

藥物濫用資料中央檔案室

第七十一號報告書

Central Registry of Drug Abuse

Seventy-first Report

2012-2021

中華人民共和國 香港特別行政區

保安局禁毒處

Narcotics Division, Security Bureau

Hong Kong Special Administrative Region

People's Republic of China

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3879469837
1654987
2633123
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6312345562
5678415677
563457897
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4566403
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567112747
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923123
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12313656456456
645657931234568
213789981235649
1565465461233550
6498726330456579
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第七十一號報告書

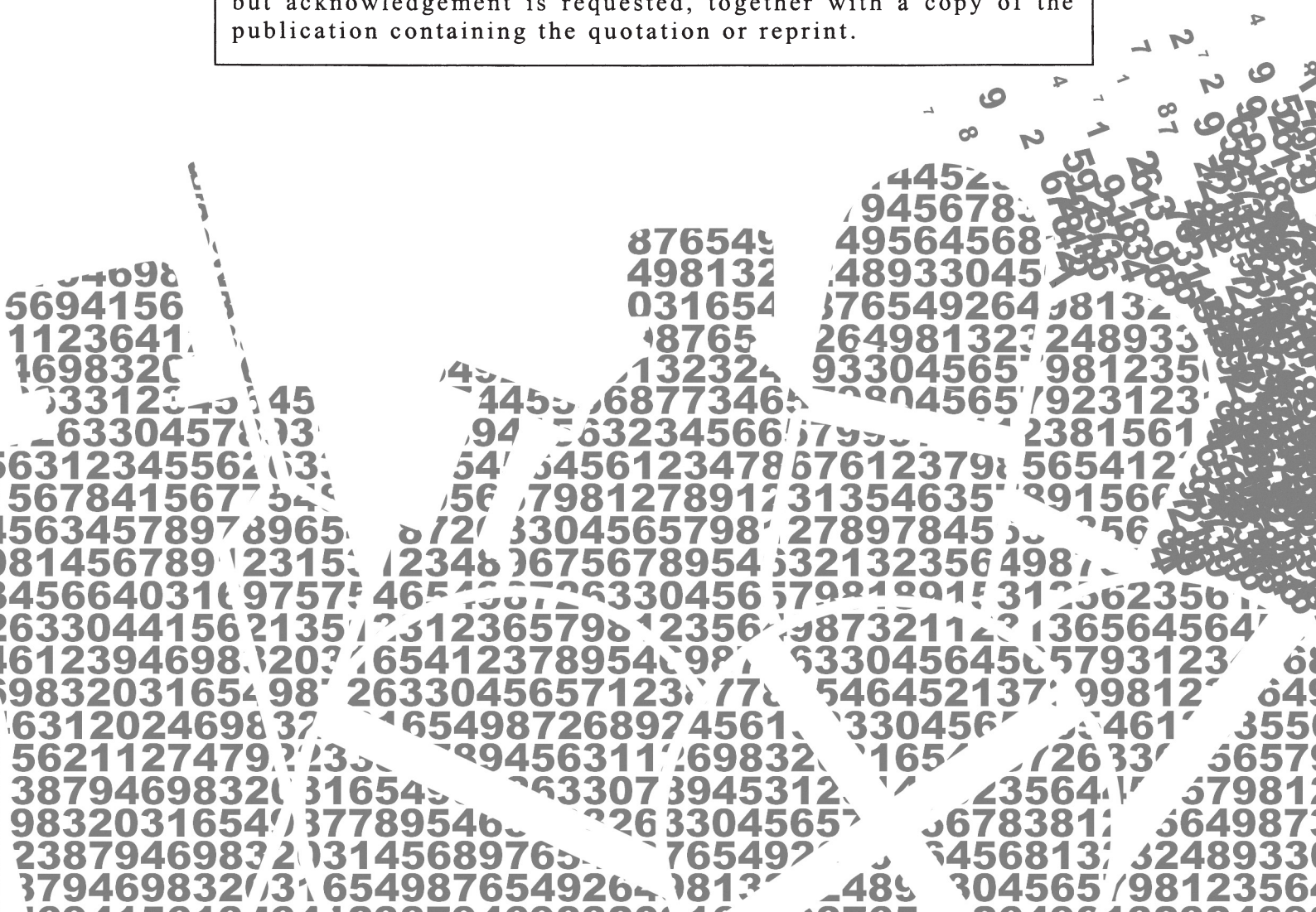
Central Registry of Drug Abuse

Seventy-first Report

2012 - 2021

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背景

Background

藥物濫用資料中央檔案室的範圍

1. 這是藥物濫用資料中央檔案室(檔案室)報告書系列中的第七十一號，載列 2012 年至 2021 年間香港被呈報吸食毒品統計數字。

2. 成立檔案室的目的是，是提供有關吸毒情況的統計，以監察吸毒趨勢和吸毒者特性的轉變，以便制訂本港的禁毒策略和計劃。呈報機構可選擇向檔案室呈報該機構所接觸的吸毒者自願提供的資料作統計用途。呈報機構包括執法機構、戒毒治療及福利機構、專上院校及醫院和診所。所呈報資料受法例保障。基於其性質，檔案室的統計數字不是計量某段時間內本港確實的吸毒者人數，而是顯示一段時間內的吸毒趨勢，以就本港最新的毒品情況提供有用資料，並支援以實證為本的模式制訂禁毒政策和措施的工作。

3. 在計算確實的吸毒人數方面，並沒有一個公認準確的方法，亦沒有任何一個方法本身足以全面地評估吸毒的各種問題。檔案室的被呈報吸毒數字應與其他系統所提供的定量和定性

Scope of the Central Registry of Drug Abuse

1. This is the seventy-first issue in a series of Central Registry of Drug Abuse (CRDA) Reports. It presents reported drug abuse statistics in Hong Kong for the period 2012 – 2021.

2. The CRDA is set up to provide relevant drug abuse statistics for monitoring changes in drug abuse trends and characteristics of drug abusers to facilitate the planning of anti-drug strategies and programmes in Hong Kong. Reporting agencies can choose to report details of drug abusers who agreed to pass on their information to the CRDA for statistical purposes. Reporting agencies include law enforcement agencies, treatment and welfare agencies, tertiary institutions, and hospitals and clinics. Reported information are protected by law. By its nature, while CRDA statistics do not measure the exact size of the drug abusing population in Hong Kong at any particular time, they are indicators of the trends of drug abuse over time, providing useful information on the latest drug situation in Hong Kong, and supporting an evidence-based approach to the formulation of anti-drug policy and measures.

3. There is no universally accepted method to accurately measure the size of the drug-abusing population. No single method by itself is sufficient to gauge all aspects of the drug abuse problem. CRDA statistics should

數據的資料一併應用。除檔案室外，當局亦會參考其他數據和資料，以評估香港的吸毒情況，當中包括每三年進行一次的學生服用藥物情況調查、與毒品有關的執法統計數字（例如被捕人數、檢控及定罪數字）、相關研究，以及與毒品有關的數據（例如戒毒治療和康復服務機構提供的服務統計數字）。

4. 檔案室每年編製年內曾與呈報機構接觸的被呈報吸毒者的統計數字，以顯示吸毒的趨勢（吸毒者的定義請參閱附錄 2）。這些統計資料每季予以更新及在禁毒處的網頁 (www.nd.gov.hk/tc/crda.html) 公布。

報告書的範圍

5. 報告書分別在五個不同章節展列多年來有關被呈報吸毒趨勢和被呈報吸毒人士特徵的分析。第 2 章旨在分析 2012 年至 2021 年十年間被呈報吸毒的主要趨勢。第 3 章載述 2021 年所有被呈報吸毒人士的主要特徵，並與 2020 年情況作比較。第 4 章就 2021 年首次被呈報及曾被呈報的吸毒人士的特徵作比較。而第 5 章則臚列及對比 2021 年各主要被呈報吸毒人士類別的統計數字。

be viewed as complementary to the quantitative and qualitative data obtained from other sources. In addition to the CRDA, the Government has also made reference to other sources of data and information to gauge the drug abuse situation in Hong Kong. They include the triennial surveys of drug use among students, drug-related enforcement statistics (e.g. on arrests, prosecutions and convictions), relevant research studies and drug-related data (e.g. admission statistics of drug treatment and rehabilitation service agencies).

4. Statistics on reported drug abusers who have come into contact with reporting agencies within a year are compiled annually to indicate the overall trend (for definition of drug abuser, please refer to Appendix 2). These statistics are updated and released on a quarterly basis on the Narcotics Division web page (www.nd.gov.hk/en/crda.html).

Scope of Report

5. The Report presents the analysis of reported drug abuse trends and characteristics of reported drug abusers over the years in five separate chapters. Chapter 2 focuses on the major reported drug abuse trends for the decade from 2012 to 2021. Chapter 3 presents the major characteristics of all reported drug abusers in 2021, together with their comparison against 2020. Chapter 4 compares the characteristics of newly and previously reported drug abusers in 2021. Chapter 5 shows comparative statistics of major categories of drug abusers in 2021.

數字的進位

6. 由於進位原因，統計表及統計圖內個別項目數字的總和可能與總數略有出入。

代號

7. 統計表所採用的符號如下：

@ 為使個別人士所提供的資料得以保密，數據及其相關百分比不予公布

* 百分比少於 0.05

- 無

n.a. 數字不詳

Rounding of Figures

6. There may be slight discrepancies between the sums of individual items and the totals as shown in the tables and charts due to rounding.

Symbols

7. The following symbols are adopted in the tables:

@ Value and its corresponding percentage not released in order to safeguard confidentiality of information provided by individuals

* Percentage less than 0.05

- Nil

n.a. not available

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1 摘要 Executive Summary

摘要結果^(註)

1.1 整體被呈報的吸毒者總人數從 2012 年的 11 106 人穩步下降至 2019 年的 5 775 人。在 2021 年，被呈報吸毒者總人數有 6 019 人，較 2020 年(5 776 人)增加 4%，但較 2012 年減少了 46%。(表 1a)

1.2 21 歲以下青少年吸毒人數在 2021 年有 873 人，較 2020 年(607 人)增加 44%，但較 2012 年(1 624 人)顯著減少了 46%。(表 1a)

1.3 首次被呈報吸毒人數在 2012 年至 2020 年間整體呈下降趨勢。2021 年首次被呈報吸毒人數為 1 979 人，較 2020 年(1 596 人)上升 24%，但較 2012 年(2 952 人)下跌 33%。(表 1b)

(註)

本報告書內有關 2020 年及 2021 年的數字可能受 2019 冠狀病毒病疫情的影響，須謹慎看待。例如呈報機構接觸到的吸毒者人數可能因疫情有所減少，亦可能需要更多時間才呈報吸毒者資料予檔案室。

Summary Findings^(Note)

1.1 The total number of reported drug abusers has been decreasing steadily from 2012 (at 11 106) to 2019 (at 5 775). In 2021, the total number of reported drug abusers was 6 019, 4% higher than 2020 (at 5 776) but 46% lower than 2012. (Table 1a)

1.2 There were 873 reported young drug abusers aged under 21 in 2021, representing an increase of 44% over 2020 (at 607) but was significantly lower than 2012 (at 1 624) by 46%. (Table 1a)

1.3 The number of newly reported drug abusers registered a declining trend between 2012 and 2020. In 2021, there were 1 979 newly reported drug abusers, representing an increase of 24% from 2020 (at 1 596) but a drop of 33% from 2012 (at 2 952). (Table 1b)

(Note)

Throughout this Report, figures in 2020 and 2021 need to be viewed with caution as they might have been affected by the situation of COVID-19. For instance, reporting agencies might have come into contact with fewer drug abusers due to the pandemic, and might have taken more time to submit data of drug abusers to CRDA.

1.4 首次被呈報吸毒者的毒齡（即由初次吸毒至被檔案室呈報機構呈報的時間）*的中位數在 2012 年至 2021 年間徘徊於 3.4 年至 5.7 年，顯示隱蔽吸毒的情況仍然值得關注。（圖 2.7）

1.5 在 2021 年，所有被呈報吸毒者及 21 歲以下吸毒者的平均首次吸毒年齡分別為 19 及 15 歲。（表 1i）

1.6 2021 年被呈報吸毒者中，2 388 人（佔 41%）被呈報吸食海洛英，而 4 099 人（佔 70%）被呈報吸食危害精神毒品。2012 年至 2021 年間，檔案室錄得被呈報吸食危害精神毒品的人數均較吸食麻醉鎮痛劑（主要為海洛英）的人數為多。（表 1d）

註釋：* 被呈報吸毒者的「毒齡」是指吸毒者初次吸毒與被呈報機構呈報至檔案室之間的時間。須注意，檔案室並沒有吸毒者中途有否停止吸毒的資料，因此「毒齡」並不一定等於吸毒者過去吸毒的總時間。即便如此，首次被呈報吸毒者的毒齡中位數，量度了吸毒者初次吸毒至初次接觸呈報機構的時間，仍是反映隱蔽吸毒情況的有用指標。另一方面，因為曾被呈報吸毒者已被紀錄，使用所有被呈報吸毒者（包括首次及曾被呈報吸毒者）的毒齡中位數去反映隱蔽吸毒情況並不適當。

1.4 The median drug abuse history of newly reported abusers (i.e. the time for abusers to be reported to the CRDA by reporting agencies from their first drug abuse)* ranged from 3.4 years to 5.7 years during 2012 to 2021. This reflected that hidden drug abuse is still a concern. (Chart 2.7)

1.5 In 2021, the average ages of first abuse of all reported drug abusers and young drug abusers aged under 21 were 19 and 15 years respectively. (Table 1i)

1.6 Among the reported drug abusers in 2021, 2 388, or 41%, were reported heroin abusers; and 4 099, or 70%, were reported psychotropic substance abusers. During 2012 to 2021, there were more reported abusers taking psychotropic substances than those taking narcotics analgesics (mainly heroin). (Table 1d)

Note : * The “drug history” of a reported drug abuser is defined as the period of time between the abuser being reported to CRDA by reporting agency and the first time he or she abused drugs. It should be noted that the CRDA does not have information on any intermittent breaks of drug abuse by the reported drug abuser. Therefore, “drug history” does not necessarily refer to the total time of drug abuse of a reported drug abuser. Despite the limitation, the median drug history of newly reported drug abusers is a useful indicator to reflect the situation of hidden drug abuse by measuring the time between a reported drug abuser first abusing drugs and when he or she first came into contact with a reporting agency. On the other hand, as previously reported drug abusers had been identified in the past, it would not be appropriate to use the median drug history of all reported drug abusers (including both newly and previously reported drug abusers) to reflect the hidden drug abuse situation.

1.7 在 2012 年至 2014 年間，氯胺酮為最常被吸食的危害精神毒品，但從 2015 年起，甲基安非他明（本地俗稱「冰毒」）超越氯胺酮，成為最常被吸食的危害精神毒品。在 2021 年，被呈報吸食甲基安非他明、三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆、咳藥及硝甲西洋的人數均見下降，而吸食可卡因、大麻及氯胺酮的人數則上升。（表 1d）

1.8 被呈報的 21 歲以下青少年吸毒者中，大麻是最常被吸食的毒品（佔被呈報吸毒青少年的 56%），其次是可卡因（45%）、氯胺酮（12%）和甲基安非他明（5%）。（表 1d）

1.9 在 2021 年，48 名被呈報吸毒者曾在中國內地（主要在深圳）吸毒，較 2020 年減少 25%。（表 1f）

1.10 在吸毒地點方面，2021 年的數字顯示 59% 的吸毒者只在家／朋友的家吸毒，較 2012 年的 51% 為高。（表 1g）

1.7 Ketamine was the most commonly abused psychotropic substance during the period between 2012 and 2014, but methamphetamine (locally known as “Ice”) surpassed ketamine to become the most popular psychotropic substance abused since 2015. A decline was observed for the number of reported abusers taking methamphetamine, triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone, cough medicine and nimetazepam in 2021. Meanwhile, the number of reported abusers taking cocaine, cannabis and ketamine went up. (Table 1d)

1.8 Among reported young drug abusers aged under 21, cannabis was the most common type of drug abused (56% of reported young drug abusers), followed by cocaine (45%), ketamine (12%) and methamphetamine (5%). (Table 1d)

1.9 48 reported drug abusers had taken drugs in Mainland China (mainly Shenzhen) in 2021, being 25% lower than that in 2020. (Table 1f)

1.10 Regarding the locality of drug abuse, the 2021 figures revealed that 59% of the abusers took drugs at home/friend’s home only, which was more than 51% in 2012. (Table 1g)

1.11 在 2021 年，有 67% 的被呈報吸毒者曾有犯罪紀錄，較 2020 年低 2 個百分點，並較 2012 年低 8 個百分點。21 歲及以上的成年吸毒者曾有犯罪紀錄的比重於 2021 年為 72%，而 21 歲以下的青少年吸毒者的相應比重則為 33%。（表 1p）

1.12 在 2021 年，被呈報吸毒者最普遍的吸毒原因為「解悶／情緒低落／壓力」。以此作為現時吸毒原因的比重，由 2012 年的 50% 下跌至 2018 年的 42%，其後回升至 2021 年的 46%。另一方面，被呈報的 21 歲以下青少年吸毒者在 2021 年最普遍的吸毒原因為「受到同輩朋友影響／想和同輩朋友打成一片」。以此作為現時吸毒原因的比重，由 2012 年的 58% 減少到 2015 年的 46%，然後回升至 2021 年的 58%。（表 1h）

1.13 被呈報吸食海洛英及三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆者，吸食次數一般相對較頻密；在 2021 年，兩者每月吸食次數中位數均為 60 次。吸食其他較普遍的危害精神毒品者的吸毒次數則遠比前兩者少，例如吸食咳藥者的每月吸食次數中位數為 30 次，吸食氯胺酮者為 13 次，吸食甲基安非他明者為 9 次，吸食可卡因者為 5 次，吸食大麻者為 4 次，而吸食亞甲二氧基甲基安非他明者則為兩次。（圖 5.3）

1.11 In 2021, 67% of the reported drug abusers had records of conviction, which was 2 percentage points lower than that in 2020 and 8 percentage points lower than that in 2012. Among adult drug abusers aged 21 and over, the proportion with conviction records was 72% in 2021, while the corresponding proportion for young drug abusers aged under 21 was 33%. (Table 1p)

1.12 In 2021, the most common reason for all drug abusers reported for taking drugs was “relief of boredom/depression/stress”. The proportion of reported drug abusers citing it as a reason for current drug use decreased from 50% in 2012 to 42% in 2018 and then rose to 46% in 2021. On the other hand, the most common reason for drug abuse for reported young drug abusers aged under 21 was “peer influence/to identify with peers” in 2021. This proportion dropped from 58% in 2012 to 46% in 2015 and then rose to 58% in 2021. (Table 1h)

1.13 Reported abusers of heroin and triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone had relatively higher frequencies of abusing drugs in general, both with median monthly frequencies of abusing drugs at 60 times in 2021. The corresponding figures for abusers of other common psychotropic substances were much lower, e.g. 30 times for cough medicine abusers, 13 times for ketamine abusers, 9 times for methamphetamine abusers, 5 times for cocaine abusers, 4 times for cannabis abusers and twice for MDMA abusers. (Chart 5.3)

概要一覽

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
所有被呈報吸毒者										
人數	11 106	10 260	9 068	8 777	8 248	6 883	6 760	5 775	5 776	6 019
平均年齡	36	37	38	38	39	40	41	41	40	39
男性	9 034	8 302	7 385	6 947	6 751	5 590	5 436	4 605	4 547	4 744
佔所有的百分比	81.3	80.9	81.4	79.2	81.9	81.2	80.4	79.7	78.7	78.8
平均年齡	37	38	39	40	40	41	42	42	41	40
女性	2 072	1 958	1 683	1 830	1 497	1 293	1 324	1 170	1 229	1 275
佔所有的百分比	18.7	19.1	18.6	20.8	18.1	18.8	19.6	20.3	21.3	21.2
平均年齡	30	30	32	33	35	36	37	36	36	35
21 歲以下青少年	1 624	1 225	829	689	521	468	477	494	607	873
佔所有的百分比	14.6	11.9	9.1	7.9	6.3	6.8	7.1	8.6	10.5	14.5
平均年齡	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	17
首次被呈報吸毒者	2 952	2 637	2 082	2 183	2 029	1 630	1 734	1 619	1 596	1 979
佔所有的百分比	26.6	25.7	23.0	24.9	24.6	23.7	25.7	28.0	27.6	32.9
平均年齡	26	27	28	29	30	30	31	30	29	28

常被吸食毒品

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
(1) 被呈報並備有吸食毒品種類資料者										
人數	11 061	10 180	8 960	8 685	8 192	6 821	6 678	5 675	5 726	5 886
(2) 被呈報吸食海洛英者										
人數	5 847	5 127	4 604	4 421	4 058	3 722	3 626	2 895	2 840	2 388
佔 (1) 的百分比	52.9	50.4	51.4	50.9	49.5	54.6	54.3	51.0	49.6	40.6
(3) 被呈報吸食危害精神毒品者										
人數	6 643	6 321	5 543	5 505	5 303	4 087	4 008	3 615	3 612	4 099
佔 (1) 的百分比	60.1	62.1	61.9	63.4	64.7	59.9	60.0	63.7	63.1	69.6
被呈報吸食甲基安非他明者										
佔 (1) 的百分比	15.2	18.3	23.0	26.0	30.5	26.2	23.5	23.7	21.9	19.4
被呈報吸食可卡因者										
佔 (1) 的百分比	7.7	8.7	7.3	7.2	9.8	12.8	14.8	13.9	12.7	18.2
被呈報吸食大麻者										
佔 (1) 的百分比	3.2	3.0	4.0	4.0	5.5	5.9	7.3	9.2	13.1	16.9
被呈報吸食三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆者										
佔 (1) 的百分比	11.4	11.1	11.4	11.4	12.0	13.0	13.9	15.2	12.4	11.6
被呈報吸食氯胺酮者										
佔 (1) 的百分比	29.9	28.8	24.7	23.3	15.4	9.2	7.5	7.5	9.4	9.6
被呈報吸食咳藥者										
佔 (1) 的百分比	4.4	4.1	4.3	4.1	5.3	4.0	4.2	4.8	3.9	3.7
被呈報吸食亞甲二氧基甲基安非他明者										
佔 (1) 的百分比	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.9	0.8

Highlights at a Glance

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
All reported drug abusers										
No.	11 106	10 260	9 068	8 777	8 248	6 883	6 760	5 775	5 776	6 019
Average age	36	37	38	38	39	40	41	41	40	39
Male	9 034	8 302	7 385	6 947	6 751	5 590	5 436	4 605	4 547	4 744
% of all	81.3	80.9	81.4	79.2	81.9	81.2	80.4	79.7	78.7	78.8
Average age	37	38	39	40	40	41	42	42	41	40
Female	2 072	1 958	1 683	1 830	1 497	1 293	1 324	1 170	1 229	1 275
% of all	18.7	19.1	18.6	20.8	18.1	18.8	19.6	20.3	21.3	21.2
Average age	30	30	32	33	35	36	37	36	36	35
Young persons aged under 21	1 624	1 225	829	689	521	468	477	494	607	873
% of all	14.6	11.9	9.1	7.9	6.3	6.8	7.1	8.6	10.5	14.5
Average age	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	17
Newly reported drug abusers	2 952	2 637	2 082	2 183	2 029	1 630	1 734	1 619	1 596	1 979
% of all	26.6	25.7	23.0	24.9	24.6	23.7	25.7	28.0	27.6	32.9
Average age	26	27	28	29	30	30	31	30	29	28

Common drugs abused

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
(1) Reported drug abusers with type of drugs reported										
No.	11 061	10 180	8 960	8 685	8 192	6 821	6 678	5 675	5 726	5 886
(2) Reported heroin abusers										
No.	5 847	5 127	4 604	4 421	4 058	3 722	3 626	2 895	2 840	2 388
% of (1)	52.9	50.4	51.4	50.9	49.5	54.6	54.3	51.0	49.6	40.6
(3) Reported psychotropic substance abusers										
No.	6 643	6 321	5 543	5 505	5 303	4 087	4 008	3 615	3 612	4 099
% of (1)	60.1	62.1	61.9	63.4	64.7	59.9	60.0	63.7	63.1	69.6
Reported methamphetamine abusers										
% of (1)	15.2	18.3	23.0	26.0	30.5	26.2	23.5	23.7	21.9	19.4
Reported cocaine abusers										
% of (1)	7.7	8.7	7.3	7.2	9.8	12.8	14.8	13.9	12.7	18.2
Reported cannabis abusers										
% of (1)	3.2	3.0	4.0	4.0	5.5	5.9	7.3	9.2	13.1	16.9
Reported triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone abusers										
% of (1)	11.4	11.1	11.4	11.4	12.0	13.0	13.9	15.2	12.4	11.6
Reported ketamine abusers										
% of (1)	29.9	28.8	24.7	23.3	15.4	9.2	7.5	7.5	9.4	9.6
Reported cough medicine abusers										
% of (1)	4.4	4.1	4.3	4.1	5.3	4.0	4.2	4.8	3.9	3.7
Reported MDMA abusers										
% of (1)	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.9	0.8

2 2012 至 2021 年吸毒趨勢 Drug Abuse Trends for 2012 - 2021

整體吸毒趨勢

(表 1a 及圖 2.1)

2.1 檔案室錄得被呈報吸毒者的總人數由 2012 年的 11 106 人，降至 2021 年的 6 019 人。2021 年的人數較 2020 年的 5 776 人上升 4%。

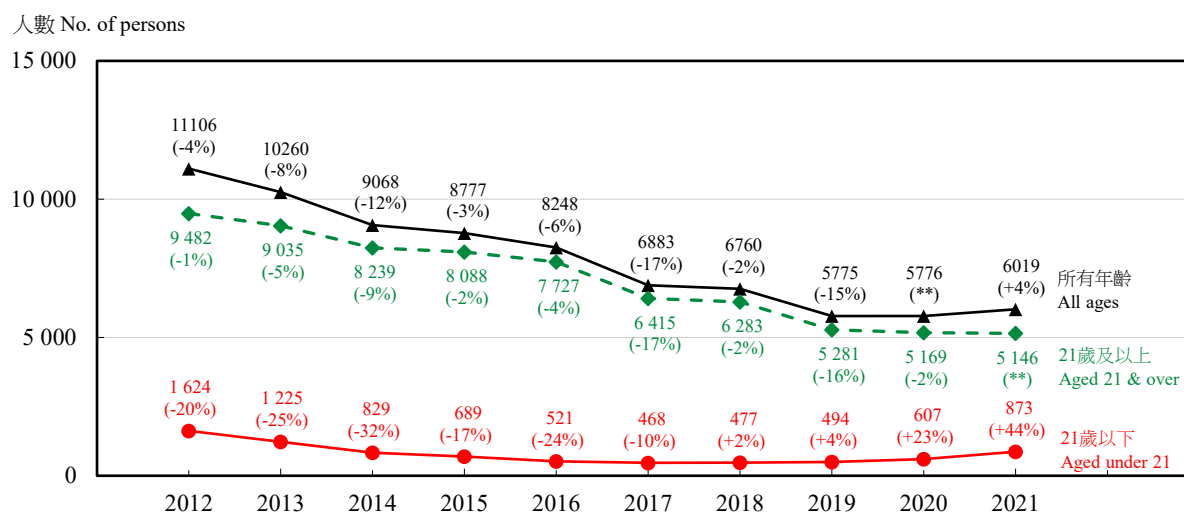
Overall Drug Abuse Trend

(Table 1a and Chart 2.1)

2.1 The total number of drug abusers reported to the CRDA went down from 11 106 in 2012 to 6 019 in 2021, which was 4% higher than 5 776 in 2020.

圖 2.1 按年齡組別劃分的被呈報吸毒者

Chart 2.1 Reported drug abusers by age group



註釋：括號內的數字是指與前一年比較的變動百分比。
**少於 0.5%

Notes: Figures in brackets indicate the percentage change over the preceding year.
** Less than 0.5%

吸食麻醉鎮痛劑／危害精神毒品趨勢 (表 1d 及圖 2.2)

2.2 2012 年至 2021 年間，被呈報吸食危害精神毒品的人數均超越吸食麻醉鎮痛劑（主要是海洛英）的人數。在 2021 年，吸食危害精神毒品的人數比吸食麻醉鎮痛劑的人數多 1 709 人（或 72%）。吸食危害精神毒品者佔所

Narcotics Analgesics / Psychotropic Substances Abuse Trends (Table 1d and Chart 2.2)

2.2 During 2012 to 2021, there were more reported psychotropic substance abusers than abusers of narcotics analgesics (mainly heroin). Reported abusers taking psychotropic substances were 1 709 (or 72%) more than those taking narcotics analgesics in

有被呈報吸毒者的百分比在 2012 年至 2020 年間維持在 60% 左右，但於 2021 年上升至約 70%。

2021. Among all reported drug abusers, the proportion of abusers taking psychotropic substances stayed at around 60% during 2012 to 2020 but surged to nearly 70% in 2021.

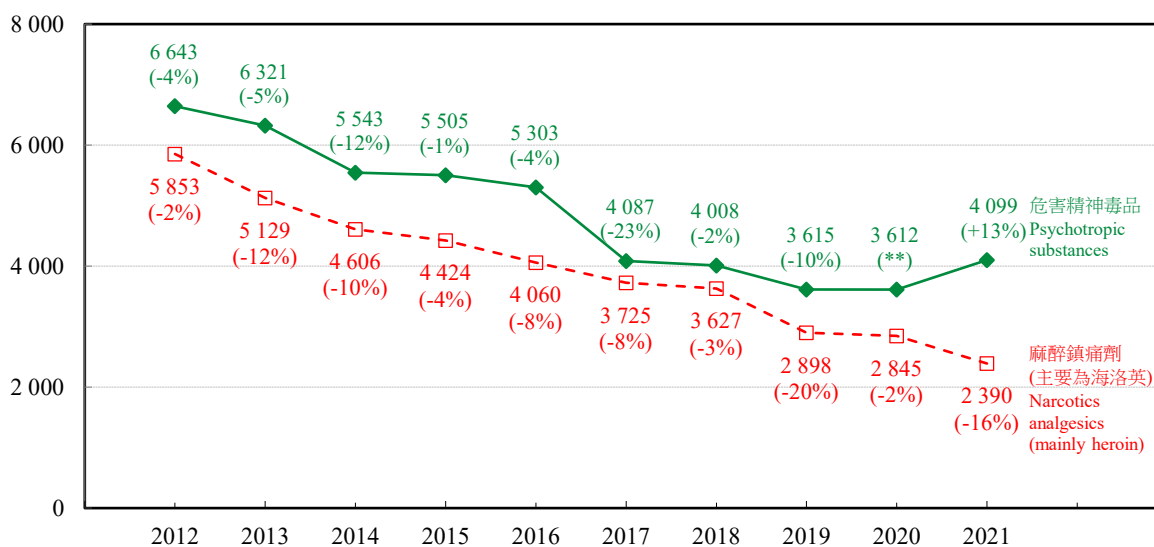
2.3 近年來吸食麻醉鎮痛劑的人數呈現持續下降趨勢，由 2012 年的 5 853 人降至 2021 年的 2 390 人，減幅為 59%；而被呈報吸食危害精神毒品的人數亦由 2012 年的 6 643 人下降 46% 至 2020 年的 3 612 人，但在 2021 年則回升 13% 至 4 099 人。

2.3 There was a continuous trend of decline in the abuse of narcotics analgesics in recent years, with the number of abusers having dropped by 59% from 5 853 in 2012 to 2 390 in 2021. The number of reported abusers taking psychotropic substances also dropped by 46% from 6 643 in 2012 to 3 612 in 2020 but rebounded 13% to 4 099 in 2021.

圖 2.2 被呈報吸食危害精神毒品及麻醉鎮痛劑者

Chart 2.2 Reported abusers of psychotropic substances and narcotics analgesics

人數 No. of persons



註釋：個別吸毒者在某年內可同時吸食麻醉鎮痛劑及危害精神毒品。

括號內的數字是指與前一年比較的變動百分比。

** 少於 0.5%

Notes: An individual abuser may take both narcotics analgesics and psychotropic substances during a given year.

Figures in brackets indicate the percentage change over the preceding year.

** Less than 0.5%

青少年吸毒趨勢

(表 1a、1h 及圖 2.3-2.4)

2.4 21 歲以下青少年吸毒者，由 2012 年的 1 624 人下跌 71% 至 2017 年的 468 人，隨後回升至 2021 年的 873 人。

2.5 21 歲以下吸毒者佔總吸毒人數的比重，由 2012 年的 15% 下跌至 2016 年的 6%。其後逐漸回升，於 2021 年重返 15%。

Youth Drug Abuse Trend

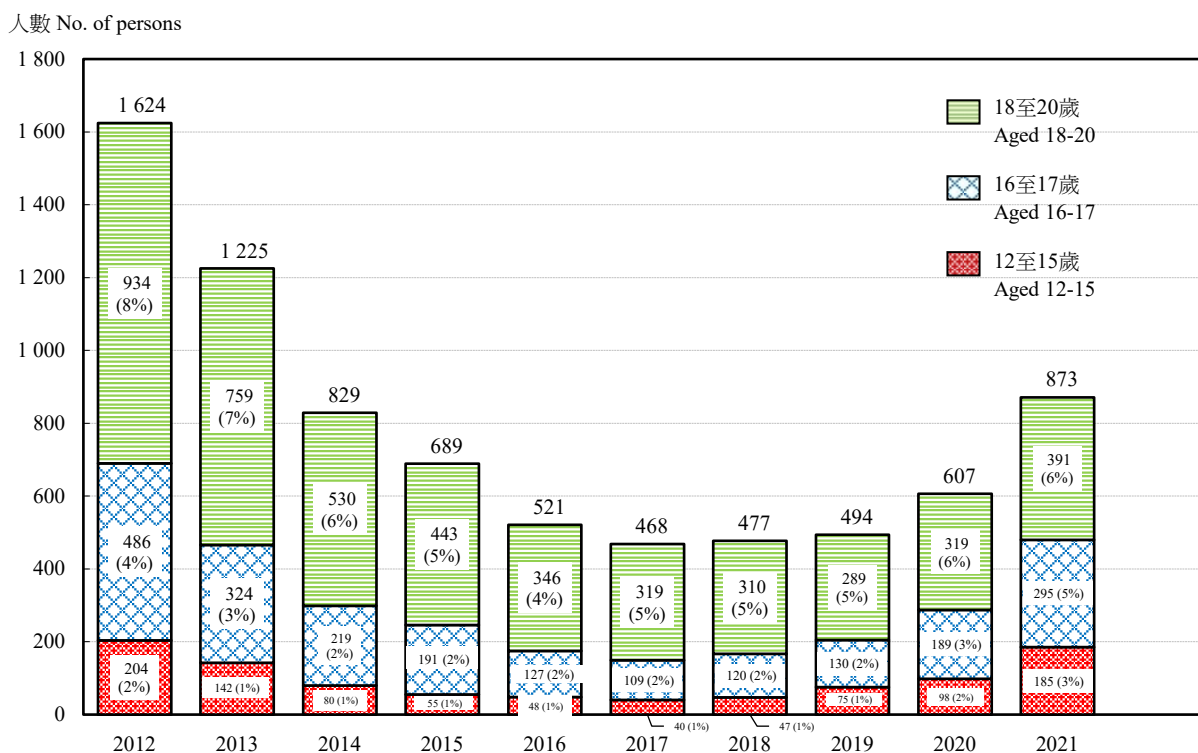
(Table 1a, 1h and Chart 2.3-2.4)

2.4 The number of young drug abusers aged under 21 decreased by 71% from 1 624 in 2012 to 468 in 2017 and rebounded to 873 in 2021.

