information on the latest drug situation in Hong Kong, and supporting an evidence-based approach to the formulation of anti-drug policy and measures.
- 3. There is no universally accepted method to accurately measure the size of the drugabusing population. No single method by itself is sufficient to gauge all aspects of the drug abuse problem. CRDA statistics should be viewed as complementary to the quantitative and qualitative data obtained from

香港的吸毒情況,當中包括每三年進 行一次的學生服用藥物情況調查、與 毒品有關的執法統計數字(例如被捕 人數、檢控及定罪數字)、相關研究, 以及與毒品有關的數據(例如戒毒治 療和康復服務機構提供的服務統計數 字)。

4. 檔案室每年編製年內曾與呈報機構接觸的被呈報吸毒者的統計數字,以顯示吸毒的趨勢(吸毒者的定義請參閱附錄 2)。這些統計資料每季予以更新及在禁毒處的網頁(www.nd.gov.hk/tc/crda.html)公布。

報告書的範圍

5. 報告書分別在五個不同章節展 列多年來有關被呈報吸毒趨勢和被呈 報吸毒人士特徵的分析。第2章記 受力析 2011 年至 2020 年十年間被2020 年十年間被2020 年十年間與 到2019 年情況作比較。第4章的 與2019 年情況作比較。第4章的 與2020 年首次被呈報及曾被呈報的 數子的特徵作比較。而第5章則 對比2020 年各主要被呈報吸毒 人士類別的統計數字。 other sources. In addition to the CRDA, the Government has also made reference to other sources of data and information to gauge the drug abuse situation in Hong Kong. They include the triennial surveys of drug use among students, drug-related enforcement statistics (e.g. on arrests, prosecutions and convictions), relevant research studies and drug-related data (e.g. admission statistics of drug treatment and rehabilitation service agencies).

4. Statistics on reported drug abusers who have come into contact with reporting agencies within a year are compiled annually to indicate the overall trend (for definition of drug abuser, please refer to Appendix 2). These statistics are updated and released on a quarterly basis on the Narcotics Division web page (www.nd.gov.hk/en/crda.html).

Scope of Report

5. The Report presents the analysis of reported drug abuse trends and characteristics of reported drug abusers over the years in five separate chapters. Chapter 2 focuses on the major reported drug abuse trends for the decade from 2011 to 2020. Chapter 3 presents the major characteristics of all reported drug abusers in 2020, together with their comparison against 2019. Chapter 4 compares the characteristics of newly and previously reported drug abusers in 2020. Chapter 5 shows comparative statistics of major categories of drug abusers in 2020.

數字的進位

6. 由於進位原因,統計表及統計圖內個別項目數字的總和可能與總數略有出入。

代號

- 7. 統計表所採用的符號如下:
 - ② 為使個別人士所提供的資料得以保密,數據及其相關百分比不予公布
 - * 百分比少於 0.05
 - 無
 - n.a. 數字不詳

Rounding of Figures

6. There may be slight discrepancies between the sums of individual items and the totals as shown in the tables and charts due to rounding.

Symbols

- 7. The following symbols are adopted in the tables:
 - Walue and its corresponding percentage not released in order to safeguard confidentiality of information provided by individuals
 - * Percentage less than 0.05
 - Nil
- n.a. not available