2.5 The proportion of those aged under 21 as against the total dropped from 15% in 2012 to 6% in 2016. It then rose again and returned to 15% in 2021.

圖 2.3 21 歲以下被呈報吸毒青少年按指定年齡組別分布

Chart 2.3 Reported young drug abusers aged under 21 by selected age groups



註釋：括號內的數字是指佔所有被呈報吸毒者的百分比。

12 歲以下的吸毒者所佔的百分比少於 0.5%。

Notes: Figures in brackets refer to the percentage shares among all reported drug abusers.

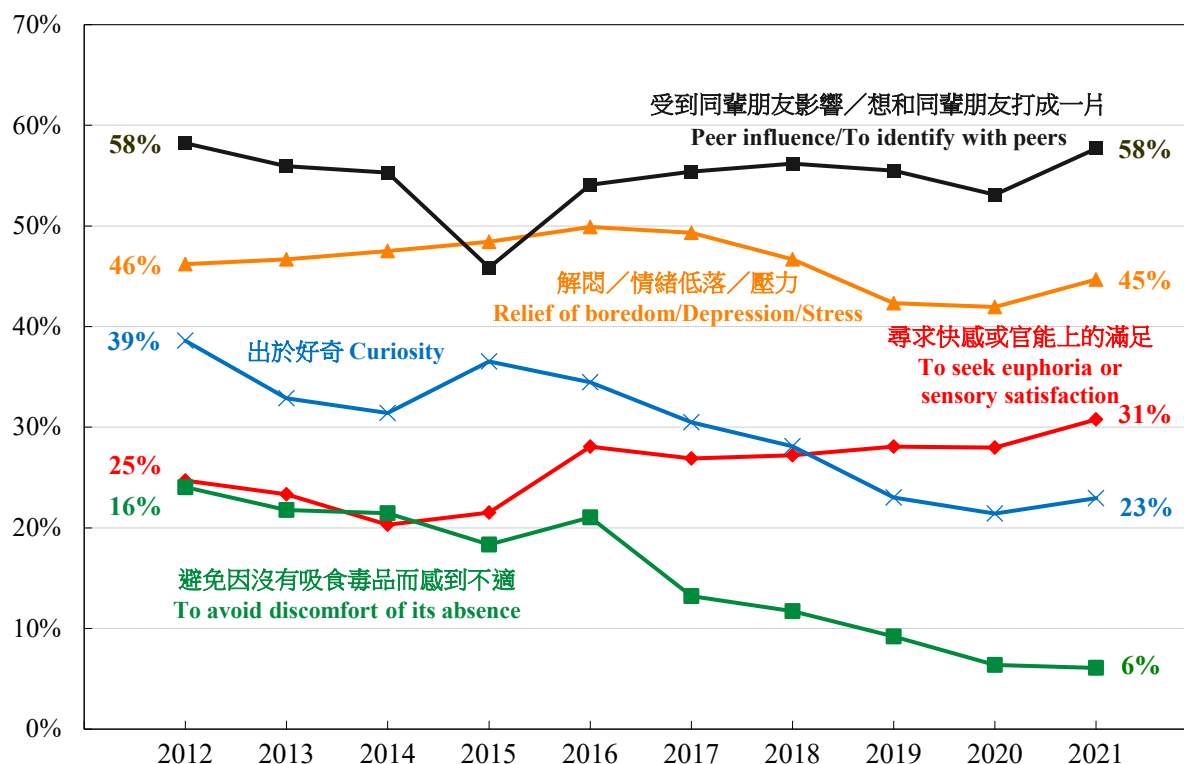
Percentages for those drug abusers aged under 12 are less than 0.5%.

2.6 在被呈報的 21 歲以下青少年吸毒者當中，除 2015 年外，2012 年至 2021 年間最常見的吸食毒品原因是「受到同輩朋友影響／想和同輩朋友打成一片」，其間比重都維持在五至六成。而以「解悶／情緒低落／壓力」作為他們現時吸毒原因的比重則在 2012 年至 2021 年間維持在 40% 至 50% 之間。

2.6 Among the young drug abusers aged under 21, other than 2015, the most common reason for drug abuse during 2012 to 2021 was “peer influence/to identify with peers”, constituting around 50% to 60% of the responses. For those citing “relief of boredom/depression/stress” as a reason for their current drug use, the proportion remained at between 40% and 50% during 2012 to 2021.

圖 2.4 21 歲以下被呈報吸毒青少年現時吸食毒品原因

Chart 2.4 Reasons for current drug use of reported young drug abusers aged under 21



註釋：數字不包括現時吸毒原因不詳的人士。

Notes: Figures exclude persons with unknown reason for current drug abuse.

個別吸毒者在某年內報稱的原因可超過一個。

More than one reason may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

吸食危害精神毒品

(圖 2.5)

2.7 甲基安非他明、可卡因、大麻、三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆及氯胺酮是近年較常被吸食的危險精神毒品。在 2012 年至 2014 年間，氯胺酮為最常被吸食的危險精神毒品。自 2015 年起，甲基安非他明（本地俗稱「冰毒」）超越氯胺酮，成為最常被吸食的危險精神毒品。在 2021 年，可卡因及大麻分別排行第二位及第三位。

Psychotropic Substances Abused

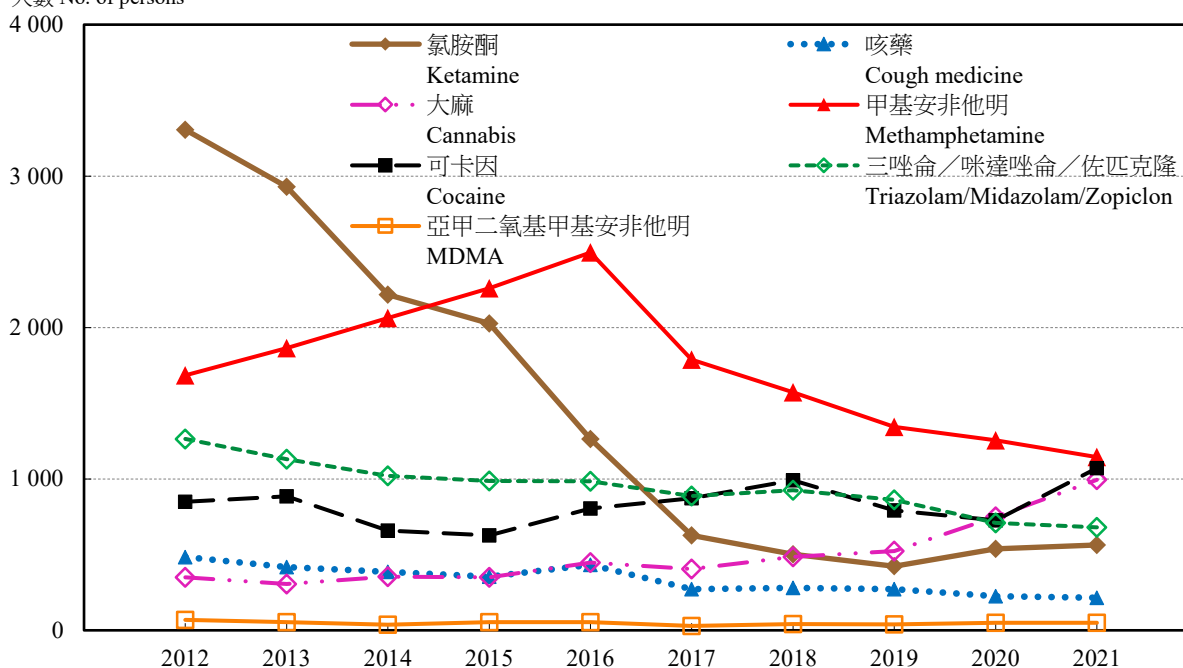
(Chart 2.5)

2.7 Among psychotropic substances, methamphetamine, cocaine, cannabis, triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone and ketamine were more commonly abused in recent years. Ketamine was the most commonly abused psychotropic substance during 2012 to 2014. Methamphetamine (locally known as “Ice”) surpassed ketamine to become the most popular psychotropic substance abused since 2015. Cocaine and cannabis came second and third respectively in 2021.

圖 2.5 被呈報吸食各種主要危險精神毒品者

Chart 2.5 Reported drug abusers of major types of psychotropic substances

人數 No. of persons



註釋：個別吸毒者在某年內可被呈報多於一種毒品。

Note: More than one type of drugs may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

首次／曾被呈報吸毒者的吸毒趨勢
(表 1b)

2.8 首次被呈報的吸毒人數由 2012 年的 2 952 人下跌 46% 至 2020 年的 1 596 人，其後回升至 2021 年的 1 979 人。他們的平均年齡由 2012 年的 26 歲上升至 2018 年的 31 歲，其後減少至 2021 年的 28 歲。他們在整體人數中所佔的百分比由 2014 年的 23% 上升至 2021 年的 33%。

2.9 曾被呈報吸毒人士數目從 2012 年的 8 154 人減少約一半至 2021 年的 4 040 人。他們的平均年齡介乎 40 至 45 歲，一般較首次被呈報者的平均年齡(介乎 26 至 31 歲)年長。

男性／女性吸毒的趨勢
(表 1a)

2.10 被呈報男性吸毒者人數一貫較女性吸毒者為多，女性吸毒者所佔的比重在 2012 至 2021 年間一直維持在 18% 至 21%。被呈報男性吸毒者從 2012 年的 9 034 人持續下跌至 2020 年的 4 547 人，其後回升至 2021 年 4 744 人。被呈報女性吸毒者人數則由 2012 年的 2 072 人下跌至 2021 年的 1 275 人。

Drug Abuse Trends for Newly/Previously Reported Drug Abusers (Table 1b)

2.8 The number of newly reported drug abusers decreased by 46% from 2 952 in 2012 to 1 596 in 2020 and rebounded to 1 979 in 2021. Their average age increased from 26 years in 2012 to 31 years in 2018 and then dropped to 28 years in 2021. The proportion of newly reported drug abusers among all abusers increased from 23% in 2014 to 33% in 2021.

2.9 The number of previously reported drug abusers nearly halved from 8 154 in 2012 to 4 040 in 2021. These abusers were generally older than the newly reported abusers, with an average age between 40 and 45 years, compared with an average age between 26 and 31 years for newly reported abusers.

Male/Female Drug Abuse Trends
(Table 1a)

2.10 There were more male drug abusers than female drug abusers in general. The proportion of female drug abusers stayed at 18% to 21% of the total number of drug abusers from 2012 to 2021. The number of reported male drug abusers decreased continuously from 9 034 in 2012 to 4 547 in 2020 and rebounded to 4 744 in 2021. The number of reported female drug abusers dropped generally from 2 072 in 2012 to 1 275 in 2021.

2.11 被呈報男性吸毒者的平均年齡從 2012 年的 37 歲上升至 2018 年的 42 歲，其後減少至 2021 年的 40 歲。被呈報女性吸毒者的平均年齡同樣在 2018 年到達高位後回落。被呈報的女性吸毒者一般較男性年輕。

被呈報吸毒者的經濟活動身分 (表 1j 及圖 2.6)

2.12 被呈報吸毒者中，失業人士所佔比重在 2012 年至 2019 年間均在 45% 左右，受僱人士所佔比重在同時期亦圍繞 45%。不過，失業人士所佔比重在 2020 年上升至 49%，隨後在 2021 年返回 43%。受僱人士所佔比重在 2020 年及 2021 年亦下跌至圍繞 40%。學生所佔百分比由 2012 年的 3% 下跌至 2016 年的 1%，隨後於 2021 年上升至 8%。學生佔 21 歲以下被呈報吸毒者的百分比，由 2012 年的 20% 下跌至 2015 年的 15%，隨後於 2021 年上升至 43%。

2.11 The average age of reported male drug abusers rose from 37 years in 2012 to 42 years in 2018 and then dropped to 40 years in 2021. The average age of reported female drug abusers also dropped after reaching the peak in 2018. Reported female drug abusers were generally younger than male drug abusers.

Reported Drug Abusers by Economic Activity Status

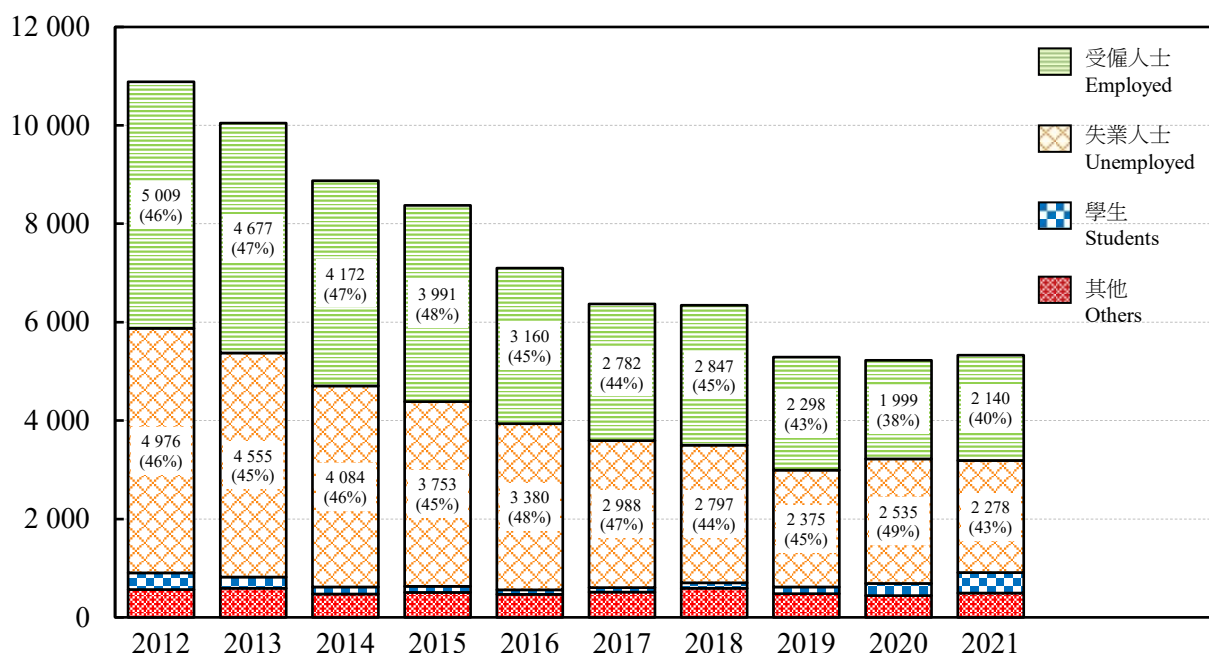
(Table 1j and Chart 2.6)

2.12 The proportion of reported drug abusers who were unemployed stayed at around 45% from 2012 to 2019. The proportion of reported drug abusers who were employed also remained at around 45% during the same period. However, the proportion of unemployed rose to 49% in 2020 before returning to 43% in 2021. The proportion of employed also dropped to around 40% in 2020 and 2021. The proportion of reported student drug abusers decreased from 3% in 2012 to 1% in 2016, before rising to 8% in 2021. The proportion of students among reported drug abusers aged under 21 decreased from 20% in 2012 to 15% in 2015, before rising to 43% in 2021.

圖 2.6 被呈報吸毒者按經濟活動身分分布

Chart 2.6 Reported drug abusers by economic activity status

人數 No. of persons



註釋： 括號內的數字是指佔所有被呈報吸毒者的百分比。

Note: Figures in brackets refer to the percentage shares among all reported drug abusers.

吸食超過一種毒品

(表 1c)

2.13 吸毒者吸食超過一種毒品甚為普遍。

2.14 被呈報吸食多種毒品人士⁽¹⁾的比重在 2012 至 2021 年間一直維持在 20% 至 25%。他們大部分吸食兩種毒品。

註釋： (1) 被呈報吸食多種毒品人士是指在某指定年份內被呈報吸食超過一種毒品的人士，不論有關毒品是否在同一時間混合吸食。

Abuse of More Than One Type of Drugs

(Table 1c)

2.13 Taking more than one type of drugs is common among drug abusers.

2.14 The proportion of reported multiple drug abusers⁽¹⁾ stayed at 20% to 25% from 2012 to 2021. The majority of them abused two types of drugs.

Note: (1) A reported multiple drug abuser is defined to be a person who is reported to have taken more than one type of drugs in a given year, irrespective of whether the drugs were taken concurrently on one occasion or not.

毒齡⁽²⁾ (圖 2.7)

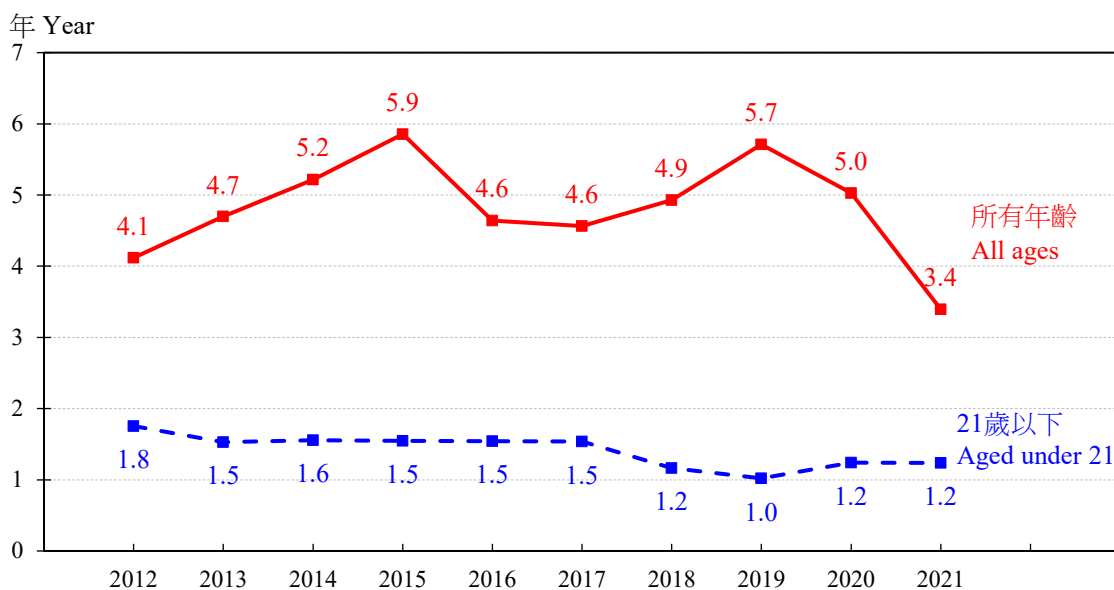
2.15 首次被呈報吸毒者的毒齡（即由初次吸毒至被檔案室呈報機構呈報的時間）的中位數由 2012 年的 4.1 年持續上升至 2015 年的 5.9 年，其後則圍繞 5 年，但在 2021 年下跌至 3.4 年。另一方面，首次被呈報而年齡在 21 歲以下的吸毒者的毒齡中位數，從 2012 年的 1.8 年下降至 2019 年的 1 年，其後在 2020 年及 2021 年均上升至 1.2 年。

Drug History⁽²⁾ (Chart 2.7)

2.15 The median drug abuse history of newly reported abusers (i.e. the time for abusers to be reported to the CRDA by reporting agencies from their first drug abuse) increased continuously from 4.1 years in 2012 to 5.9 years in 2015, and was then around 5 years before dropping to 3.4 years in 2021. On the other hand, for those newly reported abusers aged under 21, the median drug history dropped from 1.8 years in 2012 to one year in 2019. It rose to 1.2 years in 2020 and 2021.

圖 2.7 按年齡組別劃分的首次被呈報吸毒者的毒齡中位數

Chart 2.7 Median drug history of newly reported drug abusers by age group



註釋： (2) 被呈報吸毒者的「毒齡」是指吸毒者初次吸毒與被呈報機構呈報至檔案室之間的時間。須注意，檔案室並沒有吸毒者中途有否暫停吸毒的資料，因此「毒齡」並不一定等於吸毒者過去吸毒的總時間。即便如此，首次被呈報吸毒者的毒齡中位數，量度了吸毒者初次吸毒至初次接觸呈報機構的時間，仍是反映隱蔽吸毒情況的有用指標。

Note : (2) The “drug history” of a reported drug abuser is defined as the period of time between the abuser being reported to CRDA by reporting agency and the first time he or she abused drugs. It should be noted that the CRDA does not have information on any intermittent breaks of drug abuse by the reported drug abuser. Therefore, “drug history” does not necessarily refer to the total time of drug abuse of a reported drug abuser. Despite the limitation, the median drug history of newly reported drug abusers is a useful indicator to reflect the situation of hidden drug abuse by measuring the time between a reported drug abuser first abusing drugs and when he or she first came into contact with a reporting agency.

被呈報吸食毒品人士的資料來源 (表 1q 及 1r)

2.16 在 2012 年至 2021 年間，21 歲及以上成年吸毒者資料的主要來源為美沙酮診所、戒毒治療和康復服務中心／濫用精神藥物者輔導中心／戒毒輔導服務中心及執法機構，在 2021 年分別佔 38%、36%及 25%。

2.17 在 2012 年至 2021 年間，青少年外展隊、戒毒治療和康復服務中心／濫用精神藥物者輔導中心／戒毒輔導服務中心及執法機構是最主要提供 21 歲以下青少年吸毒者的資料來源。在 2021 年分別佔青少年吸毒者的 67%、18%及 16%。

2.18 按來源分析首次被呈報吸毒者的毒齡中位數，於 2012 年至 2021 年間，由執法機構及青少年外展隊呈報的毒齡中位數較短；而近年由濫用精神藥物者輔導中心／戒毒輔導服務中心呈報的毒齡中位數最長。

Sources of Reported Drug Abusers (Table 1q and 1r)

2.16 For adult drug abusers aged 21 and over, methadone clinics, drug treatment and rehabilitation centres/counselling centres for psychotropic substance abusers/centres for drug counselling and law enforcement agencies were the major sources of reporting during 2012 to 2021. They contributed to 38%, 36% and 25% of such abusers respectively in 2021.

2.17 As for young drug abusers aged under 21, youth outreaching teams, drug treatment and rehabilitation centres/counselling centres for psychotropic substance abusers/centres for drug counselling and law enforcement agencies were the major sources of reporting during 2012 to 2021. They contributed to 67%, 18% and 16% of young abusers respectively in 2021.

2.18 The median drug history of newly reported drug abusers reported by law enforcement agencies and youth outreaching teams was short during 2012 to 2021 whereas those reported by counselling centres for psychotropic substance abusers/centres for drug counselling was the longest in recent years.

3 2021 年被呈報吸毒者的特徵

Characteristics of Reported Drug Abusers in 2021

與對上一年情況的主要比較
(表 1a、1b、1d 及圖 3.1)

3.1 被呈報吸毒者總人數在 2021 年 (6 019 人) 回升，較 2020 年 (5 776 人) 增加 4%。

3.2 海洛英仍然是被呈報吸毒者中最常吸食毒品。然而，2021 年被呈報吸食海洛英的人數 (2 388 人) 較 2020 年 (2 840 人) 下跌 16%，而佔所有被呈報吸毒人數的百分比 (41%) 亦低於 2020 年 (50%)。

3.3 與 2020 年比較，2021 年吸食危害精神毒品的人數上升 13% (由 3 612 人升至 4 099 人)；而吸食麻醉鎮痛劑 (主要為海洛英) 的人數則下跌 16% (由 2 845 人減至 2 390 人)。

3.4 在 2021 年，甲基安非他明 (本地俗稱「冰毒」) 是最常被吸食的危險精神毒品，隨後是可卡因及大麻。被呈報吸食甲基安非他明的人數下跌 9% (由 1 255 人減至 1 144 人)，當中 4% 為 21 歲以下。被呈報吸食可卡因的人數上升 47% (由 727 人升至 1 071 人)，當中 36% 為 21 歲以下。被呈報吸食大麻的人數上升 33% (由 2020 年的 749 人上升至 2021 年的 994 人)，當中 49% 為 21 歲以下。

Major Comparison with Preceding Year
(Table 1a, 1b, 1d and Chart 3.1)

3.1 There was a rebound in the total number of reported drug abusers in 2021 (at 6 019), which was 4% higher than that in 2020 (at 5 776).

3.2 Heroin remained the single most popular type of drug abused among reported abusers. However, the total number of reported heroin abusers in 2021 (at 2 388) was 16% lower than that in 2020 (at 2 840). Its proportion against the total number of reported drug abusers in 2021 (41%) was also lower than that in 2020 (50%).

3.3 Comparing to 2020, the number of psychotropic substance abusers in 2021 increased by 13% (from 3 612 to 4 099), while those taking narcotics analgesics (mainly heroin) decreased by 16% (from 2 845 to 2 390).

3.4 In 2021, methamphetamine (locally known as “Ice”) was the most popular type of psychotropic substance abused, followed by cocaine and cannabis. The number of reported methamphetamine abusers dropped by 9% (from 1 255 to 1 144), with 4% of whom aged under 21. The number of reported cocaine abusers was 47% higher (from 727 to 1 071), with 36% of whom aged under 21. The number of reported cannabis abusers increased by 33% (from 749 in 2020 to 994 in 2021), with 49% of whom aged under 21.

3.5 與 2020 年比較，2021 年吸食其他主要危害精神毒品的人數如下：吸食三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆者下跌 4%（由 709 人減至 680 人）、吸食氯胺酮者上升 5%（由 538 人上升至 564 人）、吸食咳藥者下跌 5%（由 226 人減至 215 人）、吸食亞甲二氧基甲基安非他明者無升跌（49 人）及吸食硝甲西洋者下跌 62%（由 29 人減至 11 人）。

3.6 被呈報的 21 歲以下青少年吸毒者，由 2020 年的 607 人上升 44% 至 2021 年的 873 人。被呈報吸毒青少年的比重亦由 11% 上升至 15%。

3.7 所有被呈報吸毒者的平均年齡由 40 歲減至 39 歲，而被呈報的 21 歲以下青少年吸毒者的平均年齡則由 18 歲降至 17 歲。

3.8 男性吸毒者的人數由 2020 年的 4 547 人上升 4% 至 2021 年的 4 744 人；女性吸毒者的人數則由 2020 年的 1 229 人上升 4% 至 2021 年的 1 275 人。

3.9 在 2021 年，首次被呈報吸毒者（1 979 人）較 2020 年（1 596 人）上升 24%，而曾被呈報的人數則為 4 040 人，下跌 3%。以佔所有被呈報吸毒者的百分比計算，首次被呈報人士的比重由 2020 年的 28% 上升至 2021 年的 33%。

3.5 Comparing with 2020, the numbers of abusers of other major types of psychotropic substances in 2021 were as follows: that of triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone abusers decreased by 4% (from 709 to 680), that of ketamine abusers increased by 5% (from 538 to 564), that of cough medicine abusers decreased by 5% (from 226 to 215), that of MDMA abusers had no change (at 49), and that of nimetazepam abusers decreased by 62% (from 29 to 11).

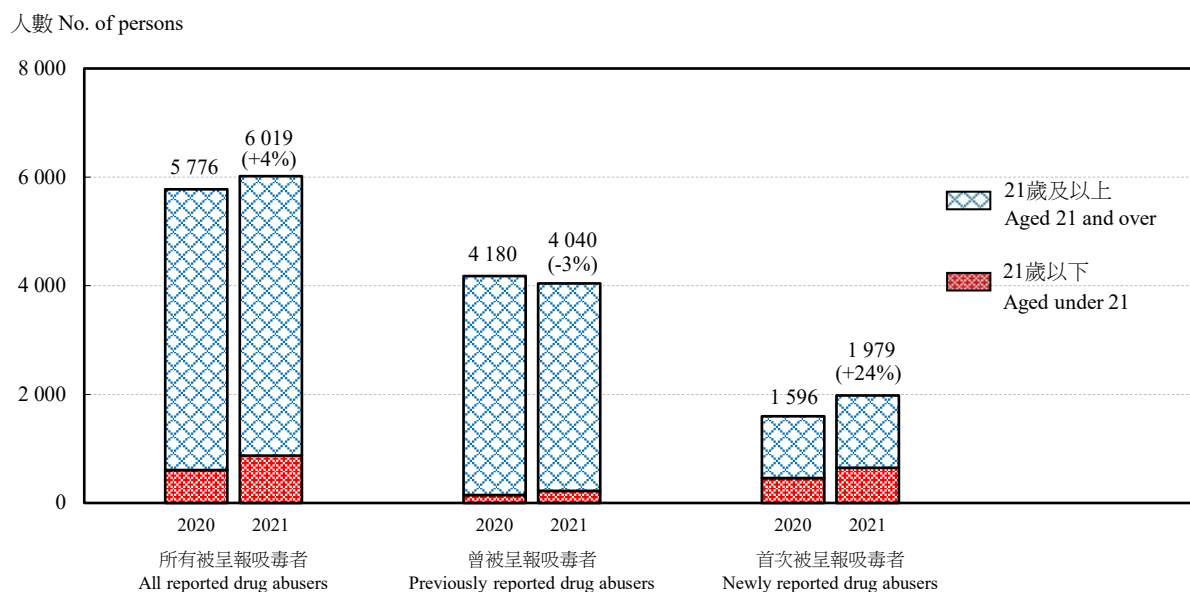
3.6 For reported young drug abusers aged under 21, the number increased by 44% from 607 in 2020 to 873 in 2021. The proportion of reported young drug abusers also increased from 11 % to 15%.

3.7 The average age of all reported drug abusers decreased from 40 to 39 years, while the average age of reported young drug abusers aged under 21 decreased from 18 to 17 years.

3.8 The number of male abusers increased by 4% from 4 547 in 2020 to 4 744 in 2021, while the number of female abusers increased by 4% from 1 229 in 2020 to 1 275 in 2021.

3.9 The number of newly reported drug abusers in 2021 (at 1 979) was 24% higher than that in 2020 (at 1 596), while that of previously reported abusers decreased by 3% to 4 040. As a percentage of all reported drug abusers, the proportion of newly reported abusers increased from 28% in 2020 to 33% in 2021.

圖 3.1 按年齡組別劃分的 2020 及 2021 年首次／曾被呈報吸食毒品者
Chart 3.1 Newly/previously reported drug abusers in 2020 and 2021 by age group



註釋：括號內的數字是指與前一年比較的變動百分比。

Note: Figures in brackets indicate the percentage change over the preceding year.

年齡和性別

(表 1a 及圖 3.2-3.3)

3.10 在 2021 年所有被呈報的 6019 名吸毒者中，24% 的年齡介乎 41 至 50 歲，19% 的年齡介乎 31 至 40 歲，而 20% 介乎 21 至 30 歲。另外，年齡介乎 21 至 35 歲的年輕成年人佔 30%。

3.11 被呈報吸毒者大部分 (79%) 為男性，他們的平均年齡為 40 歲，較被呈報女性吸毒者 (平均年齡 35 歲) 年長。女性吸毒者年齡在 41 歲以下的百分比為 63%，而男性吸毒者的相關百分比則只有 51%。

Age and Sex

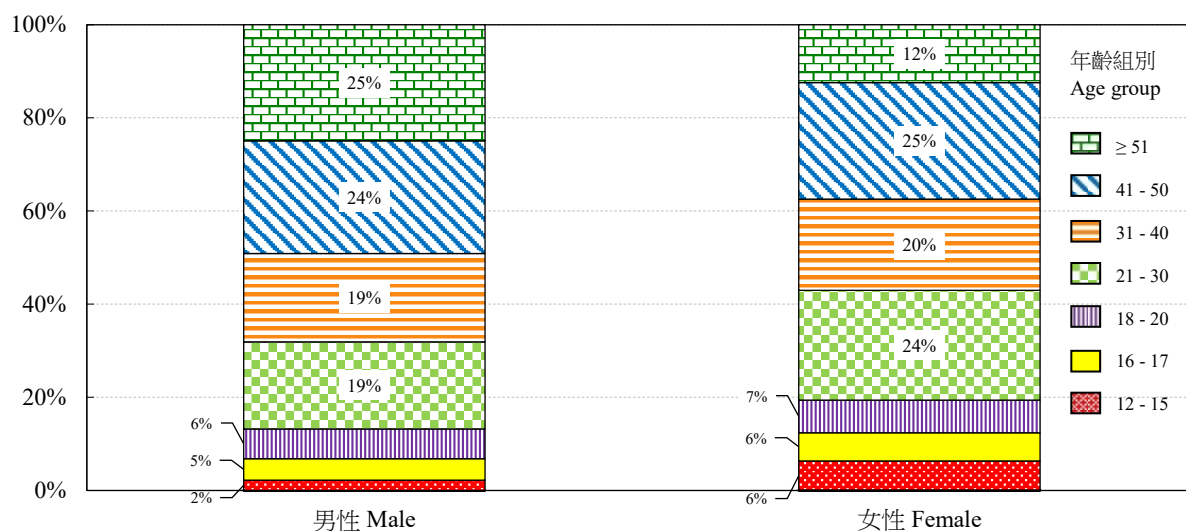
(Table 1a and Chart 3.2-3.3)

3.10 Of all 6 019 reported drug abusers in 2021, 24% were aged 41-50, 19% were aged 31-40 and 20% were aged 21-30. Meanwhile, 30% were young adults aged 21-35.

3.11 The majority (79%) of reported drug abusers were males. Reported male drug abusers, with an average age of 40 years, were older than female abusers (with an average age of 35 years). The proportion of female abusers aged under 41 was 63% while the corresponding proportion of male abusers was only 51%.

圖 3.2 按性別劃分的 2021 年被呈報吸毒者的年齡分布

Chart 3.2 Age distribution of reported drug abusers in 2021 by sex



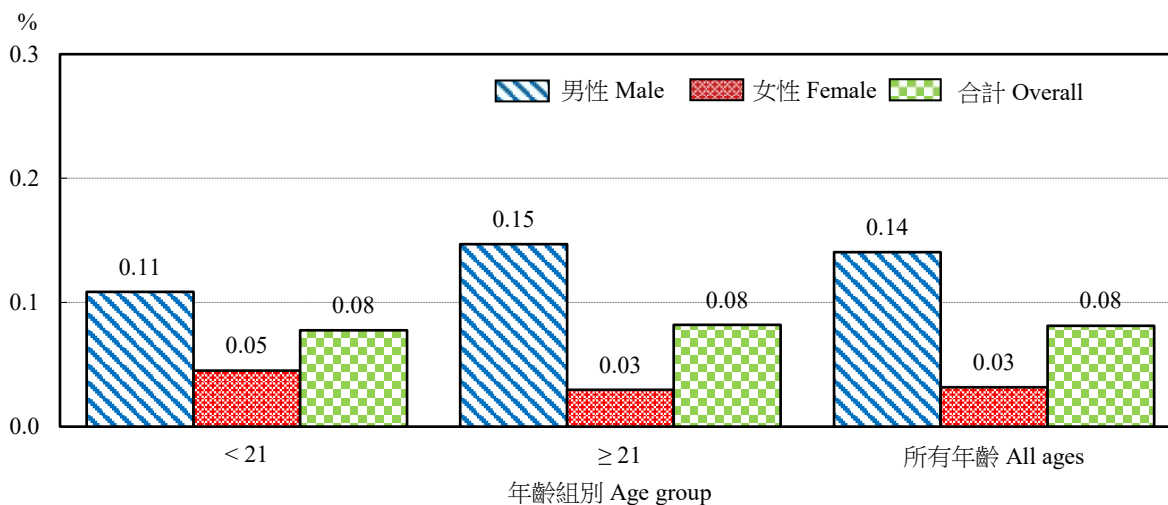
3.12 在 2021 年，在每 100 名人口中被呈報的吸毒人數約為 0.08 人，而男性的比率較女性為高。

3.12 In 2021, the number of reported drug abusers per 100 population was about 0.08. The ratio was higher for male drug abusers than female abusers.

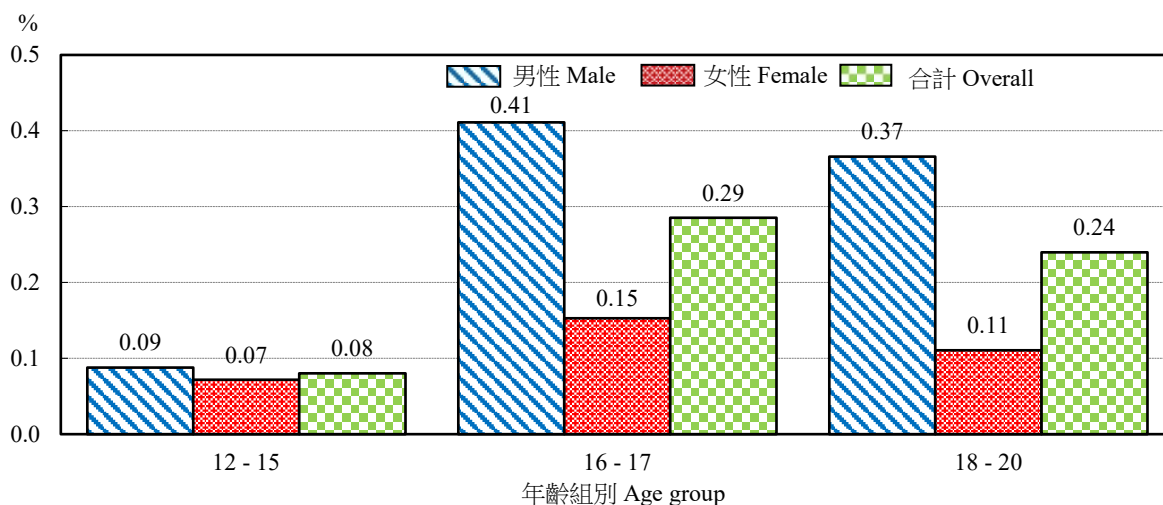
圖 3.3 按年齡組別及性別劃分的 2021 年被呈報吸毒者佔人口比率

Chart 3.3 Ratio of reported drug abusers to population in 2021 by age group by sex

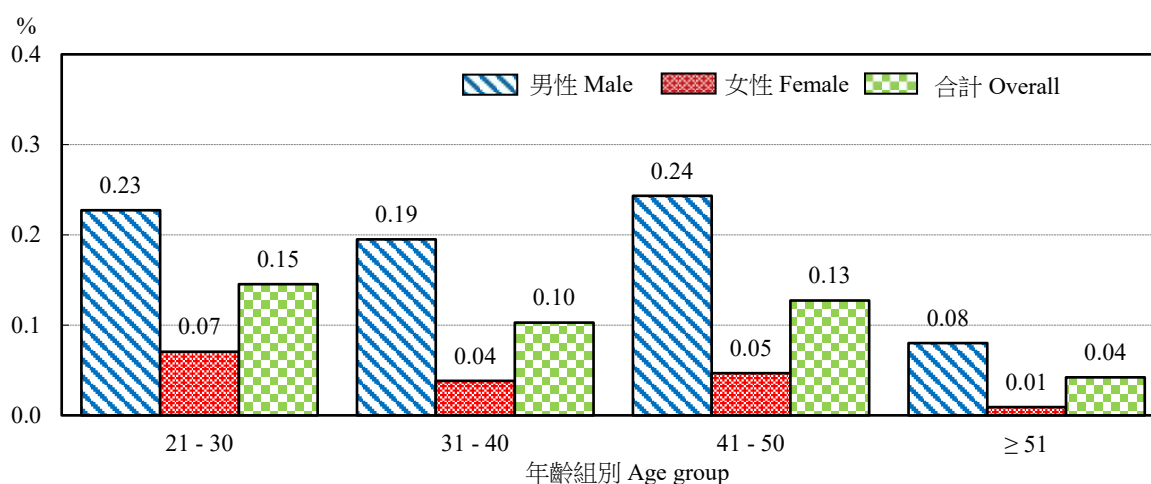
(a) 所有年齡 All ages



(b) 21 歲以下 Aged under 21



(c) 21 歲及以上 Aged 21 and over



註釋：比率是指被呈報吸毒者佔各相關年齡／性別組別內每 100 名年底人口的比例。

12 歲以下被呈報吸毒者的比率及其按性別劃分的比率均少於 0.005%。

Notes: The ratios refer to the number of reported drug abusers per 100 year-end population in the respective age/sex groups.

Ratio for reported drug abusers aged under 12 and those by sex were all less than 0.005%.

首次吸食毒品年齡 (表 1i)

3.13 34% 的被呈報吸毒者報稱在 12 至 15 歲之間開始吸毒，19% 在 16 至 17 歲之間，21% 在 18 至 20 歲之間，10% 在 21 至 25 歲之間，其餘 12% 及 3% 分別在 25 歲之後及 12 歲之前。所有被呈報吸毒者及被呈報的 21 歲

Age of First Abuse (Table 1i)

3.13 34% of the reported drug abusers claimed to have started drug abuse at the age between 12 and 15, 19% between 16 and 17, 21% between 18 and 20, 10% between 21 and 25, and the remaining 12% and 3% at the age over 25 and below 12 respectively. The

以下青少年吸毒者首次吸毒的平均年齡分別為 19 歲及 15 歲。

average ages of first abuse of all reported drug abusers and reported young drug abusers aged under 21 were 19 and 15 years respectively.

吸食毒品種類

(表 1d 及圖 3.4)

Type of Drugs Abused

(Table 1d and Chart 3.4)

3.14 在 2021 年，有 41% 的吸毒者被呈報曾吸食海洛英。其他較常被吸食的毒品依次為甲基安非他明 (19%)、可卡因 (18%)、大麻 (17%)、三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆 (12%)、氯胺酮 (10%) 及咳藥 (4%)。

3.14 In 2021, 41% of drug abusers were reported to have abused heroin. Other commonly abused drugs were methamphetamine (19%), cocaine (18%), cannabis (17%), triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone (12%), ketamine (10%) and cough medicine (4%).

3.15 在被呈報的 21 歲以下青少年吸毒者中，大麻是最常被吸食的毒品。在 2021 年，有 56% 的被呈報青少年吸毒者吸食大麻，其次是可卡因 (45%)、氯胺酮 (12%)、甲基安非他明 (5%)、亞甲二氧基甲基安非他明 (2%) 及海洛英 (1%)。男性和女性首三位最常吸食的毒品相同。

3.15 Among the reported young drug abusers aged under 21, cannabis was the most popular type of drug abused and was taken by 56% of them in 2021. This was followed by cocaine (45%), ketamine (12%), methamphetamine (5%), MDMA (2%) and heroin (1%). The top three popular types of drugs abused were the same for both males and females.

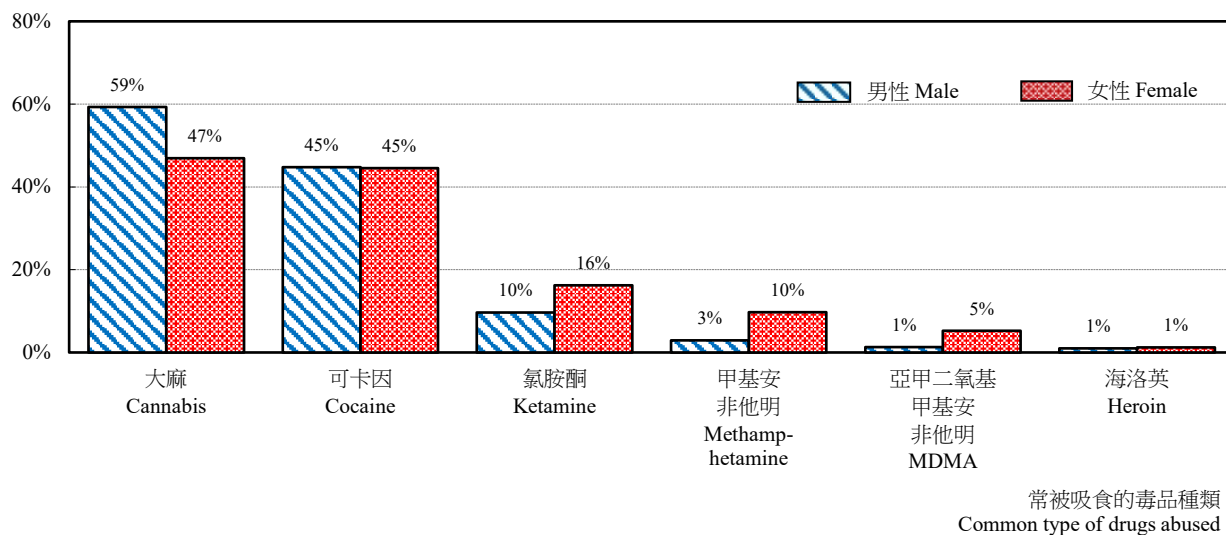
3.16 在被呈報的 21 歲及以上成年吸毒者中，海洛英是最常被吸食的毒品種類 (佔 47%)，其次是甲基安非他明 (22%) 和可卡因 (14%)。男性和女性首兩位最常吸食的毒品相同。

3.16 Among the reported adult drug abusers aged 21 and over, heroin was the most common type of drug abused (47%), followed by methamphetamine (22%) and cocaine (14%). The top two popular types of drugs abused were the same for both males and females.

圖 3.4 按 2021 年被呈報吸毒者的年齡組別及性別劃分的常被吸食毒品種類
 Chart 3.4 Common types of drugs abused by reported drug abusers in 2021 by age group by sex

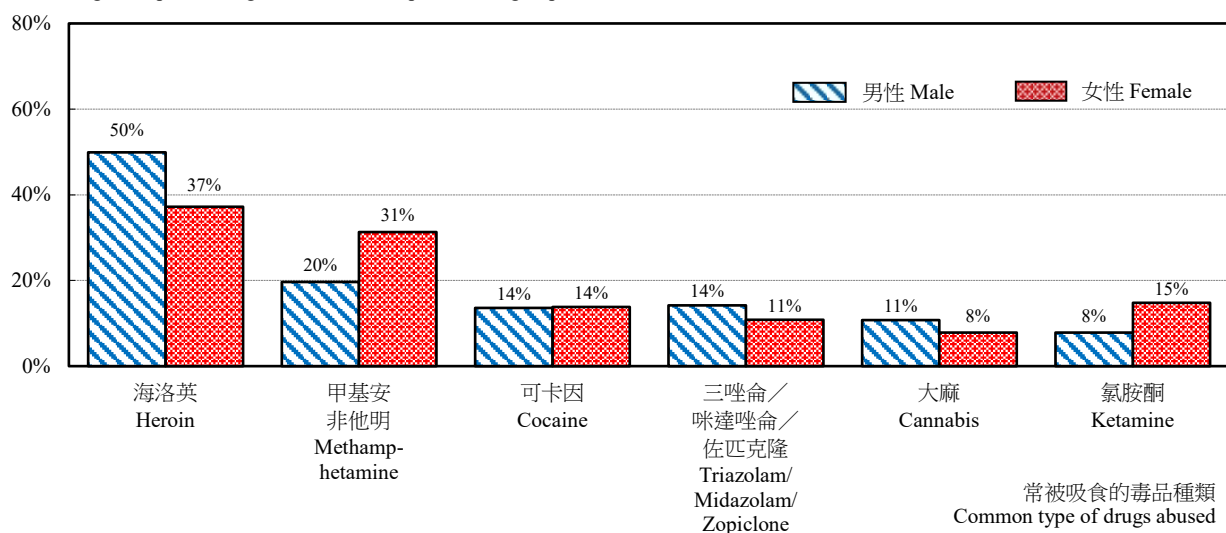
(a) 21 歲以下 Aged under 21

佔在相關性別組別內所有被呈報吸毒者的百分比
 Percentage of reported drug abusers in the respective sex groups



(b) 21 歲及以上 Aged 21 and over

佔在相關性別組別內所有被呈報吸毒者的百分比
 Percentage of reported drug abusers in the respective sex groups



註釋： 個別吸毒者在某年內可被呈報吸食多於一種毒品。

Note: More than one type of drugs abused may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

吸食毒品方法 (表 3d)

3.17 吸毒者各有不同的吸毒方法。被呈報吸食海洛英和甲基安非他明者最普遍是用吸入煙霧方法吸毒（在 2021 年，六成八吸食海洛英者和八成一吸食甲基安非他明者採用這種方法吸毒）；而鼻吸是吸食氯胺酮最常用方法（佔吸食氯胺酮者 85%）；注射是吸食三唑倫／咪達唑倫／佐匹克隆最常用方法（佔吸食三唑倫／咪達唑倫／佐匹克隆者 45%）；口服是服食咳藥的唯一方法；而以香煙或煙管吸食是吸食大麻及可卡因較普遍方法（分別佔吸食大麻者 69% 及可卡因者 46%）。

吸食毒品地方 (表 1f)

3.18 在 2021 年，絕大部分（99.7%）被呈報吸毒者均有在香港吸毒。而有 48 名吸毒者（或佔吸毒者 1%）曾在中國內地（主要在深圳）吸毒。

**吸食毒品地點
(表 1g 及圖 3.5)**

3.19 於 2021 年，59% 的吸毒者只在家／朋友的家中吸毒，另外 19% 吸毒者曾在家／朋友的家及其他地點吸毒。

Method of Taking Drugs (Table 3d)

3.17 Abusers have different habits with regard to the method of taking drugs. Fume inhaling was the most common method of taking heroin and methamphetamine (adopted by 68% of heroin abusers and 81% of methamphetamine abusers in 2021); sniffing was the most common method of taking ketamine (85% of ketamine abusers); injection was the most common method of taking triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone (45% of triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone abusers); oral ingestion was the only method of taking cough medicine; and smoking was the more common method of taking cannabis and cocaine (69% of cannabis abusers and 46% of cocaine abusers).

Place of Abusing Drugs (Table 1f)

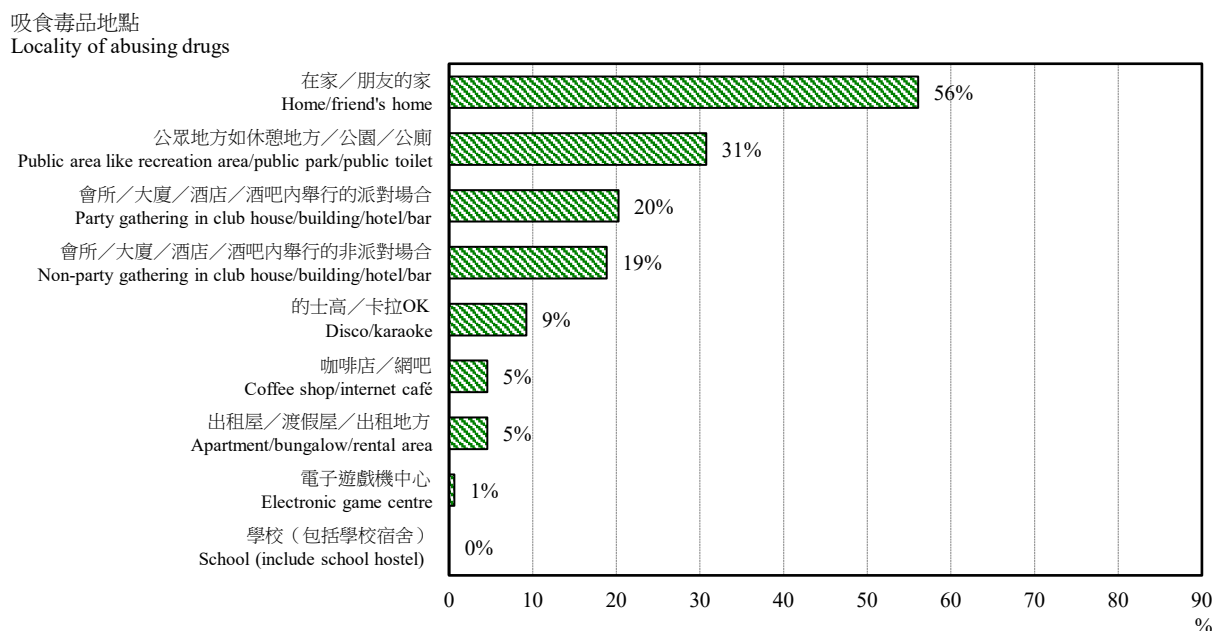
3.18 The majority (99.7%) of the reported drug abusers took drugs in Hong Kong in 2021. 48 persons (or 1% of reported drug abusers) were reported to have taken drugs in Mainland China (mainly in Shenzhen).

**Locality of Abusing Drugs
(Table 1g and Chart 3.5)**

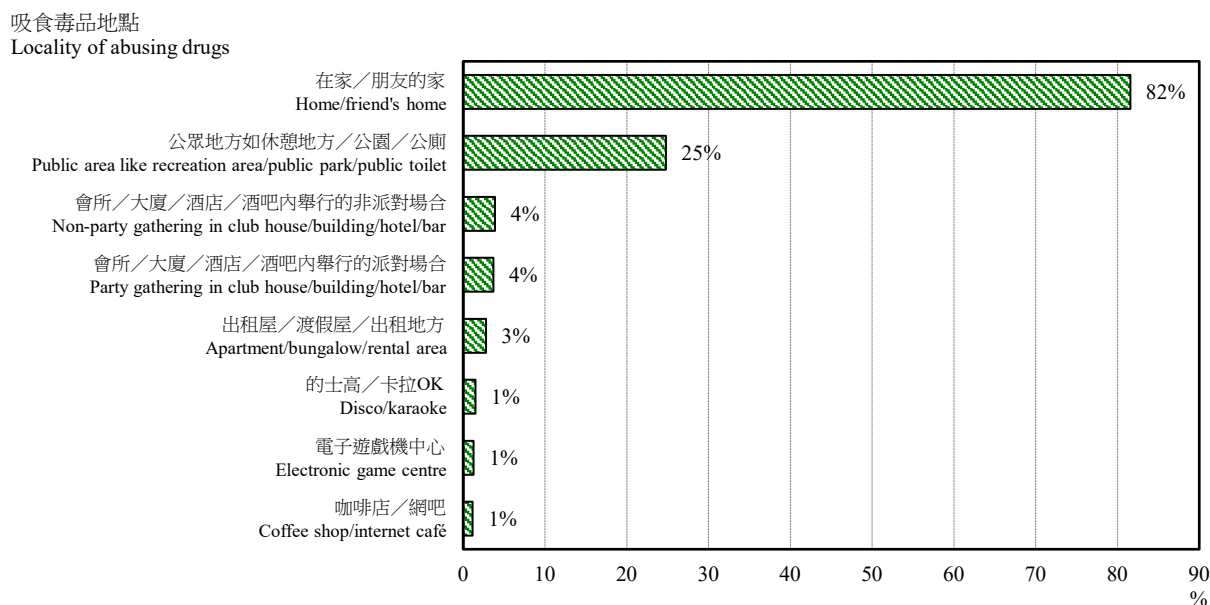
3.19 59% of the drug abusers took drugs at home/friend's home only, while 19% took drugs at home/friend's home and other localities in 2021.

圖 3.5 按 2021 年被呈報吸毒者的年齡組別劃分的吸食毒品地點分布
 Chart 3.5 Localities of abusing drugs of reported drug abusers in 2021 by age group

(a) 21 歲以下 Aged under 21



(b) 21 歲及以上 Aged 21 and over



註釋：個別吸毒者在某年內可被呈報多於一個吸食毒品地點。

Note: More than one locality of abusing drugs may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

3.20 68%的21歲以下青少年吸毒者曾在家／朋友的家以外的其他地點吸毒，而成年吸毒者的相應百分比為37%。在其他地點中，以公眾地方如休憩地方／公園／公廁最常見。25%被呈報的21歲及以上成年吸毒者和31%青少年吸毒者曾在公眾地方如休憩地方／公園／公廁吸毒。

現時吸食毒品原因

(表 1h 及圖 3.6)

3.21 吸毒原因方面，在所有被呈報吸毒者當中，最普遍的原因為「解悶／情緒低落／壓力」(佔被呈報吸毒者46%)、「避免因沒有吸食毒品而感到不適」(41%)和「受到同輩朋友影響／想和同輩朋友打成一片」(32%)。

3.22 至於21歲以下的吸毒者，最普遍的吸毒原因是「受到同輩朋友影響／想和同輩朋友打成一片」(58%)，其次是「解悶／情緒低落／壓力」(45%)和「尋求快感或官能上的滿足」(31%)。

3.20 68% of the young drug abusers aged under 21 took drugs at other localities irrespective of whether they took drugs at home/friend's home, compared with 37% for the adult counterparts. Among the other localities, public areas like recreation area/public park/public toilet topped the list. 25% of the reported drug abusers aged 21 and over and 31% of those aged under 21 were reported to have taken drugs at public areas like recreation area/public park/public toilet.

Reason for Current Drug Use

(Table 1h and Chart 3.6)

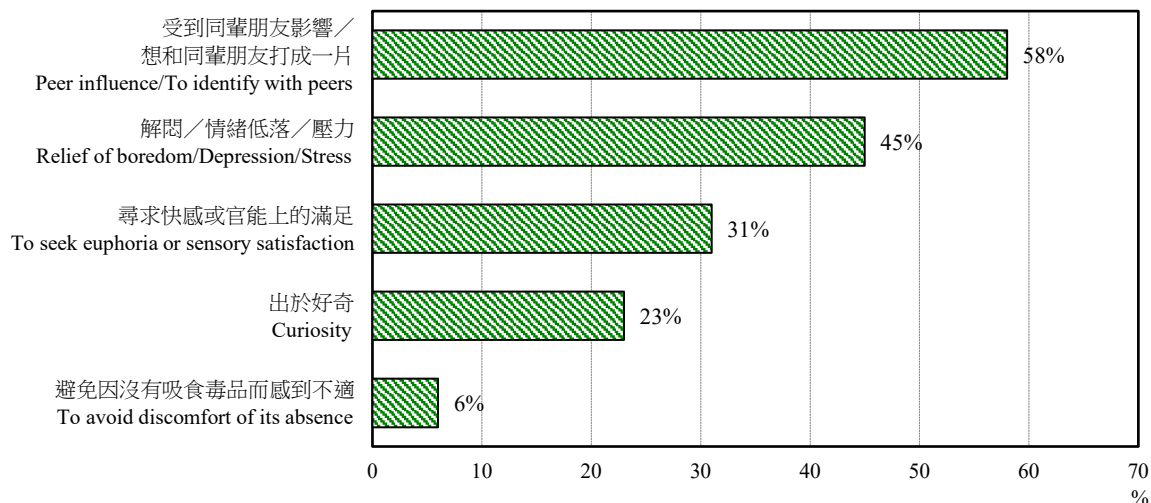
3.21 Regarding the reasons for taking drugs, the most common ones for all reported drug abusers were “relief of boredom/depression/stress” (46% of reported drug abusers), “to avoid discomfort of its absence” (41%) and “peer influence/to identify with peers” (32%).

3.22 For drug abusers aged under 21, “peer influence/to identify with peers” (58%) was the most common reason for taking drugs, followed by “relief of boredom/depression/stress” (45%) and “to seek euphoria or sensory satisfaction” (31%).

圖 3.6 按 2021 年被呈報吸毒者的年齡組別劃分的現時吸食毒品原因
 Chart 3.6 Reasons for current drug use of reported drug abusers in 2021 by age group

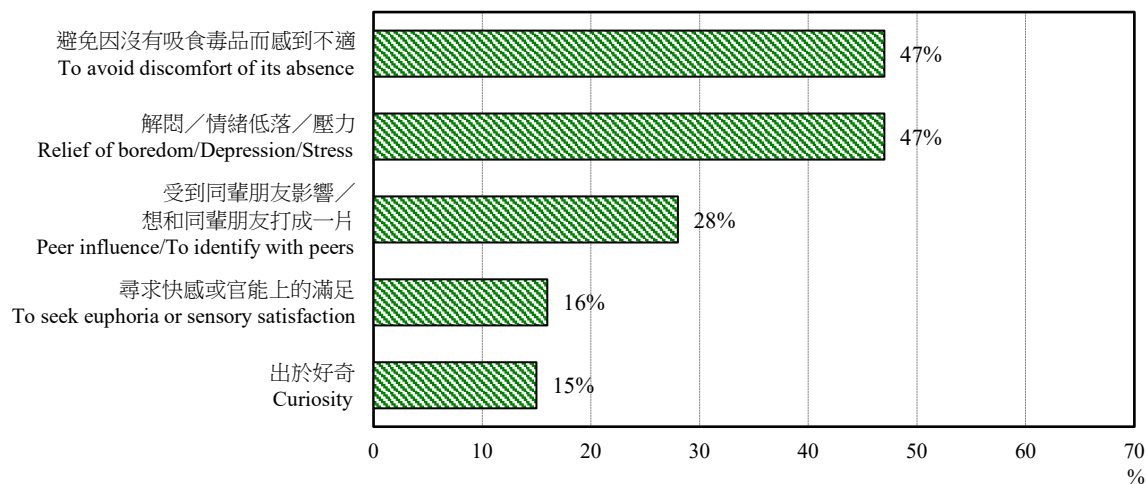
(a) 21 歲以下 Aged under 21

現時吸食毒品原因
 Reason for current drug use



(b) 21 歲及以上 Aged 21 and over

現時吸食毒品原因
 Reason for current drug use



註釋：個別吸毒者在某年內可被呈報多於一個現時吸食毒品原因。

Note: More than one reason for current drug use may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

經濟活動身分 (表 1j)

3.23 43%的吸毒者在被呈報時為失業人士，另 25%是全職工作人士，16%是散工／兼職工作人士及 8%是學生。而學生佔被呈報青少年吸毒者的比重達 43%。

教育程度 (表 1k)

3.24 在 2021 年的被呈報吸毒者中，約半數曾接受初中教育，26%曾接受高中教育，14%曾接受小學教育及 6%曾接受專上教育。

種族 (表 1l)

3.25 華裔為被呈報吸毒者中最主要的種族，佔 2021 年吸毒人士 92%。其他被呈報吸毒者的種族依次為尼泊爾裔(3%)、印度裔／巴基斯坦裔／孟加拉裔／斯里蘭卡裔(2%)和越南裔(2%)。

婚姻狀況 (表 1m)

3.26 在被呈報吸毒者中，54%從未結婚，27%為已婚或同居，18%已離婚或分居，餘下 1%為鰥寡。與男性吸毒者比較，女性吸毒者較少從未結婚(49%，男性則為 55%)。

Economic Activity Status (Table 1j)

3.23 43% of the reported drug abusers were unemployed at the time of report. Another 25% were full-time workers, 16% were casual/part-time workers and 8% were students. Among the reported young drug abusers, the proportion of students was 43%.

Educational Attainment (Table 1k)

3.24 About half of reported drug abusers in 2021 attained lower secondary education, 26% upper secondary education, 14% primary education and 6% post-secondary education.

Ethnicity (Table 1l)

3.25 Chinese was the dominant ethnicity of reported drug abusers, at 92% of the drug abusers in 2021. Other ethnicities of reported drug abusers included Nepalese (3%), Indian/Pakistani/Bangladeshi/Sri Lankan (2%) and Vietnamese (2%).

Marital Status (Table 1m)

3.26 54% of the reported drug abusers had never been married, 27% married or cohabiting, 18% divorced or separated and the remaining 1% widowed. Compared with male abusers, fewer female abusers had never been married (49% versus 55% for males).

伴侶是否吸毒人士 (表 1m)

3.27 在已婚或同居的被呈報吸毒者中，20%報稱他們的伴侶也吸毒。女性被呈報吸毒者當中，其伴侶也吸毒的比重為 40%，遠高於男性吸毒者的相應比重（13%）。

居住地區 (表 1n)

3.28 深水埗（11%）、觀塘（10%）和元朗（10%）為最多被呈報吸毒者居住的地區。至於 21 歲以下的吸毒者，主要居住在元朗（14%）、南區（13%）和北區（12%）。

居住單位類型 (表 1o)

3.29 逾半數（59%）被呈報吸毒者居住在公營租住單位，36%居住在私人住宅單位，3%居住在資助出售單位。

曾否有犯罪紀錄 (表 1p)

3.30 67%的被呈報吸毒者曾有犯罪紀錄，其中大多為只與毒品有關的罪行（27%），或與毒品有關及其他罪行（25%）；而 14%為只有與毒品無關的罪行。在被呈報的 21 歲及以上成年吸毒者中，曾有犯罪紀錄者佔 72%，較 21 歲以下青少年吸毒者的相應百分比（33%）為高。

Whether Partner Took Drugs (Table 1m)

3.27 Of those married or cohabiting, 20% reported that their partners also abused drugs. The proportion of reported female abusers with partners also abusing drugs was 40%, much higher than the corresponding proportion of male abusers (13%).

District of Residence (Table 1n)

3.28 Sham Shui Po (11%), Kwun Tong (10%) and Yuen Long (10%) were the districts which had the highest number of reported drug abusers residing. Drug abusers aged under 21 mainly resided in Yuen Long (14%), Southern (13%) and North (12%) Districts.

Type of Quarters (Table 1o)

3.29 More than half (59%) of the reported drug abusers resided in public rental flats, 36% in private residential flats and 3% in subsidised sale flats.

Whether Previously Convicted (Table 1p)

3.30 67% of the reported drug abusers had previously been convicted. Among them, most had previous convictions of either drug-related offences only (27%) or both drug-related and other offences (25%), while 14% had previous convictions of other offences only. The proportion of previously convicted abusers among the reported adult abusers aged 21 and over was 72%, which was higher than that among the young drug abusers aged under 21 (33%).

4 2021年首次被呈報及曾被呈報吸毒者的特徵 Characteristics of Newly and Previously Reported Drug Abusers in 2021

4.1 在2021年所有被呈報的6 019名吸毒者中，1 979人或33%是首次被呈報，而4 040人（67%）則曾經被呈報。在被呈報的21歲以下青少年吸毒者當中，首次被呈報者的百分比為74%，遠高於被呈報的21歲及以上成年吸毒者（26%）。下文比較首次被呈報及曾被呈報吸毒者的特徵。

被呈報吸毒者的資料來源 (表 2h)

4.2 在2021年，首次被呈報吸毒者的資料主要來自戒毒治療和康復服務中心／濫用精神藥物者輔導中心／戒毒輔導服務中心和青少年外展隊，分別佔首次被呈報吸毒者的41%和28%。

4.3 同年，曾被呈報吸毒者的主要資料來源是美沙酮診所及戒毒治療和康復服務中心／濫用精神藥物者輔導中心／戒毒輔導服務中心，分別佔有關吸毒者的47%和29%。

年齡和性別 (表 2a 及圖 4.1)

4.4 首次被呈報吸毒者和曾被呈報吸毒者的年齡分布頗為不同。首次被

4.1 Of all 6 019 drug abusers reported in 2021, 1 979 or 33% were newly reported and 4 040 (67%) had been previously reported. The proportion of newly reported drug abusers among young drug abusers under 21 was much higher, at 74%, as compared against 26% among reported adult abusers aged 21 and over. A comparison of the characteristics between newly and previously reported drug abusers is given in the ensuing paragraphs.

Sources of Reported Drug Abusers (Table 2h)

4.2 For the newly reported drug abusers, drug treatment and rehabilitation centres/counselling centres for psychotropic substance abusers/centres for drug counselling and youth outreaching teams were the major sources of reporting in 2021, taking up 41% and 28% respectively of the drug abusers concerned.

4.3 For those previously reported drug abusers, methadone clinics and drug treatment and rehabilitation centres/counselling centres for psychotropic substance abusers/centres for drug counselling were the major sources of reporting in 2021, taking up 47% and 29% respectively of the drug abusers concerned.

Age and Sex (Table 2a and Chart 4.1)

4.4 The age distribution of the newly reported drug abusers was quite different from

呈報吸毒者中，33%是在 21 歲以下，而曾被呈報吸毒者的相應數字則為 6%。31%首次被呈報吸毒者介乎 21 至 30 歲，而 80%曾被呈報吸毒者則為 31 歲及以上。在所有首次被呈報吸毒者中，21 至 35 歲的年輕成年人佔 43%。首次被呈報吸毒者的平均年齡為 28 歲，相對於平均年齡為 44 歲的曾被呈報吸毒者較為年輕。

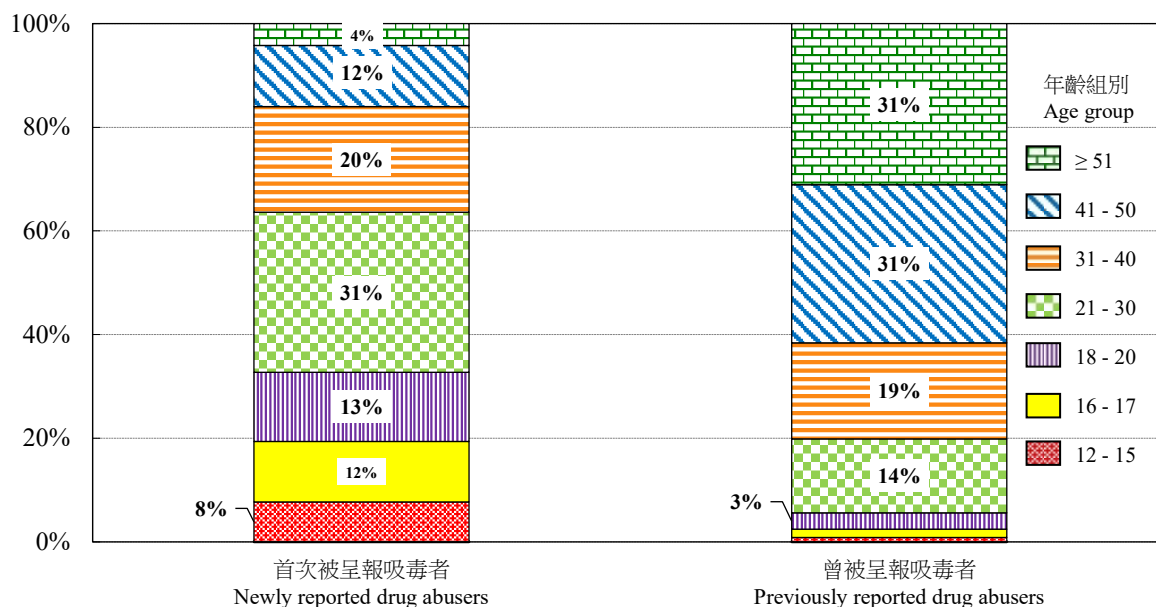
that of the previously reported ones. While 33% of the newly reported drug abusers were aged under 21, the corresponding figure of the previously reported ones was only 6%. 31% of the newly reported drug abusers were aged 21-30, while 80% of the previously reported ones were aged 31 and over. Young adults aged 21-35 accounted for 43% of all newly reported drug abusers. The newly reported drug abusers, at an average age of 28 years, were in general much younger than the previously reported ones (at an average age of 44 years).

4.5 在性別分布方面，女性佔首次被呈報吸毒者 27%，但在曾被呈報吸毒者中所佔的百分比則較低，只有 18%。

4.5 Regarding sex distribution, 27% of the newly reported drug abusers were females, while the respective proportion among the previously reported abusers was lower, only at 18%.

圖 4.1 2021 年首次／曾被呈報吸毒者的年齡組別分布

Chart 4.1 Newly/previously reported drug abusers in 2021 by age group



註釋： 曾被呈報吸毒者中，12 至 15 歲及 16 至 17 歲的吸毒者分別佔少於 1% 和 2%。

Note : Among previously reported drug abusers, those aged 12-15 and aged 16-17 accounted for less than 1% and 2% respectively.

首次吸食毒品的年齡 (表 2d)

4.6 首次被呈報的吸毒者平均在 22 歲開始吸毒，其中半數的毒齡不少於 3.4 年。而曾被呈報者則較早開始吸毒，平均在 18 歲開始，其中半數在首次被呈報時的毒齡為不少於 2.4 年。

吸食的毒品種類 (表 2b 及圖 4.2)

4.7 在 2021 年首次被呈報吸毒者中，最常吸食的毒品種類為大麻 (35%)，其次為可卡因 (32%) 及甲基安非他明 (20%)。

4.8 曾被呈報的吸毒者最常吸食的毒品種類則是海洛英 (57%)，其次為甲基安非他明 (19%) 及三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆 (15%)。

Age of First Abuse (Table 2d)

4.6 The newly reported drug abusers on average started to abuse drugs at the age of 22 years, and half of them had a drug abuse history of at least 3.4 years. Meanwhile, the previously reported drug abusers on average started earlier at the age of 18 years and half of them had a drug abuse history of at least 2.4 years before first reported.

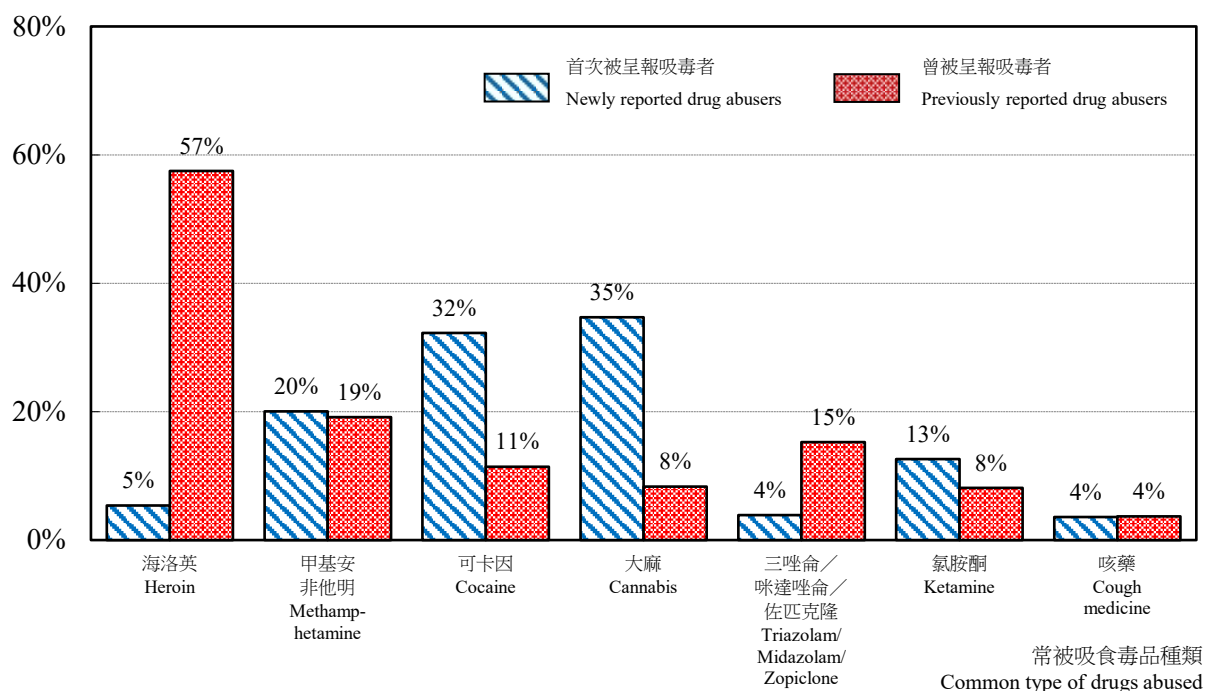
Type of Drugs Abused (Table 2b and Chart 4.2)

4.7 Among the newly reported drug abusers in 2021, the most common type of drug abused was cannabis (35%), followed by cocaine (32%) and methamphetamine (20%).

4.8 As for the previously reported drug abusers, heroin (57%) was the dominant type of drug abused, followed by methamphetamine (19%) and triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone (15%).

圖 4.2 2021年首次/曾被呈報吸毒者通常吸食的毒品種類

Chart 4.2 Common types of drugs abused by newly/previously reported drug abusers in 2021



現時吸食毒品原因

(表 2c)

4.9 首次被呈報吸毒者現時吸食毒品的最常見原因是「解悶/情緒低落/壓力」(50%)，其次是「受到同輩朋友影響/想和同輩朋友打成一片」(39%)和「尋求快感或官能上的滿足」(23%)。

4.10 至於曾被呈報吸毒者，現時吸食毒品的最常見原因，分別是「避免因沒有吸食毒品而感到不適」(52%)、「解悶/情緒低落/壓力」(44%)和「受到同輩朋友影響/想和同輩朋友打成一片」(29%)。

Reason for Current Drug Use

(Table 2c)

4.9 For the newly reported drug abusers, the most common reason for current drug use was “relief of boredom/depression/stress” (50%), followed by “peer influence/to identify with peers” (39%) and “to seek euphoria or sensory satisfaction” (23%).

4.10 As for the previously reported abusers, the most common reasons for current drug use were “to avoid discomfort of its absence” (52%), “relief of boredom/depression/stress” (44%) and “peer influence/to identify with peers” (29%).

經濟活動身分 (表 2e)

4.11 在所有首次被呈報的吸毒者中，有 29%是全職工作人士，26%是失業人士及 18%是散工／兼職工作人士。在曾被呈報吸毒者中，失業人士的比重較高，達 51%，另 22%是全職工作人士及 14%是散工／兼職工作人士。在首次被呈報的吸毒者中，學生的比重為 18%，高於其在曾被呈報吸毒者中的比重 (3%)。

教育程度 (表 2f)

4.12 首次被呈報吸毒者中，51%有初中教育程度，33%有高中教育程度及 12%有專上教育程度。只有 4%有小學程度或以下。

4.13 曾被呈報吸毒者的教育水平相對較低，54%有初中教育程度，22%有高中教育程度，21%有小學程度或以下及 3%有專上教育程度。

婚姻狀況 (表 2g)

4.14 在首次被呈報的吸毒者中，有 73%從未結婚，而曾被呈報吸毒者中則有較少比重從未結婚，為 45%。已婚和同居者合計，分別佔首次被呈報吸毒者的 19%和曾被呈報吸毒者的 31%，而鰥寡、離婚或分居者合計，則分別佔前者的 8%和後者的 25%。

Economic Activity Status (Table 2e)

4.11 Of all newly reported drug abusers, 29% were full-time workers, 26% were unemployed and 18% were casual/part-time workers. Among the previously reported abusers, the proportion of the unemployed was higher, at 51%. Another 22% were full-time workers and 14% were casual/ part-time workers. The proportion of students among newly reported drug abusers was 18%, higher than that among previously reported abusers (3%).

Educational Attainment (Table 2f)

4.12 For the newly reported drug abusers, 51% attained lower secondary, 33% upper secondary and 12% post-secondary education. Only 4% attained primary education or below.

4.13 For the previously reported drug abusers, their educational level was relatively lower, with 54% attaining lower secondary education, 22% upper secondary education, 21% primary education or below and 3% post-secondary education.

Marital Status (Table 2g)

4.14 73% of the newly reported drug abusers had never been married while the respective proportion among the previously reported persons was lower, at 45%. Married and cohabiting persons together took up 19% of the newly reported drug abusers and 31% of the previously reported drug abusers, while the widowed, divorced or

4.15 在已婚或同居的首次被呈報者中，有18%報稱其伴侶亦吸毒，與曾被呈報者有吸毒伴侶的比例相似(20%)。

separated together took up 8% of the former group and 25% of the latter group.

4.15 Of those married or cohabiting newly reported abusers, 18% reported that their partners also abused drugs, which was similar to the corresponding figure for the previously reported abusers with drug taking partners (20%).

5 2021 年各主要類別被呈報吸毒者的特徵 Characteristics of Major Categories of Reported Drug Abusers in 2021

5.1 吸毒者吸食超過一種毒品甚為普遍。

被呈報吸食多種毒品人士⁽³⁾
(表 1c 及圖 5.1)

5.2 在 2021 年的所有被呈報吸毒者中，有 1 162 人或 20% 吸食超過一種毒品。

5.3 在 2021 年，17% 的吸毒者吸食兩種毒品，而海洛英及三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆是最常被吸食的毒品組合。另有 2% 的吸毒者吸食三種毒品，只有少於 1% 的吸毒者吸食超過三種毒品。

5.1 It is common for drug abusers to abuse more than one type of drugs.

Reported Multiple Drug Abusers⁽³⁾
(Table 1c and Chart 5.1)

5.2 Of all reported drug abusers, 1 162 or 20% took more than one type of drugs in 2021.

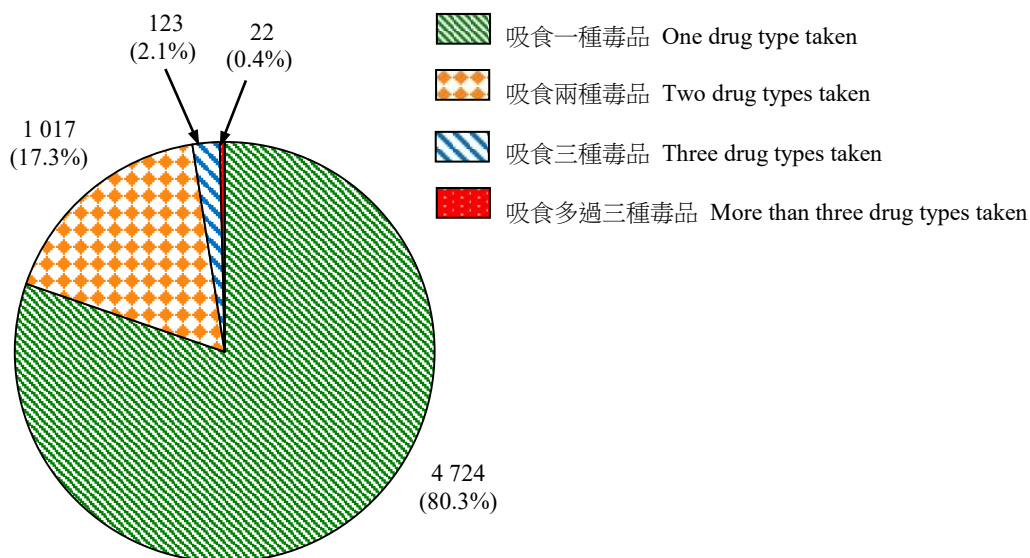
5.3 17% of the reported drug abusers took two types of drugs in 2021. The most common combination of the two types of drugs taken was heroin and triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone. Another 2% of reported drug abusers took three types of drugs, while less than 1% took more than three types of drugs.

註釋： (3) 被呈報吸食多種毒品人士是指在某指定年份內被呈報吸食超過一種毒品的人士，不論有關毒品是否在同一時間混合吸食。

Note: (3) A reported multiple drug abuser is defined to be a person who is reported to have taken more than one type of drugs in a given year, irrespective of whether the drugs were taken concurrently on one occasion or not.

圖 5.1 按吸食毒品種類數目及主要吸食毒品組合劃分的 2021 年被呈報吸毒者
 Chart 5.1 Reported drug abusers in 2021 by number and major combination of drug types taken

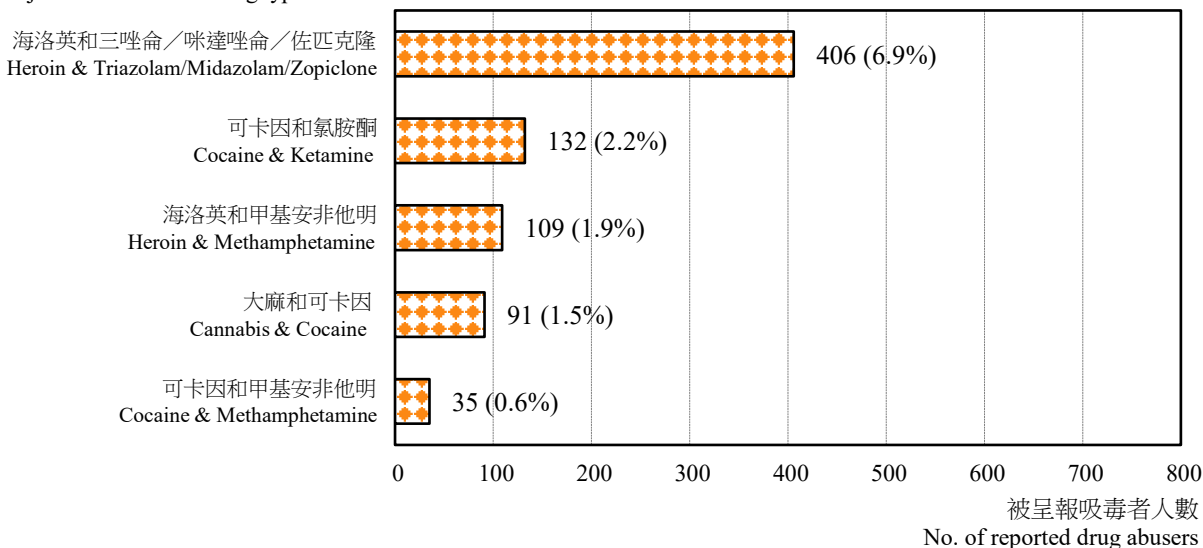
(a) 吸食毒品種類數目 Number of drug types taken



(b) 吸食兩種毒品 Two drug types taken

主要吸食毒品組合

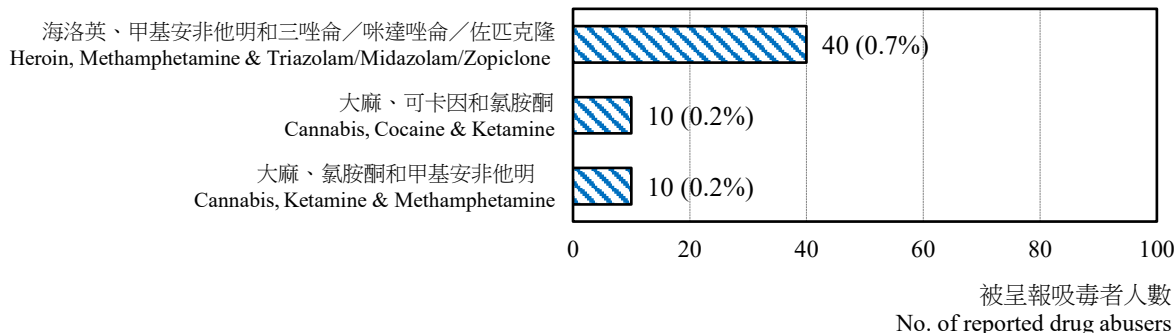
Major combination of drug types taken



(c) 吸食三種毒品 Three drug types taken

主要吸食毒品組合

Major combination of drug types taken



註釋：括弧內的數字顯示佔所有被呈報吸毒者的百分比。

Note: Figures in brackets refer to the percentage of all reported drug abusers.

被呈報吸食海洛英人士與被呈報吸食危害精神毒品人士的比較

Comparison of Reported Heroin Abusers with Reported Psychotropic Substance Abusers

5.4 以下各段就被呈報吸食海洛英人士與被呈報吸食危害精神毒品人士的特徵作比較，並載列有關各主要被呈報吸食危害精神毒品人士類別（即吸食甲基安非他明、可卡因、大麻、三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆、氯胺酮及咳藥的人士）主要特徵的分項數字。

5.4 In the ensuing paragraphs, a comparison of the characteristics of reported heroin abusers and reported psychotropic substance abusers is presented. Separate figures on the salient characteristics of the major categories of reported psychotropic substance abusers, viz. abusers of methamphetamine, cocaine, cannabis, triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone, ketamine and cough medicine abusers are also included.

年齡和性別（表 3a、4a 及圖 5.2）

Age and Sex (Table 3a, 4a and Chart 5.2)

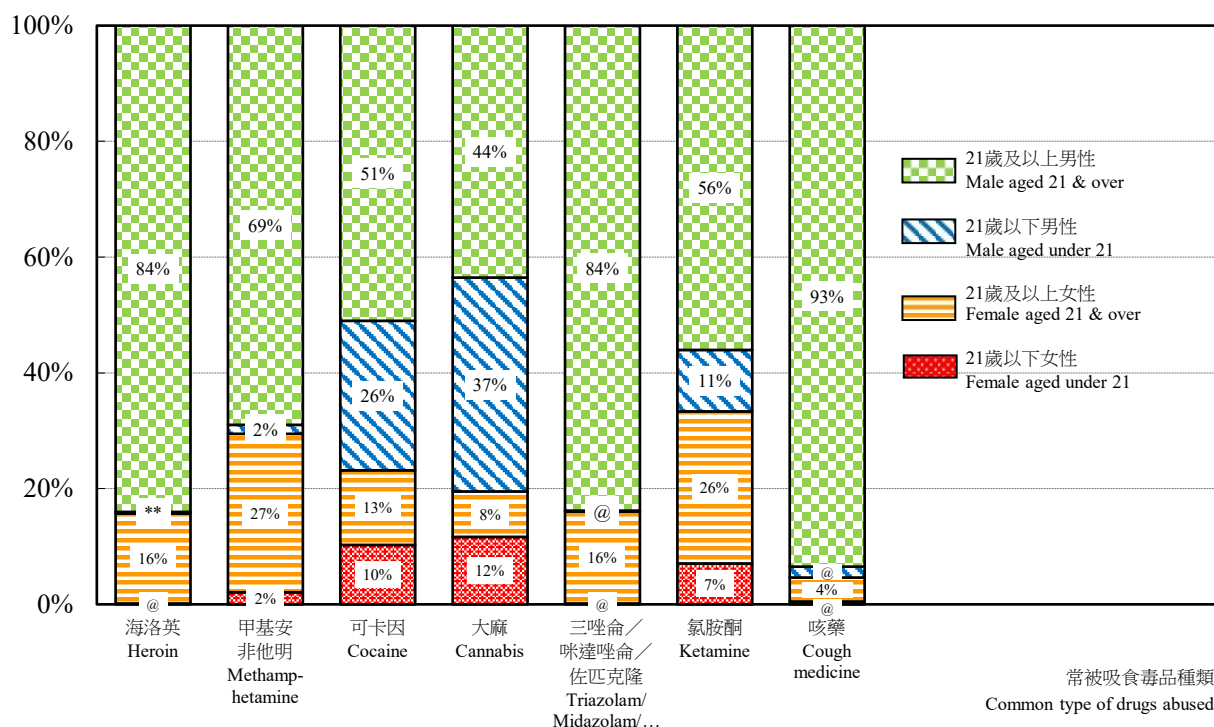
5.5 在 2021 年，共有 2 388 名被呈報吸食海洛英人士，平均年齡為 51 歲，當中大部分（84%）是男性。而 4 099 名被呈報吸食危害精神毒品人士的平均年齡為 33 歲，遠較被呈報吸食海洛英者年輕，當中 76% 是男性。

5.5 In 2021, there were 2 388 reported heroin abusers at an average age of 51 years. The majority (84%) of them were males. The 4 099 reported psychotropic substance abusers were much younger than the reported heroin abusers, at an average age of 33 years.

相對來說，女性在被呈報吸食危害精神毒品者中所佔的比例（24%或965人），較在被呈報吸食海洛英者所佔的比例（16%或375人）為高。

76% of them were males. Relatively, there were more reported female psychotropic substance abusers by proportion (24% or 965) than reported female heroin abusers (16% or 375).

圖 5.2 按常被吸食毒品種類劃分的 2021 年被呈報吸毒者的年齡組別／性別分布
Chart 5.2 Age/sex distribution of reported drug abusers in 2021 by common type of drugs abused



註釋： ** 少於 0.5%。

Note : ** Less than 0.5%.

5.6 在六大類被呈報吸食危害精神毒品者中，女性佔被呈報吸食氯胺酮、甲基安非他明和可卡因人士的百分比比較高，分別為 33%、29%和 23%。在被呈報吸食大麻、三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆和咳藥人士當中，女性的相應百分比則分別為 20%、16%和 5%。

5.6 Among the six major categories of reported psychotropic substance abusers, the proportions of females were relatively higher among the reported ketamine, methamphetamine and cocaine abusers, being 33%, 29% and 23% respectively. The corresponding proportions of female abusers of cannabis, triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone, and cough medicine were 20%, 16% and 5% respectively.

5.7 在被呈報吸食各類危害精神毒品人士年齡方面，吸食三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆者的平均年齡為 47 歲，遠較其他五大類危害精神毒品人士年長。吸食咳藥、甲基安非他明、氯胺酮、可卡因及大麻人士的平均年齡分別是 39 歲、38 歲、30 歲、26 歲及 23 歲。

首次吸毒年齡 (表 3c)

5.8 在 2021 年，吸食海洛英者首次吸食該藥物的平均年齡為 19 歲。在六大類被呈報吸食危害精神毒品者中，首次濫用相關藥物的平均年齡以吸食三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆者最高，為 28 歲，而吸食氯胺酮者則最低，只有 18 歲。

5.7 In respect of the age of various categories of psychotropic substance abusers, triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone abusers, at an average age of 47 years, were much older than abusers of the other five major categories of psychotropic substance. The average ages of cough medicine, methamphetamine, ketamine, cocaine and cannabis abusers were 39, 38, 30, 26 and 23 years respectively.

Age of First Abuse (Table 3c)

5.8 The average age of first abuse of heroin for heroin abusers was 19 years in 2021. Among the six major categories of reported psychotropic substance abusers, the average age of first abusing the drug for triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone abusers was the highest, at 28 years; while that for ketamine abusers was the lowest, at 18 years.

毒齡⁽⁴⁾ (表 3c)

5.9 被呈報吸食各類危害精神毒品人士的年紀比吸食海洛英人士為輕，因此前者的毒齡均較後者為短。就 2021 年被呈報吸食甲基安非他明人士而言，其甲基安非他明毒齡中位數為 13 年；另外，吸食大麻人士的大麻毒齡中位數為 3 年；而吸食海洛英人士的海洛英毒齡中位數則長達 31 年。

現時吸食毒品原因 (表 4c)

5.10 在被呈報吸食海洛英者中，現時吸食毒品的最普遍原因是「避免因沒有吸食毒品而感到不適」(佔被呈報吸食海洛英者 71%)，其次是「解悶／情緒低落／壓力」(40%)和「受到同輩朋友影響／想和同輩朋友打成一片」(27%)。對於被呈報吸食危害精神毒品者，最普遍的原因是「解悶／情緒低落／壓力」(52%)，其次是「受到同輩朋友影響／想和同輩朋友打成一片」(36%)和「避免因沒有吸食毒品而感到不適」(27%)。

註釋： (4) 被呈報吸毒者的「毒齡」是指吸毒者初次吸毒與被呈報機構呈報至檔案室之間的時間。須注意，檔案室並沒有吸毒者中途有否停止吸毒的資料，因此「毒齡」並不一定等於吸毒者過去吸毒的總時間。因為曾被呈報吸毒者已被紀錄，使用所有被呈報吸毒者（包括首次及曾被呈報吸毒者）的毒齡中位數去反映隱蔽吸毒情況並不適當。

Drug History⁽⁴⁾ (Table 3c)

5.9 As the reported abusers of psychotropic substances are generally much younger than those of heroin, the former had a shorter drug history than the latter. For the reported methamphetamine abusers, the median methamphetamine abusing history in 2021 was 13 years. The median cannabis abusing history of cannabis abusers was 3 years, while for heroin abusers, the median heroin abusing history was much longer, at 31 years.

Reason for Current Drug Use (Table 4c)

5.10 Among the reported heroin abusers, the most common reason for the current use of drug was “to avoid discomfort of its absence” (71% of reported heroin abusers), followed by “relief of boredom/depression/stress” (40%) and “peer influence/to identify with peers” (27%). Among the reported psychotropic substance abusers, “relief of boredom/depression/stress” (52%) came first, followed by “peer influence/to identify with peers” (36%) and “to avoid discomfort of its absence” (27%).

Note: (4) The “drug history” of a reported drug abuser is defined as the period of time between the abuser being reported to CRDA by reporting agency and the first time he or she abused drugs. It should be noted that the CRDA does not have information on any intermittent breaks of drug abuse by the reported drug abuser. Therefore, “drug history” does not necessarily refer to the total time of drug abuse of a reported drug abuser. As previously reported drug abusers had been identified in the past, it would not be appropriate to use the median drug history of all reported drug abusers (including both newly and previously reported drug abusers) to reflect the hidden drug abuse situation.

居住地區 (表 3b 及 4b)

5.11 在 2021 年，較多被呈報吸食海洛英者居住在深水埗（佔被呈報吸食海洛英者 17%）、油尖旺（14%）及觀塘（12%）。對於被呈報吸食危害精神毒品者，整體而言較多人居住在元朗（11%）。觀塘（12%）是最多被呈報吸食甲基安非他明者居住的地區；對於被呈報吸食可卡因者，元朗（13%）居首位；南區（13%）是最多被呈報吸食大麻者居住的地區；而被呈報吸食三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆、氣胺酮及咳藥者，分別最多居於深水埗（14%）、元朗（12%）及觀塘（13%）。

每月吸毒次數
(圖 5.3)

5.12 吸食海洛英與三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆者一般吸食次數較頻密，每月吸食次數中位數均為 60 次。至於吸食其他較普遍的危險精神毒品者，相應吸食次數遠比前兩者少，如吸食咳藥者為 30 次、吸食氣胺酮者為 13 次、吸食甲基安非他明者為 9 次、吸食可卡因者為 5 次、吸食大麻者為 4 次及吸食亞甲二氧基甲基安非他明者為兩次。

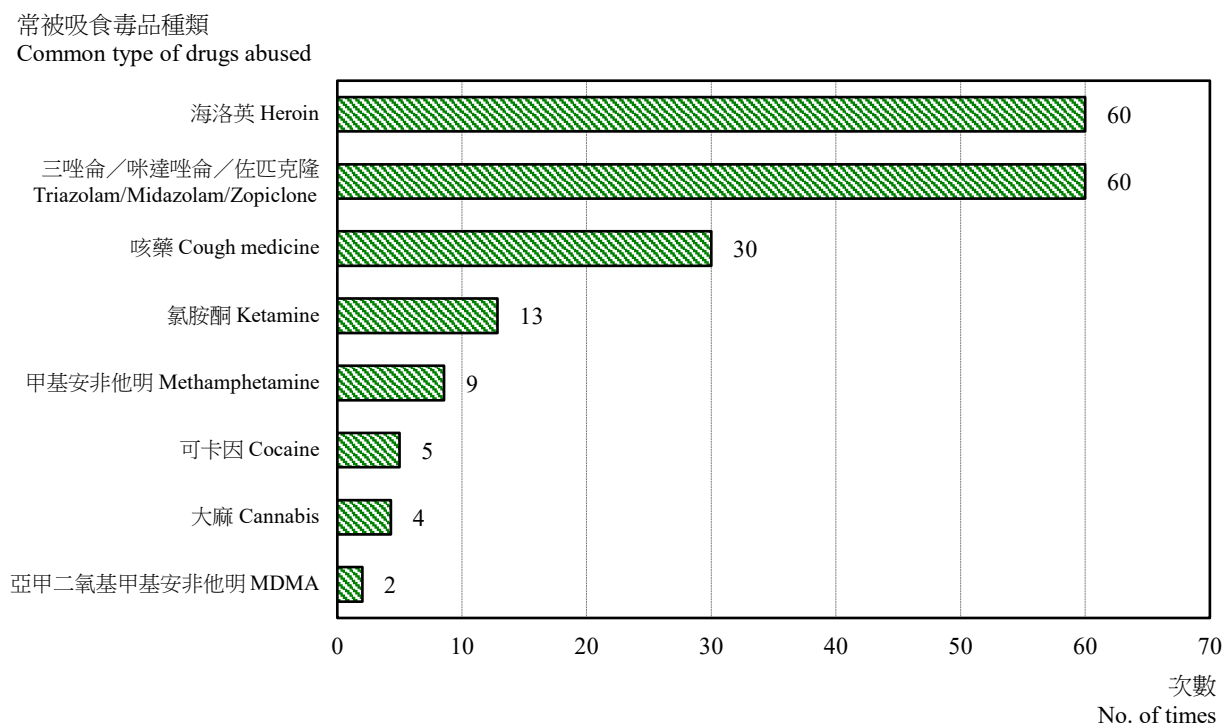
District of Residence (Table 3b and 4b)

5.11 Relatively more reported heroin abusers in 2021 resided in Sham Shui Po (17% of reported heroin abusers), Yau Tsim Mong (14%) and Kwun Tong (12%). For the reported psychotropic substance abusers as a whole, more resided in Yuen Long (11%). More specifically, Kwun Tong (12%) had the highest number of reported methamphetamine abusers. For the reported cocaine abusers, Yuen Long (13%) was on the top of the list. Southern (13%) had the highest number of reported cannabis abusers. For reported abusers of triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone, ketamine and cough medicine, Sham Shui Po (14%), Yuen Long (12%) and Kwun Tong (13%) had the highest number of abusers respectively.

Monthly Frequency of Abusing Drugs
(Chart 5.3)

5.12 Abusers of heroin and triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone had relatively higher frequencies of abusing drugs in general, both with a median monthly frequency of 60 times. The corresponding figures for abusers of other common psychotropic substances were much lower, as for example, 30 times for cough medicine abusers, 13 times for ketamine abusers, 9 times for methamphetamine abusers, 5 times for cocaine abusers, 4 times for cannabis abusers and twice for MDMA abusers.

圖 5.3 按常被吸食毒品種類劃分的 2021 年每月吸毒次數中位數
Chart 5.3 Median monthly frequency of abusing drugs in 2021 by common type of drugs abused



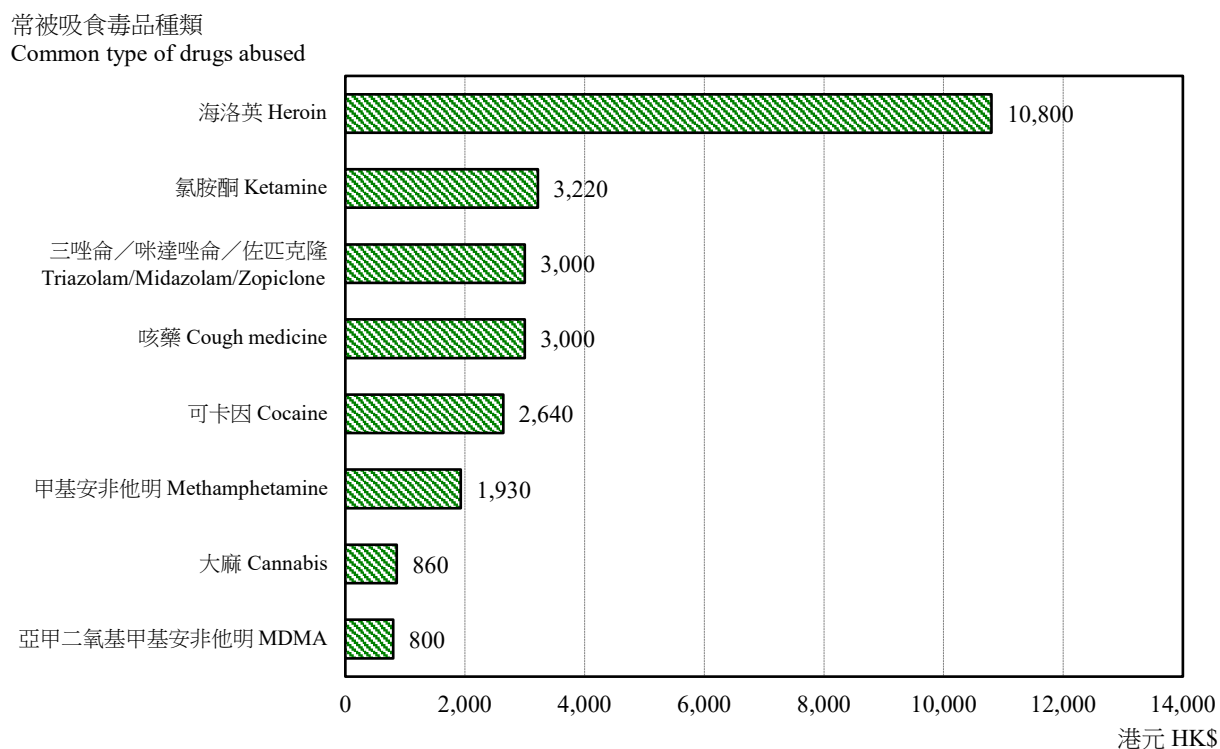
每月吸毒開支 (圖 5.4)

5.13 被呈報吸食海洛英者的每月吸毒開支最高，於 2021 年的每月開支中位數為 10,800 元。在常被吸食危害精神毒品中，吸毒者吸食氯胺酮、三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆、咳藥、可卡因及甲基安非他明的每月開支中位數較高，分別達 3,220 元、3,000 元、3,000 元、2,640 元及 1,930 元，而吸食大麻和亞甲二氧基甲基安非他明的每月開支中位數則分別為 860 元及 800 元。

Monthly Expenditure of Abusing Drugs (Chart 5.4)

5.13 The reported abusers of heroin had the highest monthly expenditure of abusing drugs in general, with a median monthly expenditure of \$10,800 in 2021. Among the abusers of common psychotropic substances, those taking ketamine, triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone, cough medicine, cocaine and methamphetamine had a higher median monthly expenditure of \$3,220, \$3,000, \$3,000, \$2,640 and \$1,930 respectively while the corresponding figures for cannabis and MDMA abusers were \$860 and \$800 respectively.

圖 5.4 按常被吸食毒品種類劃分的 2021 年每月吸毒開支中位數
Chart 5.4 Median monthly expenditure of abusing drugs in 2021 by common type of drugs abused



註釋： 數字進位至最接近的十位數。

Note: Figures are rounded to the nearest ten.

經濟活動身分 (表 3e)

5.14 2021 年被呈報吸食三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆、海洛英、甲基安非他明、咳藥、可卡因、氯胺酮及大麻的吸毒者中均有不少為失業人士，分別佔該些吸毒者的 64%、60%、48%、46%、28%、26%及 16%。

Economic Activity Status (Table 3e)

5.14 A notable proportion of triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone (64%), heroin (60%), methamphetamine (48%), cough medicine (46%), cocaine (28%), ketamine (26%) and cannabis (16%) abusers were unemployed in 2021.

吸食毒品地點 (表 3f)

5.15 對不同毒品而言，家／朋友的家於 2021 年均為最常被呈報的吸食地點，達 65%至 89%；其次是公眾地方如休憩地方／公園／公廁。不同毒品的吸食地點都有所不同；例如，12%至 18%的大麻、氯胺酮及可卡因吸

Locality of Abusing Drugs (Table 3f)

5.15 Home/friend's home was the most popular location of abusing drugs for 65% to 89% of the abusers of various drugs in 2021, followed by public areas like recreation area/public park/public toilet. The locality of abusing drugs varied among various drugs.

食者曾於會所／大廈／酒店／酒吧內舉行的派對場合吸毒，而 6% 的咳藥吸食者曾於電子遊戲機中心吸毒。

For example, 12% to 18% of cannabis, ketamine and cocaine abusers took drugs in party gathering in club house/building/hotel/bar while 6% of cough medicine abusers took drugs in electronic game centre.

統計表 Tables

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表 1a 按性別及年齡組別劃分的2012至2021年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1a Reported drug abusers for 2012-2021 by sex by age group

人數 No. of persons

性別／年齡組別 Sex/age group	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
男 Male										
< 12	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	@ (@@)
12 - 15	110 (1.2)	65 (0.8)	41 (0.6)	29 (0.4)	28 (0.4)	22 (0.4)	34 (0.6)	45 (1.0)	50 (1.1)	105 (2.2)
16 - 17	325 (3.6)	230 (2.8)	150 (2.0)	129 (1.9)	94 (1.4)	81 (1.4)	90 (1.7)	89 (1.9)	128 (2.8)	218 (4.6)
18 - 20	708 (7.8)	528 (6.4)	393 (5.3)	340 (4.9)	283 (4.2)	257 (4.6)	246 (4.5)	222 (4.8)	247 (5.4)	302 (6.4)
< 21 小計 Sub-total	1 143 (12.7)	823 (9.9)	584 (7.9)	498 (7.2)	405 (6.0)	360 (6.4)	370 (6.8)	356 (7.7)	425 (9.3)	626 (13.2)
21 - 30	2 104 (23.3)	2 025 (24.4)	1 598 (21.6)	1 610 (23.2)	1 519 (22.5)	1 082 (19.4)	915 (16.8)	819 (17.8)	764 (16.8)	888 (18.7)
31 - 40	2 332 (25.8)	2 125 (25.6)	2 059 (27.9)	1 823 (26.2)	1 827 (27.1)	1 297 (23.2)	1 232 (22.7)	1 016 (22.1)	956 (21.0)	901 (19.0)
41 - 50	1 575 (17.4)	1 558 (18.8)	1 414 (19.1)	1 350 (19.4)	1 446 (21.4)	1 332 (23.8)	1 372 (25.2)	1 123 (24.4)	1 156 (25.4)	1 148 (24.2)
≥ 51	1 880 (20.8)	1 771 (21.3)	1 730 (23.4)	1 666 (24.0)	1 554 (23.0)	1 519 (27.2)	1 547 (28.5)	1 291 (28.0)	1 246 (27.4)	1 181 (24.9)
≥ 21 小計 Sub-total	7 891 (87.3)	7 479 (90.1)	6 801 (92.1)	6 449 (92.8)	6 346 (94.0)	5 230 (93.6)	5 066 (93.2)	4 249 (92.3)	4 122 (90.7)	4 118 (86.8)
小計 Sub-total	9 034 (100.0)	8 302 (100.0)	7 385 (100.0)	6 947 (100.0)	6 751 (100.0)	5 590 (100.0)	5 436 (100.0)	4 605 (100.0)	4 547 (100.0)	4 744 (100.0)
平均年齡 Average age	37	38	39	40	40	41	42	42	41	40

表 1a [續]
Table 1a (Cont'd)

按性別及年齡組別劃分的2012至2021年被呈報吸毒者
Reported drug abusers for 2012-2021 by sex by age group

人數 No. of persons

性別／年齡組別 Sex/age group	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
女 Female										
< 12	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	@ (@)	@ (@)
12 - 15	94 (4.5)	77 (3.9)	39 (2.3)	26 (1.4)	20 (1.3)	18 (1.4)	13 (1.0)	30 (2.6)	48 (3.9)	80 (6.3)
16 - 17	161 (7.8)	94 (4.8)	69 (4.1)	62 (3.4)	33 (2.2)	28 (2.2)	30 (2.3)	41 (3.5)	61 (5.0)	77 (6.0)
18 - 20	226 (10.9)	231 (11.8)	137 (8.1)	103 (5.6)	63 (4.2)	62 (4.8)	64 (4.8)	67 (5.7)	72 (5.9)	89 (7.0)
< 21 小計 Sub-total	481 (23.2)	402 (20.5)	245 (14.6)	191 (10.4)	116 (7.7)	108 (8.4)	107 (8.1)	138 (11.8)	182 (14.8)	247 (19.4)
21 - 30	692 (33.4)	680 (34.7)	625 (37.1)	681 (37.2)	483 (32.3)	341 (26.4)	318 (24.0)	304 (26.0)	281 (22.9)	301 (23.6)
31 - 40	565 (27.3)	518 (26.5)	450 (26.7)	517 (28.3)	431 (28.8)	394 (30.5)	386 (29.2)	293 (25.0)	267 (21.7)	250 (19.6)
41 - 50	217 (10.5)	259 (13.2)	258 (15.3)	326 (17.8)	337 (22.5)	313 (24.2)	347 (26.2)	290 (24.8)	340 (27.7)	319 (25.0)
≥ 51	117 (5.6)	99 (5.1)	105 (6.2)	115 (6.3)	130 (8.7)	137 (10.6)	166 (12.5)	145 (12.4)	159 (12.9)	158 (12.4)
≥ 21 小計 Sub-total	1 591 (76.8)	1 556 (79.5)	1 438 (85.4)	1 639 (89.6)	1 381 (92.3)	1 185 (91.6)	1 217 (91.9)	1 032 (88.2)	1 047 (85.2)	1 028 (80.6)
小計 Sub-total	2 072 (100.0)	1 958 (100.0)	1 683 (100.0)	1 830 (100.0)	1 497 (100.0)	1 293 (100.0)	1 324 (100.0)	1 170 (100.0)	1 229 (100.0)	1 275 (100.0)
平均年齡 Average age	30	30	32	33	35	36	37	36	36	35

表 1a [續]
Table 1a (Cont'd)

按性別及年齡組別劃分的2012至2021年被呈報吸毒者
Reported drug abusers for 2012-2021 by sex by age group

人數 No. of persons

性別／年齡組別 Sex/age group	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
合計 Overall										
< 12	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	@ (@)	@ (@)
12 - 15	204 (1.8)	142 (1.4)	80 (0.9)	55 (0.6)	48 (0.6)	40 (0.6)	47 (0.7)	75 (1.3)	98 (1.7)	185 (3.1)
16 - 17	486 (4.4)	324 (3.2)	219 (2.4)	191 (2.2)	127 (1.5)	109 (1.6)	120 (1.8)	130 (2.3)	189 (3.3)	295 (4.9)
18 - 20	934 (8.4)	759 (7.4)	530 (5.8)	443 (5.0)	346 (4.2)	319 (4.6)	310 (4.6)	289 (5.0)	319 (5.5)	391 (6.5)
< 21 小計 Sub-total	1 624 (14.6)	1 225 (11.9)	829 (9.1)	689 (7.9)	521 (6.3)	468 (6.8)	477 (7.1)	494 (8.6)	607 (10.5)	873 (14.5)
21 - 30	2 796 (25.2)	2 705 (26.4)	2 223 (24.5)	2 291 (26.1)	2 002 (24.3)	1 423 (20.7)	1 233 (18.2)	1 123 (19.4)	1 045 (18.1)	1 189 (19.8)
31 - 40	2 897 (26.1)	2 643 (25.8)	2 509 (27.7)	2 340 (26.7)	2 258 (27.4)	1 691 (24.6)	1 618 (23.9)	1 309 (22.7)	1 223 (21.2)	1 151 (19.1)
41 - 50	1 792 (16.1)	1 817 (17.7)	1 672 (18.4)	1 676 (19.1)	1 783 (21.6)	1 645 (23.9)	1 719 (25.4)	1 413 (24.5)	1 496 (25.9)	1 467 (24.4)
≥ 51	1 997 (18.0)	1 870 (18.2)	1 835 (20.2)	1 781 (20.3)	1 684 (20.4)	1 656 (24.1)	1 713 (25.3)	1 436 (24.9)	1 405 (24.3)	1 339 (22.2)
≥ 21 小計 Sub-total	9 482 (85.4)	9 035 (88.1)	8 239 (90.9)	8 088 (92.1)	7 727 (93.7)	6 415 (93.2)	6 283 (92.9)	5 281 (91.4)	5 169 (89.5)	5 146 (85.5)
總計 Total	11 106 (100.0)	10 260 (100.0)	9 068 (100.0)	8 777 (100.0)	8 248 (100.0)	6 883 (100.0)	6 760 (100.0)	5 775 (100.0)	5 776 (100.0)	6 019 (100.0)
年輕成年人 ^A Young adult ^A	4 325 (38.9)	4 024 (39.2)	3 396 (37.5)	3 353 (38.2)	2 971 (36.0)	2 078 (30.2)	1 904 (28.2)	1 717 (29.7)	1 625 (28.1)	1 799 (29.9)
平均年齡 Average age										
所有被呈報吸毒者 All reported drug abusers	36	37	38	38	39	40	41	41	40	39
21歲以下被呈報吸毒者 Reported drug abusers under 21	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	17

註釋：括弧內的數字顯示佔各相關性別組別內所有被呈報吸毒者的百分比。

Notes: Figures in brackets refer to the proportions of all reported drug abusers in the respective sex groups.

^A 年輕成年人指年齡介乎21至35歲的人士。

Young adult refers to persons aged 21-35.

表 1b 按首次／曾被呈報、性別及年齡組別劃分的2012至2021年被呈報吸毒者

Table 1b Reported drug abusers for 2012-2021 by newly/previously reported by sex by age group

	人數 No. of persons									
性別／年齡組別 Sex/age group	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
首次被呈報 Newly reported										
男 Male										
< 16	101	53	31	23	24	20	33	43	46	90
16 - 20	603	437	318	288	261	247	263	233	281	384
< 21 小計 Sub-total	704	490	349	311	285	267	296	276	327	474
21 - 30	784	739	570	633	603	465	402	360	383	460
31 - 40	433	395	356	386	397	257	338	312	261	287
41 - 50	150	181	131	137	179	143	181	132	119	161
≥ 51	36	32	45	49	48	61	64	67	43	61
≥ 21 小計 Sub-total	1 403	1 347	1 102	1 205	1 227	926	985	871	806	969
小計 Sub-total	2 107	1 837	1 451	1 516	1 512	1 193	1 281	1 147	1 133	1 443
平均年齡 Average age	27	28	29	29	30	30	31	30	29	28
女 Female										
< 16	84	64	30	24	17	16	8	27	38	62
16 - 20	233	192	117	84	66	69	65	84	96	111
< 21 小計 Sub-total	317	256	147	108	83	85	73	111	134	173
21 - 30	353	336	296	292	214	165	170	151	154	152
31 - 40	121	144	119	164	130	113	111	108	93	116
41 - 50	40	48	54	85	72	53	74	75	66	72
≥ 51	14	16	15	18	18	21	25	27	16	23
≥ 21 小計 Sub-total	528	544	484	559	434	352	380	361	329	363
小計 Sub-total	845	800	631	667	517	437	453	472	463	536
平均年齡 Average age	25	26	28	30	30	30	31	31	29	28
合計 Overall										
< 16	185	117	61	47	41	36	41	70	84	152
16 - 20	836	629	435	372	327	316	328	317	377	495
< 21 小計 Sub-total	1 021	746	496	419	368	352	369	387	461	647
21 - 30	1 137	1 075	866	925	817	630	572	511	537	612
31 - 40	554	539	475	550	527	370	449	420	354	403
41 - 50	190	229	185	222	251	196	255	207	185	233
≥ 51	50	48	60	67	66	82	89	94	59	84
≥ 21 小計 Sub-total	1 931	1 891	1 586	1 764	1 661	1 278	1 365	1 232	1 135	1 332
總計 Total	2 952	2 637	2 082	2 183	2 029	1 630	1 734	1 619	1 596	1 979
平均年齡 Average age	26	27	28	29	30	30	31	30	29	28

表 1b [續]

按首次／曾被呈報、性別及年齡組別劃分的2012至2021年
被呈報吸毒者

Table 1b (Cont'd)

Reported drug abusers for 2012-2021 by newly/previously
reported by sex by age group

	人數 No. of persons									
性別／年齡組別 Sex/age group	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
曾被呈報 Previously reported										
男 Male										
< 16	9	12	10	6	@	@	@	@	@	16
16 - 20	430	321	225	181	116	91	73	78	94	136
< 21 小計 Sub-total	439	333	235	187	120	93	74	80	98	152
21 - 30	1 320	1 286	1 028	977	916	617	513	459	381	428
31 - 40	1 899	1 730	1 703	1 437	1 430	1 040	894	704	695	614
41 - 50	1 425	1 377	1 283	1 213	1 267	1 189	1 191	991	1 037	987
≥ 51	1 844	1 739	1 685	1 617	1 506	1 458	1 483	1 224	1 203	1 120
≥ 21 小計 Sub-total	6 488	6 132	5 699	5 244	5 119	4 304	4 081	3 378	3 316	3 149
小計 Sub-total	6 927	6 465	5 934	5 431	5 239	4 397	4 155	3 458	3 414	3 301
平均年齡 Average age	41	41	42	43	43	45	46	45	46	45
女 Female										
< 16	10	13	9	@	@	@	@	@	11	19
16 - 20	154	133	89	81	30	21	29	24	37	55
< 21 小計 Sub-total	164	146	98	83	33	23	34	27	48	74
21 - 30	339	344	329	389	269	176	148	153	127	149
31 - 40	444	374	331	353	301	281	275	185	174	134
41 - 50	177	211	204	241	265	260	273	215	274	247
≥ 51	103	83	90	97	112	116	141	118	143	135
≥ 21 小計 Sub-total	1 063	1 012	954	1 080	947	833	837	671	718	665
小計 Sub-total	1 227	1 158	1 052	1 163	980	856	871	698	766	739
平均年齡 Average age	33	33	34	35	37	39	40	39	40	39
合計 Overall										
< 16	19	25	19	8	7	@	6	@	15	35
16 - 20	584	454	314	262	146	112	102	102	131	191
< 21 小計 Sub-total	603	479	333	270	153	116	108	107	146	226
21 - 30	1 659	1 630	1 357	1 366	1 185	793	661	612	508	577
31 - 40	2 343	2 104	2 034	1 790	1 731	1 321	1 169	889	869	748
41 - 50	1 602	1 588	1 487	1 454	1 532	1 449	1 464	1 206	1 311	1 234
≥ 51	1 947	1 822	1 775	1 714	1 618	1 574	1 624	1 342	1 346	1 255
≥ 21 小計 Sub-total	7 551	7 144	6 653	6 324	6 066	5 137	4 918	4 049	4 034	3 814
總計 Total	8 154	7 623	6 986	6 594	6 219	5 253	5 026	4 156	4 180	4 040
平均年齡 Average age	40	40	41	41	42	44	45	44	45	44

表 1c 按吸食毒品種類數目劃分的2012至2021年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1c Reported drug abusers for 2012-2021 by number of drug types taken

	人數 No. of persons									
吸食毒品種類數目 Number of drug types taken	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
吸食一種毒品 One drug type taken	8 593	7 924	6 930	6 667	6 149	5 243	5 139	4 339	4 493	4 724
佔所有被呈報吸毒者的百分比 [#] % of all reported drug abusers [#]	77.7	77.8	77.3	76.8	75.1	76.9	77.0	76.5	78.5	80.3
吸食兩種毒品 Two drug types taken	2 073	1 962	1 689	1 652	1 718	1 356	1 319	1 124	1 026	1 017
佔所有被呈報吸毒者的百分比 [#] % of all reported drug abusers [#]	18.7	19.3	18.9	19.0	21.0	19.9	19.8	19.8	17.9	17.3
吸食三種毒品 Three drug types taken	305	244	273	297	269	177	175	180	158	123
佔所有被呈報吸毒者的百分比 [#] % of all reported drug abusers [#]	2.8	2.4	3.0	3.4	3.3	2.6	2.6	3.2	2.8	2.1
吸食多過三種毒品 More than three drug types taken	90	50	68	69	56	45	45	32	49	22
佔所有被呈報吸毒者的百分比 [#] % of all reported drug abusers [#]	0.8	0.5	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.9	0.4

註釋：# 佔所有被呈報吸食毒品種類的吸毒者的百分比。

Note: As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known drugs abused.

表 1d 按年齡組別及主要吸食毒品種類劃分的2012至2021年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1d Reported drug abusers for 2012-2021 by age group by major type of drugs abused

人數 No. of persons										
年齡組別／主要吸食毒品種類 ⁽¹⁾ Age group/major type of drugs abused ⁽¹⁾	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
21歲以下 Aged under 21										
麻醉鎮痛劑 Narcotics analgesics	76 (4.8)	50 (4.2)	42 (5.2)	42 (6.1)	20 (3.9)	15 (3.3)	14 (3.0)	14 (2.9)	8 (1.3)	10 (1.2)
海洛英 Heroin	76 (4.8)	50 (4.2)	42 (5.2)	41 (6.0)	20 (3.9)	15 (3.3)	14 (3.0)	14 (2.9)	8 (1.3)	9 (1.0)
菲仕通／美沙酮 Physeptone/Methadone	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)
危害精神毒品 Psychotropic substances	1 538 (96.6)	1 154 (96.6)	774 (95.9)	653 (95.6)	497 (96.9)	447 (97.6)	453 (97.6)	469 (97.9)	598 (99.2)	861 (99.4)
甲基安非他明 Methamphetamine	479 (30.1)	376 (31.5)	310 (38.4)	283 (41.4)	223 (43.5)	140 (30.6)	87 (18.8)	70 (14.6)	48 (8.0)	42 (4.8)
可卡因 Cocaine	378 (23.7)	360 (30.1)	198 (24.5)	187 (27.4)	185 (36.1)	233 (50.9)	260 (56.0)	208 (43.4)	209 (34.7)	387 (44.7)
大麻 Cannabis	138 (8.7)	83 (6.9)	87 (10.8)	77 (11.3)	95 (18.5)	129 (28.2)	156 (33.6)	235 (49.1)	326 (54.1)	483 (55.8)
三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆 Triazolam/Midazolam/Zopiclone	21 (1.3)	9 (0.8)	@ (@)	@ (@)	@ (@)	@ (@)	@ (@)	- (-)	@ (@)	@ (@)
氯胺酮 Ketamine	973 (61.1)	628 (52.6)	375 (46.5)	260 (38.1)	118 (23.0)	37 (8.1)	35 (7.5)	48 (10.0)	91 (15.1)	100 (11.5)
咳藥 Cough medicine	64 (4.0)	43 (3.6)	23 (2.9)	19 (2.8)	13 (2.5)	8 (1.7)	@ (@)	@ (@)	@ (@)	@ (@)
亞甲二氧基甲基安非他明 MDMA	29 (1.8)	9 (0.8)	@ (@)	6 (0.9)	8 (1.6)	@ (@)	6 (1.3)	13 (2.7)	15 (2.5)	21 (2.4)
磷甲西洋 Nimetazepam	38 (2.4)	9 (0.8)	6 (0.7)	@ (@)	@ (@)	@ (@)	@ (@)	@ (@)	@ (@)	@ (@)
小計 Sub-total	1 592	1 195	807	683	513	458	464	479	603	866

表 1d [續]

按年齡組別及主要吸食毒品種類劃分的2012至2021年被呈報
吸毒者Table 1d (Cont'd) Reported drug abusers for 2012-2021 by age group by major
type of drugs abused

	人數 No. of persons									
年齡組別／主要吸食毒品種類 ⁽¹⁾ Age group/major type of drugs abused ⁽¹⁾	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
21歲及以上 Aged 21 and over										
麻醉鎮痛劑 Narcotics analgesics	5 777 (61.0)	5 079 (56.5)	4 564 (56.0)	4 382 (54.8)	4 040 (52.6)	3 710 (58.3)	3 613 (58.1)	2 884 (55.5)	2 837 (55.4)	2 380 (47.4)
海洛英 Heroin	5 771 (60.9)	5 077 (56.5)	4 562 (56.0)	4 380 (54.7)	4 038 (52.6)	3 707 (58.3)	3 612 (58.1)	2 881 (55.4)	2 832 (55.3)	2 379 (47.4)
菲仕通／美沙酮 Physeptone/Methadone	- (-)	- (-)	@ (@)	@ (@)	- (-)	@ (@)	@ (@)	20 (0.4)	8 (0.2)	@ (@)
危害精神毒品 Psychotropic substances	5 105 (53.9)	5 167 (57.5)	4 769 (58.5)	4 852 (60.6)	4 806 (62.6)	3 640 (57.2)	3 555 (57.2)	3 146 (60.5)	3 014 (58.8)	3 238 (64.5)
甲基安非他明 Methamphetamine	1 204 (12.7)	1 487 (16.5)	1 752 (21.5)	1 977 (24.7)	2 272 (29.6)	1 648 (25.9)	1 485 (23.9)	1 274 (24.5)	1 207 (23.6)	1 102 (22.0)
可卡因 Cocaine	471 (5.0)	525 (5.8)	460 (5.6)	440 (5.5)	620 (8.1)	639 (10.0)	730 (11.7)	583 (11.2)	518 (10.1)	684 (13.6)
大麻 Cannabis	212 (2.2)	223 (2.5)	268 (3.3)	273 (3.4)	353 (4.6)	275 (4.3)	330 (5.3)	289 (5.6)	423 (8.3)	511 (10.2)
三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆 Triazolam/Midazolam/Zopiclone	1 243 (13.1)	1 121 (12.5)	1 019 (12.5)	982 (12.3)	979 (12.7)	885 (13.9)	923 (14.9)	862 (16.6)	708 (13.8)	678 (13.5)
氯胺酮 Ketamine	2 333 (24.6)	2 302 (25.6)	1 842 (22.6)	1 766 (22.1)	1 145 (14.9)	590 (9.3)	467 (7.5)	375 (7.2)	447 (8.7)	464 (9.2)
咳藥 Cough medicine	420 (4.4)	375 (4.2)	363 (4.5)	335 (4.2)	419 (5.5)	264 (4.1)	277 (4.5)	266 (5.1)	222 (4.3)	210 (4.2)
亞甲二氧基甲基安非他明 MDMA	40 (0.4)	44 (0.5)	36 (0.4)	49 (0.6)	46 (0.6)	27 (0.4)	35 (0.6)	26 (0.5)	34 (0.7)	28 (0.6)
硝甲西洋 Nimetazepam	47 (0.5)	16 (0.2)	28 (0.3)	28 (0.3)	25 (0.3)	28 (0.4)	20 (0.3)	11 (0.2)	25 (0.5)	9 (0.2)
小計 Sub-total	9 469	8 985	8 153	8 002	7 679	6 363	6 214	5 196	5 123	5 020

表 1d [續] 按年齡組別及主要吸食毒品種類劃分的2012至2021年被呈報吸毒者

Table 1d (Cont'd) Reported drug abusers for 2012-2021 by age group by major type of drugs abused

人數 No. of persons										
年齡組別／主要吸食毒品種類 ⁽¹⁾ Age group/major type of drugs abused ⁽¹⁾	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
所有年齡 All ages										
麻醉鎮痛劑 Narcotics analgesics	5 853 (52.9)	5 129 (50.4)	4 606 (51.4)	4 424 (50.9)	4 060 (49.6)	3 725 (54.6)	3 627 (54.3)	2 898 (51.1)	2 845 (49.7)	2 390 (40.6)
海洛英 Heroin	5 847 (52.9)	5 127 (50.4)	4 604 (51.4)	4 421 (50.9)	4 058 (49.5)	3 722 (54.6)	3 626 (54.3)	2 895 (51.0)	2 840 (49.6)	2 388 (40.6)
菲仕通／美沙酮 Physeptone/Methadone	- (-)	- (-)	@ (@)	@ (@)	- (-)	@ (@)	@ (@)	20 (0.4)	8 (0.1)	@ (@)
危害精神毒品 Psychotropic substances	6 643 (60.1)	6 321 (62.1)	5 543 (61.9)	5 505 (63.4)	5 303 (64.7)	4 087 (59.9)	4 008 (60.0)	3 615 (63.7)	3 612 (63.1)	4 099 (69.6)
甲基安非他明 Methamphetamine	1 683 (15.2)	1 863 (18.3)	2 062 (23.0)	2 260 (26.0)	2 495 (30.5)	1 788 (26.2)	1 572 (23.5)	1 344 (23.7)	1 255 (21.9)	1 144 (19.4)
可卡因 Cocaine	849 (7.7)	885 (8.7)	658 (7.3)	627 (7.2)	805 (9.8)	872 (12.8)	990 (14.8)	791 (13.9)	727 (12.7)	1 071 (18.2)
大麻 Cannabis	350 (3.2)	306 (3.0)	355 (4.0)	350 (4.0)	448 (5.5)	404 (5.9)	486 (7.3)	524 (9.2)	749 (13.1)	994 (16.9)
三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆 Triazolam/Midazolam/Zopiclone	1 264 (11.4)	1 130 (11.1)	1 021 (11.4)	986 (11.4)	984 (12.0)	886 (13.0)	926 (13.9)	862 (15.2)	709 (12.4)	680 (11.6)
氯胺酮 Ketamine	3 306 (29.9)	2 930 (28.8)	2 217 (24.7)	2 026 (23.3)	1 263 (15.4)	627 (9.2)	502 (7.5)	423 (7.5)	538 (9.4)	564 (9.6)
咳藥 Cough medicine	484 (4.4)	418 (4.1)	386 (4.3)	354 (4.1)	432 (5.3)	272 (4.0)	281 (4.2)	271 (4.8)	226 (3.9)	215 (3.7)
亞甲二氧基甲基安非他明 MDMA	69 (0.6)	53 (0.5)	38 (0.4)	55 (0.6)	54 (0.7)	29 (0.4)	41 (0.6)	39 (0.7)	49 (0.9)	49 (0.8)
硝甲西洋 Nimetazepam	85 (0.8)	25 (0.2)	34 (0.4)	32 (0.4)	29 (0.4)	30 (0.4)	24 (0.4)	14 (0.2)	29 (0.5)	11 (0.2)
總計 Total	11 061	10 180	8 960	8 685	8 192	6 821	6 678	5 675	5 726	5 886

註釋：(1) 個別吸毒者在某年內可被呈報吸食多於一種毒品。

Notes: More than one type of drugs abused may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

括弧內的數字顯示佔各相關年齡組別內所有被呈報吸食毒品種類的吸毒者的百分比。

Figures in brackets refer to the proportions of all reported drug abusers with known drugs abused in the respective age groups.

表 1e 按吸食毒品方法劃分的2012至2021年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1e Reported drug abusers for 2012-2021 by method of taking drugs

	%#									
吸食毒品方法 ⁽¹⁾ Method of taking drugs ⁽¹⁾	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
注射 Injection	22.5	20.8	21.3	22.3	19.9	21.4	20.1	17.4	16.2	14.5
吸入煙霧 Fume inhaling	43.3	46.1	47.4	49.0	55.6	55.9	56.8	58.2	56.6	51.5
以香煙或煙管吸食 Smoking	19.1	18.2	19.9	14.6	18.6	20.1	18.8	17.6	17.9	21.0
鼻吸 Sniffing	32.0	31.3	27.1	25.5	20.2	13.2	11.1	11.5	12.4	13.3
口服 Oral ingestion	11.5	10.2	10.7	10.9	12.2	11.0	11.6	13.2	13.9	16.5

註釋：(1) 個別吸毒者在某年內可被呈報多於一種吸食毒品的的方法。

Notes: More than one kind of method of taking drugs may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

佔所有被呈報吸食毒品方法的吸毒者的百分比。

As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known methods of taking drugs.

表 1f 按年齡組別及吸食毒品地方劃分的2012至2021年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1f Reported drug abusers for 2012-2021 by age group by place of abusing drugs

	人數 No. of persons									
年齡組別／吸食毒品地方 ⁽¹⁾ Age group/place of abusing drugs ⁽¹⁾	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
21歲以下 Aged under 21										
香港特別行政區 Hong Kong SAR	1 531 (98.6)	1 156 (98.7)	778 (99.1)	659 (97.9)	493 (99.6)	441 (99.3)	445 (99.6)	456 (99.8)	515 (99.8)	822 (99.9)
中國內地 Mainland China	66 (4.2)	45 (3.8)	19 (2.4)	19 (2.8)	8 (1.6)	@ (@)	@ (@)	9 (2.0)	@ (@)	- (-)
其他地方 Other places	6 (0.4)	11 (0.9)	8 (1.0)	6 (0.9)	@ (@)	@ (@)	6 (1.3)	@ (@)	@ (@)	@ (@)
21歲及以上 Aged 21 and over										
香港特別行政區 Hong Kong SAR	9 167 (98.0)	8 734 (98.4)	7 932 (98.0)	7 769 (98.4)	7 463 (98.7)	6 231 (98.6)	6 056 (98.7)	5 052 (98.6)	4 997 (99.7)	4 737 (99.7)
中國內地 Mainland China	566 (6.1)	461 (5.2)	471 (5.8)	374 (4.7)	315 (4.2)	256 (4.1)	216 (3.5)	176 (3.4)	63 (1.3)	48 (1.0)
其他地方 Other places	69 (0.7)	76 (0.9)	71 (0.9)	110 (1.4)	81 (1.1)	69 (1.1)	53 (0.9)	62 (1.2)	25 (0.5)	16 (0.3)
所有年齡 All ages										
香港特別行政區 Hong Kong SAR	10 698 (98.1)	9 890 (98.4)	8 710 (98.1)	8 428 (98.3)	7 956 (98.7)	6 672 (98.7)	6 501 (98.7)	5 508 (98.7)	5 512 (99.7)	5 559 (99.7)
中國內地 Mainland China	632 (5.8)	506 (5.0)	490 (5.5)	393 (4.6)	323 (4.0)	260 (3.8)	220 (3.3)	185 (3.3)	64 (1.2)	48 (0.9)
其他地方 Other places	75 (0.7)	87 (0.9)	79 (0.9)	116 (1.4)	84 (1.0)	73 (1.1)	59 (0.9)	65 (1.2)	27 (0.5)	19 (0.3)

註釋：(1) 個別吸毒者在某年內可被呈報多於一個吸食毒品地方。

Notes: More than one place of abusing drugs may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

括弧內的數字顯示佔各相關年齡組別內所有被呈報吸食毒品地方的吸毒者的百分比。

Figures in brackets refer to the proportions of all reported drug abusers with known places of abusing drugs in the respective age groups.

表 1g 按年齡組別及吸食毒品地點劃分的2012至2021年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1g Reported drug abusers for 2012-2021 by age group by locality of abusing drugs

	%#									
年齡組別／吸食毒品地點 ⁽¹⁾ Age group/locality of abusing drugs ⁽¹⁾	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
21歲以下 Aged under 21										
只在家／朋友的家 Home/friend's home only	44.8	50.1	53.2	57.5	45.9	45.0	41.5	42.0	37.4	31.9
在家／朋友的家及其他地點 Home/friend's home and other localities	32.2	30.2	28.8	23.4	35.3	27.6	24.0	20.6	14.9	24.2
只在其他地點 Other localities only	23.1	19.7	18.1	19.0	18.9	27.4	34.6	37.4	47.6	43.9
其他地點 Other localities										
公眾地方如休憩地方／公園／公廁 Public area like recreation area/public park/public toilet	32.3	27.3	27.4	23.7	25.3	23.2	29.0	25.2	22.8	30.8
會所／大廈／酒店／酒吧內舉行的派對場合 Party gathering in club house/building/hotel/bar	8.2	6.0	5.4	8.8	11.8	15.2	12.0	18.8	18.5	20.3
會所／大廈／酒店／酒吧內舉行的非派對場合 Non-party gathering in club house/building/hotel/bar	8.9	7.9	8.3	4.7	7.1	9.8	11.5	10.4	10.7	18.9
出租屋／渡假屋／出租地方 Apartment/bungalow/rental area	3.1	3.1	3.4	3.7	7.3	6.1	3.9	2.7	3.7	4.6
的士高／卡拉OK Disco/karaoke	13.9	10.4	6.6	8.1	12.0	9.8	10.4	10.4	13.9	9.2
咖啡店／網吧 Coffee shop/internet cafe	6.1	5.3	5.8	4.6	8.5	4.0	6.0	3.3	2.3	4.6
電子遊戲機中心 Electronic game centre	6.6	5.5	6.8	3.3	4.1	4.0	4.6	1.8	0.4	0.6
學校(包括學校宿舍) School (include school hostel)	0.5	0.6	0.4	-	0.4	-	-	-	0.9	-
21歲及以上 Aged 21 and over										
只在家／朋友的家 Home/friend's home only	51.6	51.9	53.6	56.3	53.3	59.2	58.9	55.6	58.2	63.2
在家／朋友的家及其他地點 Home/friend's home and other localities	30.4	29.0	26.2	24.3	22.4	20.9	20.9	22.5	20.6	18.4
只在其他地點 Other localities only	18.0	19.1	20.2	19.3	24.2	19.9	20.2	21.9	21.2	18.4
其他地點 Other localities										
公眾地方如休憩地方／公園／公廁 Public area like recreation area/public park/public toilet	36.4	37.4	36.6	34.6	39.6	32.4	31.6	33.7	31.7	24.8
會所／大廈／酒店／酒吧內舉行的派對場合 Party gathering in club house/building/hotel/bar	3.4	3.1	2.7	2.1	1.9	2.4	2.6	2.9	3.1	3.7
會所／大廈／酒店／酒吧內舉行的非派對場合 Non-party gathering in club house/building/hotel/bar	4.4	4.2	3.5	2.5	2.2	2.6	2.7	2.5	2.3	3.9
出租屋／渡假屋／出租地方 Apartment/bungalow/rental area	2.0	1.7	1.7	2.2	2.2	2.7	2.0	1.9	1.7	2.8
的士高／卡拉OK Disco/karaoke	6.3	5.4	4.0	3.5	2.2	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.5
咖啡店／網吧 Coffee shop/internet cafe	2.9	2.2	1.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.2
電子遊戲機中心 Electronic game centre	2.0	1.7	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.1	1.2	1.5	1.1	1.3

表 1g [續]
Table 1g (Cont'd)

按年齡組別及吸食毒品地點劃分的2012至2021年被呈報吸毒者
Reported drug abusers for 2012-2021 by age group by locality of abusing drugs

年齡組別／吸食毒品地點 ⁽¹⁾ Age group/locality of abusing drugs ⁽¹⁾	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	%#
所有年齡 All ages											
只在家／朋友的家 Home/friend's home only	50.6	51.7	53.6	56.4	52.9	58.3	57.8	54.5	56.1	58.7	
在家／朋友的家及其他地點 Home/friend's home and other localities	30.7	29.2	26.5	24.3	23.2	21.4	21.1	22.4	20.0	19.2	
只在其他地點 Other localities only	18.7	19.1	20.0	19.3	23.9	20.3	21.1	23.2	23.9	22.1	
其他地點 Other localities											
公眾地方如休憩地方／公園／公廁 Public area like recreation area/public park/public toilet	35.9	36.2	35.7	33.8	38.7	31.8	31.5	33.0	30.8	25.7	
會所／大廈／酒店／酒吧內舉行的派對場合 Party gathering in club house/building/hotel/bar	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.6	2.5	3.2	3.2	4.2	4.6	6.1	
會所／大廈／酒店／酒吧內舉行的非派對場合 Non-party gathering in club house/building/hotel/bar	5.0	4.6	3.9	2.6	2.5	3.1	3.3	3.1	3.1	6.1	
出租屋／渡假屋／出租地方 Apartment/bungalow/rental area	2.1	1.8	1.9	2.3	2.5	2.9	2.2	2.0	1.9	3.0	
的士高／卡拉OK Disco/karaoke	7.4	6.0	4.3	3.9	2.8	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.8	2.6	
咖啡店／網吧 Coffee shop/internet cafe	3.4	2.6	2.1	2.3	1.9	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	
電子遊戲機中心 Electronic game centre	2.6	2.1	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.0	1.2	
學校(包括學校宿舍) School (include school hostel)	0.1	0.1	*	-	0.1	*	*	0.1	0.1	-	

註釋：(1) 個別吸毒者在某年內可被呈報多於一個吸食毒品地點。

Notes: More than one locality of abusing drugs may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

佔各相關年齡組別內所有被呈報吸食毒品地點的吸毒者的百分比。

As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known localities of abusing drugs in the respective age groups.

表 1h 按年齡組別及現時吸食毒品原因劃分的2012至2021年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1h Reported drug abusers for 2012-2021 by age group by reason for current drug use

	%#									
年齡組別／現時吸食毒品原因 ⁽¹⁾ Age group/reason for current drug use ⁽¹⁾	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
21歲以下 Aged under 21										
解悶／情緒低落／壓力 Relief of boredom/Depression/Stress	46.2	46.7	47.5	48.4	49.9	49.3	46.7	42.3	41.9	44.7
避免因沒有吸食毒品而感到不適 To avoid discomfort of its absence	24.0	21.8	21.5	18.3	21.0	13.2	11.7	9.2	6.4	6.1
受到同輩朋友影響／想和同輩朋友打成一片 Peer influence/To identify with peers	58.2	55.9	55.3	45.9	54.1	55.4	56.2	55.5	53.1	57.7
尋求快感或官能上的滿足 To seek euphoria or sensory satisfaction	24.7	23.3	20.3	21.5	28.1	26.9	27.2	28.1	28.0	30.8
出於好奇 Curiosity	38.6	32.9	31.4	36.5	34.5	30.5	28.1	23.0	21.4	23.0
自行治理疾病 For self-medication	2.7	2.3	1.8	2.6	3.0	3.1	3.1	2.2	0.7	2.5
受到伴侶影響 Under influence of the partner	4.5	5.9	4.7	5.4	9.0	4.0	3.8	3.7	2.8	4.1
其他原因 Other reasons	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.2	0.2	-
21歲及以上 Aged 21 and over										
解悶／情緒低落／壓力 Relief of boredom/Depression/Stress	50.5	49.2	46.4	44.7	42.9	42.9	41.2	45.8	45.3	46.5
避免因沒有吸食毒品而感到不適 To avoid discomfort of its absence	44.4	43.2	42.2	48.1	49.6	51.3	51.4	49.2	49.9	47.2
受到同輩朋友影響／想和同輩朋友打成一片 Peer influence/To identify with peers	46.8	47.0	43.9	41.1	31.7	30.2	28.9	30.1	32.1	27.8
尋求快感或官能上的滿足 To seek euphoria or sensory satisfaction	22.5	20.9	14.9	15.2	15.7	14.3	15.4	15.0	15.5	16.5
出於好奇 Curiosity	21.9	21.2	19.2	19.1	19.5	19.1	16.7	15.1	12.9	14.9
自行治理疾病 For self-medication	6.5	5.6	4.9	4.3	7.0	6.3	6.3	7.4	6.8	5.3
受到伴侶影響 Under influence of the partner	2.6	2.6	2.1	2.4	4.8	4.0	3.6	3.9	3.3	2.8
其他原因 Other reasons	*	-	*	-	*	0.1	*	0.5	0.5	-

表 1h [續]

按年齡組別及現時吸食毒品原因劃分的2012至2021年
被呈報吸毒者

Table 1h (Cont'd)

Reported drug abusers for 2012-2021 by age group by reason
for current drug use

	%#									
年齡組別／現時吸食毒品原因 ⁽¹⁾ Age group/reason for current drug use ⁽¹⁾	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
所有年齡 All ages										
解悶／情緒低落／壓力 Relief of boredom/Depression/Stress	49.9	48.9	46.5	45.0	43.4	43.3	41.6	45.5	44.9	46.2
避免因沒有吸食毒品而感到不適 To avoid discomfort of its absence	41.5	40.7	40.4	45.8	47.8	48.7	48.6	45.9	45.5	41.1
受到同輩朋友影響／想和同輩朋友打成一片 Peer influence/To identify with peers	48.4	48.0	44.9	41.5	33.1	31.9	30.8	32.2	34.2	32.2
尋求快感或官能上的滿足 To seek euphoria or sensory satisfaction	22.9	21.2	15.4	15.7	16.5	15.1	16.2	16.1	16.7	18.6
出於好奇 Curiosity	24.3	22.5	20.3	20.5	20.4	19.9	17.5	15.8	13.8	16.1
自行治理疾病 For self-medication	5.9	5.2	4.6	4.1	6.7	6.1	6.1	7.0	6.2	4.9
受到伴侶影響 Under influence of the partner	2.9	2.9	2.4	2.6	5.1	4.0	3.7	3.9	3.3	3.0
其他原因 Other reasons	*	-	*	-	*	0.1	*	0.5	0.5	-

註釋：(1) 個別吸毒者在某年內可被呈報多於一個現時吸食毒品原因。

Notes: More than one reason for current drug use may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

佔各相關年齡組別內所有被呈報現時吸食毒品原因的吸毒者的百分比。

As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known reasons for current drug use in the respective age groups.

表 1i 按性別及首次吸食毒品年齡劃分的2012至2021年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1i Reported drug abusers for 2012-2021 by sex by age of first abuse

	%#									
性別／首次吸食毒品年齡 Sex/age of first abuse	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
男 Male										
< 12	3.1	3.1	3.2	2.8	3.0	3.2	3.7	3.9	3.8	3.7
12 - 15	36.5	35.7	35.2	35.0	33.4	34.2	32.8	32.4	32.7	33.3
16 - 17	18.9	19.4	18.9	18.8	18.2	18.4	18.2	17.9	17.8	18.6
18 - 20	22.8	22.8	23.0	23.6	22.3	22.3	22.8	22.7	23.6	22.0
21 - 25	9.9	9.8	10.3	10.0	11.0	11.0	10.5	11.1	10.8	10.8
26 - 30	5.0	4.9	5.0	5.1	6.1	5.1	5.5	5.8	5.5	5.6
≥ 31	3.8	4.3	4.4	4.6	6.0	5.8	6.6	6.1	5.9	6.0
小計 Sub-total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
首次吸食毒品平均年齡 Average age of first abuse	18	18	18	18	19	19	19	19	19	19
女 Female										
< 12	2.1	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.4	3.0	2.7	2.1	2.3	2.3
12 - 15	38.2	37.4	34.6	34.4	32.8	31.1	32.1	32.4	34.3	37.2
16 - 17	18.4	18.9	20.1	18.9	19.0	17.7	18.3	19.4	18.4	19.0
18 - 20	18.4	18.5	20.1	19.9	20.5	17.8	19.2	18.9	19.4	18.4
21 - 25	10.4	11.2	11.6	10.7	11.1	13.9	11.6	10.4	9.4	8.1
26 - 30	6.9	6.2	5.3	6.4	6.6	6.7	7.3	7.3	6.6	5.9
≥ 31	5.6	5.9	6.7	7.9	8.6	9.9	8.8	9.5	9.5	9.2
小計 Sub-total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
首次吸食毒品平均年齡 Average age of first abuse	18	18	19	19	19	20	19	20	19	19
合計 Overall										
< 12	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.6	2.7	3.2	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.4
12 - 15	36.8	36.0	35.1	34.9	33.3	33.6	32.7	32.4	33.0	34.1
16 - 17	18.8	19.3	19.1	18.8	18.3	18.3	18.2	18.2	17.9	18.6
18 - 20	22.1	22.0	22.5	22.9	22.0	21.5	22.1	21.9	22.7	21.3
21 - 25	10.0	10.1	10.5	10.1	11.1	11.5	10.7	11.0	10.5	10.3
26 - 30	5.3	5.1	5.0	5.4	6.2	5.4	5.8	6.1	5.7	5.6
≥ 31	4.1	4.6	4.8	5.3	6.5	6.5	7.0	6.8	6.6	6.6
總計 Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
首次吸食毒品平均年齡 Average age of first abuse										
所有被呈報吸毒者 All reported drug abusers	18	18	18	18	19	19	19	19	19	19
21歲以下被呈報吸毒者 Reported drug abusers under 21	15	15	15	15	15	16	16	16	16	15

註釋：# 佔各相關性別組別內所有被呈報首次吸食毒品年齡的吸毒者的百分比。

Note: As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known age of first abuse in the respective sex groups.

表 1j 按年齡組別及經濟活動身分劃分的2012至2021年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1j Reported drug abusers for 2012-2021 by age group by economic activity status

	%#									
年齡組別／經濟活動身分 Age group/economic activity status	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
21歲以下 Aged under 21										
全職工作人士 Full-time worker	26.0	27.8	25.7	27.9	23.5	24.7	25.4	17.9	11.1	10.3
散工／兼職工作人士 Casual/Part-time worker	15.7	14.7	20.8	22.6	26.8	26.7	22.6	20.7	17.3	17.3
失業人士 Unemployed	35.0	34.2	32.5	29.6	28.6	23.9	25.2	26.1	28.8	20.2
料理家務人士 Home-maker	0.1	0.5	0.9	0.9	0.4	1.8	1.1	1.3	0.2	1.2
學生 Student	19.7	17.4	16.4	14.9	15.9	16.8	20.0	26.3	37.6	43.4
其他 Others	3.5	5.4	3.9	4.1	4.8	6.1	5.8	7.7	5.0	7.7
<i>小計 Sub-total</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>
21歲及以上 Aged 21 and over										
全職工作人士 Full-time worker	34.8	35.5	36.5	36.1	32.8	31.3	30.0	27.7	25.2	27.3
散工／兼職工作人士 Casual/Part-time worker	12.0	11.6	10.6	11.3	11.3	11.8	14.6	16.2	14.3	15.2
失業人士 Unemployed	47.5	46.8	47.4	46.1	49.0	48.7	45.6	46.7	51.0	46.9
料理家務人士 Home-maker	1.9	2.4	2.1	2.3	2.7	2.6	3.1	2.9	2.9	3.2
學生 Student	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.6	1.2
退休人士 Retired person	3.1	2.7	2.9	3.0	3.3	4.1	5.2	5.0	4.8	4.4
其他 Others	0.5	0.8	0.5	0.9	0.8	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.7
<i>小計 Sub-total</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>

表 1j [續] 按年齡組別及經濟活動身分劃分的2012至2021年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1j (Cont'd) Reported drug abusers for 2012-2021 by age group by economic activity status

	% [#]									
年齡組別／經濟活動身分 Age group/economic activity status	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
所有年齡 All ages										
全職工作人士 Full-time worker	33.5	34.6	35.5	35.5	32.2	30.8	29.6	26.8	23.6	24.6
散工／兼職工作人士 Casual/Part-time worker	12.5	11.9	11.5	12.2	12.4	12.9	15.2	16.6	14.6	15.6
失業人士 Unemployed	45.7	45.3	46.0	44.8	47.6	46.9	44.1	44.9	48.5	42.8
料理家務人士 Home-maker	1.6	2.2	2.0	2.2	2.5	2.5	3.0	2.8	2.6	2.9
學生 Student	3.1	2.2	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.7	2.6	4.7	7.8
退休人士 Retired person	2.6	2.4	2.6	2.7	3.0	3.8	4.8	4.6	4.2	3.8
其他 Others	1.0	1.3	0.8	1.2	1.1	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.6	2.6
總計 Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

註釋：# 佔各相關年齡組別內所有被呈報經濟活動身分的吸毒者的百分比。

Note: As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known economic activity status in the respective age groups.

表 1k 按年齡組別及教育程度劃分的2012至2021年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1k Reported drug abusers for 2012-2021 by age group by educational attainment

	% [#]									
年齡組別／教育程度 Age group/ educational attainment	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
21歲以下 Aged under 21										
無受過教育／幼稚園程度 No schooling/kindergarten	0.1	-	0.1	-	-	-	0.2	-	-	-
小學程度 Primary	1.8	1.8	1.1	0.9	1.4	0.9	0.9	2.7	1.4	1.0
初中程度（中一至中三） Lower secondary (Forms 1 to 3)	68.6	70.6	73.0	70.1	74.3	71.0	64.0	67.2	66.7	65.5
高中程度（中四至中七） Upper secondary (Forms 4 to 7)	28.5	27.0	24.7	27.9	21.4	26.2	32.1	27.7	27.5	29.2
專上教育程度 Post-secondary	1.0	0.7	1.1	1.2	2.9	1.9	2.8	2.5	4.4	4.3
小計 Sub-total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
21歲及以上 Aged 21 and over										
無受過教育／幼稚園程度 No schooling/kindergarten	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.7	1.9	2.4	2.0	1.2	1.3
小學程度 Primary	24.5	23.1	22.5	21.5	20.9	22.8	21.8	22.0	20.5	16.9
初中程度（中一至中三） Lower secondary (Forms 1 to 3)	51.9	51.2	50.7	49.5	49.1	48.6	48.2	48.2	50.1	50.7
高中程度（中四至中七） Upper secondary (Forms 4 to 7)	20.2	22.4	22.7	24.6	25.0	23.2	23.9	22.9	23.3	25.3
專上教育程度 Post-secondary	2.1	1.9	2.6	3.2	3.2	3.6	3.6	5.0	4.9	5.9
小計 Sub-total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
所有年齡 All ages										
無受過教育／幼稚園程度 No schooling/kindergarten	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.2	1.6	1.7	2.3	1.8	1.1	1.1
小學程度 Primary	21.2	20.6	20.5	19.8	19.5	21.2	20.3	20.2	18.4	14.4
初中程度（中一至中三） Lower secondary (Forms 1 to 3)	54.3	53.5	52.8	51.1	50.9	50.2	49.4	49.9	52.0	53.0
高中程度（中四至中七） Upper secondary (Forms 4 to 7)	21.4	23.0	22.9	24.9	24.8	23.4	24.5	23.4	23.8	25.9
專上教育程度 Post-secondary	2.0	1.8	2.4	3.0	3.2	3.5	3.5	4.7	4.8	5.6
總計 Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

註釋：# 佔各相關年齡組別內所有被呈報教育程度的吸毒者的百分比。

Note: As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known educational attainment in the respective age groups.

表 1/ 按種族劃分的2012至2021年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1/ Reported drug abusers for 2012-2021 by ethnicity

種族 Ethnicity	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	% [#]
華裔 Chinese	93.2	93.1	92.1	90.9	89.3	89.0	89.0	88.8	90.2	91.9	
非華裔 Non-chinese											
尼泊爾裔 Nepalese	2.9	2.9	3.1	3.2	3.4	4.0	3.9	4.2	3.7	3.1	
印度裔／巴基斯坦裔／ 孟加拉裔／斯里蘭卡裔 Indian/Pakistani/ Bangladeshi/Sri Lankan	1.1	1.2	1.4	2.0	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.2	2.6	2.2	
越南裔 Vietnamese	1.9	1.8	2.1	2.2	2.5	2.4	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.6	
菲律賓裔 Filipino	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	
英國裔 British	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	
泰國裔 Thai	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.2	
印尼裔 Indonesian	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	0.1	0.1	
其他 Others	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.7	0.8	1.1	0.9	0.9	0.5	
總計 Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	

註釋：# 佔所有被呈報種族的吸毒者的百分比。

Note: As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known ethnicity.

表 1m 按性別、婚姻狀況及伴侶有否吸毒劃分的2012至2021年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1m Reported drug abusers for 2012-2021 by sex by marital status by whether partner took drugs

	%									
性別／婚姻狀況／ 伴侶有否吸毒 Sex/marital status/ whether partner took drugs	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
男 Male										
從未結婚 Never married	51.8	51.5	49.1	49.1	50.7	48.0	46.7	49.0	50.6	54.8
已婚／同居 Married/Cohabiting	34.4	33.6	34.8	33.7	33.1	33.3	33.8	31.8	28.9	26.9
伴侶有吸毒 [#] Partner took drugs [#]	11.9	12.2	11.4	12.1	14.5	14.4	15.6	17.4	16.6	12.9
伴侶沒有吸毒 [#] Partner did not take drugs [#]	88.1	87.8	88.6	87.9	85.5	85.6	84.4	82.6	83.4	87.1
離婚／分居 Divorced/Separated	13.2	14.3	15.5	16.5	15.7	18.1	18.4	18.5	19.6	17.5
鰥／寡 Widowed	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	1.1	0.7	0.9	0.8
小計 Sub-total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
女 Female										
從未結婚 Never married	57.7	55.8	50.9	50.2	45.3	41.5	37.5	42.6	44.9	49.4
已婚／同居 Married/Cohabiting	27.4	29.1	31.1	30.3	32.8	34.8	36.0	32.9	31.4	27.9
伴侶有吸毒 [#] Partner took drugs [#]	43.2	44.2	38.0	39.8	39.1	41.7	42.8	45.1	38.6	40.5
伴侶沒有吸毒 [#] Partner did not take drugs [#]	56.8	55.8	62.0	60.2	60.9	58.3	57.2	54.9	61.4	59.5
離婚／分居 Divorced/Separated	13.3	13.1	16.0	18.1	19.3	21.1	23.3	22.5	21.0	20.2
鰥／寡 Widowed	1.6	2.0	2.0	1.4	2.6	2.6	3.3	2.0	2.7	2.5
小計 Sub-total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
合計 Overall										
從未結婚 Never married	52.8	52.3	49.4	49.4	49.7	46.8	44.9	47.7	49.4	53.7
已婚／同居 Married/Cohabiting	33.1	32.8	34.2	33.0	33.1	33.6	34.2	32.0	29.4	27.1
伴侶有吸毒 [#] Partner took drugs [#]	17.6	18.4	17.0	18.8	20.0	20.0	21.7	23.8	22.1	19.7
伴侶沒有吸毒 [#] Partner did not take drugs [#]	82.4	81.6	83.0	81.2	80.0	80.0	78.3	76.2	77.9	80.3
離婚／分居 Divorced/Separated	13.2	14.0	15.6	16.8	16.3	18.7	19.3	19.3	19.9	18.0
鰥／寡 Widowed	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.6	1.0	1.3	1.2
總計 Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

註釋：# 佔各相關性別組別內被呈報已婚／同居及伴侶有／否吸毒的吸毒者的百分比。

Note: As a proportion of reported married/cohabiting drug abusers with known information on whether partner took drugs in the respective sex groups.

表 1n 按年齡組別及居住地區劃分的2012至2021年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1n Reported drug abusers for 2012-2021 by age group by district of residence

	%#									
年齡組別／居住地區 Age group/district of residence	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
21歲以下 Aged under 21										
中西區 Central & Western	0.7	0.8	1.3	0.7	0.6	0.2	0.6	0.9	1.0	0.6
灣仔 Wan Chai	0.9	0.4	0.5	1.3	0.8	-	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4
東區 Eastern	3.8	4.5	4.2	4.2	4.3	3.2	1.5	2.1	2.4	2.8
南區 Southern	6.8	6.5	8.7	7.7	2.5	1.3	1.1	0.6	8.9	12.7
油尖旺 Yau Tsim Mong	3.6	3.2	4.5	6.1	4.3	3.5	3.8	2.4	3.1	1.9
深水埗 Sham Shui Po	6.3	4.2	4.3	4.0	4.3	3.5	4.9	3.6	2.2	2.9
九龍城 Kowloon City	2.3	1.8	1.7	1.3	3.3	3.9	3.0	1.3	1.7	1.1
黃大仙 Wong Tai Sin	4.1	4.1	5.4	5.1	3.3	3.0	2.8	3.2	3.1	2.5
觀塘 Kwun Tong	7.3	5.8	5.3	5.2	7.8	6.9	5.3	5.4	5.5	4.9
葵青 Kwai Tsing	7.3	9.3	9.6	9.2	11.0	13.0	11.9	10.9	9.7	11.1
荃灣 Tsuen Wan	2.8	3.2	3.1	3.9	5.7	5.0	4.3	4.1	2.4	3.4
屯門 Tuen Mun	6.3	6.2	5.8	7.3	7.6	9.7	9.8	7.3	4.9	5.7
元朗 Yuen Long	15.9	17.1	10.9	12.1	10.8	9.1	13.0	8.8	5.6	14.1
北區 North	12.9	12.9	13.5	10.9	7.8	7.8	8.1	15.2	14.5	12.3
大埔 Tai Po	5.1	7.1	6.7	6.0	5.9	8.9	11.5	14.4	10.6	5.7
沙田 Sha Tin	7.3	5.7	8.2	7.7	8.2	13.0	10.6	13.7	19.4	12.2
西貢 Sai Kung	2.8	4.0	3.3	3.3	6.5	5.0	4.7	3.2	2.6	2.8
離島 Islands	4.0	3.2	2.9	4.0	5.3	3.0	2.8	2.4	2.2	3.0
<i>小計 Sub-total</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>

表 1n (續) 按年齡組別及居住地區劃分的2012至2021年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1n (Cont'd) Reported drug abusers for 2012-2021 by age group by district of residence

	%#									
年齡組別／居住地區 Age group/district of residence	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
21歲及以上 Aged 21 and over										
中西區 Central & Western	1.8	1.7	1.0	1.2	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.6	1.0
灣仔 Wan Chai	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.2	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.2	1.4
東區 Eastern	4.5	4.0	5.0	5.0	5.1	3.8	3.7	3.9	4.0	3.9
南區 Southern	2.8	3.1	3.2	3.3	2.5	2.4	2.0	2.4	3.1	4.3
油尖旺 Yau Tsim Mong	10.0	9.8	8.9	10.3	9.9	11.2	11.3	10.3	11.5	10.8
深水埗 Sham Shui Po	11.8	11.8	12.6	11.6	12.1	12.9	12.9	13.3	12.3	11.9
九龍城 Kowloon City	4.2	4.3	4.7	4.3	4.1	3.8	4.7	4.0	4.5	3.8
黃大仙 Wong Tai Sin	6.3	6.6	6.7	6.4	6.2	6.2	5.7	5.7	5.4	5.7
觀塘 Kwun Tong	10.2	9.4	9.4	9.9	10.3	10.7	10.8	10.8	11.0	10.6
葵青 Kwai Tsing	7.4	6.7	7.0	7.0	7.5	7.1	7.1	7.4	7.3	6.7
荃灣 Tsuen Wan	3.5	3.4	3.2	3.3	3.5	3.1	2.9	3.3	2.7	3.4
屯門 Tuen Mun	7.5	7.2	7.6	6.9	7.5	7.2	6.7	7.4	8.8	8.1
元朗 Yuen Long	9.3	10.1	10.2	8.3	9.3	9.1	9.8	9.1	8.8	9.1
北區 North	4.3	4.9	5.0	5.7	4.9	5.3	5.3	4.9	3.9	5.0
大埔 Tai Po	4.1	4.3	3.6	4.2	3.7	3.1	3.2	4.3	3.4	3.8
沙田 Sha Tin	5.7	5.6	5.2	5.5	5.1	6.2	5.8	5.4	6.2	5.4
西貢 Sai Kung	2.9	3.4	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.7	3.5
離島 Islands	2.4	2.2	1.8	2.6	2.6	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.7	1.6
<i>小計 Sub-total</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>	<i>100.0</i>

表 1n (續) 按年齡組別及居住地區劃分的2012至2021年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1n (Cont'd) Reported drug abusers for 2012-2021 by age group by district of residence

	%#									
年齡組別／居住地區 Age group/district of residence	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
所有年齡 All ages										
中西區 Central & Western	1.7	1.6	1.1	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.9
灣仔 Wan Chai	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.1	1.2
東區 Eastern	4.4	4.1	4.9	4.9	5.0	3.7	3.5	3.7	3.8	3.7
南區 Southern	3.4	3.5	3.7	3.7	2.5	2.3	1.9	2.3	3.8	5.6
油尖旺 Yau Tsim Mong	9.1	9.0	8.5	10.0	9.6	10.6	10.7	9.6	10.6	9.5
深水埗 Sham Shui Po	11.0	10.9	11.8	11.0	11.5	12.2	12.3	12.4	11.1	10.5
九龍城 Kowloon City	3.9	4.0	4.5	4.1	4.1	3.8	4.5	3.7	4.1	3.4
黃大仙 Wong Tai Sin	6.0	6.3	6.6	6.3	6.0	6.0	5.5	5.5	5.1	5.2
觀塘 Kwun Tong	9.8	9.0	9.0	9.6	10.1	10.4	10.4	10.3	10.4	9.8
葵青 Kwai Tsing	7.4	7.0	7.3	7.2	7.7	7.5	7.4	7.7	7.6	7.4
荃灣 Tsuen Wan	3.4	3.4	3.2	3.4	3.6	3.3	3.0	3.4	2.6	3.4
屯門 Tuen Mun	7.3	7.1	7.4	6.9	7.5	7.4	7.0	7.4	8.4	7.7
元朗 Yuen Long	10.3	10.9	10.2	8.6	9.4	9.1	10.0	9.1	8.4	9.8
北區 North	5.5	5.9	5.8	6.2	5.1	5.5	5.5	5.9	5.0	6.1
大埔 Tai Po	4.3	4.7	3.9	4.4	3.9	3.6	3.8	5.2	4.2	4.1
沙田 Sha Tin	5.9	5.6	5.5	5.6	5.3	6.7	6.2	6.2	7.7	6.4
西貢 Sai Kung	2.9	3.4	3.1	3.2	3.4	3.6	3.7	3.5	3.6	3.4
離島 Islands	2.6	2.3	1.9	2.7	2.8	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.8
總計 Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

註釋：# 佔各相關年齡組別內所有被呈報居住地區的吸毒者的百分比。

Note: As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known district of residence in the respective age groups.

表 1o 按屋宇單位類型劃分的2012至2021年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1o Reported drug abusers for 2012-2021 by type of quarters

	%#									
屋宇單位類型 Type of quarters	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
公營租住單位 Public rental flats	57.8	56.0	55.5	57.3	58.0	58.3	56.8	58.1	58.8	59.2
資助出售單位 Subsidized sale flats	2.3	4.1	4.2	3.3	3.1	2.8	2.6	2.7	2.6	3.3
私人住宅單位 Private residential flats	38.1	38.4	39.6	38.0	37.4	37.1	38.5	35.9	35.8	35.9
其他房屋 Others	1.7	1.5	0.8	1.5	1.5	1.7	2.1	3.2	2.8	1.7
總計 Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

註釋：# 佔所有被呈報屋宇單位類型的吸毒者的百分比。

Note: As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known type of quarters.

表 1p 按年齡組別及曾否有犯罪紀錄劃分的2012至2021年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1p Reported drug abusers for 2012-2021 by age group by whether previously convicted

	%#									
年齡組別／曾否有犯罪紀錄 Age group/whether previously convicted	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
21歲以下 Aged under 21										
曾有犯罪紀錄 Previously convicted	48.6	49.8	48.4	45.7	50.8	41.7	43.0	36.8	28.7	33.0
只與毒品有關 only drug-related offences	18.9	22.1	19.4	18.6	18.1	14.4	14.0	9.2	9.9	12.9
只有其他罪行 only other offences	21.6	19.3	21.7	19.8	23.0	20.7	25.0	22.2	14.1	15.6
與毒品有關和其他罪行 both drug-related and other offences	7.3	7.4	6.6	6.0	8.5	5.7	4.1	4.8	3.3	4.3
罪行不詳 offences unknown	0.9	1.0	0.8	1.2	1.2	0.9	-	0.7	1.3	0.1
未曾有犯罪紀錄 Not previously convicted	51.4	50.2	51.6	54.3	49.2	58.3	57.0	63.2	71.3	67.0
小計 Sub-total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
21歲及以上 Aged 21 and over										
曾有犯罪紀錄 Previously convicted	78.8	77.9	78.1	74.8	75.9	74.7	74.5	72.1	73.3	72.5
只與毒品有關 only drug-related offences	36.5	37.3	40.0	36.7	40.5	32.9	35.0	38.2	38.0	29.4
只有其他罪行 only other offences	8.2	8.1	8.0	8.8	8.8	9.7	9.3	9.0	9.2	13.7
與毒品有關和其他罪行 both drug-related and other offences	33.7	32.2	29.8	28.9	26.2	31.6	29.5	24.3	25.4	28.6
罪行不詳 offences unknown	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.8
未曾有犯罪紀錄 Not previously convicted	21.2	22.1	21.9	25.2	24.1	25.3	25.5	27.9	26.7	27.5
小計 Sub-total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
所有年齡 All ages										
曾有犯罪紀錄 Previously convicted	74.5	74.7	75.5	72.6	74.4	72.5	72.4	69.3	69.0	66.9
只與毒品有關 only drug-related offences	34.0	35.6	38.2	35.3	39.1	31.7	33.5	35.8	35.3	27.0
只有其他罪行 only other offences	10.1	9.3	9.2	9.6	9.7	10.4	10.4	10.0	9.7	14.0
與毒品有關和其他罪行 both drug-related and other offences	30.0	29.4	27.8	27.1	25.1	29.9	27.7	22.7	23.3	25.1
罪行不詳 offences unknown	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7
未曾有犯罪紀錄 Not previously convicted	25.5	25.3	24.5	27.4	25.6	27.5	27.6	30.7	31.0	33.1
總計 Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

註釋：# 佔各相關年齡組別內所有被呈報曾否有犯罪紀錄的吸毒者的百分比。

Note: As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known information of whether previously convicted in the respective age groups.

表 1q 按年齡組別及呈報機構類別劃分的2012至2021年被呈報吸毒者
Table 1q Reported drug abusers for 2012-2021 by age group by type of reporting agency

	%#									
年齡組別／呈報機構類別 ⁽¹⁾ Age group/type of reporting agency ⁽¹⁾	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
21歲以下 Aged under 21										
執法機構 Law enforcement agencies ⁽²⁾	37.5	31.0	31.4	33.8	34.7	31.0	31.4	18.8	16.3	15.9
美沙酮診所 Methadone clinics	3.5	2.2	3.1	4.8	2.9	1.9	2.5	1.6	0.5	0.8
非政府機構 Non-governmental organisations										
戒毒治療和康復服務中心／濫用精神藥物者輔導中心／戒毒輔導服務中心 Drug treatment and rehabilitation centres/counselling centres for psychotropic substance abusers/centres for drug counselling	27.3	23.5	25.5	27.4	33.0	26.1	27.5	27.1	16.6	17.5
青少年外展隊 Youth outreaching teams	35.2	44.6	42.6	35.4	31.9	41.9	39.2	52.6	66.2	66.8
醫院管理局轄下的物質誤用診所及其他醫院／診所 Substance Abuse Clinics under Hospital Authority, and other hospitals/clinics	2.6	2.9	2.5	2.8	2.3	2.6	1.0	2.0	1.3	0.5
21歲及以上 Aged 21 and over										
執法機構 Law enforcement agencies ⁽²⁾	43.1	44.6	41.7	40.3	43.7	37.7	30.2	23.3	24.9	25.3
美沙酮診所 Methadone clinics	42.3	38.5	39.2	37.6	37.4	43.6	45.7	43.5	47.1	38.2
非政府機構 Non-governmental organisations										
戒毒治療和康復服務中心／濫用精神藥物者輔導中心／戒毒輔導服務中心 Drug treatment and rehabilitation centres/counselling centres for psychotropic substance abusers/centres for drug counselling	29.8	29.5	30.6	31.6	29.2	28.5	33.5	39.1	30.7	35.7
青少年外展隊 Youth outreaching teams	3.7	3.9	3.3	3.6	2.0	2.8	2.2	2.3	3.6	6.1
醫院管理局轄下的物質誤用診所及其他醫院／診所 Substance Abuse Clinics under Hospital Authority, and other hospitals/clinics	4.1	4.5	4.5	4.0	3.1	3.6	2.8	4.3	3.8	4.4

表 1q [續] 按年齡組別及呈報機構類別劃分的2012至2021年被呈報吸毒者
 Table 1q (Cont'd) Reported drug abusers for 2012-2021 by age group by type of reporting agency

	%#									
年齡組別／呈報機構類別 ⁽¹⁾ Age group/type of reporting agency ⁽¹⁾	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
所有年齡 All ages										
執法機構 Law enforcement agencies ⁽²⁾	42.3	43.0	40.8	39.8	43.1	37.2	30.3	22.9	24.0	23.9
美沙酮診所 Methadone clinics	36.6	34.2	35.9	35.1	35.2	40.7	42.7	39.9	42.2	32.7
非政府機構 Non-governmental organisations										
戒毒治療和康復服務中心／濫用精神藥物者輔導中心／戒毒輔導服務中心 Drug treatment and rehabilitation centres/counselling centres for psychotropic substance abusers/centres for drug counselling	29.4	28.8	30.1	31.3	29.4	28.3	33.1	38.1	29.3	33.0
青少年外展隊 Youth outreaching teams	8.3	8.7	6.9	6.1	3.9	5.5	4.8	6.6	10.1	14.9
醫院管理局轄下的物質誤用診所及其他醫院／診所 Substance Abuse Clinics under Hospital Authority, and other hospitals/clinics	3.9	4.3	4.3	3.9	3.0	3.5	2.6	4.1	3.5	3.8

註釋：(1) 個別吸毒者在某年內可能同時被多於一個機構呈報。

Notes: An individual drug abuser may be reported by more than one agency in a given year.

(2) 數字包括香港警務處、懲教署和社會福利署轄下的感化辦事處。

Figures include Hong Kong Police Force, Correctional Services Department and Probation Offices under Social Welfare Department.

佔各相關年齡組別內所有被呈報吸毒者的百分比。

As a proportion of all reported drug abusers in the respective age groups.

表 1r 按呈報機構類別劃分的2012至2021年首次被呈報吸毒者的毒齡中位數
Table 1r Median drug history of newly reported drug abusers for 2012-2021 by type of reporting agency

呈報機構類別 ⁽¹⁾ Type of reporting agency ⁽¹⁾	年 No. of years									
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
執法機構 Law enforcement agencies	2.6	2.4	2.9	2.5	2.6	2.4	2.0	2.3	2.0	1.9
懲教署 Correctional Services Department	2.9	2.6	3.3	2.8	2.6	2.4	1.9	2.4	2.2	2.0
香港警務處 Hong Kong Police Force	2.5	2.3	2.8	2.4	3.3	3.0	2.3	2.5	1.4	2.1
社會福利署 Social Welfare Department ⁽²⁾	2.4	3.0	1.7	3.0	1.9	2.6	2.1	1.6	2.3	1.4
美沙酮診所 Methadone clinics	8.4	8.8	7.1	5.7	4.3	7.7	6.8	7.8	5.3	2.3
非政府機構 Non-governmental organisations	5.3	6.1	7.0	8.7	7.9	6.3	8.4	7.8	7.4	5.0
戒毒治療和康復服務中心 Drug treatment and rehabilitation centres	5.3	6.7	7.3	7.5	8.2	7.5	9.4	9.4	9.4	8.7
濫用精神藥物者輔導中心／戒毒輔導服務中心 Counselling centres for psychotropic substance abusers/centres for drug counselling	6.6	8.3	8.1	9.5	9.2	7.6	10.4	10.8	10.3	11.4
青少年外展隊 Youth outreaching teams	2.5	2.7	2.2	3.2	2.3	2.7	1.8	1.1	1.7	1.8
醫院管理局轄下的物質誤用診所及其他醫院／診所 Substance Abuse Clinics under Hospital Authority, and other hospitals/clinics	5.9	6.7	5.9	7.2	7.4	6.5	7.4	9.4	5.1	7.3

註釋：(1) 個別吸毒者在某年內可能同時被多於一個機構呈報。

Notes: An individual drug abuser may be reported by more than one agency in a given year.

(2) 數字包括社會福利署轄下的感化辦事處。

Figures include Probation Offices under Social Welfare Department.

表 2a 按性別及年齡組別劃分的2021年首次／曾被呈報吸毒者
Table 2a Newly/previously reported drug abusers in 2021 by sex by age group

性別／年齡組別 Sex/age group	首次被呈報者 <u>Newly reported persons</u>		曾被呈報者 <u>Previously reported persons</u>	
	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]
男 Male				
< 12	@	@	-	-
12 - 15	89	4.5	16	0.4
16 - 17	181	9.1	37	0.9
18 - 20	203	10.3	99	2.5
< 21 小計 Sub-total	474	24.0	152	3.8
21 - 30	460	23.2	428	10.6
31 - 40	287	14.5	614	15.2
41 - 50	161	8.1	987	24.4
≥ 51	61	3.1	1 120	27.7
≥ 21 小計 Sub-total	969	49.0	3 149	77.9
小計 Sub-total	1 443	72.9	3 301	81.7
平均年齡 Average age	28		45	
女 Female				
< 12	-	-	@	@
12 - 15	62	3.1	18	0.4
16 - 17	51	2.6	26	0.6
18 - 20	60	3.0	29	0.7
< 21 小計 Sub-total	173	8.7	74	1.8
21 - 30	152	7.7	149	3.7
31 - 40	116	5.9	134	3.3
41 - 50	72	3.6	247	6.1
≥ 51	23	1.2	135	3.3
≥ 21 小計 Sub-total	363	18.3	665	16.5
小計 Sub-total	536	27.1	739	18.3
平均年齡 Average age	28		39	

表 2a [續] 按性別及年齡組別劃分的2021年首次／曾被呈報吸毒者
 Table 2a (Cont'd) Newly/previously reported drug abusers in 2021 by sex by age group

性別／年齡組別 Sex/age group	首次被呈報者 <u>Newly reported persons</u>		曾被呈報者 <u>Previously reported persons</u>	
	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]
合計 Overall				
< 12	@	@	@	@
12 - 15	151	7.6	34	0.8
16 - 17	232	11.7	63	1.6
18 - 20	263	13.3	128	3.2
< 21 小計 Sub-total	647	32.7	226	5.6
21 - 30	612	30.9	577	14.3
31 - 40	403	20.4	748	18.5
41 - 50	233	11.8	1 234	30.5
≥ 51	84	4.2	1 255	31.1
≥ 21 小計 Sub-total	1 332	67.3	3 814	94.4
總計 Total	1 979	100.0	4 040	100.0
平均年齡 Average age	28		44	
年輕成年人^Δ Young adult^Δ	848	42.8	951	23.5

註釋： # 佔首次／曾被呈報組別內所有被呈報吸毒者的百分比。

Notes: As a proportion of all reported drug abusers in the newly/previously reported group.

Δ 年輕成年人指年齡介乎21至35歲的人士。

Young adult refers to persons aged 21-35.

表 2b 按年齡組別及常被吸食毒品種類劃分的2021年首次／曾被呈報吸毒者
Table 2b Newly/previously reported drug abusers in 2021 by age group by common type of drugs abused

年齡組別／常被吸食毒品種類 ⁽¹⁾ Age group/common type of drugs abused ⁽¹⁾	首次被呈報者 <u>Newly reported persons</u>		曾被呈報者 <u>Previously reported persons</u>	
	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]
21歲以下 Aged under 21				
海洛英 Heroin	7	1.1	@	@
甲基安非他明 Methamphetamine	29	4.5	13	5.8
可卡因 Cocaine	289	45.2	98	43.4
大麻 Cannabis	357	55.8	126	55.8
三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆 Triazolam/Midazolam/Zopiclone	@	@	@	@
氯胺酮 Ketamine	72	11.3	28	12.4
咳藥 Cough medicine	@	@	@	@
<i>小計[§] Sub-total[§]</i>	640		226	
21歲及以上 Aged 21 and over				
海洛英 Heroin	96	7.6	2 283	60.9
甲基安非他明 Methamphetamine	354	27.9	748	19.9
可卡因 Cocaine	327	25.7	357	9.5
大麻 Cannabis	306	24.1	205	5.5
三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆 Triazolam/Midazolam/Zopiclone	73	5.7	605	16.1
氯胺酮 Ketamine	169	13.3	295	7.9
咳藥 Cough medicine	67	5.3	143	3.8
<i>小計[§] Sub-total[§]</i>	1 270		3 750	

表 2b [續] 按年齡組別及常被吸食毒品種類劃分的2021年首次／曾被呈報吸毒者

Table 2b (Cont'd) Newly/previously reported drug abusers in 2021 by age group by common type of drugs abused

年齡組別／常被吸食毒品種類 ⁽¹⁾ Age group/common type of drugs abused ⁽¹⁾	首次被呈報者 <u>Newly reported persons</u>		曾被呈報者 <u>Previously reported persons</u>	
	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]
所有年齡 All ages				
海洛英 Heroin	103	5.4	2 285	57.5
甲基安非他明 Methamphetamine	383	20.1	761	19.1
可卡因 Cocaine	616	32.3	455	11.4
大麻 Cannabis	663	34.7	331	8.3
三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆 Triazolam/Midazolam/Zopiclone	74	3.9	606	15.2
氯胺酮 Ketamine	241	12.6	323	8.1
咳藥 Cough medicine	69	3.6	146	3.7
總計[§] Total[§]	1 910		3 976	

註釋：(1) 個別吸毒者在某年內可被呈報吸食多於一種毒品。

Notes: More than one type of drugs abused may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

佔各相關年齡及首次／曾被呈報組別內所有被呈報吸食毒品種類的吸毒者的百分比。

As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known drugs abused in the respective age and newly/previously reported groups.

§ 不包括沒有提供「常被吸食毒品種類」的吸毒者。

Excluding drug abusers without information on "common type of drugs abused".

表 2c 按現時吸食毒品原因劃分的2021年首次／曾被呈報吸毒者
Table 2c Newly/previously reported drug abusers in 2021 by reason for current drug use

現時吸食毒品原因 ⁽¹⁾ Reason for current drug use ⁽¹⁾	首次被呈報者 <u>Newly reported persons</u>		曾被呈報者 <u>Previously reported persons</u>	
	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]
解悶／情緒低落／壓力 Relief of boredom/Depression/Stress	876	50.4	1 643	44.3
避免因沒有吸食毒品而感到不適 To avoid discomfort of its absence	306	17.6	1 934	52.1
受到同輩朋友影響／想和同輩朋友打成一片 Peer influence/To identify with peers	685	39.4	1 071	28.9
尋求快感或官能上的滿足 To seek euphoria or sensory satisfaction	401	23.1	613	16.5
出於好奇 Curiosity	382	22.0	493	13.3
總計[§] Total[§]	1 737		3 712	

註釋：(1) 個別吸毒者在某年內可被呈報多於一個現時吸毒原因。

Notes: More than one reason for current drug use may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

首次／曾被呈報組別內所有被呈報現時吸食毒品原因的吸毒者的百分比。

As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known reasons for current drug use in the newly/previously reported group.

§ 不包括沒有提供「現時吸食毒品原因」的吸毒者。

Excluding drug abusers without information on "reason for current drug use".

表 2d 按首次吸食毒品年齡劃分的2021年首次／曾被呈報吸毒者
Table 2d Newly/previously reported drug abusers in 2021 by age of first abuse

首次吸食毒品年齡 Age of first abuse	首次被呈報者 <u>Newly reported persons</u>		曾被呈報者 <u>Previously reported persons</u>	
	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]
< 12	23	1.7	154	4.0
12 - 15	326	23.9	1 438	37.8
16 - 17	245	17.9	719	18.9
18 - 20	270	19.8	830	21.8
21 - 25	179	13.1	352	9.3
26 - 30	135	9.9	156	4.1
≥ 31	188	13.8	155	4.1
總計[§] Total[§]	1 366	100.0	3 804	100.0
首次吸食毒品平均年齡 Average age of first abuse		22		18
首次被呈報時的毒齡中位數（年） Median drug history when first reported (year)		3.4		2.4

註釋：# 佔首次／曾被呈報組別內所有被呈報首次吸食毒品年齡的吸毒者的百分比。

Notes: As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known age of first abuse in the newly/previously reported group.

§ 不包括沒有提供「首次吸食毒品年齡」的吸毒者。

Excluding drug abusers without information on "age of first abuse".

表 2e 按經濟活動身分劃分的2021年首次／曾被呈報吸毒者
Table 2e Newly/previously reported drug abusers in 2021 by economic activity status

經濟活動身分 Economic activity status	首次被呈報者 <u>Newly reported persons</u>		曾被呈報者 <u>Previously reported persons</u>	
	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]
全職工作人士 Full-time worker	512	29.3	799	22.3
散工／兼職工作人士 Casual/Part-time worker	314	18.0	515	14.4
失業人士 Unemployed	447	25.6	1 831	51.1
料理家務人士 Home-maker	73	4.2	83	2.3
學生 Student	311	17.8	103	2.9
退休人士 Retired person	9	0.5	191	5.3
其他 Others	81	4.6	58	1.6
總計[§] Total[§]	1 747	100.0	3 580	100.0

註釋： # 佔首次／曾被呈報組別內所有被呈報經濟活動身分的吸毒者的百分比。

Notes: As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known economic activity status in the newly/previously reported group.

§ 不包括沒有提供「經濟活動身分」的吸毒者。

Excluding drug abusers without information on "economic activity status".

表 2f 按教育程度劃分的2021年首次／曾被呈報吸毒者
Table 2f Newly/previously reported drug abusers in 2021 by educational attainment

教育程度 Educational attainment	首次被呈報者 <u>Newly reported persons</u>		曾被呈報者 <u>Previously reported persons</u>	
	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]
無受過教育／幼稚園程度 No schooling/kindergarten	7	0.4	49	1.4
小學程度 Primary	60	3.4	703	19.7
初中程度（中一至中三） Lower secondary (Forms 1 to 3)	897	51.4	1 918	53.8
高中程度（中四至中七） Upper secondary (Forms 4 to 7)	576	33.0	799	22.4
專上教育程度 Post-secondary	206	11.8	93	2.6
總計[§] Total[§]	1 746	100.0	3 562	100.0

註釋： # 佔首次／曾被呈報組別內所有被呈報教育程度的吸毒者的百分比。

Notes: As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known educational attainment in the newly/previously reported group.

§ 不包括沒有提供「教育程度」的吸毒者。

Excluding drug abusers without information on "educational attainment".

表 2g 按性別、婚姻狀況及伴侶有否吸毒劃分的2021年首次／曾被呈報
吸毒者

Table 2g Newly/previously reported drug abusers in 2021 by sex by marital status
by whether partner took drugs

性別／婚姻狀況／ 伴侶有否吸毒 Sex/marital status/ whether partner took drugs	首次被呈報者 Newly reported persons		曾被呈報者 Previously reported persons	
	人數 No.	%	人數 No.	%
男 Male				
從未結婚 Never married	1 010	76.3	1 442	45.8
已婚／同居 Married/Cohabiting	243	18.4	960	30.5
伴侶有吸毒 Partner took drugs	15	10.1 #	87	13.6 #
伴侶沒有吸毒 Partner did not take drugs	134	89.9 #	555	86.4 #
離婚／分居 Divorced/Separated	70	5.3	711	22.6
鰥／寡 Widowed	-	-	36	1.1
小計 Sub-total	1 323	100.0	3 149	100.0
女 Female				
從未結婚 Never married	319	63.2	271	39.3
已婚／同居 Married/Cohabiting	110	21.8	223	32.4
伴侶有吸毒 Partner took drugs	27	32.5 #	77	44.3 #
伴侶沒有吸毒 Partner did not take drugs	56	67.5 #	97	55.7 #
離婚／分居 Divorced/Separated	74	14.7	167	24.2
鰥／寡 Widowed	@	@	28	4.1
小計 Sub-total	505	100.0	689	100.0
合計 Overall				
從未結婚 Never married	1 329	72.7	1 713	44.6
已婚／同居 Married/Cohabiting	353	19.3	1 183	30.8
伴侶有吸毒 Partner took drugs	42	18.1 #	164	20.1 #
伴侶沒有吸毒 Partner did not take drugs	190	81.9 #	652	79.9 #
離婚／分居 Divorced/Separated	144	7.9	878	22.9
鰥／寡 Widowed	@	@	64	1.7
總計 [§] Total [§]	1 828	100.0	3 838	100.0

註釋：# 佔各相關性別及首次／曾被呈報組別內被呈報已婚／同居及伴侶有／否吸毒的吸毒者的百分比。

Notes: As a proportion of reported married/cohabiting drug abusers with known information on whether partner took drugs in the respective sex and newly/previously reported groups.

§ 不包括沒有提供「婚姻狀況」的吸毒者。

Excluding drug abusers without information on "marital status".

表 2h 按年齡組別及呈報機構類別劃分的2021年首次/曾被呈報吸毒者
Table 2h Newly/previously reported drug abusers in 2021 by age group by type of reporting agency

年齡組別／呈報機構類別 ⁽¹⁾ Age group/type of reporting agency ⁽¹⁾	首次被呈報者 <u>Newly reported persons</u>		曾被呈報者 <u>Previously reported persons</u>	
	人數 No.	%	人數 No.	%
21歲以下 Aged under 21				
執法機構 Law enforcement agencies ⁽²⁾	126	19.5	13	5.8
美沙酮診所 Methadone clinics	@	@	@	@
非政府機構 Non-governmental organisations				
戒毒治療和康復服務中心／濫用精神藥物者輔導中心／戒毒輔導服務中心 <i>Drug treatment and rehabilitation centres/counselling centres for psychotropic substance abusers/centres for drug counselling</i>	110	17.0	43	19.0
青少年外展隊 Youth outreaching teams	409	63.2	174	77.0
醫院管理局轄下的物質誤用診所及其他醫院／診所 Substance Abuse Clinics under Hospital Authority, and other hospitals/clinics	@	@	@	@
21歲及以上 Aged 21 and over				
執法機構 Law enforcement agencies ⁽²⁾	379	28.5	923	24.2
美沙酮診所 Methadone clinics	53	4.0	1 911	50.1
非政府機構 Non-governmental organisations				
戒毒治療和康復服務中心／濫用精神藥物者輔導中心／戒毒輔導服務中心 <i>Drug treatment and rehabilitation centres/counselling centres for psychotropic substance abusers/centres for drug counselling</i>	692	52.0	1 143	30.0
青少年外展隊 Youth outreaching teams	148	11.1	165	4.3
醫院管理局轄下的物質誤用診所及其他醫院／診所 Substance Abuse Clinics under Hospital Authority, and other hospitals/clinics	90	6.8	136	3.6

表 2h [續] 按年齡組別及呈報機構類別劃分的2021年首次/曾被呈報吸毒者
Table 2h (Cont'd) Newly/previously reported drug abusers in 2021 by age group by type of reporting agency

年齡組別／呈報機構類別 ⁽¹⁾ Age group/type of reporting agency ⁽¹⁾	首次被呈報者 <u>Newly reported persons</u>		曾被呈報者 <u>Previously reported persons</u>	
	人數 No.	%	人數 No.	%
所有年齡 All ages				
執法機構 Law enforcement agencies ⁽²⁾	505	25.5	936	23.2
美沙酮診所 Methadone clinics	58	2.9	1 913	47.4
非政府機構 Non-governmental organisations				
戒毒治療和康復服務中心／濫用精神藥物者輔導中心／戒毒輔導服務中心 <i>Drug treatment and rehabilitation centres/counselling centres for psychotropic substance abusers/centres for drug counselling</i>	802	40.5	1 186	29.4
青少年外展隊 Youth outreaching teams	557	28.1	339	8.4
醫院管理局轄下的物質誤用診所及其他醫院／診所 Substance Abuse Clinics under Hospital Authority, and other hospitals/clinics	93	4.7	137	3.4

註釋：(1) 個別吸毒者在某年內可能同時被多於一個機構呈報。

Notes: An individual drug abuser may be reported by more than one agency in a given year.

(2) 數字包括香港警務處、懲教署和社會福利署轄下的感化辦事處。

Figures include Hong Kong Police Force, Correctional Services Department and Probation Offices under Social Welfare Department.

表 3a 按性別、年齡組別和常被吸食毒品種類⁽¹⁾劃分的2021年被呈報吸毒者

Table 3a Reported drug abusers in 2021 by sex by age group by common type of drugs abused⁽¹⁾

性別／年齡組別 Sex/age group	海洛英 <u>Heroin</u>		甲基安非他明 <u>Methamphetamine</u>		可卡因 <u>Cocaine</u>		大麻 <u>Cannabis</u>		三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆 <u>Triazolam/Midazolam/Zopiclone</u>		氯胺酮 <u>Ketamine</u>		咳藥 <u>Cough medicine</u>	
	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]
男 Male														
< 16	-	-	@	@	54	5.0	56	5.6	-	-	17	3.0	@	@
16 - 20	6	0.3	15	1.3	223	20.8	311	31.3	@	@	43	7.6	@	@
21 - 30	91	3.8	156	13.6	294	27.5	295	29.7	24	3.5	110	19.5	31	14.4
≥ 31	1 916	80.2	633	55.3	252	23.5	138	13.9	546	80.3	206	36.5	170	79.1
小計 Sub-total	2 013	84.3	807	70.5	823	76.8	800	80.5	571	84.0	376	66.7	205	95.3
女 Female														
< 16	@	@	@	@	42	3.9	39	3.9	-	-	19	3.4	-	-
16 - 20	@	@	20	1.7	68	6.3	77	7.7	@	@	21	3.7	@	@
21 - 30	14	0.6	102	8.9	82	7.7	62	6.2	6	0.9	61	10.8	@	@
≥ 31	358	15.0	211	18.4	56	5.2	16	1.6	102	15.0	87	15.4	7	3.3
小計 Sub-total	375	15.7	337	29.5	248	23.2	194	19.5	109	16.0	188	33.3	10	4.7
合計 Overall														
< 16	@	@	7	0.6	96	9.0	95	9.6	-	-	36	6.4	@	@
16 - 20	8	0.3	35	3.1	291	27.2	388	39.0	@	@	64	11.3	@	@
21 - 30	105	4.4	258	22.6	376	35.1	357	35.9	30	4.4	171	30.3	33	15.3
≥ 31	2 274	95.2	844	73.8	308	28.8	154	15.5	648	95.3	293	52.0	177	82.3
總計 Total	2 388	100.0	1 144	100.0	1 071	100.0	994	100.0	680	100.0	564	100.0	215	100.0
平均年齡 Average age	51		38		26		23		47		30		39	

註釋：(1) 個別吸毒者在某年內可被呈報吸食多於一種毒品。

Notes: More than one type of drugs abused may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

佔各相關常被吸食毒品組別內所有被呈報吸毒者的百分比。

As a proportion of all reported drug abusers in the respective common drug abuser groups.

表 3b 按居住地區及常被吸食毒品種類⁽¹⁾劃分的2021年被呈報吸毒者
Table 3b Reported drug abusers in 2021 by district of residence by common type of drugs abused⁽¹⁾

居住地區 District of residence	海洛英 Heroin		甲基安非他明 Methamphetamine		可卡因 Cocaine		大麻 Cannabis		三唑侖/ 咪達唑侖/ 佐匹克隆 Triazolam/ Midazolam/ Zopiclone		氯胺酮 Ketamine		咳藥 Cough medicine	
	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]
中西區 Central & Western	@	@	15	1.6	7	0.7	15	1.7	@	@	6	1.2	@	@
灣仔 Wan Chai	31	1.4	12	1.3	@	@	10	1.1	8	1.4	@	@	@	@
東區 Eastern	82	3.7	41	4.3	26	2.6	29	3.2	29	5.0	22	4.4	8	4.3
南區 Southern	55	2.5	29	3.1	87	8.9	118	13.2	22	3.8	35	7.0	8	4.3
油尖旺 Yau Tsim Mong	324	14.4	105	11.1	48	4.9	35	3.9	58	10.0	17	3.4	15	8.0
深水埗 Sham Shui Po	373	16.6	91	9.6	50	5.1	31	3.5	83	14.3	29	5.8	15	8.0
九龍城 Kowloon City	99	4.4	31	3.3	18	1.8	15	1.7	15	2.6	28	5.6	@	@
黃大仙 Wong Tai Sin	151	6.7	52	5.5	35	3.6	35	3.9	33	5.7	21	4.2	6	3.2
觀塘 Kwun Tong	260	11.6	113	11.9	77	7.8	49	5.5	49	8.5	46	9.2	25	13.3
葵青 Kwai Tsing	136	6.1	69	7.3	90	9.2	82	9.2	41	7.1	45	9.0	19	10.1
荃灣 Tsuen Wan	71	3.2	23	2.4	40	4.1	31	3.5	18	3.1	14	2.8	9	4.8
屯門 Tuen Mun	148	6.6	101	10.7	76	7.7	50	5.6	50	8.6	38	7.6	9	4.8
元朗 Yuen Long	178	7.9	88	9.3	124	12.6	105	11.7	54	9.3	59	11.8	15	8.0
北區 North	84	3.7	50	5.3	116	11.8	68	7.6	42	7.3	43	8.6	7	3.7
大埔 Tai Po	51	2.3	42	4.4	48	4.9	55	6.1	21	3.6	15	3.0	23	12.2
沙田 Sha Tin	116	5.2	40	4.2	92	9.4	93	10.4	26	4.5	37	7.4	8	4.3
西貢 Sai Kung	56	2.5	28	3.0	26	2.6	40	4.5	25	4.3	32	6.4	6	3.2
離島 Islands	25	1.1	18	1.9	18	1.8	35	3.9	@	@	10	2.0	@	@
總計[§] Total[§]	2 244	100.0	948	100.0	982	100.0	896	100.0	579	100.0	499	100.0	188	100.0

註釋：(1) 個別吸毒者在某年內可被呈報吸食多於一種毒品。

Notes: More than one type of drugs abused may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

佔各常被吸食毒品組別內所有被呈報居住地區的吸毒者的百分比。

As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known district of residence in the respective common drug abuser groups.

§ 不包括沒有提供「居住地區」的吸毒者。

Excluding drug abusers without information on "district of residence".

表 3c 按首次吸食相關個別毒品年齡及常被吸食毒品種類⁽¹⁾劃分的2021年被呈報吸毒者

Table 3c Reported drug abusers in 2021 by age of first abusing the respective type of drugs by common type of drugs abused⁽¹⁾

首次吸食相關個別毒品年齡 Age of first abusing the respective type of drugs	海洛英 <u>Heroin</u>		甲基安非他明 <u>Methamphetamine</u>		可卡因 <u>Cocaine</u>		大麻 <u>Cannabis</u>		三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆 <u>Triazolam/Midazolam/Zopiclone</u>		氯胺酮 <u>Ketamine</u>		咳藥 <u>Cough medicine</u>	
	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]
< 12	85	3.6	14	1.4	11	1.4	13	2.0	6	0.9	14	3.0	@	@
12 - 15	747	31.5	203	20.3	240	31.1	169	26.0	62	9.8	186	40.1	27	14.4
16 - 17	418	17.6	129	12.9	153	19.8	161	24.7	49	7.7	98	21.1	43	23.0
18 - 20	616	26.0	195	19.5	154	20.0	146	22.4	113	17.9	84	18.1	44	23.5
21 - 25	233	9.8	146	14.6	91	11.8	98	15.1	95	15.0	40	8.6	31	16.6
26 - 30	141	5.9	98	9.8	58	7.5	30	4.6	94	14.8	23	5.0	15	8.0
≥ 31	130	5.5	217	21.7	64	8.3	34	5.2	214	33.8	19	4.1	25	13.4
總計[§] Total[§]	2 370	100.0	1 002	100.0	771	100.0	651	100.0	633	100.0	464	100.0	187	100.0
首次吸食相關毒品平均年齡 Average age of first abusing the drug	19		24		20		19		28		18		22	
吸食相關毒品的毒齡中位數（年） Median drug history of the drug (years)	31		13		5		3		20		15		19	

註釋：(1) 個別吸毒者在某年內可被呈報吸食多於一種毒品。

Notes: More than one type of drugs abused may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

佔各常被吸食毒品組別內所有被呈報首次吸食毒品年齡的吸毒者的百分比。

As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known age of first abuse in the respective common drug abuser groups.

§ 不包括沒有提供「首次吸食相關個別毒品年齡」的吸毒者。

Excluding drug abusers without information on "age of first abusing the respective type of drugs".

表 3d 按吸食毒品方法及常被吸食毒品種類⁽¹⁾劃分的2021年被呈報吸毒者
Table 3d Reported drug abusers in 2021 by method of taking drugs by common type of drugs abused⁽¹⁾

吸食毒品方法 ⁽²⁾ Method of taking drugs ⁽²⁾	海洛英 <u>Heroin</u>		甲基安非他明 <u>Methamphetamine</u>		可卡因 <u>Cocaine</u>		大麻 <u>Cannabis</u>		三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆 <u>Triazolam/Midazolam/Zopiclone</u>		氯胺酮 <u>Ketamine</u>		咳藥 <u>Cough medicine</u>	
	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]
注射 Injection	686	28.9	8	0.7	@	@	@	@	303	45.4	-	-	-	-
吸入煙霧 Fume inhaling	1 604	67.7	871	80.9	297	31.9	173	21.0	167	25.0	18	3.6	-	-
以香煙或煙管吸食 Smoking	136	5.7	60	5.6	429	46.1	570	69.1	7	1.0	11	2.2	-	-
鼻吸 Sniffing	100	4.2	47	4.4	168	18.1	14	1.7	15	2.2	423	85.1	-	-
口服 Oral ingestion	56	2.4	123	11.4	100	10.8	100	12.1	216	32.3	58	11.7	211	100.0
總計[§] Total[§]	2 371	100.0	1 076	100.0	930	100.0	825	100.0	668	100.0	497	100.0	211	100.0

註釋：(1) 個別吸毒者在某年內可被呈報吸食多於一種毒品。

Notes: More than one type of drugs abused may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

(2) 就每種毒品而言，個別吸毒者在某年內可被呈報使用多於一種吸食毒品方法。

For each type of drug, more than one method of taking drugs may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

佔各常被吸食毒品組別內所有被呈報吸食毒品方法的吸毒者的百分比。

As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known method of taking drugs in the respective common drug abuser groups.

§ 不包括沒有提供「吸食毒品方法」的吸毒者。

Excluding drug abusers without information on "method of taking drugs".

表 3e 按經濟活動身分及常被吸食毒品種類⁽¹⁾劃分的2021年被呈報吸毒者
Table 3e Reported drug abusers in 2021 by economic activity status by common type of drugs abused⁽¹⁾

經濟活動身分 Economic activity status	海洛英 <u>Heroin</u>		甲基安非他明 <u>Methamphetamine</u>		可卡因 <u>Cocaine</u>		大麻 <u>Cannabis</u>		三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆 <u>Triazolam/Midazolam/Zopiclone</u>		氯胺酮 <u>Ketamine</u>		咳藥 <u>Cough medicine</u>	
	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]
全職工作人士 Full-time worker	411	18.5	229	26.4	271	28.5	235	26.6	95	16.3	162	34.8	64	32.7
散工／兼職工作人士 Casual/Part-time worker	276	12.4	145	16.7	154	16.2	193	21.9	68	11.6	64	13.8	37	18.9
失業人士 Unemployed	1 326	59.5	420	48.4	262	27.5	143	16.2	372	63.7	121	26.0	90	45.9
料理家務人士 Home-maker	23	1.0	40	4.6	33	3.5	@	@	23	3.9	45	9.7	@	@
學生 Student	@	@	11	1.3	150	15.8	270	30.6	@	@	53	11.4	@	@
退休人士 Retired person	187	8.4	6	0.7	-	-	@	@	21	3.6	-	-	@	@
其他 Others	@	@	17	2.0	81	8.5	37	4.2	@	@	20	4.3	-	-
總計[§] Total[§]	2 227	100.0	868	100.0	951	100.0	883	100.0	584	100.0	465	100.0	196	100.0

註釋：(1) 個別吸毒者在某年內可被呈報吸食多於一種毒品。

Notes: More than one type of drugs abused may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

佔各常被吸食毒品組別內所有被呈報經濟活動身分的吸毒者的百分比。

As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known economic activity status in the respective common drug abuser groups.

§ 不包括沒有提供「經濟活動身分」的吸毒者。

Excluding drug abusers without information on "economic activity status".

表 3f 按吸食毒品地點及常被吸食毒品種類⁽¹⁾劃分的2021年被呈報吸毒者
Table 3f Reported drug abusers in 2021 by locality of abusing drugs by common type of drugs abused⁽¹⁾

吸食毒品地點 Locality of abusing drugs	海洛英 <u>Heroin</u>		甲基安非他明 <u>Methamphetamine</u>		可卡因 <u>Cocaine</u>		大麻 <u>Cannabis</u>		三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆 <u>Triazolam/Midazolam/Zopiclone</u>		氯胺酮 <u>Ketamine</u>		咳藥 <u>Cough medicine</u>	
	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]
只在家／朋友的家 Home/friend's home only	1 495	63.3	663	66.4	408	43.2	412	45.4	369	59.5	257	50.8	106	53.8
在家／朋友的家及其他地點 Home/friend's home and other localities	549	23.3	155	15.5	202	21.4	190	20.9	182	29.4	129	25.5	29	14.7
只在其他地點 Other localities only	316	13.4	180	18.0	335	35.4	306	33.7	69	11.1	120	23.7	62	31.5
其他地點 Other localities														
公眾地方如休憩地方／公園／公廁 Public area like recreation area/public park/public toilet	744	31.5	161	16.1	194	20.5	286	31.5	224	36.1	110	21.7	55	27.9
會所／大廈／酒店／酒吧內舉行的派對場合 Party gathering in club house/building/hotel/bar	18	0.8	59	5.9	171	18.1	109	12.0	6	1.0	70	13.8	@	@
會所／大廈／酒店／酒吧內舉行的非派對場合 Non-party gathering in club house/building/hotel/bar	32	1.4	63	6.3	149	15.8	112	12.3	7	1.1	60	11.9	-	-
出租屋／渡假屋／出租地方 Apartment/bungalow/rental area	42	1.8	47	4.7	55	5.8	38	4.2	14	2.3	17	3.4	@	@
的士高／卡拉OK Disco/karaoke	8	0.3	17	1.7	84	8.9	41	4.5	@	@	46	9.1	@	@
咖啡店／網吧 Coffee shop/internet cafe	@	@	18	1.8	56	5.9	15	1.7	@	@	20	4.0	@	@
電子遊戲機中心 Electronic game centre	7	0.3	35	3.5	6	0.6	8	0.9	@	@	7	1.4	11	5.6
學校(包括學校宿舍) School (include school hostel)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
總計^s Total^s	2 360	100.0	998	100.0	945	100.0	908	100.0	620	100.0	506	100.0	197	100.0

註釋：(1) 個別吸毒者在某年內可被呈報吸食多於一種毒品及多於一個吸食毒品地點。

Notes: More than one type of drugs abused and locality may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

佔各常被吸食毒品組別內所有被呈報吸食毒品地點的吸毒者的百分比。

As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known localities of abusing drugs in the respective common drug abuser groups.

§ 不包括沒有提供「吸食毒品地點」的吸毒者。

Excluding drug abusers without information on "locality of abusing drugs".

表 4a 按性別及年齡組別劃分的2021年被呈報吸食海洛英及危害精神毒品者⁽¹⁾
Table 4a Reported heroin and psychotropic substance abusers⁽¹⁾ in 2021 by sex by age group

性別 / 年齡組別 Sex/age group	被呈報吸食海洛英者 <u>Reported heroin abusers</u>		被呈報吸食危害精神毒品者 <u>Reported psychotropic substance abusers</u>	
	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]
男 Male				
< 12	-	-	@	@
12 - 15	-	-	104	2.5
16 - 17	@	@	214	5.2
18 - 20	@	@	297	7.2
21 - 30	91	3.8	806	19.7
31 - 40	191	8.0	742	18.1
41 - 50	719	30.1	627	15.3
≥ 51	1 006	42.1	343	8.4
小計 Sub-total	2 013	84.3	3 134	76.5
平均年齡 Average age		51		34
女 Female				
< 12	-	-	@	@
12 - 15	@	@	80	2.0
16 - 17	-	-	77	1.9
18 - 20	@	@	87	2.1
21 - 30	14	0.6	282	6.9
31 - 40	38	1.6	211	5.1
41 - 50	201	8.4	173	4.2
≥ 51	119	5.0	54	1.3
小計 Sub-total	375	15.7	965	23.5
平均年齡 Average age		47		31
合計 Overall				
< 12	-	-	@	@
12 - 15	@	@	184	4.5
16 - 17	@	@	291	7.1
18 - 20	7	0.3	384	9.4
21 - 30	105	4.4	1 088	26.5
31 - 40	229	9.6	953	23.2
41 - 50	920	38.5	800	19.5
≥ 51	1 125	47.1	397	9.7
總計 Total	2 388	100.0	4 099	100.0
平均年齡 Average age		51		33

註釋：(1) 個別吸毒者在某年內可被呈報吸食多於一種毒品。

Notes: More than one type of drugs abused may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

佔各相關吸毒者組別內所有被呈報吸毒者的百分比。

As a proportion of all reported drug abusers in the respective drug abuser groups.

表 4b 按居住地區劃分的2021年被呈報吸食海洛英及危害精神毒品者⁽¹⁾
Table 4b Reported heroin and psychotropic substance abusers⁽¹⁾ in 2021 by district of residence

居住地區 District of residence	被呈報吸食海洛英者 <u>Reported heroin abusers</u>		被呈報吸食危害精神毒品者 <u>Reported psychotropic substance abusers</u>	
	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]
中西區 Central & Western	@	@	45	1.2
灣仔 Wan Chai	31	1.4	35	1.0
東區 Eastern	82	3.7	133	3.7
南區 Southern	55	2.5	266	7.4
油尖旺 Yau Tsim Mong	324	14.4	247	6.9
深水埗 Sham Shui Po	373	16.6	273	7.6
九龍城 Kowloon City	99	4.4	95	2.6
黃大仙 Wong Tai Sin	151	6.7	160	4.4
觀塘 Kwun Tong	260	11.6	306	8.5
葵青 Kwai Tsing	136	6.1	303	8.4
荃灣 Tsuen Wan	71	3.2	123	3.4
屯門 Tuen Mun	148	6.6	300	8.3
元朗 Yuen Long	178	7.9	389	10.8
北區 North	84	3.7	278	7.7
大埔 Tai Po	51	2.3	183	5.1
沙田 Sha Tin	116	5.2	253	7.0
西貢 Sai Kung	56	2.5	136	3.8
離島 Islands	25	1.1	77	2.1
總計[§] Total[§]	2 244	100.0	3 602	100.0

註釋：(1) 個別吸毒者在某年內可被呈報吸食多於一種毒品。

Notes: More than one type of drugs abused may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

佔各相關吸毒者組別內所有被呈報居住地區的吸毒者的百分比。

As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known district of residence in the respective drug abuser groups.

§ 不包括沒有提供「居住地區」的吸毒者。

Excluding drug abusers without information on "district of residence".

表 4c 按現時吸食毒品原因劃分的2021年被呈報吸食海洛英及危害精神毒品者⁽¹⁾

Table 4c Reported heroin and psychotropic substance abusers⁽¹⁾ in 2021 by reason for current drug use

現時吸食毒品原因 Reason for current drug use	被呈報吸食海洛英者 <u>Reported heroin abusers</u>		被呈報吸食危害精神毒品者 <u>Reported psychotropic substance abusers</u>	
	人數 No.	% [#]	人數 No.	% [#]
解悶／情緒低落／壓力 Relief of boredom/Depression/Stress	927	39.7	1 880	51.5
避免因沒有吸食毒品而感到不適 To avoid discomfort of its absence	1 666	71.4	971	26.6
受到同輩朋友影響／想和同輩朋友打成一片 Peer influence/To identify with peers	621	26.6	1 319	36.2
尋求快感或官能上的滿足 To seek euphoria or sensory satisfaction	317	13.6	805	22.1
出於好奇 Curiosity	232	9.9	724	19.8
總計[§] Total[§]	2 333	100.0	3 648	100.0

註釋：(1) 個別吸毒者在某年內可被呈報多於一個現時吸食毒品原因。

Notes: More than one reason for current drug use may be reported for an individual drug abuser in a given year.

佔各相關吸毒者組別內所有被呈報現時吸食毒品原因的吸毒者的百分比。

As a proportion of all reported drug abusers with known reasons for current drug use in the respective drug abuser groups.

§ 不包括沒有提供「現時吸食毒品原因」的吸毒者。

Excluding drug abusers without information on "reason for current drug use".

藥物濫用資料中央檔案室的運作機制

Operation Mechanism of the Central Registry of Drug Abuse

引言

1. 要制定有效政策對付毒品問題，必須考慮吸食毒品情況和趨勢。香港有關當局早已明瞭這個需要，因此，政府總部禁毒處(禁毒處)於1972年成立檔案室，負責監察本港吸食毒品趨勢的轉變和吸食毒品的特性。

檔案室的工作目標

2. 檔案室的工作目標在2001年修訂如下：

- (a) 參考整體人口的特點，確定本港的吸食毒品趨勢和吸食毒品人士特性的轉變；
- (b) 編匯從各機構得來的統計數字，從而分析在某段時期被呈報的吸食毒品人士的特性，以及把不同機構所呈報的吸食毒品人士的特性互相比較對照；
- (c) 設立資料庫，以便應各方要求提供資料，監察選定組別的吸食毒品人士在某段時期的吸食毒品模式，供研究之用；

Introduction

1. Effective policy against drugs has to be formulated with reference to the drug abuse situation and trends. This need has long been recognised in Hong Kong. Therefore, the Narcotics Division (ND) of the Government Secretariat in 1972 established the CRDA that serves to monitor changes in trends and characteristics of the drug abuse situation in Hong Kong.

Objectives of the CRDA

2. The objectives of the CRDA as revised in 2001 are :

- (a) to identify trends of drug abuse and characteristics of the drug abusing population in Hong Kong, with reference to the demographic characteristics of the overall population;
- (b) to coordinate statistics from various sources for analysing the characteristics of the reported addict population at any given time, and to contrast these characteristics among abusers reported from various sources;
- (c) to provide a database which is responsive to requests for monitoring selected groups of drug abusers with regard to their drug abusing patterns over a period of time for research;

- (d) 作為一個基點，以便結合其他與毒品有關的統計系統，從中獲取資料，進而相互聯繫比較；以及
- (e) 適時提供最新的統計數字，供市民參閱。

方法

3. 檔案室所儲存有關經證實或被懷疑的吸食毒品人士的紀錄是從遍布不同界別的機構所填寫的劃一紀錄表收集得來，有關機構包括執法機構、戒毒治療和福利機構、專上院校及醫院和診所。附錄三轉載了《危險藥物條例》(第 134 章)附表四中向檔案室呈報資料的機構名單。紀錄表收集與這些機構有接觸的吸食毒品人士的社會及人口特徵及吸食毒品資料 (自 2005 年 4 月起使用的紀錄表載於附錄四)。警方和海關會就每名經證實或被懷疑吸食毒品的被捕人士，填寫紀錄表。懲教署呈報剛被還押羈留或剛收納入懲教院所的吸食毒品人士和再次吸毒囚犯的資料。戒毒治療和康復服務機構呈報初次和再次接受治療的個案。福利機構呈報經證實或懷疑吸食毒品的求助人資料。外展社工呈報向他們尋求服務的吸食毒品人士的資料。醫院和診所則會就任何有斷癮徵狀或承認吸食毒品的病人，填寫紀錄表。

- (d) to provide a basis for integrating with other drug-related statistical systems so that information in these systems can be captured and statistics related and compared; and
- (e) to provide up-to-date statistics in a timely manner for dissemination to the public.

Methodology

3. Reports on confirmed or suspected drug abusers contained in the CRDA are submitted to the CRDA via a standard record sheet by a wide network of reporting agencies comprising law enforcement agencies, treatment and welfare agencies, tertiary institutions, and hospitals and clinics. A list of CRDA reporting agencies specified in the Fourth Schedule to the Dangerous Drugs Ordinance (Chapter 134) is at Appendix 3. The record sheet solicits social and demographic characteristics as well as drug-taking information on drug abusers who come into contact with those agencies (a specimen of the record sheet in use since April 2005 is at Appendix 4). The Police and the Customs and Excise Department report on every confirmed or suspected abuser arrested by them. The Correctional Services Department reports on drug abusers on remand who are taken into custody or drug abusers on their admission to correctional institutions and also on relapsed prisoners. Treatment and rehabilitation agencies report on new and readmitted cases. Welfare agencies report

- when a confirmed or suspected drug abuser approaches them for assistance. Outreaching social workers report on drug abusers who come to them for services. Hospitals and clinics complete a record sheet in respect of any patient who has shown withdrawal symptoms of drug addiction or who confesses to being a drug abuser.
4. 整體吸食毒品人數指在指定時期內與呈報機構接觸而又被呈報至檔案室的總人數，不論他們是否曾被呈報多於一次，亦不論他們吸食多少毒品種類。吸食某一種類毒品人數則是指在指定時期內曾服食該種毒品的總人數，不論他們只是單一吸食該種毒品或同時與其他毒品混合吸食。
4. The overall number of drug abusers refers to the total number of individual persons reported to the CRDA who have come into contact with reporting agencies in the given period, irrespective of whether they were reported for more than once and the number of drugs taken. The number of drug abusers for a particular drug type, however, is defined as the total number of all individuals who had abused the drug within the given period, irrespective of whether they took it singly or concurrently with other drugs.
5. 檔案室會核對所有印刷版紀錄表，然後把資料編成代碼，輸入電腦；連同經互聯網向檔案室呈報的電子紀錄表，所輸入的數據均會經過驗證，以確保有效。為避免同一人被重複計算，以及把首次被呈報的個案與檔案室資料庫中曾被呈報的個案區分，系統會根據被呈報者的姓名、身分證號碼、出生日期和性別等，把新輸入的資料與檔案室資料庫所儲存已知個案的資料，逐一配對。檔案室在更新資料庫後，就會編製統計數據。
5. All record sheets received in paper form are checked, coded and the data are input into the computer. Together with those record sheets submitted electronically over the internet to the CRDA, the inputted data are then validated. To avoid multiple counting of the same person and enable identification of newly reported cases as against the previously reported ones in the CRDA database, the system will match data input with previously known cases in the database, using the name, identity card number, birth date, sex and etc. With the updated CRDA database, statistics are compiled.

資料保密

6. 由於呈報工作純粹出於自願，檔案室同時得到個別吸食毒品人士和呈報機構的信任至為重要。《危險藥物條例》就此授予法定保障，規定檔案室和呈報機構所備存的紀錄必須保密。此外，當局亦不時更新呈報機構向檔案室呈報資料的指引，以確保呈報程序遵守《個人資料(私隱)條例》(第 486 章)的條文。

7. 各機構向檔案室呈報的所有個人紀錄，均絕對保密，只有直接負責檔案室工作的人員才可取閱。這些人員必須遵守保密規則，而使用這些資料有極其嚴格之規定及須符合《危險藥物條例》第 VIIA 部的規定。所有發表的報告，內容純屬統計數字，並無任何資料可供識別個別吸食毒品人士的身分。這樣不僅加強了呈報機構對檔案室的信心，也為呈報機構繼續與檔案室合作並定期呈報可靠資料，提供鞏固的基礎。同時，個別吸食毒品人士也無須害怕因接受治療或其他服務而泄露身分。

Data Confidentiality

6. As reporting to the CRDA is entirely voluntary, it is essential to secure the confidence of both individual drug abusers and reporting agencies. This is achieved by conferring statutory protection to the confidentiality of all records maintained in the CRDA and its reporting agencies under the Dangerous Drugs Ordinance. Guidelines for reporting data to the CRDA have also been updated to comply with the provisions of the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance (Chapter 486).

7. The records of all persons reported to the CRDA are handled in strict confidence and are accessible only to those who are directly involved in the operation of the CRDA. They in turn are required to observe the rule of confidentiality. The use of such information is subject to strict regulations, and complies with legal requirements as prescribed under Part VIIA of Dangerous Drugs Ordinance. All published reports are statistical in nature and contain no information that could lead to any individual drug abuser being identified. This enhances the confidence of the reporting agencies in the CRDA and provides a firm basis for their continuous cooperation and the regular submission of reliable information. At the same time, individual abusers are assured that their anonymity will be maintained, thus allaying any fear of being exposed when they come forward for treatment or other services.

統計資料的局限

8. 雖然呈報網絡已包括多間呈報機構，例如執法機構、戒毒治療及福利機構、專上院校及醫院和診所，但檔案室採用自願呈報系統，紀錄曾與呈報機構接觸而又被這些機構呈報的吸毒者資料。基於其性質，檔案室的統計數字不是計量本港在某一段時間內吸毒者的確實人數，而是顯示一段時間內的吸毒趨勢。

9. 根據某一類別吸毒人士及吸食多種毒品人士的定義，將各類別的被呈報吸毒人數合計起來是沒有意義的，其總和往往多於在某指定年份內被呈報吸毒的總人數。

10. 除了基本的個人資料(例如年齡和性別外)，有關個別吸食毒品人士的其他指定資料項目，會因為種種原因而沒有全部向檔案室呈報。因此，本報告書只會根據檔案室所得的呈報資料作出分析，而這些資料難免未能盡錄所有情況。雖然如此，以個別資料項目而言，大部分被呈報人士均有提供資料。下表所載為 2021 年所有呈報人士就指定資料項目有提供資料的人數及所佔百分比。

Data limitations

8. Although its reporting network encompasses a large number of reporting agencies such as law enforcement agencies, treatment and welfare agencies, tertiary institutions, and hospitals and clinics, the CRDA is a voluntary reporting system recording the details of drug abusers who have come into contact with and have been reported by the reporting agencies. By its nature, while CRDA statistics do not measure the exact size of the drug abusing population in Hong Kong at any particular time, they are indicators of the trends of drug abuse over time.

9. Given the definitions of drug abusers of a particular type and multiple drug abusers, it is not meaningful to add up the number of reported drug abusers for individual drug types, the sum of which is usually larger than the overall total number of reported drug abusers in a given year.

10. Specific data items of individual abusers, other than the basic personal particulars such as age and sex, may not have been fully provided for one reason or another. The analyses presented in this report are thus only based on the reported information available to the CRDA, which is inevitably not exhaustive. Nevertheless, information on individual data items has been provided for most of reported individuals. A table showing the numbers and proportions of individuals with known information on specific data items in 2021 is given below.

指定資料項目 Specified data items	有提供資料的人士 No. of individuals with known information	佔所有被呈報 吸毒者的百分比 % of all reported individuals
年齡/出生日期及性別 (必須呈報項目) Age/date of birth and sex (mandatory items)	6 019	100.0
吸食毒品種類 Type of drugs abused	5 886	97.8
婚姻狀況 Marital status	5 666	94.1
教育程度 Educational attainment	5 308	88.2
居住地區 District of residence	5 431	90.2
屋宇單位類型 Type of quarters	5 008	83.2
經濟活動身分 Economic activity status	5 327	88.5
曾否有犯罪紀錄 Whether previously convicted	5 556	92.3
首次吸食毒品年齡 Age of first abuse	5 170	85.9
現時吸食毒品原因 Reason for current drug use	5 449	90.5
吸食毒品地方 Place of abusing drugs	5 575	92.6
吸食毒品地點 Locality of abusing drugs	5 475	91.0

11. 被呈報吸毒者的「毒齡」是指吸毒者初次吸毒與被呈報機構呈報至檔案室之間的時間。須注意，檔案室並沒有吸毒者中途有否停止吸毒的資料，因此「毒齡」並不一定等於吸毒者過去吸毒的總時間。即便如此，首次被呈報吸毒者的毒齡中位數，量度了吸毒者初次吸毒至初次接觸呈報機構的時間，仍是反映隱蔽吸毒情況的有用指標。另一方面，因為曾被呈報吸毒者已曾被紀錄，使用所有被呈報吸毒者(包括首次及曾被呈報吸毒者)的毒齡中位數去反映隱蔽吸毒情況並不適當。

11. The “drug history” of a reported drug abuser is defined as the period of time between the abuser being reported to CRDA by reporting agency and the first time he or she abused drugs. It should be noted that the CRDA does not have information on any intermittent breaks of drug abuse by the reported drug abuser. Therefore, “drug history” does not necessarily refer to the total time of drug abuse of a reported drug abuser. Despite the limitation, the median drug history of newly reported drug abusers is a useful indicator to reflect the situation of hidden drug abuse by measuring the time between a reported drug abuser first abusing drugs and when he or she first came into contact with a reporting agency. On the other hand, as previously reported drug abusers had been identified in the past, it

12. 在闡釋本報告書所載的統計結果時，應注意以上各點。這些統計數字應作為反映吸食毒品趨勢的指標，而非鉅細無遺地描述吸食毒品的全面情況。雖然有關的百分比分布並非按所有被呈報人士計算出來，但仍可大致反映吸食毒品人士的一般特徵。

13. 此外，本報告書內有關 2020 年及 2021 年的數字可能受 2019 冠狀病毒病疫情的影響，須謹慎看待。例如呈報機構接觸到的吸毒者人數可能因疫情有所減少，亦可能需要更多時間才呈報吸毒者資料予檔案室。

數字修訂

14. 本報告書內過往兩年的被呈報吸食毒品人士數字可能稍作調整，因而有別於以往出版的同一系列報告書所載的數字。原因是在各年份的截止收集資料日期過後，仍有機構向檔案室呈報過往吸食毒品人士的資料或更改已呈報的資料。

would not be appropriate to use the median drug history of all reported drug abusers (including both newly and previously reported drug abusers) to reflect the hidden drug abuse situation.

12. In interpreting findings of the report, the above have to be taken into account. The statistics should be taken as indicators of the trends in drug abuse over time rather than an absolute representation of the whole situation. The percentage distribution, though not calculated for all reported individuals, can be taken broadly to reflect the general characteristics of drug abusers.

13. Moreover, throughout this Report, figures in 2020 and 2021 need to be viewed with caution as they might have been affected by the situation of COVID-19. For instance, reporting agencies might have come into contact with fewer drug abusers due to the pandemic, and might have taken more time to submit data of drug abusers to CRDA.

Figure Revision

14. Figures for the number of drug abusers in the previous two years may have been slightly revised and are thus different from those presented in the previous issues of this series of report. It is because some agencies still submit records to the CRDA on abusers contacted within the preceding years, or revise records submitted after the cut-off time of data collection of each reference year.

用語定義 Definition of Terms

年齡：指某人在出生後所度過的完整年數。年齡是由呈報月份和年份計算得來的。

Age : Age is the number of complete years a person has passed since birth. It is derived from month and year of birth reported.

首次吸食毒品年齡：指開始吸食毒品的年齡，不論吸食的毒品種類為何。如果是指明某一種毒品的首次吸食年齡，則是指某人吸食該種毒品的首次吸食年齡。

Age of first abuse : This refers to the age when drug abuse first started, regardless of the types of drugs taken then. If a particular type of drug is specified, it refers to the age of first abuse for such type of drug.

居住地區：指被呈報吸毒人士在呈報時所知的居住地區。

District of residence : This refers to the district where a reported person is known to be residing at the time of report.

吸毒者：作為呈報的準則，吸毒者是指在洽見日期前四星期內曾經服用危害或可能危害個人身體、精神健康、或其家庭和社會關係的毒品 / 物質的人士，而劑量或服用期超過正常的治療劑量或服用期。酒精及煙草不被列作毒品。被濫用毒品 / 物質大致可分為麻醉鎮痛劑及危害精神毒品。

Drug abuser : For the purpose of CRDA reporting, a drug abuser refers to a person who has taken drugs/substances during the four weeks before the date of contact, and the drugs/substances taken harm or threaten to harm the physical or mental health or social well-being of an individual, in doses above or for periods beyond those normally regarded as therapeutic. Alcohol and tobacco are, however, not regarded as drugs abused. The drugs/substances of abuse are broadly classified into narcotics analgesics and psychotropic substances.

經濟活動身分：個別人士可被分類至以下各種不同的經濟活動身分，包括：

Economic activity status : A person can be classified into various different economic activity status including :

- (i) 全職工作人士是指在呈報前七天內，有一份正式工作(即該人士持續支取工資；或已獲保證或已有既定日期返回工作崗位或所經營之業務；或正支取補償費而無須接受其他工作)且正按照一個每月有固定通常工作日數或每周 / 每月有固定

- (i) *full-time worker* refers to an employee, employer or a self- employed who had formal job attachment (i.e. had continued receipt of wage, or had an assurance or an agreed date of return to job or business, or was in receipt of compensation without obligation to accept another job) and was working under a regular pattern with fixed

通常工作時數的模式工作的僱員、僱主或自僱人士；	number of usual days of work per month or fixed number of usual hours of work per week/month during the seven days prior to the time of report;
(ii) 散工／兼職人士是指在呈報前七天內，按日工作或每周通常工作日數或每工作日／周通常工作時數是不固定的人士；	(ii) <i>casual/part-time worker</i> refers to a person who was working on a day-to-day basis or for whom the number of usual days of work per week or usual hours of work per working day/week was either not fixed or irregular during the seven days prior to the time of report;
(iii) 失業人士是指在呈報前七天內可隨時工作但並無為賺取薪酬而工作的人士；	(iii) <i>unemployed</i> refers to a person who had been available for work but had not performed any work for pay during the seven days prior to the time of report;
(iv) 料理家務人士是指照顧家庭而無收取報酬的人士；	(iv) <i>home-maker</i> refers to a person who looks after the home without pay;
(v) 學生是指正在求學及在呈報前七天內並無工作的人士。兼職學生應歸入工作者及不包括在此類別內；	(v) <i>student</i> refers to a person who is studying and was not working during the seven days prior to the time of report. Student worker is classified as an employed person and not included in this category;
(vi) 退休人士是指以前有工作，但現因年老而沒有繼續工作的人士；	(vi) <i>retired person</i> refers to a person who has worked previously but is not currently working due to old age;
(vii) 其他人士包括(a)無須為生計而工作的人士，及因長期患病或殘疾而不能工作的人士；及(b)從事非法行業人士。	(vii) <i>others</i> include (a) persons who do not have to work for a living and who cannot work due to permanent sickness or disablement; and (b) workers in illicit trade.

教育程度：指某人在學校或其他教育機構修讀達到的最高教育程度，不論他／她有否完成該課程。

Educational attainment : This refers to the highest level of education attained by a person in school or other educational institution, regardless of whether he/she had completed the course.

種族：有關「種族」的分類是參考不同的概念包括文化起源、國籍、膚色及語言等而制定。吸毒者的種族指由其本人報稱所屬的種族。但若吸毒者無法自行判斷，呈報機構可憑其外貌或言談判斷，否則可查問吸毒者的國籍代替種族。

Ethnicity : The classification of ethnicity is determined with reference to a combination of concepts such as cultural origins, nationality, colour and language. The ethnicity of an abuser is determined by self-identification. If the abuser cannot determine his/her own ethnicity, reporting agency may classify the abuser according to his/her appearance or language. Otherwise, reporting agency may check the nationality of the abuser as a proxy for ethnicity.

吸食毒品地點：指吸毒者吸毒的地點，如在家、朋友的家、公眾地方如休憩地方／公園／公廁及的士高／卡拉OK。

Locality of abusing drug : This refers to the location where a reported person abused drugs, such as home, friend's home, public areas like recreation area/public park/public toilet and disco/karaoke.

麻醉鎮痛劑：指海洛英、鴉片、嗎啡和菲仕通／美沙酮。

Narcotics analgesics : They refer to heroin, opium, morphine and physeptone/methadone.

吸食毒品地方：指香港特別行政區或香港特別行政區以外的地方，如澳門特別行政區及中國內地（如深圳）。

Place of abusing drug : This refers to Hong Kong SAR or a place outside Hong Kong SAR, such as Macao SAR and Mainland China, such as Shenzhen.

危害精神毒品：指迷幻劑（例如大麻）、鎮抑劑（例如甲喹酮）、興奮劑（例如亞甲二氧基甲基安非他明、甲基安非他明及可卡因）、鎮靜劑（例如三唑侖／咪達唑侖／佐匹克隆及安定）和其他物質，例如氯胺酮、咳藥和有機溶劑等。

Psychotropic substances : They refer to hallucinogens (e.g. cannabis), depressants (e.g. methaqualone), stimulants (e.g. MDMA, methamphetamine and cocaine), tranquilizers (e.g. triazolam/midazolam/zopiclone and diazepam) and other substances such as ketamine, cough medicine and organic solvents.

被呈報吸毒者：指被呈報機構向檔案室呈報的已知或懷疑吸毒者。同一吸毒者在某指定年內接觸呈報機構而又被呈報多於一次(不論由同一機構呈報或由不同機構呈報)，亦只會作一人計算。被呈報吸食某一種類毒品人士的數目是指在某指定年內被呈報曾吸食該種毒品的人士總數，不論他們只是單一吸食該種毒品或同時與其他毒品混合吸食。檔案室從不同角度分析被呈報吸毒人士，包括：

首次被呈報者指不論吸食毒品的種類及分析的時期，該人的紀錄是首次呈報予檔案室(即是在呈報之前，檔案室從未有該名人士的紀錄)。

曾被呈報者指該人的紀錄已在以往的年份被呈報予檔案室。

吸食超過一種毒品者(或稱為吸食多種毒品者)指該人在某指定年份內被呈報吸食超過一種毒品的人士，不論有關毒品是否在同一時間混合吸食。

某一年份被呈報吸毒人數是在同年首次被呈報及曾被呈報吸毒人數的總和。

Reported drug abuser : This refers to known or suspected drug abuser reported to the CRDA by reporting agencies. A drug abuser who has come into contact with reporting agencies within a given year and has been reported for more than once (by the same or different reporting agencies) is counted as one reported individual. The number of reported drug abusers for a particular drug type is defined as the total number of all individuals who had abused the drug within a given year, irrespective of whether they took it singly or concurrently with other drugs. Analyses of reported drug abusers are made from various perspectives including :

Newly reported person refers to a person who is known to the CRDA for the first time (i.e. no precedent reported case on him/her in the CRDA at the time of report), irrespective of the types of drugs taken and the period of analysis.

Previously reported person refers to a person who has been recorded by the CRDA before in the preceding years.

Multiple drug abuser refers to a person who is reported to have taken more than one type of drugs in a given year, irrespective of whether the drugs were taken concurrently on one occasion or not.

The number of reported drug abusers for a particular year is the sum of that of newly reported persons and that of previously reported persons for the same year.

《危險藥物條例》附表四的呈報機構

Reporting agencies in the Fourth Schedule to the Dangerous Drugs Ordinance

機構名稱	Name of agency
1. 香港仔街坊福利會社會服務中心	1. Aberdeen Kai-fong Welfare Association Social Service Centre
2. 浸會愛群社會服務處	2. Baptist Oi Kwan Social Service
3. 基督教巴拿巴愛心服務團有限公司	3. Barnabas Charitable Service Association Limited
4. 嘉諾撒醫院	4. Canossa Hospital (Caritas)
5. 香港明愛	5. Caritas-Hong Kong
6. 基督教家庭服務中心	6. Christian Family Service Centre
6A. 基督教新生協會有限公司	6A. Christian New Life Association Limited
7. 基督教正生會有限公司	7. Christian Zheng Sheng Association Limited
8. 珠海學院	8. Chu Hai College of Higher Education
9. 香港城市大學	9. City University of Hong Kong
10. 懲教署	10. Correctional Services Department
11. 香港海關	11. Customs and Excise Department
12. 得基輔康會有限公司	12. DACARS, Limited
13. 衛生署	13. Department of Health
14. 教育局	14. Education Bureau
15. 播道醫院	15. Evangel Hospital
15A. 榮頌團契有限公司	15A. Glorious Praise Fellowship (Hong Kong) Limited
16. 香港港安醫院	16. Hong Kong Adventist Hospital
17. 香港浸信會醫院	17. Hong Kong Baptist Hospital
18. 香港浸會大學	18. Hong Kong Baptist University
19. 港中醫院	19. Hong Kong Central Hospital
20. 香港青少年服務處	20. Hong Kong Children & Youth Services
21. 香港基督教服務處	21. Hong Kong Christian Service
22. 香港家庭福利會	22. Hong Kong Family Welfare Society
23. 香港路德會社會服務處	23. Hong Kong Lutheran Social Service
24. 香港遊樂場協會	24. Hong Kong Playground Association
25. 香港警務處	25. Hong Kong Police Force
26. 香港養和醫院有限公司	26. Hong Kong Sanatorium and Hospital Limited
26A. 香港聖公會福利協會	26A. Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare Council
27. 香港基督教女青年會	27. Hong Kong Young Women's Christian Association
28. 醫院管理局	28. Hospital Authority
29. 香港國際社會服務社	29. International Social Service Hong Kong Branch
30. 啟勵扶青會	30. KELY Support Group
31. 基督教信義會芬蘭差會靈愛中心	31. Ling Oi Centre, Finnish Evangelical Lutheran Mission
32. 嶺南大學	32. Lingnan University
33. 明德醫院	33. Matilda and War Memorial Hospital
34. 循道愛華村服務中心	34. Methodist Epworth Village Community Centre

機構名稱	Name of agency
34A. 方舟行動有限公司	34A. Mission Ark Limited
35. 香港晨曦會	35. Operation Dawn Limited
36. 寶血醫院(明愛)	36. Precious Blood Hospital (Caritas)
37. 社會福利署	37. Social Welfare Department
38. 聖雅各福群會	38. St. James' Settlement
39. 聖保祿醫院	39. St. Paul's Hospital
40. 聖士提反會	40. St. Stephen's Society
41. 聖德肋撒醫院	41. St. Teresa's Hospital
42. 香港神託會	42. Stewards Limited
43. 香港小童群益會	43. The Boys' and Girls' Clubs Association of Hong Kong
44. 香港基督少年軍有限公司	44. The Boys' Brigade, Hong Kong Limited
45. 香港中文大學	45. The Chinese University of Hong Kong
46. 香港中華基督教青年會	46. The Chinese Young Men's Christian Association of Hong Kong
47. 基督教得生團契有限公司	47. The Christian New Being Fellowship Limited
48. 香港基督教協基會有限公司	48. The Church of United Brethren in Christ Hong Kong Limited
48A. 香港教育大學	48A. The Education University of Hong Kong
49. 基督教香港信義會	49. The Evangelical Lutheran Church of Hong Kong
50. 香港社會服務聯會	50. The Hong Kong Council of Social Service
51. 香港青年協會	51. The Hong Kong Federation of Youth Groups
53. 香港醫學會	53. The Hong Kong Medical Association
54. 香港理工大學	54. The Hong Kong Polytechnic University
55. 香港科技大學	55. The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology
56. 鄰舍輔導會	56. The Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council
57. 救世軍	57. The Salvation Army
58. 香港戒毒會	58. The Society for the Aid and Rehabilitation of Drug Abusers
59. 香港善導會	59. The Society of Rehabilitation and Crime Prevention, Hong Kong
60. 香港大學	60. The University of Hong Kong
61. 荃灣港安醫院	61. Tsuen Wan Adventist Hospital
61A. 東華三院	61A. Tung Wah Group of Hospitals
62. 沙田國際醫務中心仁安醫院	62. Sha Tin International Medical Centre Union Hospital
63. 職業訓練局	63. Vocational Training Council
64. 基督教互愛中心	64. Wu Oi Christian Centre
65. 仁愛堂有限公司	65. Yan Oi Tong Limited
66. 循道衛理楊震社會服務處	66. Yang Memorial Methodist Social Service
67. 錫安社會服務處有限公司	67. Zion Social Service Limited

**CENTRAL REGISTRY OF DRUG ABUSE
RECORD SHEET**

CONFIDENTIAL
when entered with data

Please circle appropriate answer for multiple choice questions

<p>1. Reporting Agency Office/Branch Leave shaded boxes in blank</p> <table style="width:100%; text-align: center;"> <tr> <td style="width:25px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;"></td> <td style="width:25px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;"></td> <td style="width:25px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;"></td> <td style="width:25px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;"></td> <td style="width:25px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;"></td> <td style="width:25px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;"></td> </tr> </table>							<p>2. Date of Contact</p> <table style="width:100%; text-align: center;"> <tr> <td style="width:30px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="width:30px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="width:30px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="width:30px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="width:30px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="width:30px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">day</td> <td colspan="2">month</td> <td colspan="2">year</td> </tr> </table>							day		month		year																																																														
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<p>3. Name (in Chinese characters; if non-Chinese, in English)</p> <p>_____</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Last name given name</p>	<p>4. HKID Card No. (for non-Hong Kong resident, please quote other document number)</p> <table style="width:100%; text-align: center;"> <tr> <td style="width:30px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="width:30px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="width:30px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="width:30px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="width:30px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="width:30px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="width:30px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="width:30px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="width:30px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="width:30px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> <td style="width:30px; height: 20px; border: 1px solid black;"></td> </tr> </table> <p>Other document number _____</p>																																																																															
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Register No.



藥物濫用資料中央檔案室 第七十一號報告書

Central Registry of Drug Abuse Seventy-first Report

有關本刊物的查詢，請聯絡：

政府總部保安局統計組
藥物濫用資料中央檔案室

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